

ABB INDUSTRIAL DRIVES

## **ACS880 primary control program**

## Firmware manual



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Drive application programming manual (IEC 61131-3)	3AUA0000127808
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Drive composer Start-up and maintenance PC tool user's manual	3AUA0000094606
Manuals and quick guides for I/O extension modules, fieldbus adapters, encoder interfaces, etc.	

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## Further information



## Introduction to the manual

## What this chapter contains

This chapter describes the contents of the manual. It also contains information on the compatibility, safety and intended audience.

## **Applicability**

This manual applies to ACS880 primary control program version 3.1x or later.

The firmware version of the control program is visible in parameter 07.05 Firmware *version*, or the System info in the main menu on the drive control panel.

## Safety instructions

Follow all safety instructions delivered with the drive.

- Read the **complete safety instructions** before you install, commission, or use the drive. The complete safety instructions are delivered with the drive as either part of the *Hardware manual*, or, in the case of ACS880 multidrives, as a separate document.
- Read the firmware function-specific warnings and notes before changing parameter values. These warnings and notes are included in the parameter descriptions presented in chapter *Parameters*.

## **Target audience**

This manual is intended for people who design, commission, or operate the drive system.

### Contents of the manual

This manual contains the following chapters:

- *Using the control panel* provides basic instructions for the use of the control panel.
- Control locations and operating modes describes the control locations and operating modes of the drive.
- *Program features* contains descriptions of the features of the ACS880 primary control program.
- Application macros contains a short description of each macro together with a connection diagram. Macros are pre-defined applications which will save the user time when configuring the drive.
- *Parameters* describes the parameters used to program the drive.
- Additional parameter data contains further information on the parameters.
- Fault tracing lists the warning and fault messages with possible causes and remedies.
- Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB) describes the communication to and from a fieldbus network using the embedded fieldbus interface of the drive.
- Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter describes the communication to and from a fieldbus network using an optional fieldbus adapter module.
- Control chain diagrams showing the parameter structure within the drive.

## Related documents

**Note:** A quick start-up sequence for a speed control application is provided by ACS880 drives with primary control program, Quick start-up guide (3AUA0000098062), delivered with the drive.

A list of related manuals is printed on the inside of the front cover.

## Terms and abbreviations

Term/abbre- viation	Definition
AC 800M	Type of programmable controller manufactured by ABB.
ACS800	A product family of ABB drives
ACS-AP-I	Types of control panel used with ACS880 drives
ACS-AP-W	
Al	Analog input; interface for analog input signals
AO	Analog output; interface for analog output signals
BCU	Type of control unit used in ACS880 drive systems, primarily those with parallel-connected inverter or supply modules.
CIO	I/O module for controlling cabinet fans
D2D	Drive-to-drive; communication link between drives that is implemented by application programming. See <i>Drive application programming manual</i> ( <i>IEC 61131-3</i> ) (3AUA0000127808 [English]).
DC link	DC circuit between rectifier and inverter
DDCS	Distributed drives communication system; a protocol used in communication between ABB drive equipment
DI	Digital input; interface for digital input signals
DIO	Digital input/output; interface that can be used as a digital input or output
DO	Digital output; interface for digital output signals
Drive	Frequency converter for controlling AC motors. The drive consists of a rectifier and an inverter connected together by the DC link. In drives up to approximately 500 kW, these are integrated into a single module (drive module). Larger drives typically consist of separate supply and inverter units. The ACS880 primary control program is used to control the inverter part of the drive.
DriveBus	A communication link used by, for example, ABB controllers. ACS880 drives can be connected to the DriveBus link of the controller. See page 39.
DTC	Direct torque control. See page 42.
EFB	Embedded fieldbus interface. See page 545.
FAIO-01	Optional analog I/O extension module
FBA	Fieldbus adapter
FCAN-01	Optional CANopen adapter
FCNA-01	Optional ControlNet adapter
FDCO-0x	Optional DDCS communication module
FDIO-01	Optional digital I/O extension module
FDNA-01	Optional DeviceNet™ adapter
FEA-03	Optional I/O extension adapter
FECA-01	Optional EtherCAT® adapter
FEN-01	Optional TTL encoder interface module

Term/abbre- viation	Definition
FEN-11	Optional absolute encoder interface module
FEN-21	Optional resolver interface module
FEN-31	Optional HTL encoder interface module
FENA-11	Optional Ethernet/IP, Modbus/TCP and PROFINET IO adapter
FENA-21	Optional dual-port Ethernet/IP, Modbus/TCP and PROFINET IO adapter
FEPL-02	Optional POWERLINK adapter
FIO-01	Optional digital I/O extension module
FIO-11	Optional analog I/O extension module
FPBA-01	Optional PROFIBUS DP adapter
FPTC-01	Optional thermistor protection module.
FPTC-02	Optional ATEX-certified thermistor protection module for potentially explosive atmospheres.
FSCA-01	Optional Modbus/RTU adapter
FSO-xx	Optional safety functions module
HTL	High-threshold logic
ID run	Motor identification run. During the identification run, the drive will identify the characteristics of the motor for optimum motor control.
IGBT	Insulated gate bipolar transistor; a voltage-controlled semiconductor type widely used in inverters and IGBT supply units due to their easy controllability and high switching frequency
INU-LSU	Type of optical <i>DDCS</i> communication link between two converters, for example the <i>supply unit</i> and the <i>inverter unit</i> of a drive system.
Inverter unit	The part of the drive that converts DC to AC for the motor.
I/O	Input/Output
ISU	An IGBT supply unit; type of supply unit implemented using IGBT switching components, used in regenerative and low-harmonic drives.
Line-side converter	See supply unit.
LSU	See supply unit.
ModuleBus	A communication link used by, for example, ABB controllers. ACS880 drives can be connected to the optical ModuleBus link of the controller.
Motor-side converter	See inverter unit.

dustrial Protocol (CIP <sup>TM</sup> ), control of the drive using the
Drive Profile. For more manuals: anual (3AFE68573360
or signal measured or
speed control is based on
tions of the drive (or inverter e power unit.
e control unit and the <i>power</i>
Implemented with a relay.
GBT supply unit ( <i>ISU</i> ) is also the supply network.
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arily in drive modules, or module). Consists of an I/O nit may be integrated into or

## Cybersecurity disclaimer

This product is designed to be connected to and to communicate information and data via a network interface. It is Customer's sole responsibility to provide and continuously ensure a secure connection between the product and Customer network or any other network (as the case may be). Customer shall establish and maintain any appropriate measures (such as but not limited to the installation of firewalls, application of authentication measures, encryption of data, installation of anti-virus programs, etc) to protect the product, the network, its system and the interface against any kind of security breaches, unauthorized access, interference, intrusion, leakage and/or theft of data or information. ABB and its affiliates are not liable for damages and/or losses related to such security breaches, any unauthorized access, interference, intrusion, leakage and/or theft of data or information.

See also section *User lock* (page 92).



# Using the control panel

Refer to ACX-AP-x assistant control panels user's manual (3AUA0000085685 [English]).



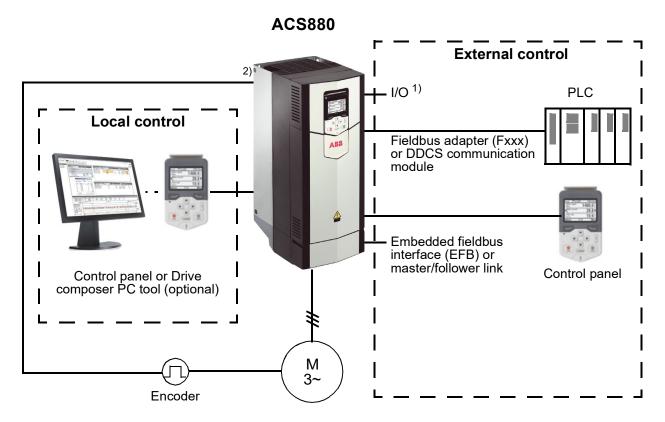
# **Control locations and** operating modes

## What this chapter contains

This chapter describes the control locations and operating modes supported by the control program.

### Local control vs. external control

The ACS880 has two main control locations: external and local. The control location is selected with the Loc/Rem key on the control panel or in the PC tool.



- 1) Extra inputs/outputs can be added by installing optional I/O extension modules (FIO-xx) in drive slots.
- 2) Encoder or resolver interface module(s) (FEN-xx) installed in drive slots.

#### Local control

The control commands are given from the control panel keypad or from a PC equipped with Drive composer when the drive is set to local control. Speed and torque control modes are available for local control; frequency mode is available when scalar motor control mode is used (see parameter 19.16 Local control mode).

Local control is mainly used during commissioning and maintenance. The control panel always overrides the external control signal sources when used in local control. Changing the control location to local can be prevented by parameter 19.17 Local control disable.

The user can select by a parameter (49.05 Communication loss action) how the drive reacts to a control panel or PC tool communication break. (The parameter has no effect in external control.)

#### External control

When the drive is in external control, control commands are given through

- the I/O terminals (digital and analog inputs), or optional I/O extension modules
- the embedded fieldbus interface or an optional fieldbus adapter module
- the external (DDCS) controller interface
- the master/follower link, and/or
- the control panel.

Two external control locations, EXT1 and EXT2, are available. The user can select the sources of the start and stop commands separately for each location by parameters 20.01...20.10. The operating mode can be selected separately for each location (in parameter group 19 Operation mode), which enables guick switching between different operating modes, for example speed and torque control. Selection between EXT1 and EXT2 is done via any binary source such as a digital input or fieldbus control word (see parameter 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection). The source of reference is selectable for each operating mode separately.

The control location selection is checked on a 2 ms time level.

#### Using the control panel as an external control source

The control panel can also be used as a source of start/stop commands and/or reference in external control. Selections for the control panel are available in the start/stop command source and reference source selection parameters.

Reference source selection parameters (except PID setpoint selectors) have two selections for the control panel. The difference between the two selections is in the initial reference value after the reference source switches to the control panel.

The panel reference is saved whenever another reference source is selected. If the reference source selection parameter is set to Control panel (ref saved), the saved value is used as the initial reference when control switches back to the panel. Note that only one type of reference can be saved at a time: for example, attempting to use the same saved reference with different operating modes (speed, torque, etc.) causes the drive to trip on 7083 Panel reference conflict. The panel reference can be separately limited by parameters in group 49 Panel port communication.

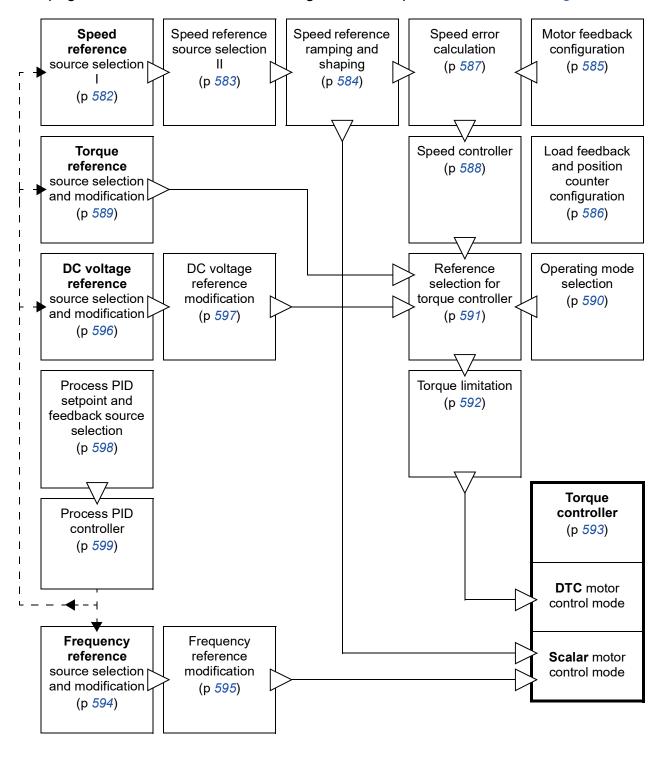
With the reference source selection parameter set to Control panel (ref copied), the initial panel reference value depends on whether the operating mode changes with the reference source. If the source switches to the panel and the operating mode does not change, the last reference from the previous source is adopted. If the operating mode changes, the drive actual value corresponding to the new mode is adopted as the initial value.

The process PID setpoint selectors in parameter groups 40 Process PID set 1 and 41 Process PID set 2 only have one setting for the control panel. Whenever the control panel is selected as the setpoint source, operation resumes using the previous setpoint.

## Operating modes of the drive

The drive can operate in several operating modes with different types of reference. The mode is selectable for each control location (Local, EXT1 and EXT2) in parameter group 19 Operation mode.

The following is a general representation of the reference types and control chains. The page numbers refer to detailed diagrams in chapter Control chain diagrams.



### Speed control mode

The motor follows a speed reference given to the drive. This mode can be used either with estimated speed as feedback, or with an encoder or resolver for better speed control accuracy.

Speed control mode is available in both local and external control. It is also available both in DTC (Direct Torque Control) and scalar motor control modes.

### **Torque control mode**

Motor torque follows a torque reference given to the drive. Torque control is possible without feedback, but is much more dynamic and accurate when used in conjunction with a feedback device such as an encoder or a resolver. It is recommended that a feedback device is used in crane, winch or lift control situations.

Torque control mode is available in DTC motor control mode for both local and external control locations.

## Frequency control mode

The motor follows a frequency reference given to the drive. Frequency control is only available in scalar motor control mode.

## DC voltage control mode

This mode is intended especially for off-grid applications where the inverter unit is connected to a generator and the supply unit creates an AC supply network.

The inverter unit adjusts the DC voltage by controlling generator torque. Based on the DC circuit capacitance either from an internal database or user input parameter, and measured DC voltage, the PI controller outputs a power reference. The power reference is then converted to a torque reference.

The settings of the DC voltage control chain are available in parameter group 29 Voltage reference chain.

DC voltage control mode is only available with drives with a BCU control unit.

## Special control modes

In addition to the control modes mentioned above, the following special control modes are available:

- Process PID control. For more information, see section Process PID control (page *66*).
- Emergency stop modes Off1 and Off3: Drive stops along the defined deceleration ramp and drive modulation stops.
- Jogging mode: Drive starts and accelerates to the defined speed when the jogging signal is activated. For more information, see section *Jogging* (page 55).

24	Control locations and operating modes



# Program features

## What this chapter contains

The control program contains all of the parameters (including actual signals) within the drive. This chapter describes some of the more important functions within the control program, how to use them and how to program them to operate.

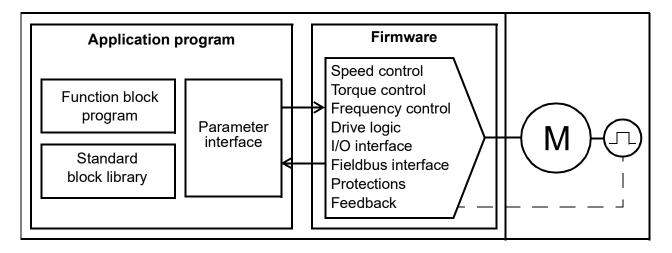
**WARNING!** Make sure that the machinery into which the drive is integrated **\)** fulfils the personnel safety regulations. Note that the frequency converter (a Complete Drive Module or a Basic Drive Module, as defined in IEC 61800-2), is not considered as a safety device mentioned in the European Machinery Directive and related harmonized standards. Thus, the personnel safety of the complete machinery must not be based on a specific frequency converter feature, but it has to be implemented as defined in the application specific regulations.

## **Drive configuration and programming**

The drive control program is divided into two parts:

- firmware program
- application program.

#### **Drive control program**



The firmware program performs the main control functions, including speed and torque control, drive logic (start/stop), I/O, feedback, communication and protection functions. Firmware functions are configured and programmed with parameters, and can be extended by application programming.

## **Programming via parameters**

Parameters configure all of the standard drive operations and can be set via

- the control panel, as described in chapter Using the control panel
- the Drive composer PC tool, as described in Drive composer user's manual (3AUA0000094606 [English]), or
- the fieldbus interface, as described in chapters Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB) and Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter.

All parameter settings are stored automatically to the permanent memory of the drive. However, if an external +24 V DC power supply is used for the drive control unit, it is highly recommended to force a save by using parameter 96.07 Parameter save manually before powering down the control unit after any parameter changes have been made.

If necessary, the default parameter values can be restored by parameter 96.06 Parameter restore.

## Adaptive programming

Conventionally, the user can control the operation of the drive by parameters. However, the standard parameters have a fixed set of choices or a setting range. To further customize the operation of the drive, an adaptive program can be constructed out of a set of function blocks.

The Drive composer PC tool has an Adaptive programming feature with a graphical user interface for building the custom program. The function blocks include the usual arithmetic and logical functions, as well as eg. selection, comparison and timer blocks. The program can contain a maximum of 20 blocks. The adaptive program is executed on a 10 ms time level.

For selecting input to the program, the user interface has pre-selections for the physical inputs, common actual values, and other status information of the drive. Parameter values as well as constants can also be defined as inputs. The output of the program can be used eg. as a start signal, external event or reference, or connected to the drive outputs. Note that connecting the output of the adaptive program to a selection parameter will write-protect the parameter.

The status of the adaptive program is shown by parameter 07.30 Adaptive program status. The adaptive program can be disabled by 96.70 Disable adaptive program.

Please note that sequential programming is not supported.

For more information, see the Adaptive programming application guide (3AXD50000028574 [English]).

## **Application programming**

The functions of the firmware program can be extended with application programming. Application programmability is available as option +N8010.

Application programs can be built out of function blocks based on the IEC 61131-3 standard using a PC tool available separately.

For more information, see *Programming manual: Drive application programming* (IEC 61131-3) (3AUA0000127808 [English]).

### **Control interfaces**

## Programmable analog inputs

The control unit has two programmable analog inputs. Each of the inputs can be independently set as a voltage (0/2...10 V or -10...10 V) or current (0/4...20 mA) input by a jumper or switch on the control unit. Each input can be filtered, inverted and scaled. The analog inputs on the control unit are read on a 0.5 ms time level.

The number of analog inputs can be increased by installing FIO-11 or FAIO-01 I/O extensions (see *Programmable I/O extensions* below). The analog inputs on extension modules are read on a 2 ms time level.

The drive can be set to perform an action (for example, to generate a warning or fault) if the value of an analog input moves out of a predefined range.

#### Settings

Parameter group 12 Standard AI (page 159).

#### Programmable analog outputs

The control unit has two current (0...20 mA) analog outputs. Each output can be filtered, inverted and scaled. The analog outputs on the control unit are updated on a 0.5 ms time level.

The number of analog outputs can be increased by installing FIO-11 or FAIO-01 I/O extensions (see *Programmable I/O extensions* below). The analog outputs on extension modules are updated on a 2 ms time level.

#### Settings

Parameter group 13 Standard AO (page 163).

## Programmable digital inputs and outputs

The control unit has six digital inputs, a digital start interlock input, and two digital input/outputs (I/O that can be set as either an input or an output). The digital inputs on the control unit are read on a 0.5 ms time level.

One digital input (DI6) doubles as a PTC thermistor input. See section *Motor thermal* protection (page 80).

Digital input/output DIO1 can be used as a frequency input, DIO2 as a frequency output.

The number of digital inputs/outputs can be increased by installing FIO-01, FIO-11 or FDIO-01 I/O extensions (see *Programmable I/O extensions* below). The digital inputs on extension modules are read on a 2 ms time level.

### **Settings**

Parameter groups 10 Standard DI, RO (page 148) and 11 Standard DIO, FI, FO (page 154).

## Programmable relay outputs

The control unit has three relay outputs. The signal to be indicated by the outputs can be selected by parameters. The relay outputs on the control unit are updated on a 0.5 ms time level.

Relay outputs can be added by installing FIO-01 or FDIO-01 I/O extensions. The relay outputs on extension modules are updated on a 2 ms time level.

#### **Settings**

Parameter group 10 Standard DI, RO (page 148).

## Programmable I/O extensions

Inputs and outputs can be added by using I/O extension modules. One to three modules can be mounted on the slots of the control unit. Slots can be added by connecting an FEA-03 I/O extension adapter.

The table below shows the number of I/O on the control unit as well as optional I/O extension modules.

Location	Digital inputs (DI)	Digital I/Os (DIO)	Analog inputs (Al)	Analog outputs (AO)	Relay outputs (RO)
Control unit	6 + DIIL	2	2	2	3
FIO-01	-	4	-	-	2
FIO-11	-	2	3	1	-
FAIO-01	-	-	2	2	-
FDIO-01	3	-	=	-	2

Three I/O extension modules can be activated and configured using parameter groups 14...16.

**Note:** Each configuration parameter group contains parameters that display the values of the inputs on that particular extension module. These parameters are the only way of utilizing the inputs on I/O extension modules as signal sources. To connect to an input, choose the setting *Other* in the source selector parameter, then specify the appropriate value parameter (and bit, for digital signals) in group 14, 15 or 16.

#### **Settings**

- Parameter groups 14 I/O extension module 1 (page 167), 15 I/O extension module 2 (page 186), 16 I/O extension module 3 (page 190).
- Parameter 60.41 (page 372).

#### Fieldbus control

The drive can be connected to several different automation systems through its fieldbus interfaces. See chapters Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB) (page 545) and Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter (page 569).

#### **Settings**

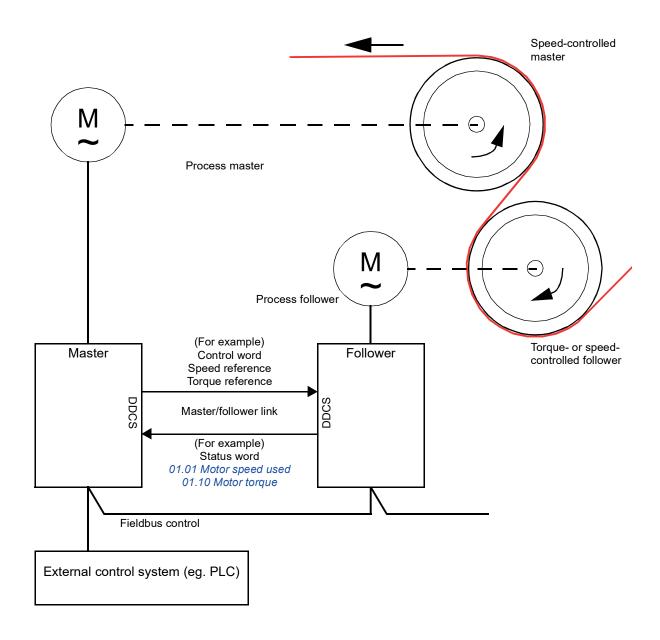
Parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA) (page 344), 51 FBA A settings (page 352), 52 FBA A data in (page 353), and 53 FBA A data out (page 354), 54 FBA B settings (page 354), 55 FBA B data in (page 355), 56 FBA B data out (page 356), and 58 Embedded fieldbus (page 356).

## Master/follower functionality

#### General

The master/follower functionality can be used to link several drives together so that the load can be evenly distributed between the drives. This is ideal in applications where the motors are coupled to each other via gearing, chain, belt, etc.

The external control signals are typically connected to one drive only which acts as the master. The master controls up to 10 followers by sending broadcast messages over an electrical cable or fiber optic link. The master can read feedback signals from up to 3 selected followers.



The master drive is typically speed-controlled and the other drives follow its torque or speed reference. In general, a follower should be

- torque-controlled when the motor shafts of the master and the follower are rigidly coupled by gearing, chain etc. so that no speed difference between the drives is possible
- speed-controlled when the motor shafts of the master and the follower are flexibly coupled so that a slight speed difference is possible. When both the master and the follower are speed-controlled, drooping is also typically used (see parameter 25.08 Drooping rate). The distribution of load between the master and follower can alternatively be adjusted as described under Load share function with a speed-controlled follower below.

**Note:** With a speed-controlled follower (without load sharing), pay attention to the acceleration and deceleration ramp times of the follower. If the ramp times are set longer than in the master, the follower will follow its own acceleration/deceleration ramp times rather than those from the master. In general, it is recommended to set identical ramp times in both the master and the follower(s). Any ramp shape settings (see parameters 23.16...23.19) should only be applied in the master.

In some applications, both speed control and torque control of the follower are required. In those cases, the operating mode can be switched by parameter (19.12 Ext1 control mode or 19.14 Ext2 control mode). Another method is to set one external control location to speed control mode, the other to torque control mode. Then, a digital input of the follower can be used to switch between the control locations. See chapter Control locations and operating modes (page 19).

With torque control, follower parameter 26.15 Load share can be used to scale the incoming torque reference for optimal load sharing between the master and the follower. Some torque-controlled follower applications, eg. where the torque is very low, or very low speed operation is required, may require encoder feedback.

If a drive needs to quickly switch between master and follower statuses, one user parameter set (see page 91) can be saved with the master settings, another with the follower settings. The suitable settings can then be activated using eg. digital inputs.

#### Load share function with a speed-controlled follower

Load sharing between the master and a speed-controlled follower can be used in various applications. The load share function is implemented by fine-tuning the follower speed reference with an additional trim signal based on a torque reference. The torque reference is selected by parameter 23.42 Follower speed corr torq source (by default, reference 2 received from the master). Load share is adjusted by parameter 26.15 Load share and activated by the source selected by 23.40 Follower speed correction enable. Parameter 23.41 Follower speed correction gain provides a gain adjustment for the speed correction. The final correction signal added to the speed reference is shown by 23.39 Follower speed correction out. See the block diagram on page 587.

#### Notes:

- The function can be enabled only when the drive is a speed-controlled follower in remote control mode.
- Drooping (25.08 Drooping rate) is ignored when the load share function is active.
- The master and follower should have the same speed control tuning values.
- The speed correction term is limited by the speed error window parameters 24.44 Speed error window low and 24.43 Speed error window high. An active limitation is indicated by 06.19 Speed control status word.
- For a reliable ramp stop of a follower,
  - both 24.43 Speed error window high and 24.44 Speed error window low must be set smaller than 21.06 Zero speed limit (or speed error window control disabled altogether by 24.41 Speed error window control enable), and
  - 24.11 Speed correction must be set smaller than 21.06 Zero speed limit.

#### Communication

A master/follower link can be built by connecting the drives together with fiber optic cables (may require additional equipment depending on existing drive hardware), or by wiring together the XD2D connectors of the drives. The medium is selected by parameter 60.01 M/F communication port.

Parameter 60.03 M/F mode defines whether the drive is the master or a follower on the communication link. Typically, the speed-controlled process master drive is also configured as the master in the communication.

The communication on the master/follower link is based on the DDCS protocol, which employs data sets (specifically, data set 41). One data set contains three 16-bit words. The contents of the data set are freely configurable using parameters 61.01...61.03. The data set broadcast by the master typically contains the control word, speed reference and torque reference, while the followers return a status word with two actual values.

The default setting of parameter 61.01 M/F data 1 selection is Follower CW. With this setting in the master, a word consisting of bits 0...11 of 06.01 Main control word and four bits selected by parameters 06.45...06.48 is broadcast to the followers. However, bit 3 of the follower control word is modified so that it remains on as long as the master is modulating, and its switching to 0 causes the follower to coast to a stop. This is to synchronize the stopping of both master and follower.

**Note:** When the master is ramping down to a stop, the follower observes the decreasing reference but receives no stop command until the master stops modulating and clears bit 3 of the follower control word. Because of this, the maximum and minimum speed limits on the follower drive should not have the same sign – otherwise the follower would be pushing against the limit until the master finally stops.

Three words of additional data can optionally be read from each follower. The followers from which data is read are selected by parameter 60.14 M/F follower selection in the master. In each follower drive, the data to be sent is selected by parameters 61.01...61.03. The data is transferred in integer format over the link, and displayed by parameters 62.28...62.36 in the master. The data can then be forwarded to other parameters using 62.04...62.12.

To indicate faults in the followers, each follower must be configured to transmit its status word as one of the above-mentioned data words. In the master, the corresponding target parameter must be set to *Follower SW*. The action to be taken when a follower is faulted is selected by 60.17 Follower fault action. External events (see parameter group 31 Fault functions) can be used to indicate the status of other bits of the status word.

Block diagrams of the master/follower communication are presented on pages 600 and 601.

#### Construction of the master/follower link

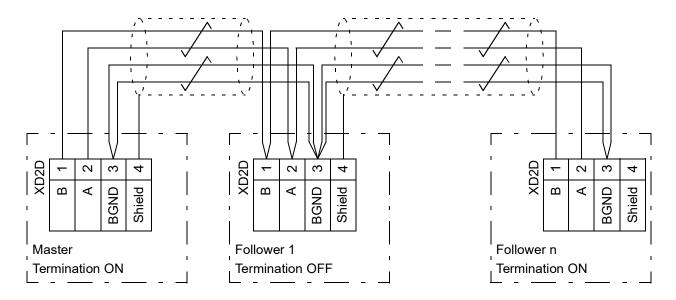
The master/follower link is formed by connecting the drives together using either

- shielded twisted-pair cable between the XD2D terminals of the drives\*, or
- fiber optic cables. Drives with a ZCU control unit require an additional FDCO DDCS communication module; drives with a BCU control unit require an RDCO module.

\*This connection cannot co-exist with, and is not to be confused with, drive-to-drive (D2D) communication implemented by application programming (detailed in *Drive application programming manual (IEC 61131-3)*, 3AUA0000127808 [English]).

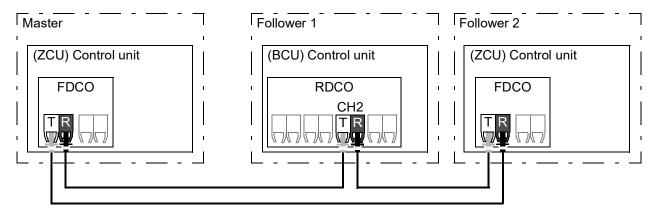
Connection examples are shown below. Note that a star configuration using fiber optic cables requires an NDBU-95C DDCS branching unit.

## Master/follower wiring with electrical cable



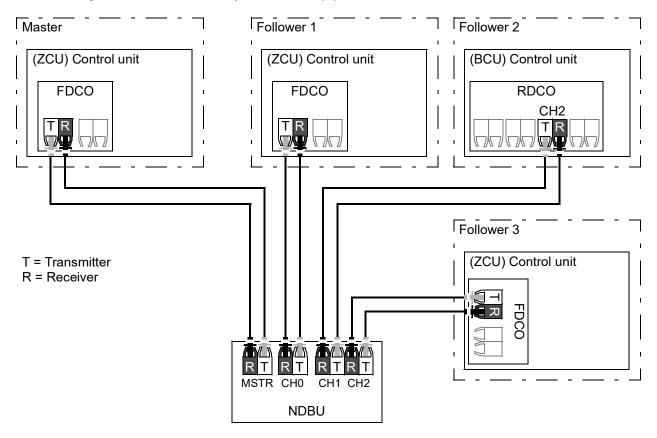
See the hardware manual of the drive for wiring and termination details.

## Ring configuration with fiber optic cables

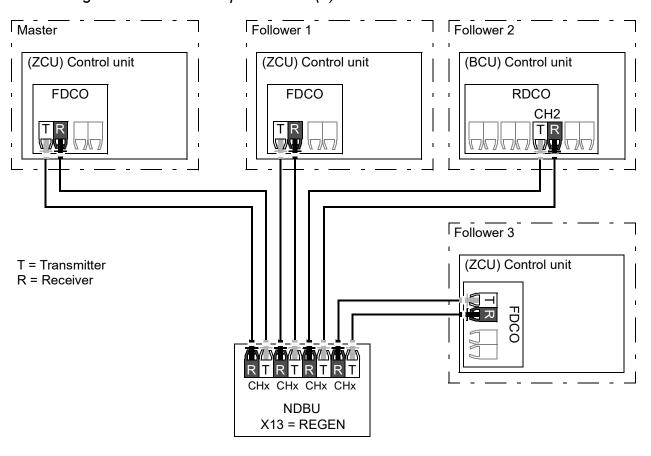


T = Transmitter; R = Receiver

## Star configuration with fiber optic cables (1)



## Star configuration with fiber optic cables (2)



## **Example parameter settings**

The following is a checklist of parameters that need to be set when configuring the master/follower link. In this example, the master broadcasts the Follower control word, a speed reference and a torque reference. The follower returns a status word and two actual values (this is not compulsory but is shown for clarity).

#### Master settings:

- Master/follower link activation
  - 60.01 M/F communication port (fiber optic channel or XD2D selection)
  - (60.02 M/F node address = 1)
  - 60.03 M/F mode = DDCS master (for both fiber optic and wire connection)
  - 60.05 M/F HW connection (Ring or Star for fiber optic, Star for wire)
- Data to be broadcast to the followers
  - 61.01 M/F data 1 selection = Follower CW (Follower control word)
  - 61.02 M/F data 2 selection = Used speed reference
  - 61.03 M/F data 3 selection = Torque reference act 5
- Data to be read from the followers (optional)
  - 60.14 M/F follower selection (selection of followers that data is read from)
  - 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel ... 62.12 Follower node 4 data 3 sel (mapping of data received from followers)

# Follower settings:

- Master/follower link activation
  - 60.01 M/F communication port (fiber optic channel or XD2D selection)
  - $60.02 \, \text{M/F} \, \text{node address} = 2...60$
  - 60.03 M/F mode = DDCS follower (for both fiber optic and wire connection)
  - 60.05 M/F HW connection (Ring or Star for fiber optic, Star for wire)
- Mapping of data received from master
  - 62.01 M/F data 1 selection = CW 16bit
  - 62.02 M/F data 2 selection = Ref1 16bit
  - 62.03 M/F data 3 selection = Ref2 16bit
- Selection of operating mode and control location
  - 19.12 Ext1 control mode = Speed or Torque
  - 20.01 Ext1 commands = M/F link
  - 20.02 Ext1 start trigger type = Level
- Selection of reference sources
  - 22.11 Speed ref1 source = M/F reference 1
  - 26.11 Torque ref1 source = M/F reference 2
- Selection of data to be sent to master (optional)
  - 61.01 M/F data 1 selection = SW 16bit
  - 61.02 M/F data 2 selection = Act1 16bit
  - 61.03 M/F data 3 selection = Act2 16bit

## Specifications of the fiber optic master/follower link

- Maximum fiber optic cable length:
  - FDCO-01/02 or RDCO-04 with POF (Plastic Optic Fiber): 30 m
  - FDCO-01/02 or RDCO-04 with HCS (Hard-clad Silica Fiber): 200 m
  - For distances up to 1000 m, use two NOCR-01 optical converter/repeaters with glass optic cable (GOF, 62.5 micrometers, Multi-Mode)
- Maximum shielded twisted-pair cable length: 50 m
- Transmission rate: 4 Mbit/s
- Total performance of the link: < 5 ms to transfer references between the master and followers.
- Protocol: DDCS (Distributed Drives Communication System)

# **Settings and diagnostics**

Parameter groups 60 DDCS communication (page 364), 61 D2D and DDCS transmit data (page 377) and 62 D2D and DDCS receive data (page 381).

#### **External controller interface**

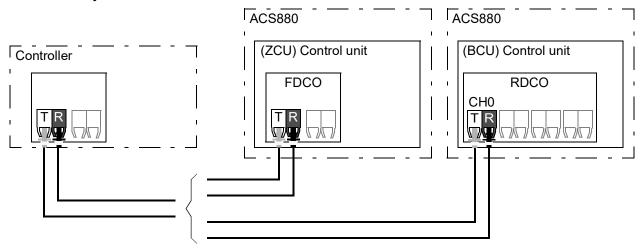
#### General

The drive can be connected to an external controller (such as the ABB AC 800M) using either fiber optic or twisted-pair cable. The ACS880 is compatible with both the ModuleBus and DriveBus connections. Note that some features of DriveBus (such as BusManager) are not supported.

# **Topology**

An example connection with either a ZCU-based or BCU-based drive using fiber optic cables is shown below.

Drives with a **ZCU** control unit require an additional FDCO DDCS communication module; drives with a BCU control unit require an RDCO or FDCO module. The BCU has a dedicated slot for the RDCO – an FDCO module can also be used with a BCU control unit but it will reserve one of the three universal option module slots. Ring and star configurations are also possible much in the same way as with the master/follower link (see section Master/follower functionality on page 31); the notable difference is that the external controller connects to channel CH0 on the RDCO module instead of CH2. The channel on the FDCO communication module can be freely selected.



T = Transmitter; R = Receiver

The external controller can also be wired to the D2D (RS-485) connector using shielded, twisted-pair cable. The selection of the connection is made by parameter 60.51 DDCS controller comm port.

The transfer rate can be selected by parameter 60.56 DDCS controller baud rate.

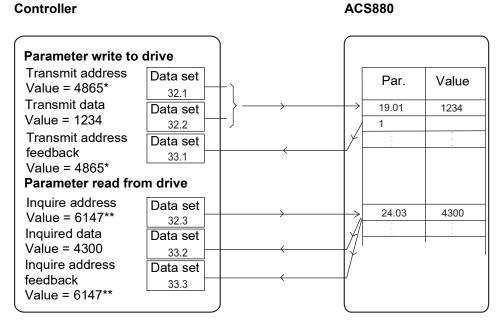
#### Communication

The communication between the controller and the drive consists of data sets of three 16-bit words each. The controller sends a data set to the drive, which returns the next data set to the controller.

The communication uses data sets 10...33. The contents of the data sets are freely configurable, but data set 10 typically contains the control word and one or two references, while data set 11 returns the status word and selected actual values. For ModuleBus communication, the ACS880 can be set up as a "standard drive" or an "engineered drive" by parameter 60.50 DDCS controller drive type. ModuleBus communication uses data sets 1...4 with a "standard drive" and data sets 10...33 with an "engineered drive".

The word that is defined as the control word is internally connected to the drive logic; the coding of the bits is as presented in section *Contents of the fieldbus Control word* (ABB Drives profile) (page 575). Likewise, the coding of the status word is as shown in section *Contents of the fieldbus Status word* (ABB Drives profile) (page 576).

By default, data sets 32 and 33 are dedicated for the mailbox service, which enables the setting or inquiry of parameter values as follows:



\*19.01  $\rightarrow$  13h.01h  $\rightarrow$  1301h = 4865 \*\*24.03  $\rightarrow$  18h.03h  $\rightarrow$  1803h = 6147

By parameter 60.64 Mailbox dataset selection, data sets 24 and 25 can be selected instead of data sets 32 and 33.

The update intervals of the data sets are as follows:

- Data sets 10...11: 2 ms
- Data sets 12...13: 4 ms
- Data sets 14...17: 10 ms
- Data sets 18...25, 32, 33: 100 ms.

# **Settings**

Parameter groups 60 DDCS communication (page 364), 61 D2D and DDCS transmit data (page 377) and 62 D2D and DDCS receive data (page 381).

# Control of a supply unit (LSU)

#### General

If the drive has separately-controlled supply and inverter units (also known as lineside and motor-side converters), the supply unit can be controlled through the inverter unit. For example, the inverter unit can send a control word and references to the supply unit, enabling the control of both units from the interfaces of one control program.

With ACS880 single drives, the two control units are connected at the factory. In ACS880 multidrives (drive systems with one supply unit and multiple inverter units), the feature is not typically used.

### Communication

The communication between the converters and the drive consists of data sets of three 16-bit words each. The inverter unit sends a data set to the supply unit, which returns the next data set to the inverter unit.

The communication uses data sets 10 and 11, updated at 2 ms intervals. Data sets 10 is sent by the inverter unit to the supply unit, while data set 11 is sent by the supply unit to the inverter unit. The contents of the data sets are freely configurable, but data set 10 typically contains the control word, while data set 11 returns the status word.

The basic communication is initialized by parameter 95.20 HW options word 1. This will make several parameters visible (see below).

If the supply unit is regenerative (such as an IGBT supply unit), it is possible to send a DC voltage and/or reactive power reference to it from inverter parameter group 94 LSU control. A regenerative supply unit will also send actual signals to the inverter unit which are visible in parameter group 01 Actual values.

## **Settings**

- Parameters 01.102...01.164 (page 120), 05.111...05.121 (page 130), 06.36...06.43 (page 138), 06.116...06.118 (page 144), 07.106...07.107 (page 147), 30.101...30.149 (page 269), 31.120...31.121 (page 281), 95.20 HW options word 1 (page 416) and 96.108 LSU control board boot (page 428).
- Parameter groups 60 DDCS communication (page 364), 61 D2D and DDCS transmit data (page 377), 62 D2D and DDCS receive data (page 381) and 94 LSU control (page 409).

# Motor control

# **Direct torque control (DTC)**

The motor control of the ACS880 is based on direct torque control (DTC), the ABB premium motor control platform. The switching of the output semiconductors is controlled to achieve the required stator flux and motor torque. The reference value for the torque controller comes from the speed controller, DC voltage controller or directly from an external torque reference source.

Motor control requires measurement of the DC voltage and two motor phase currents. Stator flux is calculated by integrating the motor voltage in vector space. Motor torque is calculated as a cross product of the stator flux and the rotor current. By utilizing the identified motor model, the stator flux estimate is improved. Actual motor shaft speed is not needed for the motor control.

The main difference between traditional control and DTC is that torque control operates on the same time level as the power switch control. There is no separate voltage and frequency controlled PWM modulator; the output stage switching is wholly based on the electromagnetic state of the motor.

The best motor control accuracy is achieved by activating a separate motor identification run (ID run).

See also section *Scalar motor control* (page 58).

#### Settings

Parameters 99.04 Motor control mode (page 436) and 99.13 ID run requested (page 438).

# Reference ramping

Acceleration and deceleration ramping times can be set individually for speed, torque and frequency reference.

With a speed or frequency reference, the ramps are defined as the time it takes for the drive to accelerate or decelerate between zero speed or frequency and the value defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling or 46.02 Frequency scaling. The user can switch between two preset ramp sets using a binary source such as a digital input. For speed reference, also the shape of the ramp can be controlled.

With a torque reference, the ramps are defined as the time it takes for the reference to change between zero and nominal motor torque (parameter 01.30 Nominal torque scale).

### Special acceleration/deceleration ramps

The acceleration/deceleration times for the jogging function can be defined separately; see section Jogging (page 55).

The change rate of the motor potentiometer function (page 69) is adjustable. The same rate applies in both directions.

A deceleration ramp can be defined for emergency stop ("Off3" mode).

# **Settings**

- Speed reference ramping: Parameters 23.11...23.19 and 46.01 (pages 220 and 335).
- Torque reference ramping: Parameters *01.30*, *26.18* and *26.19* (pages 119 and 245).
- Frequency reference ramping: Parameters 28.71...28.75 and 46.02 (pages 255 and 336).
- Jogging: Parameters 23.20 and 23.21 (page 223).
- Motor potentiometer: Parameter 22.75 (page 218).
- Emergency stop ("Off3" mode): Parameter 23.23 Emergency stop time (page 223).

# **Constant speeds/frequencies**

Constant speeds and frequencies are predefined references that can be quickly activated, for example, through digital inputs. It is possible to define up to 7 constant speeds for speed control and 7 constant frequencies for frequency control.



**WARNING:** Constant speeds and frequencies override the normal reference irrespective of where the reference is coming from.

The constant speeds/frequencies function operates on a 2 ms time level.

#### **Settings**

Parameter groups 22 Speed reference selection (page 212) and 28 Frequency reference chain (page 250).

# Critical speeds/frequencies

Critical speeds (sometimes called "skip speeds") can be predefined for applications where it is necessary to avoid certain motor speeds or speed ranges because of, for example, mechanical resonance problems.

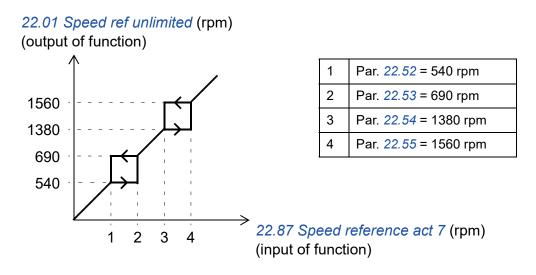
The critical speeds function prevents the reference from dwelling within a critical band for extended times. When a changing reference (22.87 Speed reference act 7) enters a critical range, the output of the function (22.01 Speed ref unlimited) freezes until the reference exits the range. Any instant change in the output is smoothed out by the ramping function further in the reference chain.

The function is also available for scalar motor control with a frequency reference. The input of the function is shown by 28.96 Frequency ref act 7, the output by 28.97 Frequency ref unlimited.

## **Example**

A fan has vibrations in the range of 540 to 690 rpm and 1380 to 1560 rpm. To make the drive avoid these speed ranges,

- enable the critical speeds function by turning on bit 0 of parameter 22.51 Critical speed function, and
- set the critical speed ranges as in the figure below.



### **Settings**

- Critical speeds: parameters 22.51...22.57 (page 217)
- Critical frequencies: parameters 28.51...28.57 (page 254).

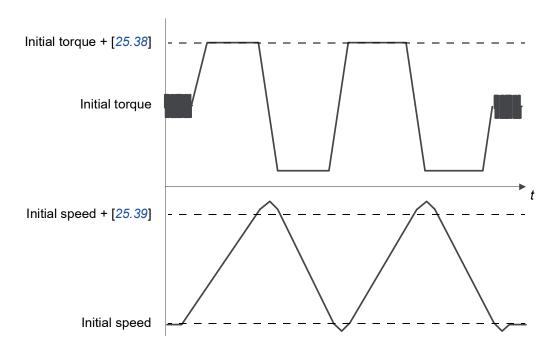
# Speed controller autotune

The speed controller of the drive can be automatically adjusted using the autotune function. Autotuning is based on an estimation of the mechanical time constant (inertia) of the motor and machine.

The autotune routine will run the motor through a series of acceleration/deceleration cycles, the number of which can be adjusted by parameter *25.40 Autotune repeat times*. Higher values will produce more accurate results, especially if the difference between initial and maximum speeds is small.

The maximum torque reference used during autotuning will be the initial torque (ie. torque when the routine is activated) plus 25.38 Autotune torque step, unless limited by the maximum torque limit (parameter group 30 Limits) or the nominal motor torque (99 Motor data). The calculated maximum speed during the routine is the initial speed (ie. speed when the routine is activated) + 25.39 Autotune speed step, unless limited by 30.12 Maximum speed or 99.09 Motor nominal speed.

The diagram below shows the behavior of speed and torque during the autotune routine. In this example, 25.40 Autotune repeat times is set to 2.



#### Notes:

- If the drive cannot produce the requested braking power during the routine, the results will be based on the acceleration stages only, and not as accurate as with full braking power.
- The motor will exceed the calculated maximum speed slightly at the end of each acceleration stage.

# Before activating the autotune routine

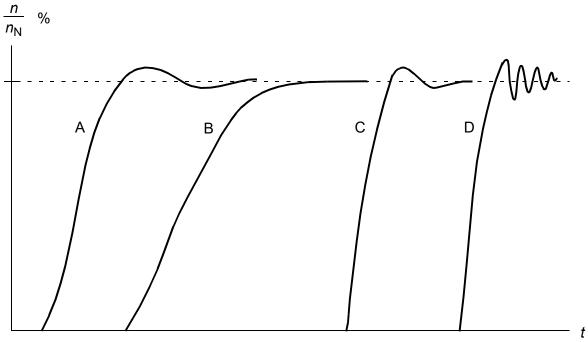
The prerequisites for performing the autotune routine are:

- The motor identification run (ID run) has been successfully completed
- Speed and torque limits (parameter group 30 Limits) have been set
- The speed feedback has been monitored for noise, vibrations and other disturbances caused by the mechanics of the system, and
  - speed feedback filtering (parameter group 90 Feedback selection)
  - speed error filtering (24 Speed reference conditioning) and
  - zero speed (parameters 21.06 and 21.07) have been set to eliminate these disturbances.
- The drive has been started and is running in speed control mode.

After these conditions have been fulfilled, autotuning can be activated by parameter 25.33 Speed controller autotune (or the signal source selected by it).

#### Autotune modes

Autotuning can be performed in three different ways depending on the setting of parameter 25.34 Speed controller autotune mode. The selections Smooth, Normal and Tight define how the drive torque reference should react to a speed reference step after tuning. The selection *Smooth* will produce a slow but robust response; *Tight* will produce a fast response but possibly too high gain values for some applications. The figure below shows speed responses at a speed reference step (typically 1...20%).



A: Undercompensated

B: Normally tuned (autotuning)

C: Normally tuned (manually). Better dynamic performance than with B

D: Overcompensated speed controller

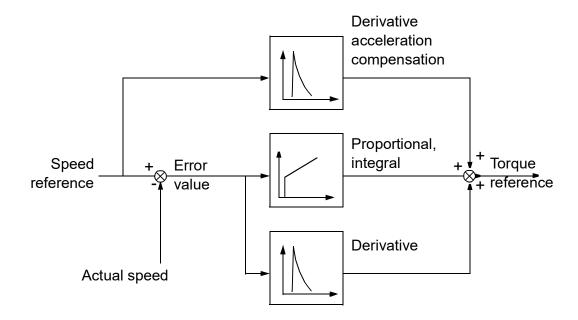
### Autotune results

At the end of a successful autotune routine, its results are automatically transferred into parameters

- 25.02 Speed proportional gain (proportional gain of the speed controller)
- 25.03 Speed integration time (integration time of the speed controller)
- 25.37 Mechanical time constant (mechanical time constant of the motor and machine).

Nevertheless, it is still possible to manually adjust the controller gain, integration time and derivation time.

The figure below is a simplified block diagram of the speed controller. The controller output is the reference for the torque controller.



# Warning indications

A warning message, AF90 Speed controller autotuning, will be generated if the autotune routine does not complete successfully. See chapter Fault tracing (page 497) for further information.

### **Settings**

Parameters 25.33...25.40 (page 240).

# Oscillation damping

The oscillation damping function can be used to cancel out oscillations caused by mechanics or an oscillating DC voltage. The input – a signal reflecting the oscillation - is selected by parameter 26.53 Oscillation compensation input. The oscillation damping function outputs a sine wave (26.58 Oscillation damping output) which can be summed with the torque reference with a suitable gain (26.57 Oscillation damping gain) and phase shift (26.56 Oscillation damping phase).

The oscillation damping algorithm can be activated without connecting the output to the reference chain, which makes it possible to compare the input and output of the function and make further adjustments before applying the result.

# Tuning procedure for oscillation damping

- Select the input by 26.53 Oscillation compensation input
- Activate algorithm by 26.51 Oscillation damping
- Set 26.57 Oscillation damping gain to 0
- Calculate the oscillation frequency from the signal (use the Drive composer PC tool) and set 26.55 Oscillation damping frequency
- Set 26.56 Oscillation damping phase\*
- Increase 26.57 Oscillation damping gain gradually so that the algorithm starts to take effect.

oscillation amplitude decreases

oscillation amplitude increases

Increase 26.57 Oscillation damping gain and adjust 26.56 Oscillation damping phase if necessary

 Try other values for 26.56 Oscillation damping phase

 Increase 26.57 Oscillation damping gain to suppress the oscillation totally. \*If the phasing of a DC oscillation cannot be determined by measuring, the value of 0 degrees is usually a suitable initial value.

**Note:** Changing the speed error low-pass filter time constant or the integration time of the speed controller can affect the tuning of the oscillation damping algorithm. It is recommended to tune the speed controller before the oscillation damping algorithm. (The speed controller gain can be adjusted after the tuning of this algorithm.)

# **Settings**

Parameters 26.51...26.58 (page 247).

# Resonance frequency elimination

The control program contains a notch filter function for removing the resonance frequencies from the speed error signal.

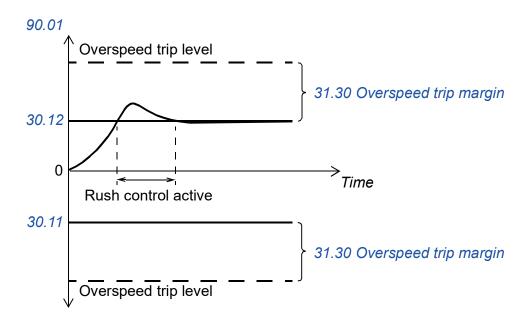
# Settings

Parameters 24.13...24.17 (page 227).

### Rush control

In torque control, the motor could potentially rush if the load were suddenly lost. The control program has a rush control function that decreases the torque reference

whenever the motor speed (90.01 Motor speed for control) exceeds 30.11 Minimum speed or 30.12 Maximum speed.



The function is based on a PI controller. The proportional gain and integration time can be defined by parameters. Setting these to zero disables rush control.

# **Settings**

Parameters 26.81 Rush control gain and 26.82 Rush control integration time (page 249).

# **Encoder support**

The program supports two single-turn or multiturn encoders (or resolvers). The following optional interface modules are available:

- TTL encoder interface FEN-01: two TTL inputs, TTL output (for encoder emulation and echo) and two digital inputs
- Absolute encoder interface FEN-11: absolute encoder input, TTL input, TTL output (for encoder emulation and echo) and two digital inputs
- Resolver interface FEN-21: resolver input, TTL input, TTL output (for encoder emulation and echo) and two digital inputs
- HTL encoder interface FEN-31: HTL encoder input, TTL output (for encoder emulation and echo) and two digital inputs
- HTL/TTL encoder interface FSE-31 (for use with an FSO-xx safety functions module): Two HTL/TTL encoder inputs (one HTL input supported at the time of publication).

The interface module is to be installed onto one of the option slots on the drive control unit. The module (except the FSE-31) can also be installed onto an FEA-03 extension adapter.

#### Encoder echo and emulation

Both encoder echo and emulation are supported by the above-mentioned FEN-xx interfaces.

Encoder echo is available with TTL, TTL+ and HTL encoders. The signal received from the encoder is relayed to the TTL output unchanged. This enables the connection of one encoder to several drives.

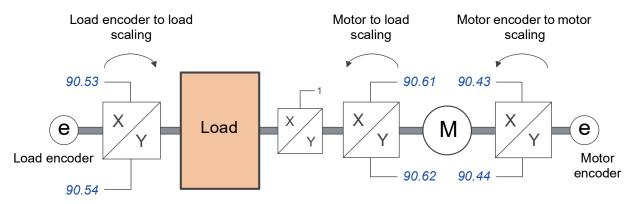
Encoder emulation also relays the encoder signal to the output, but the signal is either scaled, or position data converted to pulses. Emulation can be used when absolute encoder or resolver position needs to be converted to TTL pulses, or when the signal must be converted to a different pulse number than the original.

#### Load and motor feedback

Three different sources can be used as speed and position feedback: encoder 1, encoder 2, or motor position estimate. Any of these can be used for load position calculation or motor control. The load position calculation makes it possible, for example, to determine the position of a conveyor belt or the height of the load on a crane. The feedback sources are selected by parameters 90.41 Motor feedback selection and 90.51 Load feedback selection.

For detailed parameter connections of the motor and load feedback functions, see the block diagrams on pages 585 and 586. For more information on load position calculation, see section *Position counter* (page 51).

Any mechanical gear ratios between the components (motor, motor encoder, load, load encoder) are specified using the gear parameters shown in the diagram below.



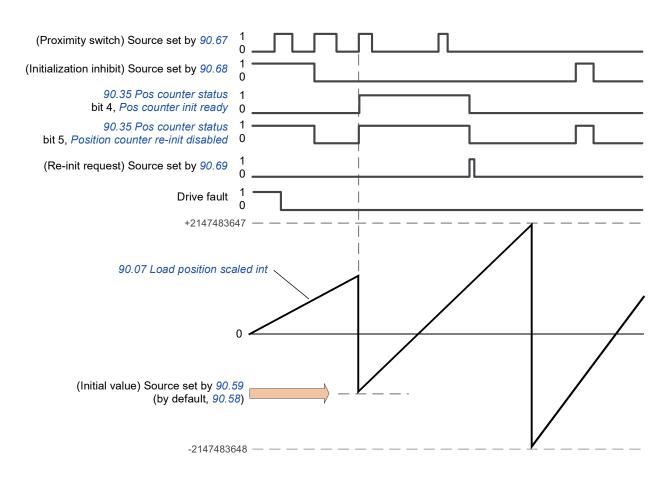
Any gear ratio between the load encoder and the load is defined by 90.53 Load gear numerator and 90.54 Load gear denominator. Similarly, any gear ratio between the motor encoder and the motor is defined by 90.43 Motor gear numerator and 90.44 Motor gear denominator. In case the internal estimated position is chosen as load feedback, the gear ratio between the motor and load can be defined by 90.61 Gear numerator and 90.62 Gear denominator. By default, all of the ratios mentioned above are 1:1. The ratios can only be changed with the drive stopped; new settings require validation by 91.10 Encoder parameter refresh.

#### Position counter

The control program contains a position counter feature that can be used to indicate the position of the load. The output of the counter function, parameter 90.07 Load position scaled int, indicates the scaled number of revolutions read from the selected source (see section Load and motor feedback on page 50).

The relation between revolutions of the motor shaft and the translatory movement of the load (in any given unit of distance) is defined by parameters 90.63 Feed constant numerator and 90.64 Feed constant denominator. This gear function can be changed without the need of a parameter refresh or position counter reinitialization – however, the counter output is only updated after new position input data is received.

For detailed parameter connections of the load feedback function, see the block diagram on page 586.



The position counter is initialized by setting a known physical position of the load into the control program. The initial position (for example, the home/zero position, or the distance from it) can be entered manually in a parameter (90.58 Pos counter init *value int*), or taken from another parameter. This position is set as the value of the position counter (90.07 Load position scaled int) when the source selected by 90.67 Pos counter init cmd source, such as a proximity switch connected to a digital input, is activated. A successful initialization is indicated by bit 4 of 90.35 Pos counter status.

Any subsequent initialization of the counter must first be enabled by 90.69 Reset pos counter init ready. To define a time window for initializations, 90.68 Disable pos counter initialization can be used to inhibit the signal from the proximity switch. An active fault in the drive will also prevent counter initialization.

## **Encoder error handling**

When an encoder is used for load feedback, the action taken in case of an encoder error is specified by 90.55 Load feedback fault. If the parameter is set to Warning, the calculation will continue smoothly using estimated motor position. If the encoder recovers from the error, the calculation will smoothly switch back to encoder feedback. The load position signals (90.04, 90.05 and 90.07) will continue to be updated all the time, but bit 6 of 90.35 Pos counter status will be set to indicate potentially inaccurate position data. In addition, bit 4 of 90.35 will be cleared upon the next stop as a recommendation to reinitialize the position counter.

Parameter 90.60 Pos counter error and boot action defines whether position calculation resumes from the previous value over an encoder error or control unit reboot. By default, bit 4 of 90.35 Pos counter status is cleared after an error, indicating that reinitialization is needed. With 90.60 set to Continue from previous value, the position values are retained over an error or reboot; bit 6 of 90.35 is set however to indicate that an error occurred.

**Note:** With a multiturn absolute encoder, bit 6 of 90.35 is cleared at the next stop of the drive if the encoder has recovered from the error; bit 4 is not cleared. The status of the position counter is retained over a control unit reboot, after which position calculation resumes from the absolute position given by the encoder, taking into account the initial position specified by 90.58.

**WARNING!** If the drive is in stopped state when an encoder error occurs, or if the drive is not powered, parameters 90.04, 90.05, 90.07 and 90.35 are not updated because no movement of the load can be detected. When using previous position values (90.60 Pos counter error and boot action is set to Continue from previous value), be aware that the position data is unreliable if the load is able to move.

# Reading/writing position counter values through fieldbus

The parameters of the position counter function, such as 90.07 Load position scaled int and 90.58 Pos counter init value int, can be accessed from an upper-level control system in the following formats:

- 16-bit integer (if 16 bits are sufficient for the application)
- 32-bit integer (can be accessed as two consequent 16-bit words).

For example, to read parameter 90.07 Load position scaled int through fieldbus, set the selection parameter of the desired dataset (in group 52) to Other – 90.07, and select the format. If you select a 32-bit format, the subsequent data word is also automatically reserved.

## Configuration of HTL encoder motor feedback

- 1. Specify the type of the encoder interface module (parameter 91.11 Module 1 type = FEN-31) and the slot the module is installed into (91.12 Module 1 location).
- 2. Specify the type of the encoder (92.01 Encoder 1 type = HTL). The parameter listing will be re-read from the drive after the value is changed.
- 3. Specify the interface module that the encoder is connected to (92.02 Encoder 1 source = Module 1).
- 4. Set the number of pulses according to encoder nameplate (92.10 Pulses/revolution).
- 5. If the encoder rotates at a different speed to the motor (ie. is not mounted directly on the motor shaft), enter the gear ratio in 90.43 Motor gear numerator and 90.44 Motor gear denominator.
- 6. Set parameter 91.10 Encoder parameter refresh to Refresh to apply the new parameter settings. The parameter will automatically revert to *Done*.
- 7. Check that 91.02 Module 1 status is showing the correct interface module type (FEN-31). Also check the status of the module; both LEDs should be glowing green.
- 8. Start the motor with a reference of eg. 400 rpm.
- 9. Compare the estimated speed (01.02 Motor speed estimated) with the measured speed (01.04 Encoder 1 speed filtered). If the values are the same, set the encoder as the feedback source (90.41 Motor feedback selection = Encoder 1).
- 10. Specify the action taken in case the feedback signal is lost (90.45 Motor feedback fault).

# Example 1: Using the same encoder for both load and motor feedback

The drive controls a motor used for lifting a load in a crane. An encoder attached to the motor shaft is used as feedback for motor control. The same encoder is also used for calculating the height of the load in the desired unit. A gear exists between the motor shaft and the cable drum. The encoder is configured as Encoder 1 as shown in Configuration of HTL encoder motor feedback above. In addition, the following settings are made:

- (90.43 Motor gear numerator = 1)
- (90.44 Motor gear denominator = 1)

(No gear is needed as the encoder is mounted directly on the motor shaft.)

- 90.51 Load feedback selection = Encoder 1
- (90.53 Load gear numerator = 1)
- 90.54 Load gear denominator = 50

The cable drum turns one revolution per 50 revolutions of the motor shaft.

(90.61 Gear numerator = 1)

• (90.62 Gear denominator = 1)

(These parameters need not be changed as position estimate is not being used for feedback.)

- 90.63 Feed constant numerator = 7
- 90.64 Feed constant denominator = 10

The load moves 70 centimeters, ie. 7/10 of a meter, per one revolution of the cable drum.

The load height in meters can be read from 90.07 Load position scaled int, while 90.03 Load speed displays the rotational speed of the cable drum.

## **Example 2: Using two encoders**

One encoder (encoder 1) is used for motor feedback. The encoder is connected to the motor shaft through a gear. Another encoder (encoder 2) measures the line speed elsewhere in the machine. Each encoder is configured as shown in *Configuration of HTL encoder motor feedback* above. In addition, the following settings are made:

- (90.41 Motor feedback selection = Encoder 1)
- (90.43 Motor gear numerator = 1)
- 90.44 Motor gear denominator = 3

The encoder turns three revolutions per one revolution of the motor shaft.

90.51 Load feedback selection = Encoder 2

The line speed measured by encoder 2 can be read from 90.03 Load speed. This value is given in rpm which can be converted into another unit by using 90.53 Load gear numerator and 90.54 Load gear denominator. Note that the feed constant gear cannot be used in this conversion because it does not affect 90.03 Load speed.

### Example 3: ACS 600 / ACS800 compatibility

With ACS 600 and ACS800 drives, both the rising and falling edges from encoder channels A and B are typically counted to achieve best possible accuracy. Thus the received pulse number per revolution equals four times the nominal pulse number of the encoder.

In this example, an HTL-type 2048-pulse encoder is fitted directly on the motor shaft. The desired initial position to correspond the proximity switch is 66770.

In the ACS880, the following settings are made:

- 92.01 Encoder 1 type = HTL
- 92.02 Encoder 1 source = Module 1
- 92.10 Pulses/revolution = 2048
- 92.13 Position estimation enable = Enable
- 90.51 Load feedback selection = Encoder 1
- 90.63 Feed constant numerator = 8192 (ie. 4 × value of 92.10, as the received number of pulses is 4 times nominal. See also parameter 92.12 Resolver polepairs)
- The desired "data out" parameter is set to Other 90.58 Pos counter init value int (32-bit format). Only the high word needs to be specified – the subsequent data word is reserved for the low word automatically.
- The desired sources (such as digital inputs or user bits of the control word) are selected in 90.67 Pos counter init cmd source and 90.69 Reset pos counter init ready.

In the PLC, if the initial value is set in 32-bit format using low and high words (corresponding to ACS800 parameters POS COUNT INIT LO and POS COUNT INIT HI), enter the value 66770 into these words as follows:

#### Eg. PROFIBUS:

- FBA data out x = POS COUNT INIT HI = 1 (as bit 16 equals 66536)
- FBA data out (x + 1) = POS COUNT INIT LO = 1234.

ABB Automation using DDCS communication, eg.:

- Data set 12.1 = POS COUNT INIT HI
- Data set 12.2 = POS COUNT INIT LO

To test the configuration of the PLC, initialize the position counter with the encoder connected. The initial value sent from the PLC should immediately be reflected by 90.07 Load position scaled int in the drive. The same value should then appear in the PLC after having been read from the drive.

#### **Settings**

Parameter groups 90 Feedback selection (page 389), 91 Encoder module settings (page 398), 92 Encoder 1 configuration (page 401) and 93 Encoder 2 configuration (page 407).

# **Jogging**

The jogging function enables the use of a momentary switch to briefly rotate the motor. The jogging function is typically used during servicing or commissioning to control the machinery locally.

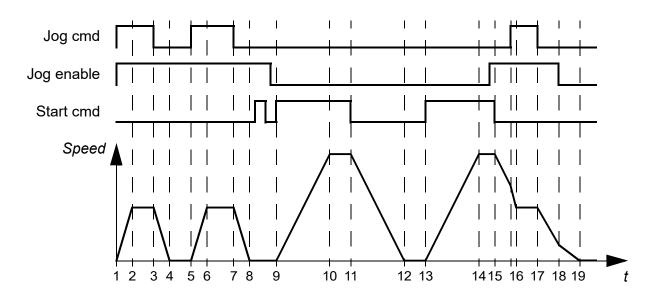
Two jogging functions (1 and 2) are available, each with their own activation sources and references. The signal sources are selected by parameters 20.26 Jogging 1 start source and 20.27 Jogging 2 start source. When jogging is activated, the drive starts and accelerates to the defined jogging speed (22.42 Jogging 1 ref or 22.43 Jogging 2

ref) along the defined jogging acceleration ramp (23.20 Acc time jogging). After the activation signal switches off, the drive decelerates to a stop along the defined jogging deceleration ramp (23.21 Dec time jogging).

The figure and table below provide an example of how the drive operates during jogging. In the example, the ramp stop mode is used (see parameter 21.03 Stop mode).

Jog cmd = State of source set by 20.26 Jogging 1 start source or 20.27 Jogging 2 start source

Jog enable = State of source set by 20.25 Jogging enable Start cmd = State of drive start command.



Phase	Jog cmd	Jog enable	Start cmd	Description
1-2	1	1	0	Drive accelerates to the jogging speed along the acceleration ramp of the jogging function.
2-3	1	1	0	Drive follows the jog reference.
3-4	0	1	0	Drive decelerates to zero speed along the deceleration ramp of the jogging function.
4-5	0	1	0	Drive is stopped.
5-6	1	1	0	Drive accelerates to the jogging speed along the acceleration ramp of the jogging function.
6-7	1	1	0	Drive follows the jog reference.
7-8	0	1	0	Drive decelerates to zero speed along the deceleration ramp of the jogging function.
8-9	0	1→0	0	Drive is stopped. As long as the jog enable signal is on, start commands are ignored. After jog enable switches off, a fresh start command is required.
9-10	Х	0	1	Drive accelerates to the speed reference along the selected acceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.19).

Phase	Jog cmd	Jog enable	Start cmd	Description
10-11	х	0	1	Drive follows the speed reference.
11-12	х	0	0	Drive decelerates to zero speed along the selected deceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.19).
12-13	х	0	0	Drive is stopped.
13-14	х	0	1	Drive accelerates to the speed reference along the selected acceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.19).
14-15	х	0→1	1	Drive follows the speed reference. As long as the start command is on, the jog enable signal is ignored. If the jog enable signal is on when the start command switches off, jogging is enabled immediately.
15-16	0→1	1	0	Start command switches off. The drive starts to decelerate along the selected deceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.19).  When the jog command switches on, the decelerating drive
				adopts the deceleration ramp of the jogging function.
16-17	1	1	0	Drive follows the jog reference.
17-18	0	1→0	0	Drive decelerates along the deceleration ramp of the jogging function.
18-19	0	0	0	Drive decelerates to zero speed along the selected deceleration ramp (parameters 23.1123.19).

See also the block diagram on page 584.

The jogging function operates on a 2 ms time level.

#### **Notes:**

- Jogging is not available when the drive is in local control.
- Jogging cannot be enabled when the drive start command is on, or the drive started when jogging is enabled. Starting the drive after the jog enable switches off requires a fresh start command.



**WARNING!** If jogging is enabled and activated while the start command is on, jogging will activate as soon as the start command switches off.

- If both jogging functions are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.
- Jogging uses the speed control mode.
- Ramp shape times (parameters 23.16...23.19) do not apply to jogging acceleration/deceleration ramps.
- The inching functions activated through fieldbus (see 06.01 Main control word, bits 8...9) use the references and ramp times defined for jogging, but do not require the jog enable signal.

## **Settings**

Parameters 20.25 Jogging enable (page 204), 20.26 Jogging 1 start source (page 204), 20.27 Jogging 2 start source (page 205), 22.42 Jogging 1 ref (page 216), 22.43 Jogging 2 ref (page 216), 23.20 Acc time jogging (page 223) and 23.21 Dec time jogging (page 223).

#### Scalar motor control

It is possible to select scalar control as the motor control method instead of DTC (Direct Torque Control). In scalar control mode, the drive is controlled with a speed or frequency reference. However, the outstanding performance of DTC is not achieved in scalar control.

It is recommended to activate scalar motor control mode

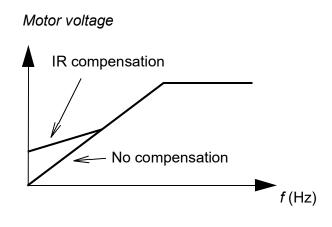
- if the nominal current of the motor is less than 1/6 of the nominal output current of the drive
- if the drive is used without a motor connected (for example, for test purposes)
- if the drive runs a medium-voltage motor through a step-up transformer, or
- in multimotor drives. if
  - the load is not equally shared between the motors,
  - the motors are of different sizes, or
  - the motors are going to be changed after motor identification (ID run)

In scalar control, some standard features are not available.

See also section Operating modes of the drive (page 22).

### IR compensation for scalar motor control

IR compensation (also known as voltage boost) is available only when the motor control mode is scalar. When IR compensation is activated, the drive gives an extra voltage boost to the motor at low speeds. IR compensation is useful in applications that require a high breakaway torque. In step-up applications, voltage cannot be fed through the transformer at 0 Hz, so an additional breakpoint is available for defining the compensation near zero frequency.



In Direct Torque Control (DTC), no IR compensation is possible or needed as it is applied automatically.

## **Settings**

- Parameters 19.20 Scalar control reference unit (page 196), 97.12 IR comp stepup frequency (page 431), 97.13 IR compensation (page 432) and 99.04 Motor control mode (page 436)
- Parameter group 28 Frequency reference chain (page 250).

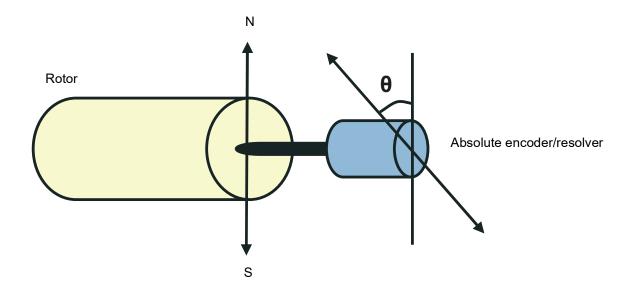
# Autophasing

Autophasing is an automatic measurement routine to determine the angular position of the magnetic flux of a permanent magnet synchronous motor or the magnetic axis of a synchronous reluctance motor. The motor control requires the absolute position of the rotor flux in order to control motor torque accurately.

Sensors like absolute encoders and resolvers indicate the rotor position at all times after the offset between the zero angle of rotor and that of the sensor has been established. On the other hand, a standard pulse encoder determines the rotor position when it rotates but the initial position is not known. However, a pulse encoder can be used as an absolute encoder if it is equipped with Hall sensors, albeit with coarse initial position accuracy. Hall sensors generate so-called commutation pulses that change their state six times during one revolution, so it is only known within which 60° sector of a complete revolution the initial position is.

Many encoders give a zero pulse (also called Z-pulse) once during each rotation. The position of the zero pulse is fixed. If this position is known with respect to zero position used by motor control, the rotor position at the instant of the zero pulse is also known.

Using the zero pulse improves the robustness of the rotor position measurement. The rotor position must be determined during starting because the initial value given by the encoder is zero. The autophasing routine determines the position, but there is a risk of some position error. If the zero pulse position is known in advance, the position found by autophasing can be corrected as soon as the zero pulse is detected for the first time after starting.



The autophasing routine is performed with permanent magnet synchronous motors and synchronous reluctance motors in the following cases:

- 1. One-time measurement of the rotor and encoder position difference when an absolute encoder, a resolver, or an encoder with commutation signals is used
- 2. At every power-up when an incremental encoder is used
- 3. With open-loop motor control, repetitive measurement of the rotor position at every start
- 4. When the position of the zero pulse must be measured before the first start after power-up.

Note: In closed-loop control, autophasing is performed automatically after the motor identification run (ID run). Autophasing is also performed automatically before starting when necessary.

In open-loop control, the zero angle of the rotor is determined before starting. In closed-loop control, the actual angle of the rotor is determined with autophasing when the sensor indicates zero angle. The offset of the angle must be determined because the actual zero angles of the sensor and the rotor do not usually match. The autophasing mode determines how this operation is done both in open-loop and closed-loop control.

The rotor position offset used in motor control can also be given by the user – see parameter 98.15 Position offset user. Note that the autophasing routine also writes its result into this parameter. The results are updated even if user settings are not enabled by 98.01 User motor model mode.

**Note:** In open-loop control, the motor always turns when it is started as the shaft is turned towards the remanence flux.

Bit 4 of *06.21 Drive status word 3* indicates if the rotor position has already been determined.

# **Autophasing modes**

Several autophasing modes are available (see parameter 21.13 Autophasing mode).

The turning mode (*Turning*) is recommended especially with case 1 (see the list above) as it is the most robust and accurate method. In turning mode, the motor shaft is turned back and forward (±360/polepairs)° in order to determine the rotor position. In case 3 (open-loop control), the shaft is turned only in one direction and the angle is smaller.

Another turning mode, *Turning with Z-pulse*, can be used if there is difficulty using the normal turning mode, for example, because of significant friction. With this mode, the rotor is turned slowly until a zero pulse is detected from the encoder. When the zero pulse is detected for the first time, its position is stored into parameter 98.15 Position offset user, which can be edited for fine-tuning. Note that it is not mandatory to use this mode with a zero pulse encoder. In open-loop control, the two turning modes are identical.

The standstill modes (Standstill 1, Standstill 2) can be used if the motor cannot be turned (for example, when the load is connected). As the characteristics of motors and loads differ, testing must be done to find out the most suitable standstill mode.

The drive is capable of determining the rotor position when started into a running motor in open-loop or closed-loop control. In this situation, the setting of 21.13 Autophasing mode has no effect.

The autophasing routine can fail and therefore it is recommended to perform the routine several times and check the value of parameter 98.15 Position offset user.

An autophasing fault (3385 Autophasing) can occur with a running motor if the estimated angle of the motor differs too much from the measured angle. This could be caused by, for example, the following:

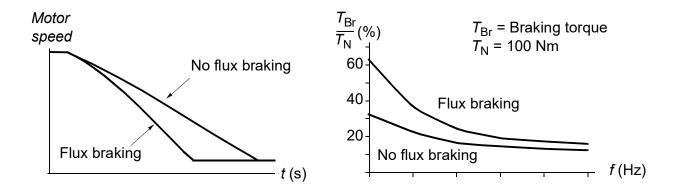
- The encoder is slipping on the motor shaft
- An incorrect value has been entered into 98.15 Position offset user
- The motor is already turning before the autophasing routine is started
- Turning mode is selected in 21.13 Autophasing mode but the motor shaft is locked
- Turning with Z-pulse mode is selected in 21.13 Autophasing mode but no zero pulse is detected within a revolution of the motor
- The wrong motor type is selected in 99.03 Motor type
- Motor ID run has failed.

# **Settings and diagnostics**

Parameters 06.21 Drive status word 3 (page 136), 21.13 Autophasing mode (page 210), 98.15 Position offset user (page 435) and 99.13 ID run requested (page 438).

# Flux braking

The drive can provide greater deceleration by raising the level of magnetization in the motor. By increasing the motor flux, the energy generated by the motor during braking can be converted to motor thermal energy.



The drive monitors the motor status continuously, also during flux braking. Therefore, flux braking can be used both for stopping the motor and for changing the speed. The other benefits of flux braking are:

- The braking starts immediately after a stop command is given. The function does not need to wait for the flux reduction before it can start the braking.
- The cooling of the induction motor is efficient. The stator current of the motor increases during flux braking, not the rotor current. The stator cools much more efficiently than the rotor.
- Flux braking can be used with induction motors and permanent magnet synchronous motors.

Two braking power levels are available:

- Moderate braking provides faster deceleration compared to a situation where flux braking is disabled. The flux level of the motor is limited to prevent excessive heating of the motor.
- Full braking exploits almost all available current to convert the mechanical braking energy to motor thermal energy. Braking time is shorter compared to moderate braking. In cyclic use, motor heating may be significant.



WARNING: The motor needs to be rated to absorb the thermal energy generated by flux braking.

## **Settings**

Parameter 97.05 Flux braking (page 429).

# DC magnetization

DC magnetization can be applied to the motor to

- heat the motor to remove or prevent condensation, or
- to lock the rotor at, or near, zero speed.

# **Pre-heating**

A motor pre-heating function is available to prevent condensation in a stopped motor, or to remove condensation from the motor before start. Pre-heating involves feeding a DC current into the motor to heat up the windings.

Pre-heating is deactivated at start, or when one of the other DC magnetization functions is activated. With the drive stopped, pre-heating is disabled by the safe torque off function, a drive fault state, or the process PID sleep function. Pre-heating can only start after one minute has elapsed from stopping the drive.

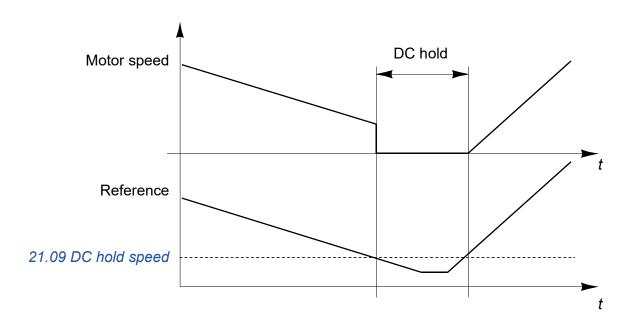
A digital source to control pre-heating is selected by parameter 21.14 Pre-heating input source. The heating current is set by 21.16 Pre-heating current.

### **Pre-magnetization**

Pre-magnetization refers to DC magnetization of the motor before start. Depending on the selected start mode (21.01 Start mode or 21.19 Scalar start mode), premagnetization can be applied to guarantee the highest possible breakaway torque, up to 200% of the nominal torque of the motor. By adjusting the pre-magnetization time (21.02 Magnetization time), it is possible to synchronize the motor start and, for example, the release of a mechanical brake.

#### DC hold

The function makes it possible to lock the rotor at (near) zero speed in the middle of normal operation. DC hold is activated by parameter 21.08 DC current control. When both the reference and motor speed drop below a certain level (parameter 21.09 DC hold speed), the drive will stop generating sinusoidal current and start to inject DC into the motor. The current is set by parameter 21.10 DC current reference. When the reference exceeds parameter 21.09 DC hold speed, normal drive operation continues.



#### Notes:

- DC hold is only available in speed control in DTC motor control mode (see page
- The function applies the DC current to one phase only, depending on the position of the rotor. The return current will be shared between the other phases.

# Post-magnetization

This feature keeps the motor magnetized for a certain period (parameter 21.11 Post magnetization time) after stopping. This is to prevent the machinery from moving under load, for example before a mechanical brake can be applied. Postmagnetization is activated by parameter 21.08 DC current control. The magnetization current is set by parameter 21.10 DC current reference.

**Note:** Post-magnetization is only available when ramping is the selected stop mode (see parameter 21.03 Stop mode).

# Continuous magnetization

A digital signal, such as a user bit in the fieldbus control word, can be selected to activate continuous magnetization. This can be especially useful in processes requiring motors to be stopped (for example, to stand by until new material is processed), then quickly started without magnetizing them first.

#### Notes:

Continuous magnetization is only available in speed control in DTC motor control mode (see page 22). If parameter 21.12 Continuous magnetization command is on, the motor will be kept magnetized after a ramp stop. To enable continuous magnetization after a coast stop, the command (21.12) must be cycled (on, off,

- on). Furthermore, if the Run enable signal has been off, a new rising edge is required before continuous magnetization starts.
- Continuous magnetization should not be enabled while the motor is rotating.

**WARNING:** The motor must be designed to absorb or dissipate the thermal energy generated by continuous magnetization, for example by forced ventilation.

## **Settings**

Parameters 06.21 Drive status word 3 (page 136), 21.01 Start mode, 21.02 Magnetization time, 21.08...21.12, 21.14 Pre-heating input source and 21.16 Preheating current (page 205).

# Hexagonal motor flux pattern

**Note:** This feature is only available in scalar motor control mode (see page 22).

Typically, the drive controls the motor flux so that the rotating flux vector follows a circular pattern. This is ideal for most applications. However, when operating above the field weakening point (FWP), it is not possible to reach 100% of the output voltage. This reduces the peak load capacity of the drive.

Using a hexagonal motor flux vector pattern, the maximum output voltage can be reached above the field weakening point. This increases the peak load capacity compared to the circular pattern, but the continuous load capacity in the range of FWP ... 1.6 × FWP is reduced because of increasing losses. With hexagonal motor flux active, the pattern changes from circular to hexagonal gradually as the frequency rises from 100% to 120% of the FWP.

## **Settings**

Parameters 97.18 Hexagonal field weakening and 97.19 Hexagonal field weakening point (page 432).

# **Application control**

# **Application macros**

Application macros are predefined application parameter edits and I/O configurations. See chapter *Application macros* (page 97).

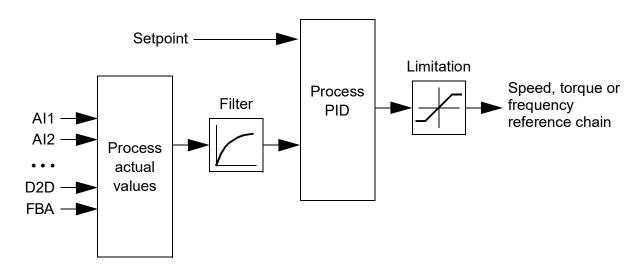
### **Process PID control**

There is a built-in process PID controller in the drive. The controller can be used to control process variables such as pressure, flow or fluid level.

In process PID control, a process reference (setpoint) is connected to the drive instead of a speed reference. An actual value (process feedback) is also brought back to the drive. The process PID control adjusts the drive speed in order to keep the measured process quantity (actual value) at the desired level (setpoint).

Process PID control operates on a 2 ms time level.

The simplified block diagram below illustrates the process PID control. For a more detailed block diagram, see page 598.



The control program contains two complete sets of process PID controller settings that can be alternated whenever necessary; see parameter 40.57 PID set1/set2 selection.

Note: Process PID control is only available in external control; see section Local control vs. external control (page 20).

## Quick configuration of the process PID controller

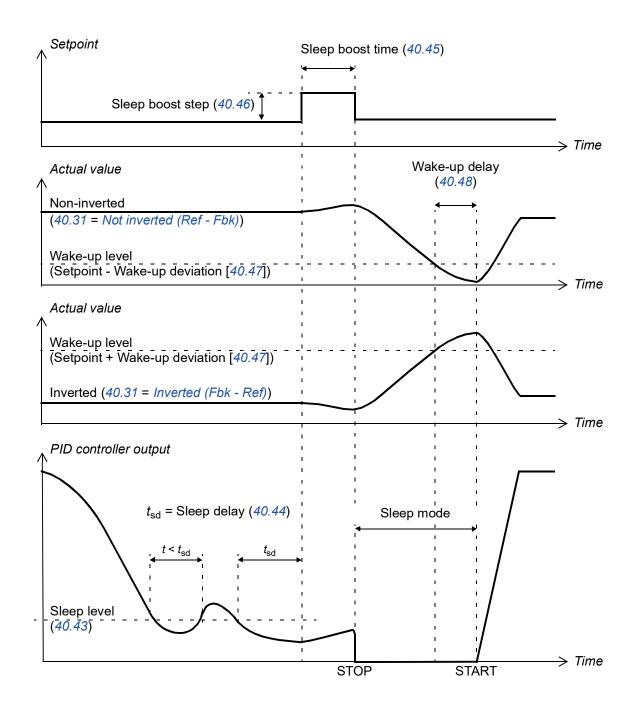
- 1. Activate the process PID controller (parameter 40.07 Set 1 PID operation mode).
- 2. Select a feedback source (parameters 40.08...40.11).
- 3. Select a setpoint source (parameters 40.16...40.25).
- 4. Set the gain, integration time, derivation time, and the PID output levels (40.32) Set 1 gain, 40.33 Set 1 integration time, 40.34 Set 1 derivation time, 40.36 Set 1 output min and 40.37 Set 1 output max).
- 5. The PID controller output is shown by parameter 40.01 Process PID output actual. Select it as the source of, for example, 22.11 Speed ref1 source.

## Sleep function for process PID control

The sleep function can be used in PID control applications that involve relatively long periods of low demand (for example, a tank is at level), During such periods, the sleep function saves energy by stopping the motor completely, instead of running the motor slowly below the efficient operating range of the system. When the feedback changes, the PID controller wakes the drive up.

**Note:** The sleep function is disabled when mechanical brake control (see page 70) is active.

**Example:** The drive controls a pressure boost pump. The water consumption falls at night. As a consequence, the process PID controller decreases the motor speed. However, due to natural losses in the pipes and the low efficiency of the centrifugal pump at low speeds, the motor would never stop rotating. The sleep function detects the slow rotation and stops unnecessary pumping after the sleep delay has passed. The drive shifts into sleep mode, still monitoring the pressure. The pumping resumes when the pressure falls under the wake-up level (setpoint - wake-up deviation) and the wake-up delay has passed.



### **Tracking**

In tracking mode, the PID block output is set directly to the value of parameter 40.50 (or 41.50) Set 1 tracking ref selection. The internal I term of the PID controller is set so that no transient is allowed to pass on to the output, so when the tracking mode is left, normal process control operation can be resumed without a significant bump.

### **Settings**

- Parameter 96.04 Macro select (macro selection)
- Parameter groups 40 Process PID set 1 (page 311) and 41 Process PID set 2 (page 324).

# Motor potentiometer

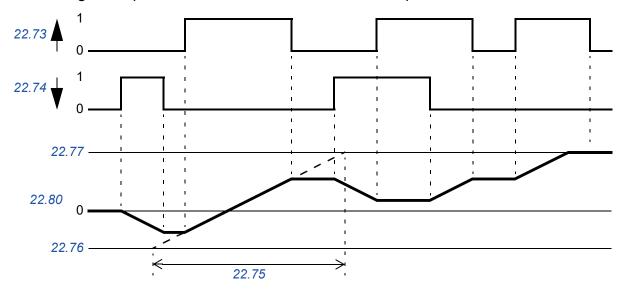
The motor potentiometer is, in effect, a counter whose value can be adjusted up and down using two digital signals selected by parameters 22.73 Motor potentiometer up source and 22.74 Motor potentiometer down source. Note that these signals have no effect when the drive is stopped.

When enabled by 22.71 Motor potentiometer function, the motor potentiometer assumes the value set by 22.72 Motor potentiometer initial value. Depending on the mode selected in 22.71, the motor potentiometer value is either retained or reset over a stop or a power cycle.

The change rate is defined in 22.75 Motor potentiometer ramp time as the time it would take for the value to change from the minimum (22.76 Motor potentiometer min value) to the maximum (22.77 Motor potentiometer max value) or vice versa. If the up and down signals are simultaneously on, the motor potentiometer value does not change.

The output of the function is shown by 22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act, which can directly be set as the source of any selector parameter such as 22.11 Speed ref1 source.

The following example shows the behavior of the motor potentiometer value.



### Settings

Parameters 22.71...22.80 (page 217).

#### Mechanical brake control

A mechanical brake can be used for holding the motor and driven machinery at zero speed when the drive is stopped, or not powered. The brake control logic observes the settings of parameter group *44 Mechanical brake control* as well as several external signals, and moves between the states presented in the diagram on page *71*. The tables below the state diagram detail the states and transitions. The timing diagram on page *73* shows an example of a close-open-close sequence.

The mechanical brake control logic operates on a 10 ms time level.

## Inputs of the brake control logic

The start command of the drive (bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1) is the main control source of the brake control logic. An optional external open/close signal can be selected by 44.12 Brake close request. The two signals interact as follows:

- Start command = 1 AND signal selected by 44.12 Brake close request = 0
   → Request brake to open
- Start command = 0 **OR** signal selected by 44.12 Brake close request = 1
   → Request brake to close

Another external signal – for example, from a higher-level control system – can be connected via parameter *44.11 Keep brake closed* to prevent the brake from opening.

Other signals that affect the state of the control logic are

- brake status acknowledgement (optional, defined by 44.07 Brake acknowledge selection),
- bit 2 of *06.11 Main status word* (indicates whether the drive is ready to follow the given reference or not),
- bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (indicates whether the drive is modulating or not),
- optional FSO-xx safety functions module.

### Outputs of the brake control logic

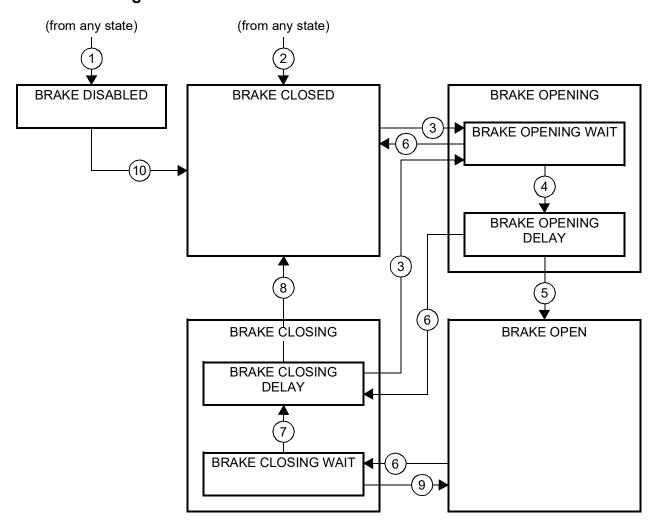
The mechanical brake is to be controlled by bit 0 of parameter *44.01 Brake control status*. This bit should be selected as the source of a relay output (or a digital input/output in output mode) which is then wired to the brake actuator through a relay. See the wiring example on page *74*.

The brake control logic, in various states, will request the drive control logic to hold the motor, increase the torque, or ramp down the speed. These requests are visible in parameter *44.01 Brake control status*.

#### Settings

Parameter group 44 Mechanical brake control (page 328).

# **Brake state diagram**



# State descriptions

State name	Description			
BRAKE DISABLED	Brake control is disabled (parameter 44.06 Brake control enable = 0, and 44.01 Brake control status b4 = 0). The brake is closed (44.01 Brake control status b0 = 0).			
BRAKE OPENING:	AKE OPENING:			
BRAKE OPENING WAIT	Brake has been requested to open. The drive logic is requested to increase the torque up to opening torque to hold the load in place (44.01 Brake control status b1 = 1 and b2 = 1). The state of 44.11 Keep brake closed is checked; if it is not 0 within a reasonable time, the drive trips on a 71A5 Mechanical brake opening not allowed fault*.			
BRAKE OPENING DELAY	Opening conditions have been met and open signal activated (44.01 Brake control status b0 is set). The opening torque request is removed (44.01 Brake control status b1 → 0). The load is held in place by the speed control of the drive until 44.08 Brake open delay elapses.			
	At this point, if 44.07 Brake acknowledge selection is set to No acknowledge, the logic proceeds to BRAKE OPEN state. If an acknowledgement signal source has been selected, its state is checked; if the state is not "brake open", the drive trips on a 71A3 Mechanical brake opening failed fault*.			
BRAKE OPEN	The brake is open (44.01 Brake control status b0 = 1). Hold request is removed (44.01 Brake control status b2 = 0), and the drive is allowed to follow the reference.			

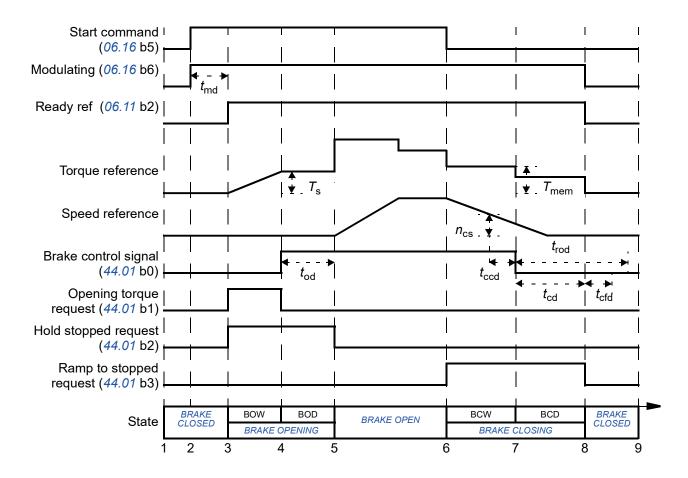
State name	Description		
BRAKE CLOSING:			
BRAKE CLOSING WAIT	Brake has been requested to close. The drive logic is requested to ramp down the speed to a stop (44.01 Brake control status b3 = 1). The open signal is kept active (44.01 Brake control status b0 = 1). The brake logic will remain in this state until the motor speed has remained below 44.14 Brake close level for the time defined by 44.15 Brake close level delay.		
BRAKE CLOSING DELAY	Closing conditions have been met. The open signal is deactivated (44.01 Brake control status b0 → 0) and the closing torque written into 44.02 Brake torque memory. The ramp-down request is maintained (44.01 Brake control status b3 = 1). The brake logic will remain in this state until 44.13 Brake close delay has elapsed.  At this point, if 44.07 Brake acknowledge selection is set to No acknowledge, the logic proceeds to BRAKE CLOSED state. If an acknowledgement signal source has been selected, its state is checked; if the state is not "brake closed", the drive generates an A7A1 Mechanical brake closing failed warning. If 44.17 Brake fault function = Fault, the drive will trip on a 71A2 Mechanical brake closing failed fault after 44.18 Brake fault delay.		
BRAKE CLOSED	The brake is closed (44.01 Brake control status b0 = 0). The drive is not necessarily modulating.  Note concerning open-loop (encoderless) applications: If the brake is kept closed by a brake close request (either from parameter 44.12 or an FSO-xx safety functions module) against a modulating drive for longer than 5 seconds, the brake is forced to closed state and the drive trips on a fault, 71A5		
*A warning can alternatively	Mechanical brake opening not allowed.  be selected by 44.17 Brake fault function; if so, the drive will keep modulating		
and remain in this state.			

# State change conditions ( n )

- Brake control disabled (parameter 44.06 Brake control enable  $\rightarrow$  0).
- 2 *06.11 Main status word*, bit 2 = 0 or brake is forced to close by optional FSO-xx safety functions module.
- 3 Brake has been requested to open and 44.16 Brake reopen delay has expired.
- 4 Brake open conditions (such as 44.10 Brake open torque) fulfilled and 44.11 Keep brake closed = 0.
- 5 44.08 Brake open delay has elapsed and brake open acknowledgement (if chosen by 44.07 Brake acknowledge selection) has been received.
- 6 Brake has been requested to close.
- 7 Motor speed has remained below closing speed 44.14 Brake close level for the duration of 44.15 Brake close level delay.
- 8 44.13 Brake close delay has elapsed and brake close acknowledgement (if chosen by 44.07 Brake acknowledge selection) has been received.
- 9 Brake has been requested to open.
- 10 Brake control enabled (parameter 44.06 Brake control enable → 1).

#### **Timing diagram**

The simplified timing diagram below illustrates the operation of the brake control function. Refer to the state diagram above.



 $T_{\rm s}$ Start torque at brake open (parameter 44.03 Brake open torque reference) Stored torque value at brake close (44.02 Brake torque memory)  $T_{\text{mem}}$ Motor magnetization delay  $t_{\sf md}$ Brake open delay (parameter 44.08 Brake open delay)  $t_{od}$ Brake close speed (parameter 44.14 Brake close level)  $n_{cs}$ Brake close command delay (parameter 44.15 Brake close level delay)  $t_{\rm ccd}$ Brake close delay (parameter 44.13 Brake close delay)  $t_{cd}$ Brake close fault delay (parameter 44.18 Brake fault delay)  $t_{\rm cfd}$ Brake reopen delay (parameter 44.16 Brake reopen delay)  $t_{\rm rod}$ **BOW** BRAKE OPENING WAIT BOD **BRAKE OPENING DELAY BCW** BRAKE CLOSING WAIT BCD BRAKE CLOSING DELAY

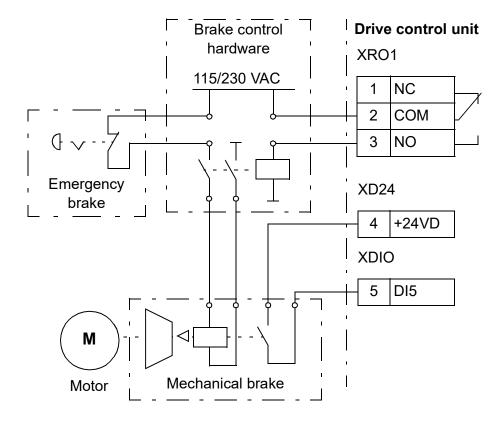
## Wiring example

The figure below shows a brake control wiring example. The brake control hardware and wiring is to be sourced and installed by the customer.

WARNING! Make sure that the machinery into which the drive with brake control function is integrated fulfils the personnel safety regulations. Note that the frequency converter (a Complete Drive Module or a Basic Drive Module, as defined in IEC 61800-2), is not considered as a safety device mentioned in the European Machinery Directive and related harmonised standards. Thus, the personnel safety of the complete machinery must not be based on a specific frequency converter feature (such as the brake control function), but it has to be implemented as defined in the application specific regulations.

The brake is controlled by bit 0 of parameter *44.01 Brake control status*. The source of brake acknowledge (status supervision) is selected by parameter *44.07 Brake acknowledge selection*. In this example,

- parameter 10.24 RO1 source is set to Open brake command (ie. bit 0 of 44.01 Brake control status), and
- parameter 44.07 Brake acknowledge selection is set to DI5.



# DC voltage control

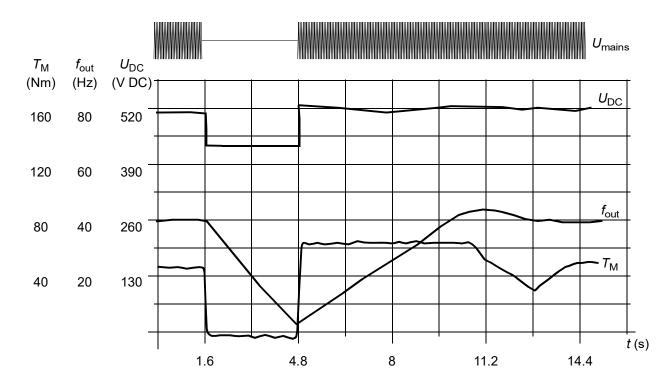
# Overvoltage control

Overvoltage control of the intermediate DC link is typically needed when the motor is in generating mode. The motor can generate when it decelerates or when the load overhauls the motor shaft, causing the shaft to turn faster than the applied speed or frequency. To prevent the DC voltage from exceeding the overvoltage control limit, the overvoltage controller automatically decreases the generating torque when the limit is reached. The overvoltage controller also increases any programmed deceleration times if the limit is reached; to achieve shorter deceleration times, a brake chopper and resistor may be required.

# Undervoltage control (power loss ride-through)

If the incoming supply voltage is cut off, the drive will continue to operate by utilizing the kinetic energy of the rotating motor. The drive will be fully operational as long as the motor rotates and generates energy to the drive. The drive can continue operation after the break if the main contactor (if present) remained closed.

**Note:** Units equipped with a main contactor must be equipped with a hold circuit (e.g. UPS) to keep the contactor control circuit closed during a short supply break.



 $U_{\rm DC}$ = intermediate circuit voltage of the drive,  $f_{\rm out}$  = output frequency of the drive,  $T_{\rm M}$  = motor torque Loss of supply voltage at nominal load ( $f_{out}$  = 40 Hz). The intermediate circuit DC voltage drops to the minimum limit. The controller keeps the voltage steady as long as the mains is switched off. The drive runs the motor in generator mode. The motor speed falls but the drive is operational as long as the motor has enough kinetic energy.

It is possible to restart the drive automatically after a short (max. 5 seconds) power supply failure by using the Automatic restart function provided that the drive is allowed to run for 5 seconds without the cooling fans operating.

When enabled, the function takes the following actions upon a supply failure to enable a successful restart:

- The undervoltage fault is suppressed (but a warning is generated)
- Modulation and cooling is stopped to conserve any remaining energy
- DC circuit pre-charging is enabled.

If the DC voltage is restored before the expiration of the period defined by parameter 21.18 Auto restart time and the start signal is still on, normal operation will continue. However, if the DC voltage remains too low at that point, the drive trips on a fault, 3280 Standby timeout.

**WARNING!** Before you activate the function, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. The function restarts the drive automatically and continues operation after a supply break.

# Voltage control and trip limits

The control and trip limits of the intermediate DC voltage regulator are relative to the supply voltage as well as drive/inverter type. The DC voltage is approximately 1.35 times the line-to-line supply voltage, and is displayed by parameter *01.11 DC voltage*.

All levels are relative to the supply voltage range selected in parameter 95.01 Supply voltage. The following table shows the values of selected DC voltage levels in volts and in percent of  $U_{\rm DCmax}$  (the DC voltage at the upper bound of the supply voltage range).

	Supply voltage range [V AC] (see 95.01 Supply voltage)			tage)		
Level [V DC (% of U <sub>DCmax</sub> )]	208240	380415	440480	500	525600	660690
Overvoltage fault limit	489/440*	800	878	880	1113	1218
Overvoltage control limit	405 (125)	700 (125)	810 (125)	810 (120)	1013 (125)	1167 (125)
Internal brake chopper at 100% pulse width	403 (124)	697 (124)	806 (124)	806 (119)	1008 (124)	1159 (124)
Internal brake chopper at 0% pulse width	375 (116)	648 (116)	749 (116)	780 (116)	936 (116)	1077 (116)
Overvoltage warning limit	373 (115)	644 (115)	745 (115)	776 (115)	932 (115)	1071 (115)
U <sub>DCmax</sub> = DC voltage at upper bound of supply voltage range	324 (100)	560 (100)	648 (100)	675 (100)	810 (100)	932 (100)
DC voltage at lower bound of supply voltage range	281	513	594	675	709	891
Undervoltage control and warning limit	239 (85)	436 (85)	505 (85)	574 (85)	602 (85)	757 (85)
Charging activation/standby limit	225 (80)	410 (80)	475 (80)	540 (80)	567 (80)	713 (80)
Undervoltage fault limit	168 (60)	308 (60)	356 (60)	405 (60)	425 (60)	535 (60)

<sup>\*489</sup> V with frames R1...R3, 440 V with frames R4...R8.

## **Settings**

Parameters 01.11 DC voltage (page 117), 30.30 Overvoltage control (page 269), 30.31 Undervoltage control (page 269), 95.01 Supply voltage (page 411), and 95.02 Adaptive voltage limits (page 411).

# Brake chopper

A brake chopper can be used to handle the energy generated by a decelerating motor. When the DC voltage rises high enough, the chopper connects the DC circuit to an external brake resistor. The chopper operates on the pulse width modulation principle.

Some ACS880 drives have an internal brake chopper as standard, some have a brake chopper available as an internal or external option. See the appropriate hardware manual or sales catalog.

The internal brake choppers of ACS880 drives start conducting when the DC link voltage reaches 1.156 ×  $U_{\rm DCmax}$ . 100% pulse width is reached at approximately 1.2 × U<sub>DCmax</sub>, depending on supply voltage range – see table under *Voltage control and* trip limits above. ( $U_{DCmax}$  is the DC voltage corresponding to the maximum of the AC supply voltage range.) For information on external brake choppers, refer to their documentation.

**Note:** For runtime braking, overvoltage control (parameter 30.30 Overvoltage control) needs to be disabled for the chopper to operate.

# **Settings**

Parameters 01.11 DC voltage (page 117) and 30.30 Overvoltage control (page 269); parameter group 43 Brake chopper (page 326).

# DC voltage control mode

A special mode for controlling the voltage of a common DC bus is available especially for off-grid applications where the inverter unit is connected to a generator and the supply unit creates an AC supply network. See section *DC voltage control mode* (page 23).

## **Settings**

Parameter group 29 Voltage reference chain (page 258).

# Safety and protections

## Emergency stop

The emergency stop signal is connected to the input selected by parameter 21.05 Emergency stop source. An emergency stop can also be generated through fieldbus (parameter 06.01 Main control word, bits 0...2).

The mode of the emergency stop is selected by parameter 21.04 Emergency stop mode. The following modes are available:

- Off1: Stop along the standard deceleration ramp defined for the particular reference type in use
- Off2: Stop by coasting
- Off3: Stop by the emergency stop ramp defined by parameter 23.23 Emergency stop time.

With Off1 or Off3 emergency stop modes, the ramp-down of the motor speed can be supervised by parameters 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision and 31.33 Emergency ramp supervision delay.

#### Notes:

- For SIL 3 / PL e-level emergency stop functions, the drive can be fitted with a TÜV-certified FSO-xx safety options module. The module can then be incorporated into certified safety systems.
- The installer of the equipment is responsible for installing the emergency stop devices and all additional devices needed for the emergency stop function to fulfill the required emergency stop categories. For more information, contact your local ABB representative.
- After an emergency stop signal is detected, the emergency stop function cannot be canceled even though the signal is canceled.
- If the minimum (or maximum) torque limit is set to 0%, the emergency stop function may not be able to stop the drive.
- Speed and torque reference additives (parameters 22.15, 22.17, 26.16, 26.25 and 26.41) and reference ramp shapes (23.16...23.19) are ignored in case of emergency ramp stops.

#### **Settings**

Parameters 06.17 Drive status word 2 (page 133), 06.18 Start inhibit status word (page 134), 21.04 Emergency stop mode (page 207), 21.05 Emergency stop source (page 207), 23.23 Emergency stop time (page 223), 25.13 Min torg sp ctrl em stop (page 237), 25.14 Max torg sp ctrl em stop (page 237), 25.15 Proportional gain em stop (page 237), 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision (page 278) and 31.33 Emergency ramp supervision delay (page 279).

# **Motor thermal protection**

The control program features two separate motor temperature monitoring functions. The temperature data sources and warning/trip limits can be set up independently for each function.

The motor temperature can be monitored using

- the motor thermal protection model (estimated temperature derived internally inside the drive), or
- sensors installed in the windings. This will result in a more accurate motor model.

In addition to temperature monitoring, a protection function is available for 'Ex' motors installed in a potentially explosive atmosphere.

#### Motor thermal protection model

The drive calculates the temperature of the motor on the basis of the following assumptions:

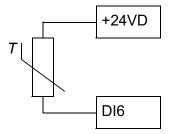
- 1. When power is applied to the drive for the first time, the motor is assumed to be at ambient temperature (defined by parameter 35.50 Motor ambient temperature). After this, when power is applied to the drive, the motor is assumed to be at the estimated temperature.
- 2. Motor temperature is calculated using the user-adjustable motor thermal time and motor load curve. The load curve should be adjusted in case the ambient temperature exceeds 30 °C.

The motor thermal protection model fulfills standard IEC/EN 61800-5-1 ed. 2.1 requirements for thermal memory retention and speed sensitivity. The estimated temperature is retained over power down. Speed dependency is set by parameters 35.51 Motor load curve, 35.52 Zero speed load and 35.53 Break point.

Note: The motor thermal model can be used when only one motor is connected to the drive.

#### Temperature monitoring using PTC sensors

One PTC sensor can be connected to digital input DI6.

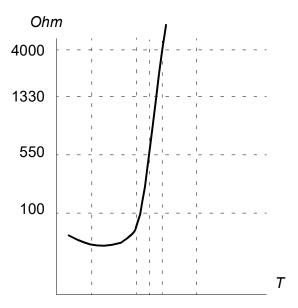


The resistance of the PTC sensor increases when its temperature rises. The increasing resistance of the sensor decreases the voltage at the input, and eventually its state switches from 1 to 0, indicating overtemperature.

1...3 PTC sensors can also be connected in series to an analog input and an analog output. The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 1.6 mA through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function calculates the resistance of the sensor and generates an indication if overtemperature is detected.

For wiring of the sensor, refer to the *Hardware Manual* of the drive.

The figure below shows typical PTC sensor resistance values as a function of temperature.



In addition to the above, optional FEN-xx encoder interfaces, and FPTC-xx modules have connections for PTC sensors. Refer to the module-specific documentation for more information.

#### Temperature monitoring using Pt100 or Pt1000 sensors

1...3 Pt100 or Pt1000 sensors can be connected in series to an analog input and an analog output.

The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 9.1 mA (Pt100) or 1 mA (Pt1000) through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function reads the voltage through the analog input and converts it into degrees Celsius.

The warning and fault limits can be adjusted by parameters.

For the wiring of the sensor, refer to the *Hardware Manual* of the drive.

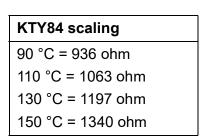
#### Temperature monitoring using KTY84 sensors

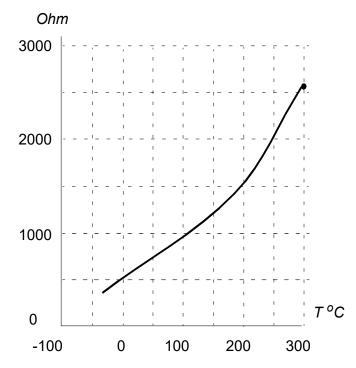
One KTY84 sensor can be connected to an analog input and an analog output on the control unit.

The analog output feeds a constant excitation current of 2.0 mA through the sensor. The sensor resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage over the sensor. The temperature measurement function reads the voltage through the analog input and converts it into degrees Celsius.

FEN-xx encoder interfaces (optional) also have a connection for one KTY84 sensor.

The figure and table below show typical KTY84 sensor resistance values as a function of the motor operating temperature.





The warning and fault limits can be adjusted by parameters.

For the wiring of the sensor, refer to the *Hardware Manual* of the drive.

#### Motor fan control logic (parameters 35.100...35.106)

If the motor has an external cooling fan, it is possible to use a drive signal (for example, running/stopped) to control the starter of the fan via a relay or digital output. A digital input can be selected for fan feedback. A loss of the feedback signal will optionally cause a warning or a fault.

Start and stop delays can be defined for the fan. In addition, a feedback delay can be set to define the time within which feedback must be received after the fan starts.

#### Ex motor support (parameter 95.15, bit 0)

The control program has a temperature protection function for Ex motors located in a potentially explosive atmosphere. The protection is enabled by setting bit 0 of parameter 95.15 Special HW settings.

#### **Settings**

Parameter groups 35 Motor thermal protection (page 293) and 91 Encoder module settings (page 398); parameter 95.15 Special HW settings (page 414).

# Motor overload protection

This section describes motor overload protection without using motor thermal protection model, either with estimated or measured temperature. For protection with the motor thermal protection model, see section *Motor thermal protection* (page 80).

Motor overload protection is required and specified by multiple standards including the US National Electric Code (NEC), UL 508C and the common UL\IEC 61800-5-1 standard in conjunction with IEC 60947-4-1. The standards allow for motor overload protection without external temperature sensors.

The Motor overload protection fulfills standard IEC/EN 61800-5-1 ed. 2.1 requirements for thermal memory retention and speed sensitivity. The estimated temperature is retained over power down. Speed dependency is set by parameters.

The protection feature allows the user to specify the class of operation in the same manner as the overload relays are specified in standards IEC 60947-4-1 and NEMA ICS 2.

Motor overload protection requires that you specify a motor current tripping level. This is defined by a curve using parameters 35.51, 35.52 and 35.53. The tripping level is the motor current at which the overload protection will ultimately trip if the motor current remains at this level continuously.

The motor overload class (class of operation), parameter 35.57 Motor overload class, is given as the time required for the overload relay to trip when operating at 7.2 times the tripping level in the case of IEC 60947-4-1 and 6 times the tripping level in the case of NEMA ICS 2. The standards also specify the time to trip for current levels between the tripping level and the 6 times tripping level. The drive satisfies the IEC standard and NEMA standard trip times.

Using class 20 satisfies the UL 508C requirements.

The motor overload algorithm monitors the squared ratio (motor current / tripping level)<sup>2</sup> and accumulates this over time. This is sometimes referred to as l<sup>2</sup>t protection. The accumulated value is shown in parameter 35.05.

You can define with parameter 35.56 that when 35.05 reaches 88%, a motor overload warning will be generated, and when it reaches 100%, the drive will trip on the motor overload fault. The rate at which this internal value is increased depends on the actual current, tripping level current and overload class selected.

Parameters 35.51, 35.52 and 35.53 serve a dual purpose. They determine the load curve for temperature estimate as well as specify the overload tripping level.

#### Settings and diagnostics

Parameters common to motor thermal protection and motor overload protection: 35.51 Motor load curve ... 35.53 Break point (page 299).

Parameters specific to motor overload protection: 35.05 Motor overload level (page 294), 35.56 Motor overload action ... 35.57 Motor overload class (page 300).

# Thermal protection of motor cable

The control program contains a thermal protection function for the motor cable. This function should be used, for example, when the nominal current of the drive exceeds the current-carrying capacity of the motor cable.

The program calculates the temperature of the cable on the basis of the following data:

- Measured output current (parameter 01.07 Motor current)
- Nominal continuous current rating of the cable, specified by 35.61 Cable nominal current, and
- Thermal time constant of the cable, specified by 35.62 Cable thermal rise time.

When the calculated temperature of the cable reaches 102% of the rated maximum, a warning (A480 Motor cable overload) is given. The drive trips on a fault (4000 Motor cable overload) when 106% is reached.

#### Settings

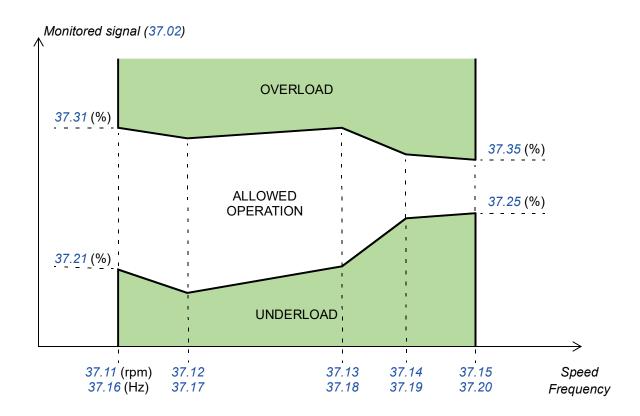
Parameters 35.60...35.62 (page 301).

#### User load curve

The user load curve provides a function that monitors an input signal (eg. motor torque or motor current) as a function of drive output speed or frequency. The function includes both high limit (overload) and low limit (underload) monitoring. Overload monitoring can, for example, be used to detect a pump becoming clogged or a saw blade hitting a knot. Underload monitoring can detect the load being lost, for example because of the snapping of a transmission belt.

The monitoring is effective within a motor speed and/or frequency range. The frequency range is used with a frequency reference in scalar motor control mode; otherwise, the speed range is used. The range is defined by five speed (parameters 37.11...37.15) or frequency (37.16...37.20) values. The values are positive, but the monitoring is symmetrically active in the negative direction as the sign of the monitored signal is ignored. Outside the speed/frequency range, the monitoring is disabled.

An underload (37.21...37.25) and overload (37.31...37.35) limit is set for each of the five speed or frequency points. Between these points, the limits are interpolated linearly to form overload and underload curves.



The action (none, warning or fault) taken when the signal exits the allowed operation area can be selected separately for overload and underload conditions (parameters 37.03 and 37.04 respectively). Each condition also has an optional timer to delay the selected action (37.41 and 37.42).

#### **Settings**

Parameter group 37 User load curve (page 308).

#### **Automatic fault resets**

The drive can automatically reset itself after overcurrent, overvoltage, undervoltage and external faults. The user can also specify a fault (excluding Safe torque off related faults) to be reset automatically.

By default, automatic resets are off and must be specifically activated by the user.

WARNING! Before you activate the function, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. The function resets the drive automatically and continues operation after a fault.

#### **Settings**

Parameters 31.12...31.16 (page 273).

# Other programmable protection functions

#### External events (parameters 31.01...31.10)

Five different event signals from the process can be connected to selectable inputs to generate trips and warnings for the driven equipment. When the signal is lost, an external event (fault, warning, or a mere log entry) is generated. The contents of the messages can be edited on the control panel by selecting Menu - Settings - Edit texts.

#### Motor phase loss detection (parameter 31.19)

The parameter selects how the drive reacts whenever a motor phase loss is detected.

#### Earth (Ground) fault detection (parameter 31.20)

The earth fault detection function is based on sum current measurement. Note that

- an earth fault in the supply cable does not activate the protection
- in a grounded supply, the protection activates within 2 milliseconds
- in an ungrounded supply, the supply capacitance must be 1 microfarad or more
- the capacitive currents caused by shielded motor cables up to 300 meters will not activate the protection
- the protection is deactivated when the drive is stopped.

#### Safe torque off detection (parameter 31.22)

The drive monitors the status of the Safe torque off input, and this parameter selects which indications are given when the signals are lost. (The parameter does not affect the operation of the Safe torque off function itself). For more information on the Safe torque off function, see the Hardware manual.

#### Swapped supply and motor cabling (parameter 31.23)

The drive can detect if the supply and motor cables have accidentally been swapped (for example, if the supply is connected to the motor connection of the drive). The parameter selects if a fault is generated or not. Note that the protection should be disabled in drive/inverter hardware supplied from a common DC bus.

#### Stall protection (parameters 31.24...31.28)

The drive protects the motor in a stall situation. It is possible to adjust the supervision limits (current, frequency and time) and choose how the drive reacts to a motor stall condition.

#### Overspeed protection (parameter 31.30)

The user can set overspeed limits by specifying a margin that is added to the currently-used maximum and minimum speed limits.

#### Ramp stop supervision (parameters 31.32, 31.33, 31.37 and 31.38)

The control program has a supervision function for both the normal and emergency stop ramps. The user can either define a maximum time for stopping, or a maximum deviation from the expected deceleration rate. If the drive fails to stop in the expected manner, a fault is generated and the drive coasts to a stop.

#### Main cooling fan supervision (parameter 31.35)

The parameter selects how the drive reacts to a loss of the main cooling fan.

With an inverter unit consisting of frame R8i inverter modules, it may be possible to continue operation even if a cooling fan of an inverter module stops. See the description of the parameter.

#### Custom motor current fault limit (parameter 31.42)

The control program sets a motor current limit based on drive hardware. In most cases, the default value is appropriate. However, a lower limit can be manually set by the user, for example, to protect a permanent magnet motor from demagnetization.

#### Local control loss detection (parameter 49.05)

The parameter selects how the drive reacts to a control panel or PC tool communication break.

# **Diagnostics**

# Fault and warning messages, data logging

See chapter *Fault tracing* (page 497).

# Signal supervision

Three signals can be selected to be supervised by this function. Whenever a supervised signal exceeds or falls below predefined limits, a bit in 32.01 Supervision status is activated, and a warning or fault generated. The contents of the message can be edited on the control panel by selecting Menu - Settings - Edit texts.

The supervised signal is low-pass filtered. The supervision operates on a 2 ms time level. The configuration parameters are scanned for changes on a 10 ms time level.

#### **Settings**

Parameter group 32 Supervision (page 282).

#### Maintenance timers and counters

The program has six different maintenance timers or counters that can be configured to generate a warning when a pre-defined limit is reached. The contents of the message can be edited on the control panel by selecting Menu - Settings - Edit texts.

The timer/counter can be set to monitor any parameter. This feature is especially useful as a service reminder.

There are three types of counters:

- On-time timers. Measures the time a binary source (for example, a bit in a status word) is on.
- Signal edge counters. The counter is incremented whenever the monitored binary source changes state.
- Value counters. The counter measures, by integration, the monitored parameter. A warning is given when the calculated area below the signal peak exceeds a user-defined limit.

#### Settings

Parameter group 33 Generic timer & counter (page 285).

# Energy saving calculators

This feature consists of the following functionalities:

- An energy optimizer that adjusts the motor flux in such a way that the total system efficiency is maximized
- A counter that monitors used and saved energy by the motor and displays them in kWh, currency or volume of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, and
- A load analyzer showing the load profile of the drive (see separate section on page 89).

**Note:** The accuracy of the energy savings calculation is directly dependent on the accuracy of the reference motor power given in parameter 45.19 Comparison power.

#### **Settings**

Parameter group 45 Energy efficiency (page 332).

# Load analyzer

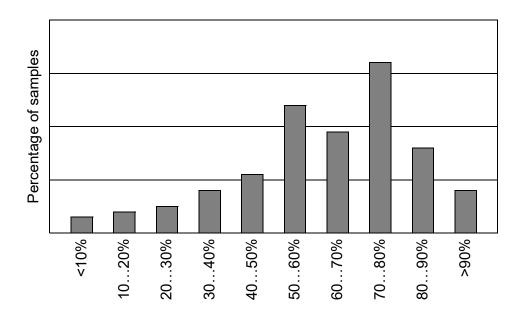
#### Peak value logger

The user can select a signal to be monitored by a peak value logger. The logger records the peak value of the signal along with the time the peak occurred, as well as motor current, DC voltage and motor speed at the time of the peak. The peak value is sampled at 2 ms intervals.

# **Amplitude loggers**

The control program has two amplitude loggers. Depending on the setting of parameter 36.08 Logger function, the loggers are active continuously or only when the drive is modulating.

For amplitude logger 2, the user can select a signal to be sampled at 200 ms intervals, and specify a value that corresponds to 100%. The collected samples are sorted into 10 read-only parameters according to their amplitude. Each parameter represents an amplitude range 10 percentage points wide, and displays the percentage of the collected samples that have fallen within that range. Note that the lowest range also contains the negative values (if any), while the highest range also contains the values above 100%.



Amplitude ranges (parameters 36.40...36.49)

Amplitude logger 1 is fixed to monitor motor current, and cannot be reset. With amplitude logger 1, 100% corresponds to the maximum output current of the drive  $(I_{\text{max}}, \text{ as given in the hardware manual})$ . The distribution of collected samples is shown by parameters 36.20...36.29.

# **Settings**

Parameter group 36 Load analyzer (page 304).

# **Miscellaneous**

## User parameter sets

The drive supports four user parameter sets that can be saved to the permanent memory and recalled using drive parameters. It is also possible to use digital inputs to switch between user parameter sets.

A user parameter set contains all editable values in parameter groups 10...99 except

- forced I/O values such as parameters 10.03 DI force selection and 10.04 DI force data
- I/O extension module settings (groups 14...16)
- fieldbus communication enable parameters (50.01 FBA A enable and 50.31 FBA B enable)
- other fieldbus communication settings (groups 51...56 and 58)
- encoder configuration settings (groups 92...93),
- some hardware settings in parameter group 95 HW configuration, and
- user set selection parameters 96.11...96.13.

As the motor settings are included in the user parameter sets, make sure the settings correspond to the motor used in the application before recalling a user set. In an application where different motors are used with the drive, the motor ID run needs to be performed with each motor and the results saved to different user sets. The appropriate set can then be recalled when the motor is switched.

If no parameter sets have been saved, attempting to load a set will create all sets from the currently active parameter settings.

Switching between user parameter sets is only possible with the drive stopped.

#### Settings

Parameters 96.10...96.13 (page 421).

#### Parameter checksum calculation

A parameter checksum can be calculated from a user-definable set of parameters to monitor changes in the drive configuration. The calculated checksum is compared to 1...4 reference checksums; in case of a mismatch, an event (a pure event, warning or fault) is generated.

By default, the set of parameters included in the calculation contain most parameters with the exception of

- actual signals
- parameter group 47 Data storage
- parameters that are activated to validate new settings (such as 51.27 and 96.07)
- parameters that are not saved to the flash memory (such as 96.24...96.26)
- parameters that are internally calculated from others (such as 98.09...98.14).
- dynamic parameters (eg. parameters that vary according to hardware), and
- application program parameters.

The default set can be edited using the Drive customizer PC tool.

#### Settings

Parameters 96.53...96.59 (page 425).

#### **User lock**

For improved cybersecurity, it is highly recommended that you set a master pass code to prevent, for example, the changing of parameter values and/or the loading of firmware and other files.



**WARNING!** ABB will not be liable for damages or losses caused by the failure to activate the user lock using a new pass code. See Cybersecurity disclaimer (page 16).

To activate the user lock for the first time,

- Enter the default pass code, 10000000, into 96.02 Pass code. This will make parameters 96.100...96.102 visible.
- Enter a new pass code into 96.100 Change user pass code. Always use eight digits; if using Drive composer, finish with Enter.
- Confirm the new pass code in 96.101 Confirm user pass code.



**WARNING!** Store the pass code in a safe place – the user lock cannot be opened even by ABB if the pass code is lost.

- In 96.102 User lock functionality, define the actions that you want to prevent (we recommend you select all the actions unless otherwise required by the application).
- Enter an invalid (random) pass code into 96.02 Pass code.
- Activate 96.08 Control board boot, or cycle the power to the control unit.
- Check that parameters 96.100...96.102 are hidden. If they are not, enter another random pass code into 96.02.

To reopen the lock, enter your pass code into 96.02 Pass code. This will again make parameters 96.100...96.102 visible.

#### Settings

Parameters 96.02 (page 419) and 96.100...96.102 (page 427).

## **Data storage parameters**

Twenty-four (sixteen 32-bit, eight 16-bit) parameters are reserved for data storage. These parameters are unconnected by default and can be used for eg. linking, testing and commissioning purposes. They can be written to and read from using other parameters' source or target selections.

Note that only 32-bit floating point (type real32) parameters can be selected as the source of another parameter value. In other words, parameters 47.01...47.08 can be used as value sources of other parameters while 47.11...47.28 cannot.

To use a 16-bit integer (received in DDCS data sets) as the source of another parameter, write the value into one of the *real32* type storage parameters (47.01...47.08). Select the storage parameter as the source, and define a suitable scaling method between the 16-bit and 32-bit values in parameters 47.31...47.38.

## **Settings**

Parameter group 47 Data storage (page 339).

#### Reduced run function

A "reduced run" function is available for inverter units consisting of parallel-connected inverter modules. The function makes it possible to continue operation with limited current even if one (or more) module is out of service, for example, because of maintenance work. In principle, reduced run is possible with only one module, but the physical requirements of operating the motor still apply; for example, the modules remaining in use must be able to provide the motor with enough magnetizing current.

#### Activation of the reduced run function

**Note:** For cabinet-built drives, the wiring accessories and the air baffle needed during the procedure are available from ABB, and are included in the delivery.



**WARNING!** Follow the safety instructions provided for the drive or inverter unit in question.

- 1. Disconnect the supply voltage and all auxiliary voltages from the drive/inverter unit.
- 2. If the inverter control unit is powered from the faulty module, install an extension to the wiring and connect it to one of the remaining modules.
- 3. Remove the module to be serviced from its bay. See the appropriate hardware manual for instructions.
- 4. If the Safe torque off (STO) function is in use, install jumpering in the STO wiring in place of the missing module (unless the module was the last on the chain).
- 5. Install an air baffle to the top module guide to block the airflow through the empty module bay.
- 6. In case the inverter unit has a DC switch with a charging circuit, disable the appropriate channel on the xSFC-xx charging controller.
- 7. Switch on the power to the drive/inverter unit.
- 8. Enter the number of inverter modules present into parameter *95.13 Reduced run mode*.
- 9. Reset all faults and start the drive/inverter unit. The maximum current is now automatically limited according to the new inverter configuration. A mismatch between the number of detected modules (95.14) and the value set in 95.13 will generate a fault.

After all modules have been reinstalled, parameter 95.13 Reduced run mode must be reset to 0 to disable the reduced run function. In case the inverter is equipped with a charging circuit, the charging monitoring must be reactivated for all modules. If the Safe torque off (STO) function is in use, an acceptance test must be performed (see the hardware manual of the drive/inverter unit for instructions).

#### **Settings**

Parameters 06.17 (page 133) and 95.13...95.14 (page 413).

# du/dt filter support

With an external du/dt filter connected to the output of the drive, bit 13 of 95.20 HW options word 1 must be switched on. The setting limits the output switching frequency. With frame size R5i...R7i inverter modules, the setting also forces the drive/inverter module fan to full speed. Note that the setting is not to be activated with inverter modules with internal du/dt filters.

## Settings

Parameter 95.20 HW options word 1 (page 416).

# Sine filter support

The control program has a setting that enables the use of sine filters (available separately from ABB and others).

With an ABB sine filter connected to the output of the drive, bit 1 of 95.15 Special HW settings must be switched on. The setting limits the switching and output frequencies to

- prevent the drive from operating at filter resonance frequencies, and
- protect the filter from overheating.

With a custom sine filter, bit 3 of 95.15 Special HW settings must be switched on. (The setting does not limit the output frequency.) Additional parameters must be set according to the properties of the filter as listed below.

#### Settings

Parameters 95.15 Special HW settings (page 414), 97.01 Switching frequency reference, 97.02 Minimum switching frequency (page 429), 99.18 Sine filter inductance and 99.19 Sine filter capacitance (page 441).

#### Router mode for BCU control unit

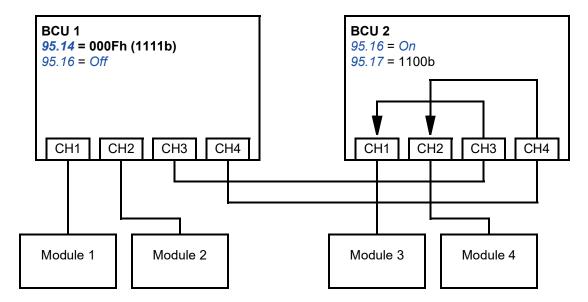
The BCU control unit of an inverter unit can be set to a "router mode" to allow the control of locally-connected power units (for example, inverter modules) by another BCU. Using the router mode and some hardware switching, it is possible to have the same modules alternate between inverter and, for example, IGBT supply use.

The router mode involves connecting the two BCUs together by their PSL2 channels. When router mode is active, the channels coming from the other BCU are forwarded to the local modules.

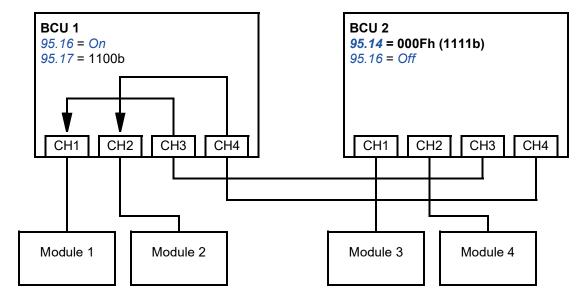
The diagrams below show how the control of four converter modules can be switched between two BCUs.

Note: For an example of how to switch converter modules between inverter and IGBT supply use, see the ACS880 IGBT supply control program firmware manual (3AUA0000131562 [English]).

BCU 1 controlling all modules, BCU 2 in router mode



BCU 2 controlling all modules, BCU 1 in router mode



#### Notes:

- The local modules must be connected to successive channels starting from CH1. The immediately following channels are connected to the other BCU and routed to the local modules. There must be at least as many local modules as there are routed channels.
- In PLC control, any switch-overs must be done in stopped state, and so that at least one BCU is in router mode at any given time.
- Additional rules or restrictions may apply when using the router mode with other control programs. See the appropriate firmware manual.

# Settings

Parameters 95.16 Router mode and 95.17 Router channel config (page 414).



# Application macros

# What this chapter contains

This chapter describes the intended use, operation and default control connections of the application macros.

More information on the connectivity of the control unit is given in the *Hardware* manual of the drive.

# General

Application macros are sets of default parameter values suitable for the application in question. When starting up the drive, the user typically selects the best-suited application macro as a starting point, then makes any necessary changes to tailor the settings to the application. This usually results in a much lower number of user edits compared to the traditional way of programming a drive.

Application macros can be selected by parameter 96.04 Macro select. User parameter sets are managed by the parameters in group 96 System.

# **Factory macro**

The Factory macro is suited to relatively straightforward speed control applications such as conveyors, pumps and fans, and test benches.

The drive is speed-controlled with the reference signal connected to analog input Al1. The start/stop commands are given through digital input DI1; running direction is determined by DI2. This macro uses control location EXT1.

Faults are reset through digital input DI3.

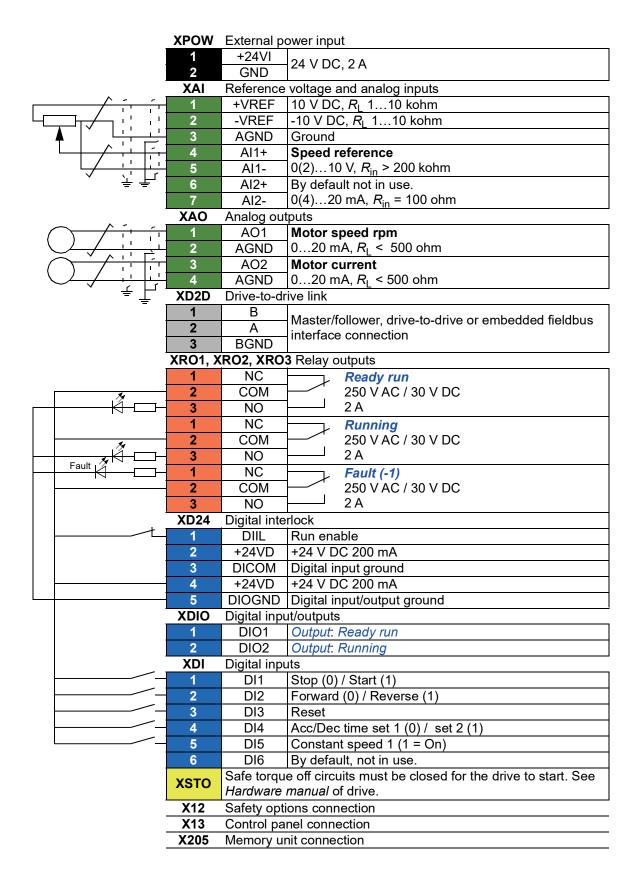
DI4 switches between acceleration/deceleration time sets 1 and 2. The acceleration and deceleration times, as well as ramp shapes, are defined by parameters 23.12 23.19

DI5 activates constant speed 1.

# **Default parameter settings for the Factory macro**

The default parameter settings for the Factory macro are listed under *Parameter* listing (page 117).

# **Default control connections for the Factory macro**



# Hand/Auto macro

The Hand/Auto macro is suited to speed control applications where two external control devices are used.

The drive is speed-controlled from the external control locations EXT1 (Hand control) and EXT2 (Auto control). The selection between the control locations is done through digital input DI3.

The start/stop signal for EXT1 is connected to DI1 while running direction is determined by DI2. For EXT2, start/stop commands are given through DI6, the direction through DI5.

The reference signals for EXT1 and EXT2 are connected to analog inputs Al1 and Al2 respectively.

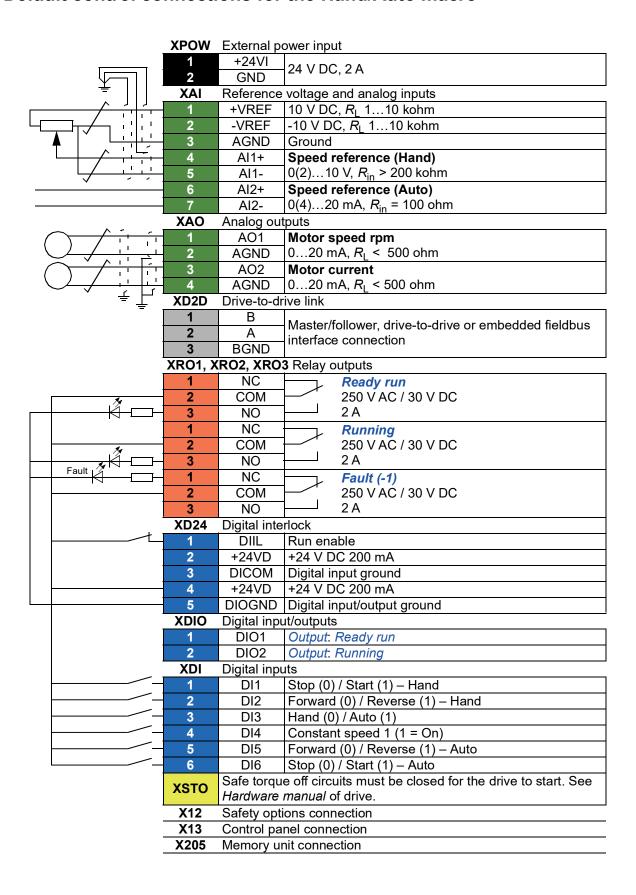
A constant speed (by default, 300 rpm) can be activated through DI4.

# Default parameter settings for the Hand/Auto macro

Below is a listing of default parameter values that differ from those listed for the Factory macro in *Parameter listing* (page *117*).

Param	eter	111/44		
No.	Name	Hand/Auto macro default		
12.30	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	1500.000		
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	DI3		
20.06	Ext2 commands	In1 Start; In2 Dir		
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	DI6		
20.09	Ext2 in2 source	DI5		
20.12	Run enable 1 source	DIIL		
22.12	Speed ref2 source	Al2 scaled		
22.14	Speed ref1/2 selection	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection		
22.22	Constant speed sel1	DI4		
23.11	Ramp set selection	Acc/Dec time 1		
31.11	Fault reset selection	Not selected		

#### Default control connections for the Hand/Auto macro



## PID control macro

The PID control macro is suitable for process control applications, for example closed-loop pressure, level or flow control systems such as

- · pressure boost pumps of municipal water supply systems
- level-controlling pumps of water reservoirs
- · pressure boost pumps of district heating systems
- material flow control on a conveyor line.

The process reference signal is connected to analog input Al1 and the process feedback signal to Al2. Alternatively, a direct speed reference can be given to the drive through Al1. Then the PID controller is bypassed and the drive no longer controls the process variable.

Selection between direct speed control (control location EXT1) and process variable control (EXT2) is done through digital input DI3.

The stop/start signals for EXT1 and EXT2 are connected to DI1 and DI6 respectively.

A constant speed (by default, 300 rpm) can be activated through DI4.

**Note:** When commissioning the PID loop, it is useful to run the motor in speed control first using EXT1; this allows testing of the PID feedback polarity and scaling. Once the feedback has been proven, the PID loop can be "closed" by switching to EXT2.

# Default parameter settings for the PID control macro

Below is a listing of default parameter values that differ from those listed for the Factory macro in *Parameter listing* (page 117).

Param	eter	PID control macro default	
No.	Name		
12.27	AI2 min	4.000	
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	DI3	
20.01	Ext1 commands	In1 Start	
20.04	Ext1 in2 source	Not selected	
20.06	Ext2 commands	In1 Start	
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	DI6	
20.12	Run enable 1 source	DI5	
22.12	Speed ref2 source	PID	
22.22	Constant speed sel1	DI4	
23.11	Ramp set selection	Acc/Dec time 1	
31.11	Fault reset selection	Not selected	
40.07	Set 1 PID operation mode	On when drive running	
40.08	Set 1 feedback 1 source	Al2 scaled	
40.11	Set 1 feedback filter time	0.040 s	
40.35	Set 1 derivation filter time	1.0 s	
40.60	Set 1 PID activation source	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	

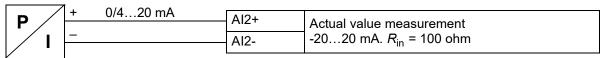
Note: The macro selection does not affect parameter group 41 Process PID set 2.

# Default control connections for the PID control macro

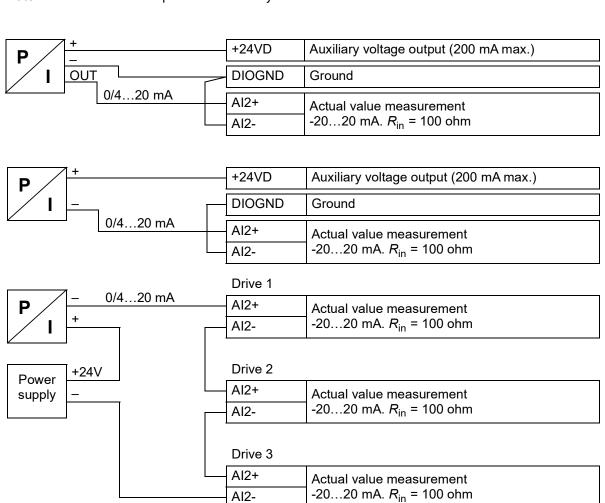
		<b>XPOW</b>	External power input		
		1	+24VI 24 V DC, 2 A		
		2	GND 24 V DC, 2 A		
	=	XAI	Reference	voltage and analog inputs	
		1	+VREF	10 V DC, R <sub>L</sub> 110 kohm	
L	<del></del>	2	-VREF	-10 V DC, R <sub>L</sub> 110 kohm	
	<b>▲</b>   *	3	AGND	Ground	
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	4	Al1+	Speed reference	
		5	Al1-	0(2)10 V, R <sub>in</sub> > 200 kohm	
F	· / · · · ·	6	Al2+	Process feedback*	
'	/ı	7	Al2-	0(4)20 mA, R <sub>in</sub> = 100 ohm	
<u>~</u>		XAO	Analog ou		
(	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1	AO1	Motor speed rpm	
(		2	AGND	020 mA, R <sub>I</sub> < 500 ohm	
1	^ <u> </u>	3	AO2	Motor current	
(		4	AGND	020 mA, R <sub>I</sub> < 500 ohm	
	, 후 다	XD2D	Drive-to-dr		
	=	1	В	NA ( 16 H)	
		2	Α	Master/follower, drive-to-drive or embedded fieldbus	
		3	BGND	interface connection	
		XRO1, X		3 Relay outputs	
		1	ŇC	Ready run	
	×.	2	COM	250 V AC / 30 V DC	
		3	NO	—	
		1	NC	Running	
	4	2	COM	250 V AC / 30 V DC	
		3	NO	—— 2 A	
	Fault	1	NC	Fault (-1)	
	. ,	2	COM	250 V AC / 30 V DC	
		3	NO	—	
		XD24	Digital inte	rlock	
		1	DIIL	Digital interlock. By default, not in use.	
		2	+24VD	+24 V DC 200 mA	
		3	DICOM	Digital input ground	
		4	+24VD	+24 V DC 200 mA	
		5	DIOGND	Digital input/output ground	
		XDIO	Digital inpu		
		1	DIO1	Output: Ready run	
		2	DIO2	Output: Running	
		XDI	Digital inpu	uts	
		1	DI1	Stop (0) / Start (1) – Speed control	
		2	DI2	By default, not in use.	
		3	DI3	Speed control (0) / Process control (1)	
		4	DI4	Constant speed 1 (1 = On)	
		5	DI5	Run enable (1 = On)	
		6	DI6	Stop (0) / Start (1) – Process control	
		хѕто	Safe torque off circuits must be closed for the drive to start. See		
		X310	Hardware manual of drive.		
		X12	Safety options connection		
		X13	Control panel connection		
		X205			
		<u> </u>			

<sup>\*</sup>For sensor connection examples, see page 105.

# Sensor connection examples for the PID control macro



Note: The sensor must be powered externally.



# Torque control macro

This macro is used in applications in which torque control of the motor is required. These are typically tension applications, where a particular tension needs to be maintained in the mechanical system.

Torque reference is given through analog input AI2, typically as a current signal in the range of 0...20 mA (corresponding to 0...100% of rated motor torque).

The start/stop signal is connected to digital input DI1. The direction is determined by DI2. Through digital input DI3, it is possible to select speed control (EXT1) instead of torque control (EXT2). As with the PID control macro, speed control can be used for commissioning the system and checking the motor direction.

It is also possible to change the control to local (control panel or PC tool) by pressing the Loc/Rem key. By default, the local reference is speed; if a torque reference is required, the value of parameter 19.16 Local control mode should be changed to Torque.

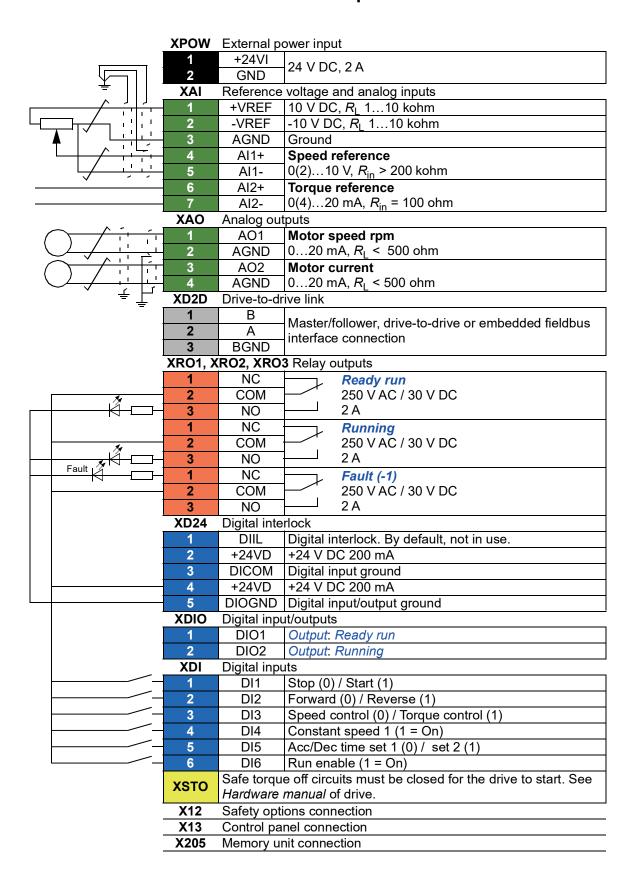
A constant speed (by default, 300 rpm) can be activated through DI4. DI5 switches between acceleration/deceleration time sets 1 and 2. The acceleration and deceleration times, as well as ramp shapes, are defined by parameters 23.12 23.19

# Default parameter settings for the Torque control macro

Below is a listing of default parameter values that differ from those listed for the Factory macro in *Parameter listing* (page 117).

Parameter		Torque control macro		
No.	Name	default		
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	DI3		
19.14	Ext2 control mode	Torque		
20.02	Ext1 start trigger type	Level		
20.06	Ext2 commands	In1 Start; In2 Dir		
20.07	Ext2 start trigger type	Level		
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	DI1		
20.09	Ext2 in2 source	DI2		
20.12	Run enable 1 source	DI6		
22.22	Constant speed sel1	DI4		
23.11	Ramp set selection	DI5		
26.11	Torque ref1 source	Al2 scaled		
31.11	Fault reset selection	Not selected		

# Default control connections for the Torque control macro



# Sequential control macro

The Sequential control macro is suited for speed control applications in which a speed reference, multiple constant speeds, and two acceleration and deceleration ramps can be used.

Only EXT1 is used in this macro.

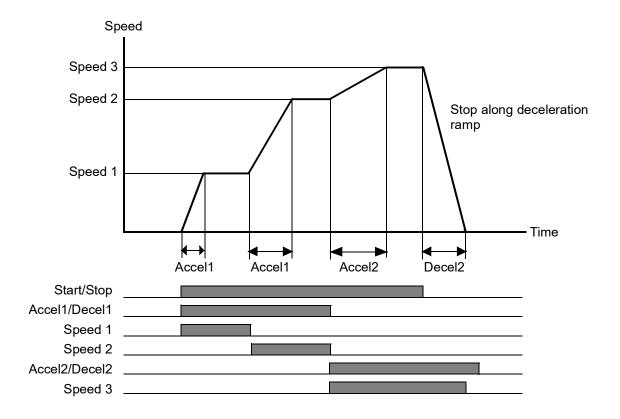
The macro offers seven preset constant speeds which can be activated by digital inputs DI4...DI6 (see parameter 22.21 Constant speed function). An external speed reference can be given through analog input AI1. The reference is active only when no constant speed is activated (digital inputs DI4...DI6 are all off). Operational commands can also be given from the control panel.

The start/stop commands are given through digital input DI1; running direction is determined by DI2.

Two acceleration/deceleration ramps are selectable through DI3. The acceleration and deceleration times, as well as ramp shapes, are defined by parameters 23.12...23.19.

# Operation diagram

The figure below shows an example of the use of the macro.



### Selection of constant speeds

By default, constant speeds 1...7 are selected using digital inputs DI4...DI6 as follows:

DI4	DI5	DI6	Constant speed active
0	0	0	None (External speed reference used)
1	0	0	Constant speed 1
0	1	0	Constant speed 2
1	1	0	Constant speed 3
0	0	1	Constant speed 4
1	0	1	Constant speed 5
0	1	1	Constant speed 6
1	1	1	Constant speed 7

### Default parameter settings for the Sequential control macro

Below is a listing of default parameter values that differ from those listed for the Factory macro in *Parameter listing* (page 117).

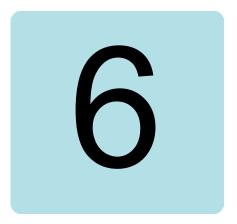
Param	eter	Sequential control macro		
No.	Name	default		
20.12	Run enable 1 source	DIIL		
21.03	Stop mode	Ramp		
22.21	Constant speed function	01b (Bit 0 = Packed)		
22.22	Constant speed sel1	DI4		
22.23	Constant speed sel2	DI5		
22.24	Constant speed sel3	DI6		
22.27	Constant speed 2	600.00 rpm		
22.28	Constant speed 3	900.00 rpm		
22.29	Constant speed 4	1200.00 rpm		
22.30	Constant speed 5	1500.00 rpm		
22.31	Constant speed 6	2400.00 rpm		
22.32	Constant speed 7	3000.00 rpm		
23.11	Ramp set selection	DI3		
25.06	Acc comp derivation time	0.12 s		
31.11	Fault reset selection	Not selected		

## ■ Default control connections for the Sequential control macro

		<b>XPOW</b>	External p	ower input
		1	+24VI	24 V DC, 2 A
		2	GND	24 V DO, 2 A
	<del>=</del>	XAI	Reference	voltage and analog inputs
		1	+VREF	10 V DC, R <sub>L</sub> 110 kohm
$\vdash$	<del>,                                    </del>	2	-VREF	-10 V DC, R <sub>L</sub> 110 kohm
	<b>▲</b>   . <del>        .</del>	3	AGND	Ground
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	4	Al1+	Speed reference
	<del></del>	5	Al1-	0(2)10 V, R <sub>in</sub> > 200 kohm
		6	Al2+	By default, not in use.
		7	Al2-	0(4)20 mA, R <sub>in</sub> = 100 ohm
	· ^ ·	XAO	Analog out	
(		1	AO1	Motor speed rpm
	√	2	AGND	020 mA, R <sub>L</sub> < 500 ohm
(	) / ;;  ;	3	AO2	Motor current
	~ <del>_</del> <del>_</del> <del>_</del> <del>_</del> <del>_</del>	4 VD2D	AGND	020 mA, R <sub>L</sub> < 500 ohm
	- <del>-</del>	XD2D	Drive-to-dr	ive link
		2	B A	Master/follower, drive-to-drive or embedded fieldbus
		3	BGND	interface connection
				I
		1	NC	Ready run
i		2	COM	250 V AC / 30 V DC
		3	NO	230 VAO 7 30 V BO
		1	NC	Running
		2	COM	250 V AC / 30 V DC
		3	NO	2 A
	Fault	1	NC	Fault (-1)
		2	COM	250 V AC / 30 V DC
		3	NO	2 A
		XD24	Digital inte	rlock
	<u>_</u>	1	DIIL	Run enable
		2	+24VD	+24 V DC 200 mA
		3	DICOM	Digital input ground
		4	+24VD	+24 V DC 200 mA
		5	DIOGND	Digital input/output ground
		XDIO	Digital inpu	
		1	DIO1	Output: Ready run
		2	DIO2	Output: Running
		XDI	Digital inpu	
		1	DI1	Stop (0) / Start (1)
		2	DI2	Forward (0) / Reverse (1)
		3	DI3	Acc/Dec time set 1 (0) / set 2 (1)
		5	DI4	Constant speed selection (see page 100)
		6	DI5 DI6	Constant speed selection (see page 109)
				e off circuits must be closed for the drive to start. See
XSTO Sale torque on circuits must be ci				
	X12 Safety options connection			
		X12 X13		nel connection
		X205		nit connection

Fieldbus control macro					
This application macro is not supported by the current firmware version.					





# **Parameters**

## What this chapter contains

The chapter describes the parameters, including actual signals, of the control program.

## Terms and abbreviations

Term	Definition
Actual signal	Type of <i>parameter</i> that is the result of a measurement or calculation by the drive, or contains status information. Most actual signals are read-only, but some (especially counter-type actual signals) can be reset.
Def	(In the following table, shown on the same row as the parameter name)  The default value of a <i>parameter</i> when used in the Factory macro. For information on other macro-specific parameter values, see chapter <i>Application macros</i> (page 97). <b>Note:</b> Certain configurations or optional equipment may require specific default values. These are labelled as follows:  (95.20 bx) = Default changed or write-protected by parameter 95.20, bit x.
FbEq16	(In the following table, shown on the same row as the parameter range, or for each selection)  16-bit fieldbus equivalent: The scaling between the integer used in communication and the value shown on the panel when a 16-bit value is selected for transmission to an external system.  A dash (-) indicates that the parameter is not accessible in 16-bit format.  The corresponding 32-bit scalings are listed in chapter <i>Additional parameter data</i> (page 443).
Other	The value is taken from another parameter. Choosing "Other" displays a parameter list in which the user can specify the source parameter.  Note: The source parameter must be of the <i>real32</i> (32-bit floating point) type. To use a 16-bit integer (for example, received from an external device in data sets) as the source, data storage parameters 47.0147.08 (page 339) can be used. The parameter types are listed in chapter <i>Additional parameter data</i> (page 443).
Other [bit]	The value is taken from a specific bit in another parameter. Choosing "Other" displays a parameter list in which the user can specify the source parameter and bit.
Parameter	Either a user-adjustable operating instruction for the drive, or an actual signal.
p.u.	Per unit

# **Summary of parameter groups**

Group	Contents	Page
01 Actual values	Basic signals for monitoring the drive.	117
03 Input references	Values of references received from various sources.	121
04 Warnings and faults	Information on warnings and faults that occurred last.	123
05 Diagnostics	Various run-time-type counters and measurements related to drive maintenance.	129
06 Control and status words	Drive control and status words.	130
07 System info	Information on drive hardware, firmware and application program.	145
10 Standard DI, RO	Configuration of digital inputs and relay outputs.	148
11 Standard DIO, FI, FO	Configuration of digital input/outputs and frequency inputs/outputs.	154
12 Standard Al	Configuration of standard analog inputs.	159
13 Standard AO	Configuration of standard analog outputs.	163
14 I/O extension module 1	Configuration of I/O extension module 1.	167
15 I/O extension module 2	Configuration of I/O extension module 2.	186
16 I/O extension module 3	Configuration of I/O extension module 3.	190
19 Operation mode	Selection of local and external control location sources and operating modes.	194
20 Start/stop/direction	Start/stop/direction and run/start/jog enable signal source selection; positive/negative reference enable signal source selection.	196
21 Start/stop mode	Start and stop modes; emergency stop mode and signal source selection; DC magnetization settings; autophasing mode selection.	205
22 Speed reference selection	Speed reference selection; motor potentiometer settings.	212
23 Speed reference ramp	Speed reference ramp settings (programming of the acceleration and deceleration rates for the drive).	220
24 Speed reference conditioning	Speed error calculation; speed error window control configuration; speed error step.	226
25 Speed control	Speed controller settings.	231
26 Torque reference chain	Settings for the torque reference chain.	242
28 Frequency reference chain	Settings for the frequency reference chain.	250
29 Voltage reference chain	Settings for the DC voltage reference chain.	258
30 Limits	Drive operation limits.	263
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# **Parameter listing**

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
01 Actual values		Basic signals for monitoring the drive. All parameters in this group are read-only unless otherwise noted.	
01.01	Motor speed used	Measured or estimated motor speed depending on which type of feedback is used (see parameter 90.41 Motor feedback selection). A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.11 Filter time motor speed.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Measured or estimated motor speed.	See par. 46.01
01.02	Motor speed estimated	Estimated motor speed in rpm. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.11 Filter time motor speed.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Estimated motor speed.	See par. 46.01
01.03	Motor speed %	Shows the value of <i>01.01 Motor speed used</i> in percent of the synchronous speed of the motor.	10 = 1%
	-1000.00 1000.00%	Measured or estimated motor speed.	See par. 46.01
01.04	Encoder 1 speed filtered	Speed of encoder 1 in rpm. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.11 Filter time motor speed.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Encoder 1 speed.	See par. 46.01
01.05	Encoder 2 speed filtered	Speed of encoder 2 in rpm. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.11 Filter time motor speed.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Encoder 2 speed.	See par. 46.01
01.06	Output frequency	Estimated drive output frequency in Hz. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.12 Filter time output frequency.	-
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Estimated output frequency.	See par. 46.02
01.07	Motor current	Measured (absolute) motor current in A.	-
	0.00 30000.00 A	Motor current.	See par. 46.05
01.08	Motor current % of motor nom	Motor current (drive output current) in percent of the nominal motor current.	-
	0.0 1000.0%	Motor current.	1 = 1%
01.10	Motor torque	Motor torque in percent of the nominal motor torque. See also parameter <i>01.30 Nominal torque scale</i> .  A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter <i>46.13 Filter time motor torque</i> .	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Motor torque.	See par. 46.03
01.11	DC voltage	Measured DC link voltage.	-
	0.00 2000.00 V	DC link voltage.	10 = 1 V
01.13	Output voltage	Calculated motor voltage in V AC.	-
	02000 V	Motor voltage.	1 = 1 V

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
01.14	Output power	Drive output power. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.14 Filter time power out.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00 kW or hp	Output power.	See par. 46.04
01.15	Output power % of motor nom	Shows the value of <i>01.14 Output power</i> in percent of the nominal power of the motor.	-
	-300.00 300.00%	Output power.	10 = 1%
01.17	Motor shaft power	Estimated mechanical power at motor shaft. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection. A filter time constant for this signal can be defined by parameter 46.14 Filter time power out.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00 kW or hp	Motor shaft power.	1 = 1 unit
01.18	Inverter GWh motoring	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (towards the motor) in full gigawatt-hours. The minimum value is zero.	-
	032767 GWh	Motoring energy in GWh.	1 = 1 GWh
01.19	Inverter MWh motoring	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (towards the motor) in full megawatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.18 Inverter GWh motoring is incremented. The minimum value is zero.	-
	0999 MWh	Motoring energy in MWh.	1 = 1 MWh
01.20	Inverter kWh motoring	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (towards the motor) in full kilowatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.19 Inverter MWh motoring is incremented. The minimum value is zero.	-
	0999 kWh	Motoring energy in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh
01.21	U-phase current	Measured U-phase current.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 A	U-phase current.	See par. 46.05
01.22	V-phase current	Measured V-phase current.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 A	V-phase current.	See par. 46.05
01.23	W-phase current	Measured W-phase current.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 A	W-phase current.	See par. 46.05
01.24	Flux actual %	Used flux reference in percent of nominal flux of motor.	-
	0200%	Flux reference.	1 = 1%
01.25	INU momentary cos ?	Momentary cosphi of the drive.	-
	-1.00 1.00	Cosphi.	100 = 1
01.29	Speed change rate	Rate of actual speed change. Positive values indicate acceleration, negative values indicate deceleration.  See also parameters 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision, 31.33 Emergency ramp supervision delay, 31.37 Ramp stop supervision and 31.38 Ramp stop supervision delay.	-
	-15000 15000 rpm/s	Rate of speed change.	1 = 1 rpm/s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
01.30	Nominal torque scale	Torque that corresponds to 100% of nominal motor torque. The unit is selected by parameter <i>96.16 Unit selection</i> <b>Note:</b> This value is copied from parameter <i>99.12 Motor nominal torque</i> if entered. Otherwise the value is calculated from other motor data.	-
	0.000 N·m or lb·ft	Nominal torque.	1 = 1 unit
01.31	Ambient temperature	Measured temperature of incoming cooling air. The unit is selected by parameter <i>96.16 Unit selection</i> .	-
	-40.0 200.0 °C or °F	Cooling air temperature.	1 = 1°
01.32	Inverter GWh regenerating	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (towards the supply) in full gigawatt-hours. The minimum value is zero.	-
	032767 GWh	Regenerative energy in GWh.	1 = 1 GWh
01.33	Inverter MWh regenerating	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (towards the supply) in full megawatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.32 Inverter GWh regenerating is incremented. The minimum value is zero.	-
	0999 MWh	Regenerative energy in MWh.	1 = 1 MWh
01.34	Inverter kWh regenerating	Amount of energy that has passed through the drive (towards the supply) in full kilowatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.33 Inverter MWh regenerating is incremented. The minimum value is zero.	-
	0999 kWh	Regenerative energy in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh
01.35	Mot - regen energy GWh	Amount of net energy (motoring energy - regenerating energy) that has passed through the drive in full gigawatt-hours.	-
	-3276832767 GWh	Energy balance in GWh.	1 = 1 GWh
01.36	Mot - regen energy MWh	Amount of net energy (motoring energy - regenerating energy) that has passed through the drive in full megawatthours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.35 Mot - regenency GWh is incremented or decremented.	-
	-999999 MWh	Energy balance in MWh.	1 = 1 MWh
01.37	Mot - regen energy kWh	Amount of energy (motoring energy - regenerating energy) that has passed through the drive in full kilowatt-hours. Whenever the counter rolls over, 01.36 Mot - regen energy MWh is incremented or decremented.	-
	-999999 kWh	Energy balance in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh
01.61	Abs motor speed used	Absolute value of 01.01 Motor speed used.	-
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Measured or estimated motor speed.	See par. 46.01
01.62	Abs motor speed %	Absolute value of 01.03 Motor speed %.	-
	0.00 1000.00%	Measured or estimated motor speed.	10 = 1%
01.63	Abs output frequency	Absolute value of 01.06 Output frequency.	-
	0.00 500.00 Hz	Estimated output frequency.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
01.64	Abs motor torque	Absolute value of 01.10 Motor torque.	-
	0.0 1600.0%	Motor torque.	See par. 46.03
01.65	Abs output power	Absolute value of 01.14 Output power.	-
	0.00 32767.00 kW or hp	Output power.	1 = 1 unit
01.66	Abs output power % motor nom	Absolute value of 01.15 Output power % of motor nom.	-
	0.00 300.00%	Output power.	10 = 1%
01.68	Abs motor shaft power	Absolute value of 01.17 Motor shaft power.	-
	0.00 32767.00 kW or hp	Motor shaft power.	1 = 1 unit
01.70	Ambient temperature %	Measured temperature of incoming cooling air. The amplitude range of 0100% corresponds to 060 °C or 32140 °F. See also 01.31 Ambient temperature.	-
	-200.00 200.00%	Cooling air temperature.	1 = 1%
01.71	Step-up motor current	Estimated motor current in A when a step-up transformer is in use. The value is calculated from parameter <i>01.07</i> using the step-up transformer ratio ( <i>95.40</i> ) and sine filter values <i>99.18</i> and <i>99.19</i> .	-
	0.00 30000.00 A	Estimated motor current.	See par. 46.05
01.72	U-phase RMS current	U-phase rms current.	-
	0.00 30000.00 A	U-phase rms current.	See par. 46.05
01.73	V-phase RMS current	V-phase rms current.	-
	0.00 30000.00 A	V-phase rms current.	See par. 46.05
01.74	W-phase RMS current	W-phase rms current.	-
	0.00 30000.00 A	W-phase rms current.	See par. 46.05
01.102	Line current	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Estimated line current flowing through the supply unit.	-
	0.00 30000.00 A	Estimated line current.	See par. 46.05
01.104	Active current	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20)	-
	0.00 30000.00 A	Estimated active current flowing through the supply unit.  Estimated active current.	See par. 46.05

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
01.106	Reactive current	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20)	-
		Estimated reactive current flowing through the supply unit.	
	0.00 30000.00 A	Estimated reactive current.	See par. 46.05
01.108	Grid frequency	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Estimated frequency of the power supply network.	-
	0.00 100.00 Hz	Estimated supply frequency.	See par. 46.02
01.109	Grid voltage	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Estimated voltage of the power supply network.	-
	0.00 2000.00 V	Estimated supply voltage.	10 = 1 V
01.110	Grid apparent power	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Estimated apparent power being transferred through the supply unit.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 kVA	Estimated apparent power.	See par. 46.04
01.112	Grid power	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Estimated power being transferred through the supply unit.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 kW	Estimated supply power.	See par. 46.04
01.114	Grid reactive power	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Estimated reactive power being transferred through the supply unit.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 kvar	Estimated reactive power.	10 = 1 kvar
01.116	LSU cos ?	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Power factor of the supply unit.	-
	-1.00 1.00	Power factor.	100 = 1
01.164	LSU nominal power	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Nominal power of the supply unit.	-
	030000 kW	Nominal power.	1 = 1 kW
03 Inp	ut references	Values of references received from various sources. All parameters in this group are read-only unless otherwise noted.	
03.01	Panel reference	Local reference given from the control panel or PC tool.	-
	-100000.00 100000.00	Local control panel or PC tool reference.	1 = 10
03.02	Panel reference 2	Remote reference given from the control panel or PC tool.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00	Remote control panel or PC tool reference.	1 = 10

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
03.05	FB A reference 1	Reference 1 received through fieldbus adapter A. See also chapter <i>Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter</i> (page 569).	-
	-100000.00 100000.00	Reference 1 from fieldbus adapter A.	1 = 10
03.06	FB A reference 2	Reference 2 received through fieldbus adapter A.	-
	-100000.00 100000.00	Reference 2 from fieldbus adapter A.	1 = 10
03.07	FB B reference 1	Reference 1 received through fieldbus adapter B.	-
	-100000.00 100000.00	Reference 1 from fieldbus adapter B.	1 = 10
03.08	FB B reference 2	Reference 2 received through fieldbus adapter B.	-
	-100000.00 100000.00	Reference 2 from fieldbus adapter B.	1 = 10
03.09	EFB reference 1	Scaled reference 1 received through the embedded fieldbus interface. The scaling is defined by 58.26 EFB ref1 type.	1 = 10
	-30000.00 30000.00	Reference 1 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	1 = 10
03.10	EFB reference 2	Scaled reference 2 received through the embedded fieldbus interface. The scaling is defined by 58.27 EFB ref2 type.	1 = 10
	-30000.00 30000.00	Reference 2 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	1 = 10
03.11	DDCS controller ref 1	Reference 1 received from the external (DDCS) controller. The value has been scaled according to parameter 60.60 DDCS controller ref1 type. See also section External controller interface (page 39).	1 = 10
	-30000.00 30000.00	Scaled reference 1 received from external controller.	1 = 10
03.12	DDCS controller ref 2	Reference 2 received from the external (DDCS) controller. The value has been scaled according to parameter 60.61 DDCS controller ref2 type.	1 = 10
	-30000.00 30000.00	Scaled reference 2 received from external controller.	1 = 10
03.13	M/F or D2D ref1	Master/follower reference 1 received from the master. The value has been scaled according to parameter 60.10 M/F ref1 type.  See also section Master/follower functionality (page 31).	1 = 10
	-30000.00 30000.00	Scaled reference 1 received from master.	1 = 10
03.14	M/F or D2D ref2	Master/follower reference 2 received from the master. The value has been scaled according to parameter 60.11 M/F ref2 type.	1 = 10
	-30000.00 30000.00	Scaled reference 2 received from master.	1 = 10
03.30	FB A reference 1 int32	Reference 1 received through fieldbus adapter A as a 32-bit integer.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Reference 1 from fieldbus adapter A.	-

1 = 1

0000h...FFFFh

4th stored fault.

0000h...FFFFh

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
04.15	5th latest fault	Code of the 5th stored (non-active) fault.	-
	0000hFFFFh	5th stored fault.	1 = 1
04.16	Latest warning	Code of the 1st stored (non-active) warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	1st stored warning.	1 = 1
04.17	2nd latest warning	Code of the 2nd stored (non-active) warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	2nd stored warning.	1 = 1
04.18	3rd latest warning	Code of the 3rd stored (non-active) warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	3rd stored warning.	1 = 1
04.19	4th latest warning	Code of the 4th stored (non-active) warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	4th stored warning.	1 = 1
04.20	5th latest warning	Code of the 5th stored (non-active) warning.	-
	0000hFFFFh	5th stored warning.	1 = 1
04.21	Fault word 1	ACS800-compatible fault word 1. The bit assignments of this word correspond to FAULT WORD 1 in the ACS800. Parameter 04.120 Fault/Warning word compatibility determines whether the bit assignments are according to the ACS800 Standard or ACS800 System control program.  Each bit can indicate several ACS880 events as listed below. This parameter is read-only.	-

	ACS800	fault name	
Bit	(04.120 = ACS800	(04.120 = ACS800	ACS880 events indicated by this bit
<b>D</b> .(	Standard ctrl	System ctrl	(see Fault tracing, page 497)
	program)	program)	
0	SHORT CIRC	SHORT CIRC	2340
1	OVERCURRENT	OVERCURRENT	2310
2	DC OVERVOLT	DC OVERVOLT	3210
3	ACS800 TEMP	ACS800 TEMP	2381, 4210, 4290, 42F1, 4310, 4380
4	EARTH FAULT	EARTH FAULT	2330, 2392, 3181
5	THERMISTOR	MOTOR TEMP M	4981, 4991, 4992, 4993
6	MOTOR TEMP	MOTOR TEMP	4982
7	SYSTEM_FAULT	SYSTEM FAULT	6481, 6487, 64A1, 64A2, 64A3, 64B1, 64E1,
'	OTOTEW_TAGET	OTOTEW_TAGET	6881, 6882, 6883, 6885
8	UNDERLOAD	UNDERLOAD	-
9	OVERFREQ	OVERFREQ	7310
10	Reserved	MPROT SWITCH	9081
11	Reserved	CH2 COMM LOSS	7582
12	Reserved	SC (INU1)	2340 (XXYY YY01)
13	Reserved	SC (INU2)	2340 (XXYY YY02)
14	Reserved	SC (INU3)	2340 (XXYY YY03)
15	Reserved	SC (INU4)	2340 (XXYY YY04)

1 = 1

ACS800-compatible fault word 1.

No.	Name/V	alue	Descri	ption		DeflFbEq16		
04.22	Fault word 2			0-compatible fault wo		-		
				The bit assignments of this word correspond to FAULT WORD				
					04.120 Fault/Warning word			
					ether the bit assignments are andard or ACS800 System control			
			progran		madra of 7 to cook by stern control			
					ACS880 events as listed below.			
			This pa	rameter is read-only.				
			l			I		
			ACS800	fault name				
	Bit	(04.120 = A	CS800	(04.120 = ACS800	ACS880 events indicated by th	is bit		
		Standard ct	trl	System ctrl	(see Fault tracing, page 497)			
		program)		program)				
	0 SUPPLY PI			SUPPLY PHASE	3130			
	1	NO MOT D	ATA	NO MOTOR DATA	-			
	2	DC UNDER	RVOLT	DC UNDERVOLT	3220			
	3	Reserved		CABLE TEMP	4000			
	4	RUN ENAB	BLE	RUN DISABLE	AFEB			
	5	ENCODER ERR		ENCODER ERR	7301, 7380, 7381, 73A0, 73A1			
	6	I/O COMM		IO COMM ERR	7080, 7082			
	7	CTRL B TE	MP	CTRL B TEMP	-			
	8	EXTERNAL FLT		SELECTABLE	9082			
	9	OVER SWE	REQ	OVER SWFREQ	-			
	10	AI < MIN FU		AI <min func<="" td=""><td>80A0</td></min>	80A0			
	11	PPCC LINK		PPCC LINK	5681, 5682, 5690, 5691, 5692, 5693, 5694, 5695			
	12	СОММ МО	DULE	COMM MODULE	6681, 7510, 7520, 7581			
	13	PANEL LOS	SS	PANEL LOSS	7081			
	14	MOTOR ST	TALI	MOTOR STALL	7121			
	15	MOTOR PH		MOTOR PHASE	3381			
	10	INIO TOTAL	17102	INIO TOTAL TIMOL	0001			
	0000h	.FFFFh	ACS80	0-compatible fault wo	rd 2.	1 = 1		
04.25	Faulted	modules	(Only v	(Only visible with a BCU control unit)		-		
			Indicates which parallel-connected modules have faulted.					
				The bits of this word are cleared when all faults have been				
			reset.					
			This pa	rameter is read-only.				
	Bit	Nama		Description				
		Name Module 1		Description 1 = Module 1 faul	tod			
	0							
	1	Module 2		1 = Module 2 faul	lled			
	11	Module 12		1 = Module 12 fa	ulted			
	1215	Reserved						
	00001		Feedle	Language de de de C		4 - 4		
	0000h	.rrrn	raulted	modules indication.		1 = 1		

0000h...FFFFh

<b>)</b> .	Name/	Value Descri	Description		
1.31	The bit WORD word co according program Each m		1 in the ACS800. Pa compatibility determine ng to the ACS800 Sta n.	y (alarm) word 1.  vord correspond to ALARM rameter 04.120 Fault/Warning es whether the assignments are andard or ACS800 System control CS880 warnings as listed below.	-
		ACS800 a	alarm name		
	Bit	(04.120 = ACS800 Standard ctrl program)	(04.120 = ACS800 System ctrl program)	ACS880 events indicated by the (see Fault tracing, page 497)	is bit
	0	START INHIBIT	START INHIBI	A5A0	
	1	Reserved	EM STOP	AFE1, AFE2	
	2	THERMISTOR	MOTOR TEMP M	A491, A497, A498, A499	
	3	MOTOR TEMP	MOTOR TEMP	A492	
	4	ACS800 TEMP	ACS800 TEMP	A2BA, A4A9, A4B0, A4B1, A4F6	
	5	ENCODER ERR	ENCODER ERR	A797, A7B0, A7B1, A7E1	
	6	T MEAS ALM	T MEAS CIRC	A490, A5EA, A782, A8A0	
	7	Reserved	DIGITAL IO	-	
	8	Reserved	ANALOG IO	-	
	9	Reserved	EXT DIGITAL IO	-	
	10	Reserved	EXT ANALOG IO	A6E5, A7AA, A7AB	
	11	Reserved	CH2 COMM LOSS	A7CB, AF80	
	12	COMM MODULE	MPROT SWITCH	A981	
	13	Reserved	EM STOP DEC	-	
	14	EARTH FAULT	EARTH FAULT	A2B3	
	15	Reserved	SAFETY SWITC	A983	

ACS800-compatible warning (alarm) word 1.

1 = 1

No.	Name/	Value	Descrip	otion		DeflFbEq16
04.32	The bit a WORD word control percentage in Each m		2 in the ACS800. Pa ampatibility determine ording to the ACS800 program.	yord correspond to ALARM rameter 04.120 Fault/Warning s whether the bit assignments 0 Standard or ACS800 System CS880 warnings as listed below.	-	
		<u> </u>	C8800 a	larm name		
	Bit	(04.120 = A Standard c		(04.120 = ACS800 System ctrl program)	ACS880 events indicated by the (see Fault tracing, page 497)	nis bit
	0	program) Reserved		MOTOR FAN	A781	
	1	UNDERLO	AD	UNDERLOAD	-	
	2	Reserved		INV OVERLOAD	-	
	3	Reserved		CABLE TEMP	A480	
	4	ENCODER		ENCODER A<>B	-	
	5	Reserved		FAN OVERTEMP	A984	
	6	Reserved		Reserved	-	
	7	POWFAIL I	FILE	POWFAIL FILE	-	
	8	ALM (OS_	17)	POWDOWN FILE	-	
	9	MOTOR S	ΓALL	MOTOR STALL	A780	
	10	AI < MIN F	UNC	AI <min func<="" td=""><td>A8A0</td><td></td></min>	A8A0	
	11	Reserved		COMM MODULE	A6D1, A6D2, A7C1, A7C2, A7C	A, A7CE
	12	Reserved		BATT FAILURE	-	
	13	PANEL LO	SS	PANEL LOSS	A7EE	
	14	Reserved		DC UNDERVOLT	A3A2	
	15	Reserved		RESTARTED	-	
	0000h.	FFFFh	ACS80	O-compatible warning	(alarm) word 2.	1 = 1
04.40	Event word 1  User-cevents param For ea for filte This p		User-de events parame For eac for filter	efined event word. The (warnings, faults or peters 04.4104.72. when the event, an auxiliary	is word collects the status of the ure events) selected by code can optionally be specified	-
			•			· 
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	User bit 0 User bit 1			ed by parameters <i>04.41</i> (and <i>04.4.</i> ed by parameters <i>04.43</i> (and <i>04.4.</i>	,
	-	Oser bit I		i – Event selecte	eu by parameters 04.43 (and 04.44	) is active
	15	Llear bit 15		1 - Event colocte	nd by parameters 04.71 (and 04.7)	2) in active

15	User bit 15	1 = Event selected by parameters 04.71 (and 04.72)	is active
0000h	FFFFh	User-defined event word.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
04.41	Event word 1 bit 0 code	Selects the hexadecimal code of an event (warning, fault or pure event) whose status is shown as bit 0 of 04.40 Event word 1. The event codes are listed in chapter Fault tracing (page 497).	0000h
	0000hFFFFh	Code of event.	1 = 1
04.42	Event word 1 bit 0 aux code	Specifies an auxiliary code for the event selected by the previous parameter. The selected event is indicated by the event word only if its auxiliary code matches the value of this parameter.  With a value of 0000 0000h, the event word will indicate the event regardless of the auxiliary code.	0000 0000h
	0000 0000h FFFF FFFFh	Code of warning, fault or pure event.	1 = 1
04.43	Event word 1 bit 1 code	Selects the hexadecimal code of an event (warning, fault or pure event) whose status is shown as bit 1 of 04.40 Event word 1. The event codes are listed in chapter Fault tracing (page 497).	0000h
	0000hFFFFh	Code of event.	1 = 1
04.44	Event word 1 bit 1 aux code	Specifies an auxiliary code for the event selected by the previous parameter. The selected event is indicated by the event word only if its auxiliary code matches the value of this parameter.  With a value of 0000 0000h, the event word will indicate the event regardless of the auxiliary code.	0000 0000h
	0000 0000h FFFF FFFFh	Code of warning, fault or pure event.	1 = 1
04.71	Event word 1 bit 15 code	Selects the hexadecimal code of an event (warning, fault or pure event) whose status is shown as bit 15 of <i>04.40 Event word 1</i> . The event codes are listed in chapter <i>Fault tracing</i> (page <i>497</i> ).	0000h
	0000hFFFFh	Code of event.	1 = 1
04.72	Event word 1 bit 15 aux code	Specifies an auxiliary code for the event selected by the previous parameter. The selected event is indicated by the event word only if its auxiliary code matches the value of this parameter.  With a value of 0000 0000h, the event word will indicate the event regardless of the auxiliary code.	0000 0000h
	0000 0000h FFFF FFFFh	Code of warning, fault or pure event.	1 = 1
04.120	Fault/Warning word compatibility	Selects whether the bit assignments of parameters 04.2104.32 correspond to the ACS800 Standard control program or the ACS800 System control program.	False
	ACS800 Standard ctrl program	The bit assignments of parameters 04.2104.32 correspond to the ACS800 Standard control program as follows: 04.21 Fault word 1: 03.05 FAULT WORD 1 04.22 Fault word 2: 03.06 FAULT WORD 2 04.31 Warning word 1: 03.08 ALARM WORD 1 04.32 Warning word 2: 03.09 ALARM WORD 2	0

1 = 1%

No.	Name/V	alue	Descri	ption	DeflFbEq16
	ACS800 ctrl prog	•	to the A 04.21 F 04.22 F 04.31 V	assignments of parameters 04.2104.32 correspond ACS800 System control program as follows: Fault word 1: 09.01 FAULT WORD 1 Fault word 2: 09.02 FAULT WORD 2 Warning word 1: 09.04 ALARM WORD 1 Warning word 2: 09.05 ALARM WORD 2	1
05 Dia	agnostics	S	drive m	s run-time-type counters and measurements related to naintenance.  ameters in this group are read-only unless otherwise	
05.01	On-time	counter	On-time	e counter. The counter runs when the drive is powered.	-
	06553	5 d	On-time	e counter.	1 = 1 d
05.02	Run-time	e counter	Motor r modula	run-time counter. The counter runs when the inverter ates.	-
	06553	55 d	Motor r	run-time counter.	1 = 1 d
05.04	Fan on-t	time		g time of the drive cooling fan. Can be reset from the panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.	-
	06553	5 d	Cooling	g fan run-time counter.	1 = 1 d
05.09	Time fro	m power-up	500-mi	crosecond ticks elapsed since the last boot of the unit.	-
	04294	967295	500-mi	crosecond ticks since last boot.	1 = 1
05.11	05.11 Inverter temperature		actual t drive. 0.0% = 94% ap	ted drive temperature in percent of fault limit. The trip temperature varies according to the type of the 0 °C (32 °F) perox. = Warning limit 6 = Fault limit	-
	-40.0	160.0%	Drive to	emperature in percent.	1 = 1%
05.22	Diagnos	tic word 3	Diagno	stic word 3.	-
	Bit	Name		Value	
	010	Reserved			
	11	Fan comma	and	1 = Drive fan is rotating above idle speed	
	12	Fan service counter	)	1 = Drive fan service counter has reached its limit	
	1315	Reserved			
0000hF		FFFFh	Diagno	stic word 3.	1 = 1
05.41	Main far counter	n service	estimat operati fan. Wh service Can be	vs the age of the main cooling fan as a percentage of its ted lifetime. The estimate is based on the duty, and conditions and other operating parameters of the men the counter reaches 100%, a warning (A8C0 Fan counter) is generated.  The reset from the control panel by keeping Reset sed for over 3 seconds.	-

Main cooling fan age.

0...150%

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
05.42	Aux. fan service counter	Displays the age of the auxiliary cooling fan as a percentage of its estimated lifetime. The estimate is based on the duty, operating conditions and other operating parameters of the fan. When the counter reaches 100%, a warning (A8C0 Fan service counter) is generated.  Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.	-
	0150%	Auxiliary cooling fan age.	1 = 1%
05.111	Line converter temperature	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Estimated supply unit temperature in percent of fault limit. 0.0% = 0 °C (32 °F) 94% approx. = Warning limit 100.0% = Fault limit	-
	-40.0 160.0%	Supply unit temperature in percent.	1 = 1%
05.121	MCB closing counter	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Counts the closures of the main circuit breaker of the supply unit.	-
	04294967295	Count of closures of main circuit breaker.	1 = 1

L		,	
06 Col words	ntrol and status	Drive control and status words.	
06.01	Main control word	The main control word of the drive. This parameter shows the control signals as received from the selected sources (such as digital inputs, the fieldbus interfaces and the application program).  The bit assignments of the word are as described on page 575. The related status word and state diagram are presented on pages 576 and 577 respectively.  Notes:  Bits 1215 can be used to carry additional control data, and used as a signal source by any binary-source selector parameter. Bit 10 must be active for bits 1215 to update.  In fieldbus control, this parameter value is not exactly the same as the control word that the drive receives from the PLC. See parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000hFFFFh	Main control word.	1 = 1
06.02	Application control word	The drive control word received from the application program (if any). The bit assignments are described on page 575. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000hFFFFh	Application program control word.	1 = 1
06.03	FBA A transparent control word	Displays the unaltered control word received from the PLC through fieldbus adapter A when a transparent communication profile is selected eg. by parameter group 51 FBA A settings. See section Control word and Status word (page 572).  This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Control word received through fieldbus adapter A.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
06.04	FBA B transparent control word	Displays the unaltered control word received from the PLC through fieldbus adapter B when a transparent communication profile is selected eg. by parameter group 54 FBA B settings. See section Control word and Status word (page 572).  This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Control word received through fieldbus adapter B.	1 = 1
06.05	EFB transparent control word	Displays the unaltered control word received from the PLC through the embedded fieldbus interface when a transparent communication profile is selected in parameter 58.25 Control profile. See section <i>The Transparent profile</i> (page 562). This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Control word received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	1 = 1
06.11	Main status word	Main status word of the drive. The bit assignments are described on page 576. The related control word and state diagram are presented on pages 575 and 577 respectively.  Note: In fieldbus control, this parameter value is not exactly the same as the status word that the drive sends to the PLC. See parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000hFFFFh	Main status word.	1 = 1

0000h...FFFFh

Drive status word 1.

	Name/Va	alue	Description	DeflFbEq1
6	Drive sta		Drive status word 1. This parameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	Enabled	<ul> <li>1 = Both run enable (see par. 20.12) and start enable (20.19) present, and Safe torque off has not been activated.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>In I/O or local control, clearing this bit makes the drive ento SWITCH-ON INHIBITED state (see page 576).</li> <li>This bit is not affected by the presence of a fault.</li> </ul>	· ·
	1	Inhibited	1 = Start inhibited. See parameters <i>06.18</i> and <i>06.25</i> for the sinhibiting signal.	ource of the
	2	1 = DC circuit has been charged. If present, the DC switch is charging switch is open. 0 = Charging not complete. If the inverter unit is not equipped switch (option +F286), check setting of 95.09.		
	3	Ready to start	1 = Drive is ready to receive a start command	
	4	Following reference	1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference	
	5	Started	1 = Drive has been started	
	6	Modulating	1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled)	
	7	Limiting	1 = Any operating limit (speed, torque, etc.) is active	
	8	Local control	1 = Drive is in local control	
	9	Network ctrl	1 = Drive is in <i>network control</i> (see page 15)	
	10	Ext1 active	1 = Control location EXT1 active	
	11	Ext2 active	1 = Control location EXT2 active	
	12	Reserved		
	13	Start request	1 = Start requested  Note: At the time of publishing, a start request from the contractivate this bit if any start-inhibiting condition (see bit 1)	
	1415	Reserved	, , ,	

1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
06.17	Drive status word 2	Drive status word 2.	-
		This parameter is read-only.	

Bit	Name	Description	
0	Identification run done	1 = Motor identification (ID) run has been performed	t
1	Magnetized	1 = The motor has been magnetized	
2	Torque control	1 = Torque control mode active	
3	Speed control	1 = Speed control mode active	
4	Power control	Reserved.	
5	Safe reference active	1 = A "safe" reference is being applied by functions parameters 49.05 and 50.02	such as
6	Last speed active	1 = A "last speed" reference is being applied by functions such as parameters 49.05 and 50.02	
7	Loss of reference	1 = Reference signal lost	
8	Emergency stop failed	1 = Emergency stop failed (see parameters 31.32 and 31.33)	
9	Jogging active	1 = Jogging enable signal is on	
10	Above limit	1 = Actual speed, frequency or torque equals or exc (defined by parameters 46.3146.33). Valid in both rotation.	
11	Emergency stop active	1 = An emergency stop command signal is active, o stopping after receiving an emergency stop comma	
12	Reduced run	1 = Reduced run active (see section <i>Reduced run fi</i> page <i>93</i> )	<i>unction</i> on
13	Reserved		
14	Stop failed	1 = Stopping failed (see parameters 31.37 and 31.3	88)
15	Reserved		

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
06.18	Start inhibit status word	Start inhibit status word. This word specifies the source of the inhibiting condition that is preventing the drive from starting. After the condition is removed, the start command must be cycled. See bit-specific notes.  See also parameter 06.25 Drive inhibit status word 2, and 06.16 Drive status word 1, bit 1.  This parameter is read-only.	-

Bit	Name	Description	Note
0	Not ready run	1 = DC voltage is missing or drive has not been parametrized correctly. Check the parameters in groups 95 and 99.	а
1	Ctrl location changed	1 = Control location has changed	a,c
2	SSW inhibit	1 = Control program is keeping itself in inhibited state	а
3	Fault	1 = A fault is active	a,c
4	Lost start enable	1 = Start enable signal missing	а
5	Lost run enable	1 = Run enable signal missing	а
6	FSO inhibit	1 = Operation prevented by FSO-xx safety functions module	b
7	STO	1 = Safe torque off active	b
8	Current calibration ended	1 = Current calibration routine has finished	b,c
9	ID run ended	1 = Motor identification run has finished	b,c
10	Auto phase ended	1 = Autophasing routine has finished	b,c
11	Em Off1	1 = Emergency stop signal (mode Off1)	b
12	Em Off2	1 = Emergency stop signal (mode Off2)	b
13	Em Off3	1 = Emergency stop signal (mode Off3)	b
14	Auto reset inhibit	1 = The autoreset function is inhibiting operation	
15	Jogging active	1 = The jogging enable signal is inhibiting operation	b

#### Notes:

- a If bit 1 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 is still set after the removal of the inhibiting condition, and edge triggering is selected for the active external control location, a fresh rising-edge start signal is required. See parameters 20.02, 20.07 and 20.19.
- b If bit 1 of *06.16 Drive status word 1* is still set after the removal of the inhibiting condition, a fresh rising-edge start signal is required.
- c Informative bit. The inhibiting condition need not be removed by the user.

0000hFFFFh	Start inhibit status word.	1 = 1

1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
06.19	Speed control status word	Speed control status word. This parameter is read-only.	-

Bit	Name	Description
0	Zero speed	1 = Drive is running at zero speed, ie. the absolute value of par. 90.01 Motor speed for control has remained below 21.06 Zero speed limit for longer than 21.07 Zero speed delay.
		Notes:
		<ul> <li>This bit is not updated when mechanical brake control is enabled by par. 44.06 and the drive is modulating.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>During a ramp stop when the drive is running forward, the delay count runs whenever [90.01] &lt; [21.06]. From the reverse direction, the delay count runs whenever 90.01 &gt; -[21.06].</li> </ul>
1	Forward	1 = Drive is running in forward direction above zero speed limit, ie. [90.01] > +[21.06].
2	Reverse	1 = Drive is running in reverse direction above zero speed limit, ie. [90.01] < -[21.06].
3	Out of window	1 = Speed error window control active (see par. 24.41)
4	Internal speed feedback	1 = Estimated speed feedback used in motor control, ie. estimated speed is selected by par. 90.41 or 90.46, or selected encoder has faulted (par. 90.45)
		0 = Encoder 1 or 2 used for speed feedback
5	Encoder 1	1 = Encoder 1 used for speed feedback in motor control
	feedback	0 = Encoder 1 faulted or not selected as source of speed feedback (see par. 90.41 and 90.46)
6	Encoder 2	1 = Encoder 2 used for speed feedback in motor control
	feedback	0 = Encoder 2 faulted or not selected as source of speed feedback (see par. 90.41 and 90.46)
7	Any constant speed request	1 = A constant speed or frequency has been selected; see par. 06.20.
8	Follower speed corr min lim	1 = Minimum limit of speed correction (in a speed-controlled follower) has been reached (see par. 23.3923.41).
9	Follower speed corr max lim	1 = Maximum limit of speed correction (in a speed-controlled follower) has been reached (see par. 23.3923.41).
101	5 Reserved	
101	b Reserved	

Speed control status word.

0000h...FFFFh

э.	Name/	Value	Descripti	on	DeflFbEq16	
5.20	Consta status	ant speed word	constant s parameter Constant	speed/frequency status word. Indicates which speed or frequency is active (if any). See also r 06.19 Speed control status word, bit 7, and section speeds/frequencies (page 43). meter is read-only.	-	
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	Constant s	peed 1	1 = Constant speed or frequency 1 selected		
	1	Constant s	peed 2	1 = Constant speed or frequency 2 selected		
	2	Constant s	peed 3	1 = Constant speed or frequency 3 selected		
	3	Constant s	peed 4	1 = Constant speed or frequency 4 selected		
	4	Constant s	peed 5	1 = Constant speed or frequency 5 selected		
	5	Constant s	peed 6	1 = Constant speed or frequency 6 selected		
	6	Constant s	peed 7	1 = Constant speed or frequency 7 selected		
	715 Reserved					
	0000h	FFFFh	Constant	speed/frequency status word.	1 = 1	
5.21	Drive s	status word 3		us word 3. meter is read-only.	-	
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	DC hold ac	tive	1 = DC hold is active (see par. 21.08)		
	1	Post-magnactive	etizing	1 = Post-magnetizing is active (see par. 21.08)		
	2	Motor pre-h active	neating	1 = Motor pre-heating is active (see par. 21.14)		
	3	Smooth sta	ırt active	Reserved.		
	4	Rotor posit	ion known	1 = Rotor position has been determined (autophasi needed). See section <i>Autophasing</i> (page <i>59</i> ).	ng not	
	5	Brake chop	per active	1 = Brake chopper is active.		
	615	Reserved				
	0000h	FFFFh	Drive stat	us word 3.	1 = 1	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
06.25	Drive inhibit status word 2	Drive inhibit status word 2. This word specifies the source of the inhibiting condition that is preventing the drive from starting. After the condition is removed, the start command must be cycled. See bit-specific notes.  See also parameter 06.18 Start inhibit status word, and 06.16 Drive status word 1, bit 1.  This parameter is read-only.	-

Bit	Name	Description	Note
0	Follower drive	1 = A follower is preventing the master from starting.	а
1	Application	1 = The application program is preventing the drive from starting.	b
2	Reserved		
3	Encoder feedback	1 = The encoder feedback configuration is preventing the drive from starting.	а
4	Ref source parametrization	1 = A reference source parametrization conflict is preventing the drive from starting. See warning <i>A6DA Reference source</i> parametrization (page 507).	b
515	Reserved		

#### Notes: а If bit 1 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 is still set after the removal of the inhibiting condition, and edge triggering is selected for the active external control location, a fresh rising-edge start signal is required. See parameters 20.02, 20.07 and 20.19. If bit 1 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 is still set after the removal of the inhibiting condition, a fresh rising-edge start signal is required.

			i
	0000hFFFFh	Start inhibit status word 2.	1 = 1
06.29	MSW bit 10 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 10 of 06.11 Main status word.	Above limit
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Above limit	Bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
06.30	MSW bit 11 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 11 of 06.11 Main status word.	Ext ctrl loc
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Ext ctrl loc	Bit 11 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
06.31	MSW bit 12 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 12 of 06.11 Main status word.	Ext run enable
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Ext run enable	Inverted bit 5 of 06.18 Start inhibit status word (see page 134).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-

No.	Name/	<b>Value</b>	Description	DeflFbEq16		
06.32			Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 13 of 06.11 Main status word.	False		
	False		0.	0		
			1.	1		
			Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-		
06.33			Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 14 of 06.11 Main status word.	False		
	False 0		0.	0		
	True		1.	1		
	Other [bit]		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-		
06.36	St Se pa		(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Shows the status of the supply unit. See also section Control of a supply unit (LSU) (page 41), and parameter group 60 DDCS communication. This parameter is read-only.	-		
	Bit	Name	Description			
	0	Ready on	1 = Ready to switch on			
	1 Ready run		1 = Ready to operate, DC link charged	1 = Ready to operate, DC link charged		
	2 Ready ref		1 = Operation enabled			

Bit	Name	Description
0	Ready on	1 = Ready to switch on
1	Ready run	1 = Ready to operate, DC link charged
2	Ready ref	1 = Operation enabled
3	Tripped	1 = A fault is active
46	Reserved	
7	Warning	1 = A warning is active
8	Modulating	1 = The supply unit is modulating
9	Remote	1 = Remote control (EXT1 or EXT2) 0 = Local control
10	Net ok	1 = Supply network voltage OK
11	User bit 0	Selectable in supply control program
12	User bit 1	Selectable in supply control program
13	User bit 2	Selectable in supply control program
14	Charging	1 = Charging circuit active 0 = Charging circuit inactive
15	User bit 3	Selectable in supply control program

0000hFFFFh	Supply unit status word.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16
06.39	Interna machin	l state e LSU CW	(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Shows the control word sent to the supply unit from the INU-LSU (inverter unit/supply unit) state machine. This parameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	ON/OFF	1 = Start charging 0 = Open main contactor (switch power off)	
	1	OFF 2	0 = Emergency stop (Off2)	
	2	OFF 3	0 = Emergency stop (Off3)	
	3 START		1 = Start modulating 0 = Stop modulating	
	46	Reserved		
	7	RESET	0->1 = Reset an active fault. A fresh start command is require	ed after reset.
	811	Reserved		
	12	USER BIT	See parameter 06.40 LSU CW user bit 0 selection.	
	13	USER BIT	1 See parameter 06.41 LSU CW user bit 1 selection.	
	14	USER BIT :	See parameter 06.42 LSU CW user bit 2 selection.	
	15	USER BIT	See parameter 06.43 LSU CW user bit 3 selection.	
	0000hFFFFh		Supply unit control word.	1 = 1
06.40	LSU CW user bit 0 selection		(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 12 of 06.39 Internal state machine LSU CW to the supply unit.	MCW user b
	False		0.	0
	True		1.	1
	MCW user bit 0		Bit 12 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	2
	MCW user bit 1		Bit 13 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	3
	MCW user bit 2		Bit 14 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	4
	MCW user bit 3		Bit 15 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	5
	Other [		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
06.41	LSU CW user bit 1 selection		(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 13 of 06.39 Internal state machine LSU CW to the supply unit.	MCW user b
	False		0.	0
	True		1.	1
		ser bit 0	Bit 12 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	2
		ser bit 1	Bit 13 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	3
	MCW user bit 2		Bit 14 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	4
	MCW user bit 3		Bit 15 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	5
	Other [		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
06.42	LSU CI selection	N user bit 2 on	(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 14 of 06.39 Internal state machine LSU CW to the supply unit.	MCW user k
	False		0.	0
	True		1.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16		
	MCW user bit 0	Bit 12 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).			
	MCW user bit 1	Bit 13 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	3		
	MCW user bit 2	Bit 14 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	4		
	MCW user bit 3	Bit 15 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	5		
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-		
06.43	LSU CW user bit 3 selection	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 15 of 06.39 Internal state machine LSU CW to the supply unit.			
	False	0.	0		
	True	1.	1		
	MCW user bit 0	Bit 12 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	2		
	MCW user bit 1	Bit 13 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	3		
	MCW user bit 2	Bit 14 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	4		
	MCW user bit 3	Bit 15 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	5		
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-		
06.45	Follower CW user bit 0 selection  Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 12 of the Follower control word to follower drives. (Bits 011 of the Follower control word are taken from 06.01 Main control word.)  See also section Master/follower functionality (page 31).		MCW user bit		
	False	0.	0		
	True	1.	1		
	MCW user bit 0	Bit 12 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	2		
	MCW user bit 1	Bit 13 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	3		
	MCW user bit 2	Bit 14 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	4		
	MCW user bit 3	Bit 15 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	5		
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-		
06.46	Follower CW user bit 1 selection	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 13 of the Follower control word to follower drives. (Bits 011 of the Follower control word are taken from 06.01 Main control word.)	MCW user bit		
	False	0.	0		
	True	1.	1		
	MCW user bit 0	Bit 12 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	2		
	MCW user bit 1	Bit 13 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	3		
	MCW user bit 2	Bit 14 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	4		
	MCW user bit 3	Bit 15 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	5		
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-		
06.47	Follower CW user bit 2 selection	Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 14 of the Follower control word to follower drives. (Bits 011 of the Follower control word are taken from 06.01 Main control word.)	MCW user bit 2		
	False	0.	0		
	True	1.	1		
	MCW user bit 0	Bit 12 of 06.01 Main control word (see page 130).	2		

No.	Name/Value		Description		DeflFbEq16
	MCW user bit 1		Bit 13 of 00	6.01 Main control word (see page 130).	3
	MCW us	ser bit 2	Bit 14 of 00	6.01 Main control word (see page 130).	4
	MCW user bit 3		Bit 15 of 00	6.01 Main control word (see page 130).	5
	Other [b	oit]	Source sel	ection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).	-
06.48	Follower CW user bit 3 selection		Selects a binary source whose status is transmitted as bit 15 of the Follower control word to follower drives. (Bits 011 of the Follower control word are taken from 06.01 Main control word.)		MCW user bit 3
	False		0.		0
	True		1.		1
	MCW us	ser bit 0	Bit 12 of 00	6.01 Main control word (see page 130).	2
	MCW us	ser bit 1	Bit 13 of 00	6.01 Main control word (see page 130).	3
	MCW us	ser bit 2	Bit 14 of 00	6.01 Main control word (see page 130).	4
	MCW us	ser bit 3	Bit 15 of 00	6.01 Main control word (see page 130).	5
	Other [b	oit]	Source sel	ection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).	-
06.50	User status word 1		User-defined status word. This word shows the status of the binary sources selected by parameters 06.6006.75. This parameter is read-only.		-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	User status	bit 0 Status of source selected by parameter 06.60		
	1 User status		bit 1	Status of source selected by parameter 06.61	
			hit 15	Status of source selected by parameter <i>06.75</i>	
	15 User status		. DIL 13	Status of source selected by parameter 00.73	
	0000hFFFFh		User-defined status word.		1 = 1
06.60	User status word 1 bit 0 sel		Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 0 of 06.50 User status word 1.		False
	False		0.		0
	True		1.		1
	Other [b	oit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).		-
06.61	User sta bit 1 sel	atus word 1	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 1 of 06.50 User status word 1.		Out of window
	False		0.		
	False		0.		0
	False True		1.		1
		vindow	1.	19 Speed control status word (see page 135).	
	True		1. Bit 3 of <i>06</i> .	19 Speed control status word (see page 135). ection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).	1
06.62	True Out of w	oit] atus word 1	1. Bit 3 of 06. Source sel	,	1 2
06.62	True Out of w Other [b	oit] atus word 1	1. Bit 3 of 06. Source sel	ection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).  binary source whose status is shown as bit 2 of	1 2 - Emergency
06.62	True Out of w Other [b User sta bit 2 sel	oit] atus word 1	1. Bit 3 of 06. Source sel Selects a b 06.50 User	ection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).  binary source whose status is shown as bit 2 of	1 2 - Emergency stop failed

Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).

Other [bit]

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
06.63	User status word 1 bit 3 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 3 of 06.50 User status word 1.	Magnetized
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Magnetized	Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
06.64	User status word 1 bit 4 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 4 of 06.50 User status word 1.	Run disable
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Run disable	Bit 5 of 06.18 Start inhibit status word (see page 134).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
06.65	User status word 1 bit 5 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 5 of 06.50 User status word 1.	False
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
06.66	User status word 1 bit 6 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 6 of 06.50 User status word 1.	False
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
06.67	User status word 1 bit 7 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 7 of 06.50 User status word 1.	Identification run done
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Identification run done	Bit 0 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
06.68	User status word 1 bit 8 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 8 of 06.50 User status word 1.	Start inhibition
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Start inhibition	Bit 7 of 06.18 Start inhibit status word (see page 134).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
06.69	User status word 1 bit 9 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 9 of 06.50 User status word 1.	Limiting
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Limiting	Bit 7 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
06.70	User status word 1 bit 10 sel	Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 10 of 06.50 User status word 1.	Torque control
	False	0.	0

No.	Name/Value		Description		DeflFbEq16
	True		1.		1
	Torque	control	Bit 2 of 06.17	Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	2
	Other [k	oit]	Source select	ion (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).	-
06.71	User status word 1 bit 11 sel		Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 11 of 06.50 User status word 1.		Zero speed
	False		0.		0
	True		1.		1
	Zero speed		Bit 0 of 06.19	Speed control status word (see page 135).	2
	Other [b	oit]	Source select	ion (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
06.72	User sta	atus word 1 el	Selects a bina 06.50 User sta	ry source whose status is shown as bit 12 of atus word 1.	Internal speed feedback
	False		0.		0
	True		1.		1
	Internal feedbac	•	Bit 4 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 135).		2
	Other [k	oit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).		-
06.73	User status word 1 bit 13 sel		Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 13 of 06.50 User status word 1.		False
	False		0.		0
	True		1.		1
	Other [bit]		Source select	ion (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
06.74	User status word 1 bit 14 sel		Selects a binary source whose status is shown as bit 14 of 06.50 User status word 1.		False
	False		0.		0
	True		1.		1
	Other [bit]		Source select	ion (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
06.75	User status word 1 bit 15 sel		Selects a bina	ry source whose status is shown as bit 15 of atus word 1.	False
	False		0.		0
	True		1.		1
	Other [bit]		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).		-
06.100	User control word 1		User-defined control word 1.		-
	Bit	Name		Description	
			ol word 1 bit 0 User-defined bit.		
			ol word 1 bit 1 User-defined bit.		
	15 User contro		ol word 1 bit 15 User-defined bit.		
	0000h	.FFFFh	User-defined control word 1.		1 = 1

Conference   Con	No.	Name/Value Description				DeflFbEq16		
0 User control word 2 bit 0 User-defined bit. 1 User control word 2 bit 1 User-defined bit	06.101	.101 User control word 2		User-defined control word 2.		-		
0 User control word 2 bit 0 1 User control word 2 bit 1 1 User-defined bit.  1 User control word 2 bit 15 1 User-defined bit.  1 User-defined bit.  1 = 1 106.116 1 LSU drive status (Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) 1 Drive status word 1 received from the supply unit. 1 See also section Control of a supply unit (LSU) (page 41), and parameter group 60 DDCS communication. 1 Inhibited 1 = Start inhibited 2 Operation allowed 3 Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to operate allowed 3 Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference 5 Started 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference 5 Started 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled) 7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active 8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network 1 = Drive is in local control 1 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved		Dit Name			Description			
1 User control word 2 bit 1 User-defined bit				word 2 hit 0				
15		-	Oser control word 2 bit 1		Oser-defined bit.			
0000hFFFFh User-defined control word 2.			l leer control	word 2 hit 15	User-defined hit			
Conly visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20		10	Oser control word 2 bit 15		Oser-defined bit.			
Dive status word 1 received from the supply unit. See also section Control of a supply unit (LSU) (page 41), and parameter group 60 DDCS communication.  This parameter is read-only.    Description		0000h	FFFFh	User-defined o	control word 2.	1 = 1		
See also section Control of a supply unit (LSU) (page 41), and parameter group 60 DDCS communication.  This parameter is read-only.  Bit Name Description  0 Enabled 1 = Run enable and start enable signals are present  1 Inhibited 1 = Start inhibited  2 Operation allowed  3 Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to operate  3 Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference  5 Started 1 = Drive has been started  6 Modulating 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled)  7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active  8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control  9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control  control  10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active  11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active  12 Charging relay 1 = MCB relay is closed  13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed	6.116				vhen IGBT supply unit control activated by	-		
Parameter group 60 DDCS communication. This parameter is read-only.				Drive status w	ord 1 received from the supply unit.			
Bit Name Description  O Enabled 1 = Run enable and start enable signals are present  1 Inhibited 1 = Start inhibited  2 Operation allowed  3 Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to operate  4 Running 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference  5 Started 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled)  7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active  8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control  9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control  10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active  11 Ext2 active 1 = Charging relay is closed  13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed  1415 Reserved								
BitNameDescription0Enabled1 = Run enable and start enable signals are present1Inhibited1 = Start inhibited2Operation allowed1 = Drive is ready to operate3Ready to start1 = Drive is ready to receive a start command4Running1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference5Started1 = Drive has been started6Modulating1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled)7Limiting1 = Any operating limit is active8Local control1 = Drive is in local control9Network control1 = Drive is in network control10Ext1 active1 = Control location Ext1 active11Ext2 active1 = Control location Ext2 active12Charging relay1 = Charging relay is closed13MCB relay1 = MCB relay is closed1415Reserved			'		·			
1				This paramete	er is read-only.			
0 Enabled 1 = Run enable and start enable signals are present 1 Inhibited 1 = Start inhibited 2 Operation allowed 3 Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to receive a start command 4 Running 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference 5 Started 1 = Drive has been started 6 Modulating 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled) 7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active 8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control 10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved								
1		Bit	Name	Descriptio	n			
1 Inhibited 1 = Start inhibited 2 Operation allowed 1 = Drive is ready to operate 3 Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to receive a start command 4 Running 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference 5 Started 1 = Drive has been started 6 Modulating 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled) 7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active 8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control 10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved				-				
2 Operation allowed 3 Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to receive a start command 4 Running 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference 5 Started 1 = Drive has been started 6 Modulating 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled) 7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active 8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control control 10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved					·			
Ready to start 1 = Drive is ready to receive a start command  Running 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference  Started 1 = Drive has been started  Modulating 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled)  Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active  Local control 1 = Drive is in local control  Network 1 = Drive is in network control  Rext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active  Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active  Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed  MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed			Operation		1 = Drive is ready to operate			
4 Running 1 = Drive is ready to follow given reference 5 Started 1 = Drive has been started 6 Modulating 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled) 7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active 8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control 10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved		3		rt 1 = Drive is	1 = Drive is ready to receive a start command			
5 Started 1 = Drive has been started 6 Modulating 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled) 7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active 8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control 10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved			·		•			
6 Modulating 1 = Drive is modulating (output stage is being controlled) 7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active 8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control 10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved			, ,					
7 Limiting 1 = Any operating limit is active 8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network 1 = Drive is in network control 10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved								
8 Local control 1 = Drive is in local control 9 Network		7	Ū					
9 Network control 10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved		8			, , ,			
10 Ext1 active 1 = Control location Ext1 active 11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved		9	Network					
11 Ext2 active 1 = Control location Ext2 active 12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved		10		1 = Control	1 = Control location Ext1 active			
12 Charging relay 1 = Charging relay is closed 13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved		11						
13 MCB relay 1 = MCB relay is closed 1415 Reserved		12		ay 1 = Chargir				
1415 Reserved				•				
0000hFFFFh		7	1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2					
0000hFFFFh Drive status word 1. 1 = 1								
		0000h	FFFFh	Drive status w	ord 1.	1 = 1		

No.	Name/Value	Descrip	tion	DeflFbEq16
06.118	LSU start inhibit status word	95.20) This wor is prever See also paramet	rd specifies the source of the inhibiting condition that inting the supply unit from starting.  It is section Control of a supply unit (LSU) (page 41), and er group 60 DDCS communication.  It is supply unit (LSU) (page 41), and er group 60 DDCS communication.	-
		Bit	Name	
		0	Not ready run	
		1	Ctrl location changed	
		2	SSW inhibit	
		3	Fault reset	
		4	Lost start enable	
		5	Lost run enable	
		68	Reserved	
		9	Charging overload	
		1011	Reserved	
		12	Em Off2	
		13	Em Off3	
		14	Auto reset inhibit	
		15	Reserved	
	0000hFFFFh	Start inh	ibit status word of supply unit.	1 = 1

07 Sys	stem info	Information on drive hardware, firmware and application program.  All parameters in this group are read-only.	
07.03	Drive rating id	Type of the drive/inverter unit.	-
07.04	Firmware name	Firmware identification. The format is AINFX, where X denotes the control unit type (2 or B = BCU-x2, 6 or C = ZCU-12/14).	-
07.05	Firmware version	Version number of the firmware.  The format is A.BB.C.D, where A = major version, B = minor version, C = patch (ie. firmware variant code), D = 0.	-
07.06	Loading package name	Name of the firmware loading package. The format is AINLX, where X denotes the control unit type (2 or B = BCU-x2, 6 or C = ZCU-12/14).	-
07.07	Loading package version	Version number of the firmware loading package. See parameter 07.05.	-
07.08	Bootloader version	Version number of the firmware bootloader.	-
07.11	Cpu usage	Microprocessor load in percent.	-
	0100%	Microprocessor load.	1 = 1%
07.13	PU logic version number	Version number of the power unit logic. The value of FFFF indicates that the version numbers of parallel-connected power units are different. See the drive information on the control panel.	-
07.15	FPGA logic version number	Version number of the FPGA logic of the control unit.	-

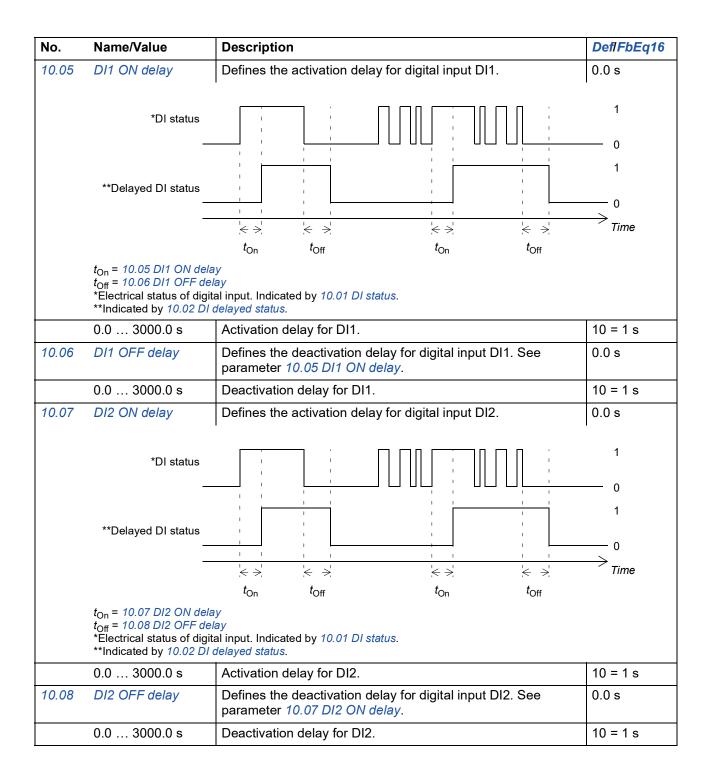
No.	Name/\	/alue	Description	on	DeflFbEq16
07.21	Applica environ 1	tion ment status	programma Shows whi See the Dr	le with option +N8010 [application ability]) ich tasks of the application program are running. rive (IEC 61131-3) application programming manual 0127808 [English]).	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Pre task		1 = Pre-task running.	
	1	Appl task1		1 = Task 1 running.	
	2	Appl task2		1 = Task 2 running.	
	3	Appl task3		1 = Task 3 running.	
	414	Reserved		,	
	15	Task monito	oring	1 = Task monitoring enabled.	
	0000h	FFFFh	Application	n program task status.	1 = 1
07.22	Applica		(Only visib programm Shows the See the Dr	le with option +N8010 [application	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Opening1		Status of opening 1 in the application program.	
	1	Opening2		Status of opening 2 in the application program.	
	15	Opening16		Status of opening 16 in the application program.	
	0000h	FFFFh	Application	n program opening status.	1 = 1
07.23	Applica	tion name	programma First five A program in	SCII letters of the name given to the application the programming tool. The full name is visible tem info on the control panel or the Drive composer	-
07.24	Applica	tion version	programma Application program in	le with option +N8010 [application ability])  n program version number given to the application the programming tool. Also visible under System control panel or the Drive composer PC tool.	-
07.25	Custom package		package.	SCII letters of the name given to the customization The full name is visible under System info on the nel or the Drive composer PC tool. one.	-
07.26	Custom package	nization e version		tion package version number. Also visible under on the control panel or the Drive composer PC	-

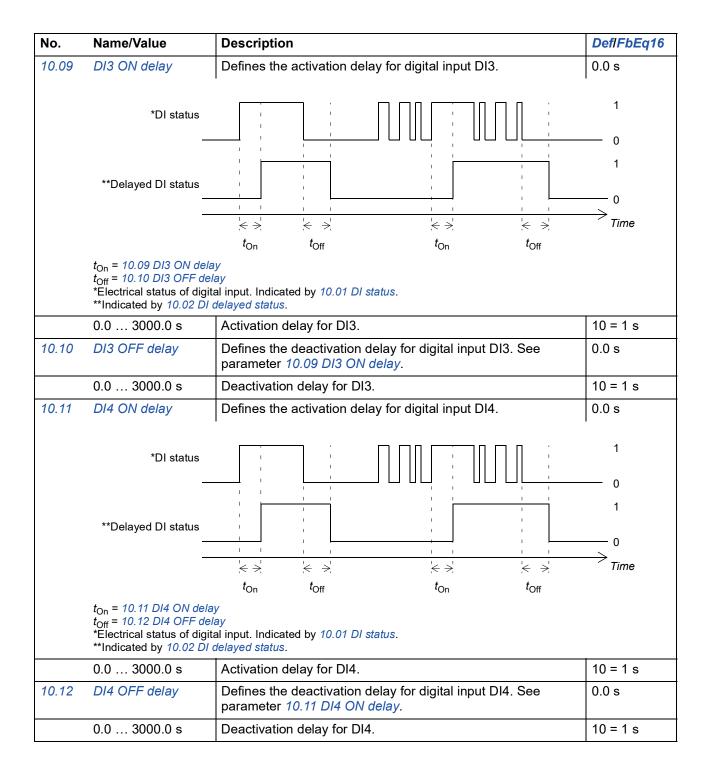
0000h...FFFFh

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16	
07.107	LSU loading package version	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20)	-	
	, ,	Version number of the loading package of the supply unit firmware.		
40.04-	and and DL DO	Confirmation of divital investors and release states.		
	ndard DI, RO	Configuration of digital inputs and relay outputs.		
10.01	DI status	Displays the electrical status of digital inputs DIIL and DI6DI1. The activation/deactivation delays of the inputs (if any are specified) are ignored. A filtering time can be defined by parameter 10.51 DI filter time.  Bits 05 reflect the status of DI1DI6; bit 15 reflects the status of the DIIL input. <b>Example:</b> 100000000010011b = DIIL, DI5, DI2 and DI1 are on, DI3, DI4 and DI6 are off. This parameter is read-only.	-	
	0000hFFFFh	Status of digital inputs.	1 = 1	
10.02	DI delayed status	Displays the status of digital inputs DIIL and DI6DI1. This word is updated only after activation/deactivation delays (if any are specified). A filtering time can be defined by parameter 10.51 DI filter time.  Bits 05 reflect the delayed status of DI1DI6; bit 15 reflects the delayed status of the DIIL input.  This parameter is read-only.	-	
	0000hFFFFh	Delayed status of digital inputs.	1 = 1	
10.03	DI force selection	The electrical statuses of the digital inputs can be overridden for eg. testing purposes. A bit in parameter 10.04 DI force data is provided for each digital input, and its value is applied whenever the corresponding bit in this parameter is 1.	0000h	
	Bit Value			
		DI1 to value of bit 0 of parameter 10.04 DI force data.		
		DI2 to value of bit 1 of parameter 10.04 DI force data.		
		DI3 to value of bit 2 of parameter 10.04 DI force data.		
		DI4 to value of bit 3 of parameter 10.04 DI force data.		
		DI5 to value of bit 4 of parameter 10.04 DI force data.		
		DI6 to value of bit 5 of parameter 10.04 DI force data.		
	614 Reserved	<del>-</del>		
		DIIL to value of bit 15 of parameter 10.04 DI force data.		
	1 - 1 5100	Die to talad of bit to of parameter 10.04 bi force data.		
	0000hFFFFh	Override selection for digital inputs.	1 = 1	
10.04	DI force data	Contains the values that the digital inputs are forced to when selected by 10.03 DI force selection.  Bit 0 is the forced value for DI1; bit 15 is the forced value for the DIIL input.	0000h	
		,	-	

Forced values of digital inputs.

1 = 1





No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Enabled	Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	4
	Started	Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	5
	Magnetized	Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	6
	Running	Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	7
	Ready ref	Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	8
	At setpoint	Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	9
	Reverse	Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 135).	10
	Zero speed	Bit 0 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 135).	11
	Above limit	Bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	12
	Warning	Bit 7 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	13
	Fault	Bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	14
	Fault (-1)	Inverted bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	15
	Start request	Bit 13 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	16
	Open brake command	Bit 0 of 44.01 Brake control status (see page 328).	22
	Ext2 active	Bit 11 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	23
	Remote control	Bit 9 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	24
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	33
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	34
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	35
	RO/DIO control word bit0	Bit 0 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	40
	RO/DIO control word bit1	Bit 1 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	41
	RO/DIO control word bit2	Bit 2 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	42
	RO/DIO control word bit8	Bit 8 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	43
	RO/DIO control word bit9	Bit 9 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	44
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
10.25	RO1 ON delay	Defines the activation delay for relay output RO1.	0.0 s
	Status of selected source		1 0
	RO status —		$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \hline  & 0 \\ \hline  & \\  & Time \end{array} $
		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	TITIE
	$t_{\rm On}$ = 10.25 RO1 ON de $t_{\rm Off}$ = 10.26 RO1 OFF d	lay	
	0.0 3000.0 s	Activation delay for RO1.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
10.26	RO1 OFF delay	Defines the deactivation delay for relay output RO1. See parameter 10.25 RO1 ON delay.	0.0 s
	0.0 3000.0 s	Deactivation delay for RO1.	10 = 1 s
10.27	RO2 source	Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO2. For the available selections, see parameter 10.24 RO1 source.	Running (95.20 b3)
10.28	RO2 ON delay	Defines the activation delay for relay output RO2.	0.0 s (95.20 b3)
	Status of selected source		1 0 1 0
	_	$ +\rangle$	Time
	$t_{\text{On}}$ = 10.28 RO2 ON de $t_{\text{Off}}$ = 10.29 RO2 OFF de		
	0.0 3000.0 s	Activation delay for RO2.	10 = 1 s
10.29	RO2 OFF delay	Defines the deactivation delay for relay output RO2. See parameter 10.28 RO2 ON delay.	0.0 s (95.20 b3)
	0.0 3000.0 s	Deactivation delay for RO2.	10 = 1 s
10.30	RO3 source	Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO3. For the available selections, see parameter 10.24 RO1 source.	Fault (-1)
10.31	RO3 ON delay	Defines the activation delay for relay output RO3.	0.0 s
	Status of selected source		1 0 1
	RO status — —		<u> </u>
		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Time
	t <sub>On</sub> = 10.31 RO3 ON de t <sub>Off</sub> = 10.32 RO3 OFF de	lay	
	0.0 3000.0 s	Activation delay for RO3.	10 = 1 s
10.32	RO3 OFF delay	Defines the deactivation delay for relay output RO3. See parameter 10.31 RO3 ON delay.	0.0 s
	0.0 3000.0 s	Deactivation delay for RO3.	10 = 1 s
10.51	DI filter time	Defines a filtering time for parameters 10.01 DI status and 10.02 DI delayed status.	10.0 ms
	0.3 100.0 ms	Filtering time for 10.01 and 10.02.	10 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description	DeflFbEq16
10.99 RO/DIO c word		control	Storage parameter for controlling the relay outputs and digital input/outputs eg. through the embedded fieldbus interface. To control the relay outputs (RO) and the digital input/outputs (DIO) of the drive, send a control word with the bit assignments shown below as Modbus I/O data. Set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.124) to RO/DIO control word. In the source selection parameter of the desired output, select the appropriate bit of this word.	0000h
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	RO1	Source bits for relay outputs RO1RO3 (see parameters 10.2	24, 10.27 and
	1	RO2	10.30).	
	2	RO3		
	37	Reserved	·	
	8	DIO1	Source bits for digital input/outputs DIO1DIO3 (see parame	ters 11.06
	9	DIO2	and 11.10).	
1015 Reserved		Reserved	•	
	0000h	FFFFh	RO/DIO control word.	1 = 1

11 Sta	ndard DIO, FI, FO	Configuration of digital input/outputs and frequency inputs/outputs.	
11.01	DIO status	Displays the status of digital input/outputs DIO2 and DIO1. The activation/deactivation delays (if any are specified) are ignored. A filtering time (for input mode) can be defined by parameter 11.81 DIO filter time.  Example: 0010 = DIO2 is on, DIO1 is off. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000b0011b	Status of digital input/outputs.	1 = 1
11.02	DIO delayed status	Displays the delayed status of digital input/outputs DIO2 and DIO1. This word is updated only after activation/deactivation delays (if any are specified). A filtering time (for input mode) can be defined by parameter 11.81 DIO filter time.  Example: 0010 = DIO2 is on, DIO1 is off.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000b0011b	Delayed status of digital input/outputs.	1 = 1
11.05	DIO1 function	Selects whether DIO1 is used as a digital output or input, or a frequency input.	Output
	Output	DIO1 is used as a digital output.	0
	Input	DIO1 is used as a digital input.	1
	Frequency	DIO1 is used as a frequency input.	2
11.06	DIO1 output source	Selects a drive signal to be connected to digital input/output DIO1 when parameter 11.05 DIO1 function is set to Output.	Ready run
	Not energized	Output is off.	0
	Energized	Output is on.	1
	Ready run	Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	2
	Enabled	Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	4
	Started	Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	5
	Magnetized	Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	6

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Running	Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	7
	Ready ref	Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	8
	At setpoint	Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	9
	Reverse	Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 135).	10
	Zero speed	Bit 0 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 135).	11
	Above limit	Bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	12
	Warning	Bit 7 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	13
	Fault	Bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	14
	Fault (-1)	Inverted bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	15
	Start request	Bit 13 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	16
	Open brake command	Bit 0 of 44.01 Brake control status (see page 328).	22
	Ext2 active	Bit 11 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	23
	Remote control	Bit 9 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	24
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	33
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	34
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	35
	RO/DIO control word bit0	Bit 0 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	40
	RO/DIO control word bit1	Bit 1 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	41
	RO/DIO control word bit2	Bit 2 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	42
	RO/DIO control word bit8	Bit 8 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	43
	RO/DIO control word bit9	Bit 9 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	44
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
11.07	DIO1 ON delay	Defines the activation delay for digital input/output DIO1 (when used as a digital output or digital input).	0.0 s
	*DIO status —		1 0 1
	**Delayed DIO status  		— 0 →
			Time
	t <sub>On</sub> = 11.07 DIO1 ON do t <sub>Off</sub> = 11.08 DIO1 OFF of *Electrical status of DIC **Indicated by 11.02 DIO	<i>delay</i> ) (in input mode) or status of selected source (in output mode). Indicated by	11.01 DIO status
	0.0 3000.0 s	Activation delay for DIO1.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
11.08	DIO1 OFF delay	Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DIO1 (when used as a digital output or digital input). See parameter 11.07 DIO1 ON delay.	0.0 s
	0.0 3000.0 s	Deactivation delay for DIO1.	10 = 1 s
11.09	DIO2 function	Selects whether DIO2 is used as a digital output or input, or a frequency output.	Output
	Output	DIO2 is used as a digital output.	0
	Input	DIO2 is used as a digital input.	1
	Frequency	DIO2 is used as a frequency output.	2
11.10	DIO2 output source	Selects a drive signal to be connected to digital input/output DIO2 when parameter 11.09 DIO2 function is set to Output. For the available selections, see parameter 11.06 DIO1 output source.	Running
11.11	DIO2 ON delay	Defines the activation delay for digital input/output DIO2 (when used as a digital output or digital input).	0.0 s
	*DIO status —  **Delayed DIO status		1 0 1
	t <sub>On</sub> = 11.11 DIO2 ON de t <sub>Off</sub> = 11.12 DIO2 OFF d *Electrical status of DIO **Indicated by 11.02 DIO	<i>elay</i> (in input mode) or status of selected source (in output mode). Indicated by	0 Time  11.01 DIO status.
	0.0 3000.0 s	Activation delay for DIO2.	10 = 1 s
11.12	DIO2 OFF delay	Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DIO2 (when used as a digital output or digital input). See parameter 11.11 DIO2 ON delay.	0.0 s
	0.0 3000.0 s	Deactivation delay for DIO2.	10 = 1 s
11.38	Freq in 1 actual value	Displays the value of frequency input 1 (via DIO1 when it is used as a frequency input) before scaling. See parameter 11.42 Freq in 1 min.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	0 16000 Hz	Unscaled value of frequency input 1.	1 = 1 Hz
11.39	Freq in 1 scaled	Displays the value of frequency input 1 (via DIO1 when it is used as a frequency input) after scaling. See parameter 11.42 Freq in 1 min.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.000 32767.000	Scaled value of frequency input 1.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
11.42	Freq in 1 min	Defines the minimum for the frequency actually arriving at frequency input 1 (DIO1 when it is used as a frequency input). The incoming frequency signal (11.38 Freq in 1 actual value) is scaled into an internal signal (11.39 Freq in 1 scaled) by parameters 11.4211.45 as follows:  11.45  11.44  11.44  11.45  11.42  11.43	0 Hz
	0 16000 Hz	Minimum frequency of frequency input 1 (DIO1).	1 = 1 Hz
11.43	Freq in 1 max	Defines the maximum for the frequency actually arriving at frequency input 1 (DIO1 when it is used as a frequency input). See parameter 11.42 Freq in 1 min.	16000 Hz
	0 16000 Hz	Maximum frequency for frequency input 1 (DIO1).	1 = 1 Hz
11.44	Freq in 1 at scaled min	Defines the value that is required to correspond internally to the minimum input frequency defined by parameter 11.42 Freq in 1 min. See diagram at parameter 11.42 Freq in 1 min.	0.000
	-32768.000 32767.000	Value corresponding to minimum of frequency input 1.	1 = 1
11.45	Freq in 1 at scaled max	Defines the value that is required to correspond internally to the maximum input frequency defined by parameter 11.43  Freq in 1 max. See diagram at parameter 11.42 Freq in 1 min.	1500.000; 1800.000 (95.20 b0)
	-32768.000 32767.000	Value corresponding to maximum of frequency input 1.	1 = 1
11.54	Freq out 1 actual value	Displays the value of frequency output 1 after scaling. See parameter 11.58 Freq out 1 src min. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0 16000 Hz	Value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1
11.55	Freq out 1 source	Selects a signal to be connected to frequency output 1.	Motor speed used
	Zero	None.	0
	Motor speed used	01.01 Motor speed used (page 117).	1
	Output frequency	01.06 Output frequency (page 117).	3
	Motor current	01.07 Motor current (page 117).	4
	Motor torque	01.10 Motor torque (page 117).	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage (page 117).	7
	Power inu out	01.14 Output power (page 118).	8

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 220).	10
	Speed ref ramped	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 220).	11
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 226).	12
	Torq ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 242).	13
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 250).	14
	Process PID out	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 311).	16
	Process PID fbk	40.02 Process PID feedback actual (page 311).	17
	Process PID act	40.03 Process PID setpoint actual (page 311).	18
	Process PID dev	40.04 Process PID deviation actual (page 311).	19
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
11.58	Freq out 1 src min	Defines the real value of the signal (selected by parameter 11.55 Freq out 1 source and shown by parameter 11.54 Freq out 1 actual value) that corresponds to the minimum value of frequency output 1 (defined by parameter 11.60 Freq out 1 at src min).  fout (11.54)  11.60  11.61  Signal (real) selected by par. 11.55	0.000
		11.60	
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real signal value corresponding to minimum value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1
11.59	Freq out 1 src max	Defines the real value of the signal (selected by parameter 11.55 Freq out 1 source and shown by parameter 11.54 Freq out 1 actual value) that corresponds to the maximum value of frequency output 1 (defined by parameter 11.61 Freq out 1 at src max). See parameter 11.58 Freq out 1 src min.	1500.000; 1800.000 (95.20 b0)
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real signal value corresponding to maximum value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
11.60	Freq out 1 at src min	Defines the minimum value of frequency output 1. See diagrams at parameter 11.58 Freq out 1 src min.	0 Hz
	016000 Hz	Minimum value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1 Hz
11.61	Freq out 1 at src max	Defines the maximum value of frequency output 1. See diagrams at parameter 11.58 Freq out 1 src min.	16000 Hz
	016000 Hz	Maximum value of frequency output 1.	1 = 1 Hz
11.81	DIO filter time	Defines a filtering time for parameters 11.01 DIO status and 11.02 DIO delayed status. The filtering time will only affect the DIOs that are in input mode.	10.0 ms
	0.3 100.0 ms	Filtering time for 11.01.	10 = 1 ms

12 Sta	ndard Al	Configuration of standard analog inputs.	
12.01	AI tune	Triggers the analog input tuning function. Connect the signal to the input and select the appropriate tuning function.	
	No action	Al tune is not activated.	0
	Al1 min tune	Current analog input Al1 signal value is set as minimum value of Al1 into parameter 12.17 Al1 min. The value reverts back to No action automatically.	1
	Al1 max tune	Current analog input Al1 signal value is set as maximum value of Al1 into parameter 12.18 Al1 max. The value reverts back to No action automatically.	2
	Al2 min tune	Current analog input Al2 signal value is set as minimum value of Al2 into parameter 12.27 Al2 min. The value reverts back to No action automatically.	3
	Al2 max tune	Current analog input Al2 signal value is set as maximum value of Al2 into parameter 12.28 Al2 max. The value reverts back to No action automatically.	4
12.03	AI supervision function	Selects how the drive reacts when an analog input signal moves out of the minimum and/or maximum limits specified for the input.  The supervision applies a margin of 0.5 V or 1.0 mA to the limits. For example, if the maximum limit for the input is 7.000 V, the maximum limit supervision activates at 7.500 V. The inputs and the limits to be observed are selected by parameter 12.04 Al supervision selection.  Note: Analog input signal supervision is only active when  • the analog input is set as the source (using the Al1 scaled or Al2 scaled selection) in parameter 22.11, 22.12, 22.15, 22.17, 23.42, 26.11, 26.12, 26.16, 26.25, 28.11, 28.12, 30.21, 30.22, 40.16, 40.17, 40.50, 41.16, 41.17, 41.50 or 44.09, and is being used as the active source, or  • supervision is forced using parameter 12.05 Al supervision force.	No action
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 80A0 AI supervision.	1
	Warning	Drive generates an A8A0 AI supervision warning.	2

No.	Name/	Value	Description	DeflFbEq16			
	Last sp	eed	Drive generates a warning (A8A0 AI supervision) and freezes the speed (or frequency) to the level the drive was operating at. The speed/frequency is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3			
	Speed	ref safe	Drive generates a warning (A8A0 AI supervision) and sets the speed to the speed defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (or 28.41 Frequency ref safe when frequency reference is being used).  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	4			
2.04	Al supe selection		Specifies the analog input limits to be supervised. See parameter 12.03 AI supervision function.	0000b			
	Bit	Name	Description				
	0	Al1 < MIN	1 = Minimum limit supervision of AI1 active.				
	1	AI1 > MAX	1 = Maximum limit supervision of Al1 active.				
	2	AI2 < MIN	1 = Minimum limit supervision of Al2 active.				
	3	AI2 > MAX	1 = Maximum limit supervision of AI2 active.				
	415	Reserved	<u> </u>				
		T10   10001700					
	0000b.	1111b	Activation of analog input supervision.	1 = 1			
			location (see section <i>Local control vs. external control</i> on page <i>20</i> ).  The parameter is primarily intended for analog input supervision when the input is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.				
	Bit	Name	Description				
	0	Al1 Ext1	1 = Al1 supervision active when EXT1 is being used.				
	1	Al1 Ext2	1 = Al1 supervision active when EXT2 is being used.				
	2	Al1 Local	1 = Al1 supervision active when local control is being use	ed.			
	3	Reserved					
	4	Al2 Ext1	1 = Al2 supervision active when EXT1 is being used.				
	5	Al2 Ext2	1 = Al2 supervision active when EXT2 is being used.				
	6	Al2 Local	1 = Al2 supervision active when local control is being use	ed.			
	715	Reserved					
	<u> </u>						
	0000 0 0111 0	000b 111b	Analog input supervision selection.	1 = 1			
12.11	AI1 act	ual value	Displays the value of analog input Al1 in mA or V (depending on whether the input is set to current or voltage by a hardware setting).  This parameter is read-only.	-			
	-22.000 mA or \	) 22.000 V	Value of analog input AI1.	1000 = 1 mA or V			

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
12.12	Al1 scaled value	Displays the value of analog input Al1 after scaling. See parameters 12.19 Al1 scaled at Al1 min and 12.20 Al1 scaled at Al1 max.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.000 32767.000	Scaled value of analog input AI1.	1 = 1
12.15	Al1 unit selection	Selects the unit for readings and settings related to analog input AI1. <b>Note:</b> This setting must match the corresponding hardware setting on the drive control unit (see the hardware manual of the drive). Control board reboot (either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08 Control board boot) is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.	V
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
	0.000 30.000 6	Unfiltered signal  Filtered signal  O = I × (1 - e <sup>-t/T</sup> )  I = filter input (step) O = filter output t = time T = filter time constant  Note: The signal is also filtered due to the signal interface hardware (approximately 0.25 ms time constant). This cannot be changed by any parameter.	1000 = 1 s
12.17	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant.  Defines the minimum site value for analog input AI1. Set the value actually sent to the drive when the analog signal from plant is wound to its minimum setting. See also parameter 12.01 AI tune.	1000 = 1 s 0.000 mA or V
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Minimum value of Al1.	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.18	Al1 max	Defines the maximum site value for analog input AI1. Set the value actually sent to the drive when the analog signal from plant is wound to its maximum setting. See also parameter 12.01 AI tune.	20.000 mA or 10.000 V
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Maximum value of Al1.	1000 = 1 mA or V

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
12.19	AI1 scaled at AI1 min	Defines the real internal value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al1 value defined by parameter 12.17 Al1 min. (Changing the polarity settings of 12.19 and 12.20 can effectively invert the analog input.)	0.000
		AI <sub>scaled</sub> (12.12)	
		<b>↑</b>	
		12.20	
		AL (12.11)	
		12.17 AI <sub>in</sub> (12.11)	
		12.18	
	-32768.000	Real value corresponding to minimum Al1 value.	1 = 1
	32767.000	The state of the s	
12.20	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	Defines the real internal value that corresponds to the maximum analog input Al1 value defined by parameter 12.18 Al1 max. See the drawing at parameter 12.19 Al1 scaled at Al1 min.	1500.000; 1800.000 (95.20 b0)
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to maximum Al1 value.	1 = 1
12.21	Al2 actual value	Displays the value of analog input Al2 in mA or V (depending on whether the input is set to current or voltage by a hardware setting).  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Value of analog input Al2.	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.22	Al2 scaled value	Displays the value of analog input Al2 after scaling. See parameters 12.29 Al2 scaled at Al2 min and 12.30 Al2 scaled at Al2 max.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.000 32767.000	Scaled value of analog input Al2.	1 = 1
12.25	Al2 unit selection	Selects the unit for readings and settings related to analog input Al2.	mA
		<b>Note:</b> This setting must match the corresponding hardware setting on the drive control unit (see the hardware manual of the drive). Control board reboot (either by cycling the power or through parameter <i>96.08 Control board boot</i> ) is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.	
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
12.26	Al2 filter time	Defines the filter time constant for analog input Al2. See parameter 12.16 Al1 filter time.	0.100 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
12.27	AI2 min	Defines the minimum site value for analog input Al2. Set the value actually sent to the drive when the analog signal from plant is wound to its minimum setting. See also parameter 12.01 Al tune.	0.000 mA or V
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Minimum value of AI2.	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.28	AI2 max	Defines the maximum site value for analog input Al2. Set the value actually sent to the drive when the analog signal from plant is wound to its maximum setting. See also parameter 12.01 Al tune.	20.000 mAor 10.000 V
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Maximum value of Al2.	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.29	AI2 scaled at AI2 min	Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al2 value defined by parameter 12.27 Al2 min. (Changing the polarity settings of 12.29 and 12.30 can effectively invert the analog input.)	0.000
		12.27  12.27  12.28  Al <sub>in</sub> (12.21)	
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to minimum Al2 value.	1 = 1
12.30	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	Defines the real value that corresponds to the maximum analog input Al2 value defined by parameter 12.28 Al2 max. See the drawing at parameter 12.29 Al2 scaled at Al2 min.	100.000
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to maximum Al2 value.	1 = 1
13 Sta	ndard AO	Configuration of standard analog outputs.	
13.11	AO1 actual value	Displays the value of AO1 in mA. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0.000 22.000 mA	Value of AO1.	1000 = 1 mA
13.12	AO1 source	Selects a signal to be connected to analog output AO1. Alternatively, sets the output to excitation mode to feed a constant current to a temperature sensor.	Motor speed used
	Zero	None.	0
	Motor speed used	01.01 Motor speed used (page 117).	1
	Output frequency	01.06 Output frequency (page 117).	3
	Motor current	01.07 Motor current (page 117).	4

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Motor torque	01.10 Motor torque (page 117).	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage (page 117).	7
	Power inu out	01.14 Output power (page 118).	8
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 220).	10
	Speed ref ramp out	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 220).	11
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 226).	12
	Torq ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 242).	13
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 250).	14
	Process PID out	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 311).	16
	Process PID fbk	40.02 Process PID feedback actual (page 311).	17
	Process PID act	40.03 Process PID setpoint actual (page 311).	18
	Process PID dev	40.04 Process PID deviation actual (page 311).	19
	Force Pt100 excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to 13 Pt100 sensors. See section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 80).	20
	Force KTY84 excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to a KTY84 sensor. See section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 80).	21
	Force PTC excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to 13 PTC sensors. See section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 80).	22
	Force Pt1000 excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to 13 Pt1000 sensors. See section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 80).	23
	AO1 data storage	13.91 AO1 data storage (page 167).	37
	AO2 data storage	13.92 AO2 data storage (page 167).	38
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
13.16	AO1 filter time	Defines the filtering time constant for analog output AO1.	0.100 s
		Unfiltered signal  Filtered signal  Filtered signal	
	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s
			1.000 1.0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
13.17	AO1 source min	Defines the real minimum value of the signal (selected by parameter 13.12 AO1 source) that corresponds to the minimum required AO1 output value (defined by parameter 13.19 AO1 out at AO1 src min).    Iao1 (mA)	0.0
	-32768.0 32767.0	Real signal value corresponding to minimum AO1 output value.	1 = 1
13.18	AO1 source max	Defines the real maximum value of the signal (selected by parameter 13.12 AO1 source) that corresponds to the maximum required AO1 output value (defined by parameter 13.20 AO1 out at AO1 src max). See parameter 13.17 AO1 source min.	1500.0; 1800.0 (95.20 b0)
	-32768.0 32767.0	Real signal value corresponding to maximum AO1 output value.	1 = 1
13.19	AO1 out at AO1 src min	Defines the minimum output value for analog output AO1. See also drawing at parameter 13.17 AO1 source min.	0.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Minimum AO1 output value.	1000 = 1 mA
13.20	AO1 out at AO1 src max	Defines the maximum output value for analog output AO1. See also drawing at parameter 13.17 AO1 source min.	20.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Maximum AO1 output value.	1000 = 1 mA

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
13.21	AO2 actual value	Displays the value of AO2 in mA. This parameter is read-only.	-
<u> </u>	0.000 22.000 mA	Value of AO2.	1000 = 1 mA
13.22	AO2 source	Selects a signal to be connected to analog output AO2. Alternatively, sets the output to excitation mode to feed a constant current to a temperature sensor. For the selections, see parameter 13.12 AO1 source.	Motor current
13.26	AO2 filter time	Defines the filtering time constant for analog output AO2. See parameter 13.16 AO1 filter time.	0.100 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s
13.27	AO2 source min	Defines the real minimum value of the signal (selected by parameter 13.22 AO2 source) that corresponds to the minimum required AO2 output value (defined by parameter 13.29 AO2 out at AO2 src min).  I <sub>AO2</sub> (mA)  13.27  13.28  Signal (real) selected by 13.22  Programming 13.27 as the maximum value and 13.28 as the minimum value inverts the output.  I <sub>AO2</sub> (mA)  13.30  13.29  13.29  13.28  Signal (real) selected by 13.29	0.0
		selected by 13.22	
	-32768.0 32767.0	Real signal value corresponding to minimum AO2 output value.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
13.28	AO2 source max	Defines the real maximum value of the signal (selected by parameter 13.22 AO2 source) that corresponds to the maximum required AO2 output value (defined by parameter 13.30 AO2 out at AO2 src max). See parameter 13.27 AO2 source min.	100.0
	-32768.0 32767.0	Real signal value corresponding to maximum AO2 output value.	1 = 1
13.29	AO2 out at AO2 src min	Defines the minimum output value for analog output AO2. See also drawing at parameter 13.27 AO2 source min.	0.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Minimum AO2 output value.	1000 = 1 mA
13.30	AO2 out at AO2 src max	Defines the maximum output value for analog output AO2. See also drawing at parameter 13.27 AO2 source min.	20.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Maximum AO2 output value.	1000 = 1 mA
13.91	AO1 data storage	Storage parameter for controlling analog output AO1 eg. through fieldbus.  In 13.12 AO1 source, select AO1 data storage. Then set this parameter as the target of the incoming value data.  With the embedded fieldbus interface, simply set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.124) to AO1 data storage.	0.00
	-327.68 327.67	Storage parameter for AO1.	100 = 1
13.92	AO2 data storage	Storage parameter for controlling analog output AO2 eg. through fieldbus.  In 13.22 AO2 source, select AO2 data storage. Then set this parameter as the target of the incoming value data.  With the embedded fieldbus interface, simply set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.124) to AO2 data storage.	0.00
	-327.68 327.67	Storage parameter for AO2.	100 = 1
14 I/O modul	extension le 1	Configuration of I/O extension module 1. See also section <i>Programmable I/O extensions</i> (page 29). <b>Note:</b> The contents of the parameter group vary according to the selected I/O extension module type.	
14.01	Module 1 type	Activates (and specifies the type of) I/O extension module 1. <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	None
	None	Inactive.	0
	FIO-01	FIO-01.	1
	FIO-11	FIO-11.	2
	FDIO-01	FDIO-01.	3
	FAIO-01	FAIO-01.	4
14.02	Module 1 location	Specifies the slot (13) on the control unit of the drive into which the I/O extension module is installed. Alternatively, specifies the node ID of the slot on an FEA-03 extension adapter.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Slot 1
	Slot 1	Slot 1.	1
	Slot 2	Slot 2.	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Slot 3	Slot 3.	3
	4254	Node ID of the slot on the FEA-03 extension adapter.	1 = 1
14.03	Module 1 status	Displays the status of I/O extension module 1.	No option
	No option	No module detected in the specified slot.	0
	No communication	A module has been detected but cannot be communicated with.	1
	Unknown	The module type is unknown.	2
	FIO-01	An FIO-01 module has been detected and is active.	15
	FIO-11	An FIO-11 module has been detected and is active.	20
	FAIO-01	An FAIO-01 module has been detected and is active.	24
14.05	DI status	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01) Displays the status of the digital inputs on the extension module. The activation/deactivation delays (if any are specified) are ignored. A filtering time (for input mode) can be defined by parameter 14.08 DI filter time.  Bit 0 indicates the status of DI1.  Note: The number of active bits in this parameter depends on the number of digital input/outputs on the extension module.  Example: 0101b = DI1 and DI3 are on, remainder are off. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000b1111b	Status of digital inputs.	1 = 1
14.05	DIO status	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Displays the status of the digital input/outputs on the extension module. The activation/deactivation delays (if any are specified) are ignored. A filtering time (for input mode) can be defined by parameter 14.08 DIO filter time.  Bit 0 indicates the status of DIO1.  Note: The number of active bits in this parameter depends on the number of digital input/outputs on the extension module.  Example: 1001b = DIO1 and DIO4 are on, remainder are off. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000b1111b	Status of digital input/outputs.	1 = 1
14.06	DI delayed status	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01) Displays the delayed status of the digital inputs on the extension module. The word is updated only after activation/deactivation delays (if any are specified). Bit 0 indicates the status of DI1.  Note: The number of active bits in this parameter depends on the number of digital inputs on the extension module.  Example: 0101b = DI1 and DI3 are on, remainder are off. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000b1111b	Delayed status of digital inputs.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.06	DIO delayed status	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Displays the delayed status of the digital input/outputs on the extension module. This word is updated only after activation/deactivation delays (if any are specified). Bit 0 indicates the status of DIO1.  Note: The number of active bits in this parameter depends on the number of digital input/outputs on the extension module.  Example: 1001b = DIO1 and DIO4 are on, remainder are off. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000b1111b	Delayed status of digital input/outputs.	1 = 1
14.08	DI filter time	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01) Defines a filtering time for parameters 14.05 DI status and 14.06 DI delayed status.	10.0 ms
	0.8 100.0 ms	Filtering time for DI status parameters.	10 = 1 ms
14.08	DIO filter time	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Defines a filtering time for parameters 14.05 DIO status and 14.06 DIO delayed status. The filtering time will only affect the DIOs that are in input mode.	10.0 ms
	0.8 100.0 ms	Filtering time for DIO status parameters.	10 = 1 ms
14.09	DIO1 function	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Selects whether DIO1 of the extension module is used as a digital input or output.	Input
	Output	DIO1 is used as a digital output.	0
	Input	DIO1 is used as a digital input.	1
14.11	DIO1 output source	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Selects a drive signal to be connected to digital input/output DIO1 of the extension module when parameter 14.09 DIO1 function is set to Output.	Not energized
	Not energized	Output is not energized.	0
	Energized	Output is energized.	1
	Ready run	Bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	2
	Enabled	Bit 0 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	4
	Started	Bit 5 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	5
	Magnetized	Bit 1 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	6
	Running	Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	7
	Ready ref	Bit 2 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	8
	At setpoint	Bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	9
	Reverse	Bit 2 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 135).	10
	Zero speed	Bit 0 of 06.19 Speed control status word (see page 135).	11
	Above limit	Bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 (see page 133).	12
	Warning	Bit 7 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	13
	Fault	Bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	14
	Fault (-1)	Inverted bit 3 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	15
	Start request	Bit 13 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	16
	Open brake command	Bit 0 of 44.01 Brake control status (see page 328).	22
	Ext2 active	Bit 11 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	23

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Remote control	Bit 9 of 06.11 Main status word (see page 131).	24
	Supervision 1	Bit 0 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	33
	Supervision 2	Bit 1 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	34
	Supervision 3	Bit 2 of 32.01 Supervision status (see page 282).	35
	RO/DIO control word bit0	Bit 0 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	40
	RO/DIO control word bit1	Bit 1 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	41
	RO/DIO control word bit2	Bit 2 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	42
	RO/DIO control word bit8	Bit 8 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	43
	RO/DIO control word bit9	Bit 9 of 10.99 RO/DIO control word (see page 154).	44
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
14.12	DI1 ON delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01) Defines the activation delay for digital input DI1.	0.00 s
	*DI status — **Delayed DI status		1 0 1
	t <sub>On</sub> = 14.12 DI1 ON dela t <sub>Off</sub> = 14.13 DI1 OFF de *Electrical status of DI o **Indicated by 14.06 DI	lay or status of selected source (in output mode). Indicated by 14.05 DI status.	── 0 ──> <sub>Time</sub>
	0.00 3000.00 s	Activation delay for DI1.	10 = 1 s
14.12	DIO1 ON delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Defines the activation delay for digital input/output DIO1.	0.00 s
			1
	*DIO status —		0
	*DIO status — **Delayed DIO status — —		1 0
	_		1
	**Delayed DIO status   ton = 14.12 DIO1 ON do toff = 14.13 DIO1 OFF d	$t_{\rm On}$ $t_{\rm Off}$ $t_{\rm On}$ $t_{\rm Off}$ elay delay (in input mode) or status of selected source (in output mode). Indicated by	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \hline  & 0 \\ \hline  & \\  & Time \end{array} $

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.13	DI1 OFF delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01) Defines the deactivation delay for digital input DI1. See parameter 14.12 DI1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Deactivation delay for DI1.	10 = 1 s
14.13	DIO1 OFF delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DIO1. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Deactivation delay for DIO1.	10 = 1 s
14.14	DIO2 function	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Selects whether DIO2 of the extension module is used as a digital input or output.	Input
	Output	DIO2 is used as a digital output.	0
	Input	DIO2 is used as a digital input.	1
14.16	DIO2 output source	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Selects a drive signal to be connected to digital input/output DIO2 when parameter 14.14 DIO2 function is set to Output. For the available selections, see parameter 14.11 DIO1 output source.	Not energized
14.17	DI2 ON delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01) Defines the activation delay for digital input DI2. See parameter 14.12 DI1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Activation delay for DI2.	10 = 1 s
14.17	DIO2 ON delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Defines the activation delay for digital input/output DIO2. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Activation delay for DIO2.	10 = 1 s
14.18	DI2 OFF delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01) Defines the deactivation delay for digital input DI2. See parameter 14.12 DI1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Deactivation delay for DI2.	10 = 1 s
14.18	DIO2 OFF delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DIO2. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Deactivation delay for DIO2.	10 = 1 s
14.19	DIO3 function	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01) Selects whether DIO3 of the extension module is used as a digital input or output.	Input
	Output	DIO3 is used as a digital output.	0
	Input	DIO3 is used as a digital input.	1
14.19	AI supervision function	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Selects how the drive reacts when an analog input signal moves out of the minimum and/or maximum limits specified for the input.  The inputs and the limits to be observed are selected by parameter 14.20 AI supervision selection.	No action
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 80A0 AI supervision.	1
	Warning	Drive generates an A8A0 AI supervision warning.	2

lo.	Name/\	Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Last sp	eed	Drive generates a warning (A8A0 AI supervision) and freezes the speed (or frequency) to the level the drive was operating at. The speed/frequency is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3
	Speed	ref safe	Drive generates a warning (A8A0 AI supervision) and sets the speed to the speed defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (or 28.41 Frequency ref safe when frequency reference is being used).  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	4
4.20	Al supe selectio		(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Specifies the analog input limits to be supervised. See parameter 14.19 Al supervision function.  Note: The number of active bits in this parameter depends on the number of inputs on the extension module.	0000 0000Ь
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	AI1 < MIN	1 = Minimum limit supervision of Al1 active.	
	1	AI1 > MAX	1 = Maximum limit supervision of Al1 active.	
	2	AI2 < MIN	1 = Minimum limit supervision of Al2 active.	
	3	AI2 > MAX	1 = Maximum limit supervision of Al2 active.	
	4	AI3 < MIN	1 = Minimum limit supervision of Al3 active (FIO-11 only).	
	5	AI3 > MAX	1 = Maximum limit supervision of Al3 active (FIO-11 only)	
	615	Reserved		,-
	0000 00 0011 11	000b I11b	Activation of analog input supervision.	1 = 1
4.21	DIO3 o	utput source	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01) Selects a drive signal to be connected to digital input/output DIO3 when parameter 14.19 DIO3 function is set to Output. For the available selections, see parameter 14.11 DIO1 output source.	Not energized
4.21	Al tune		(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)  Triggers the analog input tuning function, which enables the use of actual measurements as the minimum and maximum input values instead of potentially inaccurate estimates.  Apply the minimum or maximum signal to the input and select the appropriate tuning function.  See also the drawing at parameter 14.35 Al1 scaled at Al1 min.	No action
	No acti	on	Tuning action completed or no action has been requested. The parameter automatically reverts to this value after any tuning action.	0
	Al1 mir	ı tune	The measured value of Al1 is set as the minimum value of Al1 into parameter 14.33 Al1 min.	1
	Al1 ma	x tune	The measured value of Al1 is set as the maximum value of Al1 into parameter 14.34 Al1 max.	2
	Al2 mir	tune	The measured value of Al2 is set as the minimum value of Al2 into parameter 14.48 Al2 min.	3

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Al2 max	tune	The measured value of Al2 is set as the maximum value of Al2 into parameter 14.49 Al2 max.	4
	AI3 min	tune	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) The measured value of Al3 is set as the minimum value of Al3 into parameter 14.63 Al3 min.	5
	Al3 max	tune	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) The measured value of Al3 is set as the maximum value of Al3 into parameter 14.64 Al3 max.	6
14.22	DI3 ON	delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01) Defines the activation delay for digital input DI3. See parameter 14.12 DI1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3	3000.00 s	Activation delay for DI3.	10 = 1 s
14.22	DIO3 ON	l delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Defines the activation delay for digital input/output DIO3. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3	3000.00 s	Activation delay for DIO3.	10 = 1 s
14.22	AI force	selection	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) The true readings of the analog inputs can be overridden for eg. testing purposes. A forced value parameter is provided for each analog input, and its value is applied whenever the corresponding bit in this parameter is 1.	0000Ь
	Bit	Name	Description	
	<b>Bit</b> 0	Name Al1	Description 1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for	orce data.
	_		-	
	_	Al1	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 fo	orce data.
	0	Al1 Al2	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for	orce data.
	0 1 2	AI1 AI2 AI3 Reserved	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for	orce data.
14.23	0 1 2 315	AI1 AI2 AI3 Reserved 0111b	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for (FIO-11 only).	orce data. orce data
14.23	0 1 2 315 0000b	AI1 AI2 AI3 Reserved 0111b	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for (FIO-11 only).  Forced values selector for analog inputs.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input Dl3. See	prce data.  prce data  1 = 1
	0 1 2 315 0000b	AI1 AI2 AI3 Reserved 0111b delay 8000.00 s	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for (FIO-11 only).  Forced values selector for analog inputs.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input Dl3. See parameter 14.12 Dl1 ON delay.	orce data.  orce data  1 = 1  0.00 s
	0 1 2 315 0000b DI3 OFF	AI1 AI2 AI3 Reserved 0111b delay 8000.00 s	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for (FIO-11 only).  Forced values selector for analog inputs.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input Dl3. See parameter 14.12 Dl1 ON delay.  Deactivation delay for Dl3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DlO3.	1 = 1 0.00 s
14.23	0 1 2 315 0000b DI3 OFF	Al1 Al2 Al3 Reserved 0111b delay 8000.00 s F delay	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for (FIO-11 only).  Forced values selector for analog inputs.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input Dl3. See parameter 14.12 Dl1 ON delay.  Deactivation delay for Dl3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DlO3. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.	1 = 1 0.00 s 10 = 1 s 0.00 s
14.23	0 1 2 315 0000b DI3 OFF	Al1 Al2 Al3 Reserved 0111b delay 8000.00 s F delay	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for (FIO-11 only).  Forced values selector for analog inputs.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input Dl3. See parameter 14.12 Dl1 ON delay.  Deactivation delay for Dl3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DlO3. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.  Deactivation delay for DlO3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01)  Selects whether DlO4 of the extension module is used as a	1 = 1 0.00 s 10 = 1 s 0.00 s
14.23	0 1 2 315 0000b DI3 OFF 0.00 3 DIO3 OF	Al1 Al2 Al3 Reserved 0111b delay 8000.00 s F delay	1 = Force mode: Force Al1 to value of parameter 14.28 Al1 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al2 to value of parameter 14.43 Al2 for 1 = Force mode: Force Al3 to value of parameter 14.58 Al3 for (FIO-11 only).  Forced values selector for analog inputs.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FDIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input Dl3. See parameter 14.12 Dl1 ON delay.  Deactivation delay for Dl3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01)  Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DlO3. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.  Deactivation delay for DlO3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01)  Selects whether DlO4 of the extension module is used as a digital input or output.	1 = 1 0.00 s 10 = 1 s 0.00 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.26	Al1 actual value	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Displays the value of analog input Al1 in mA or V (depending on whether the input is set to current or voltage). This parameter is read-only.	-
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Value of analog input Al1.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.27	DIO4 ON delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) Defines the activation delay for digital input/output DIO4. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Activation delay for DIO4.	10 = 1 s
14.27	Al1 scaled value	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Displays the value of analog input AI1 after scaling. See parameter 14.35 AI1 scaled at AI1 min. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.000 32767.000	Scaled value of analog input AI1.	1 = 1
14.28	DIO4 OFF delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01) Defines the deactivation delay for digital input/output DIO4. See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Deactivation delay for DIO4.	10 = 1 s
14.28	Al1 force data	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Forced value that can be used instead of the true reading of the input. See parameter 14.22 Al force selection.	0.000 mA
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Forced value of analog input Al1.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.29	AI1 HW switch position	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Shows the position of the hardware current/voltage selector on the I/O extension module.  Note: The setting of the current/voltage selector must match the unit selection made in parameter 14.30 AI1 unit selection.  I/O module reboot either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08 Control board boot is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.	-
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
14.30	Al1 unit selection	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Selects the unit for readings and settings related to analog input AI1.  Note: This setting must match the corresponding hardware setting on the I/O extension module (see the manual of the I/O extension module). The hardware setting is shown by parameter 14.29 AI1 HW switch position. I/O module reboot either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08  Control board boot is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.	mA
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
14.31	RO status	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) Status of relay outputs on the I/O extension module.  Example: 0001b = RO1 is energized, RO2 is de-energized.	-
	0000b1111b	Status of relay outputs.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.31	Al1 filter gain	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Selects a hardware filtering time for AI1. See also parameter 14.32 AI1 filter time.	1 ms
	No filtering	No filtering.	0
	125 us	125 microseconds.	1
	250 us	250 microseconds.	2
	500 us	500 microseconds.	3
	1 ms	1 millisecond.	4
	2 ms	2 milliseconds.	5
	4 ms	4 milliseconds.	6
	7.9375 ms	7.9375 milliseconds.	7
14.32	All filter time	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)  Defines the filter time constant for analog input Al1.   "Unfiltered signal  100  63  Filtered signal  T  O = I × (1 - e <sup>-t/T</sup> )  I = filter input (step) O = filter output t = time T = filter time constant  Note: The signal is also filtered due to the signal interface hardware. See parameter 14.31 Al1 filter gain.	0.100 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s
14.33	Al1 min	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Defines the minimum value for analog input AI1. See also parameter 14.21 AI tune.	0.000 mA or V
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Minimum value of Al1.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.34	RO1 source	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO1. For the available selections, see parameter 14.11 DIO1 output source.	Not energized
14.34	Al1 max	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Defines the maximum value for analog input AI1. See also parameter 14.21 AI tune.	10.000 mA or V
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Maximum value of Al1.	1000 = 1 mA or V

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.35	RO1 ON delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) Defines the activation delay for relay output RO1.	0.00 s
	Status of selected source		1 0
	RO status — —	$\langle \cdot \rangle$ $\langle \cdot $	1 ─── 0 ───> <i>Tim</i> e
	t <sub>On</sub> = 14.35 RO1 ON del t <sub>Off</sub> = 14.36 RO1 OFF de		
	0.00 3000.00 s	Activation delay for RO1.	10 = 1 s
14.35	AI1 scaled at AI1 min	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al1 value defined by parameter 14.33 Al1 min.	0.000
		Al <sub>scaled</sub> (14.27) ▲	
		14.36	
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to minimum Al1 value.	1 = 1
14.36	RO1 OFF delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) Defines the deactivation delay for relay output RO1. See parameter 14.35 RO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Deactivation delay for RO1.	10 = 1 s
14.36	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)  Defines the real value that corresponds to the maximum analog input AI1 value defined by parameter 14.34 AI1 max. See the drawing at parameter 14.35 AI1 scaled at AI1 min.	100.000
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to maximum Al1 value.	1 = 1
14.37	RO2 source	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) Selects a drive signal to be connected to relay output RO2. For the available selections, see parameter 14.11 DIO1 output source.	Not energized

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.38	RO2 ON delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) Defines the activation delay for relay output RO2. See parameter 14.35 RO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Activation delay for RO2.	10 = 1 s
14.39	RO2 OFF delay	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) Defines the deactivation delay for relay output RO2. See parameter 14.35 RO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
	0.00 3000.00 s	Deactivation delay for RO2.	10 = 1 s
14.41	Al2 actual value	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Displays the value of analog input AI2 in mA or V (depending on whether the input is set to current or voltage). This parameter is read-only.	-
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Value of analog input Al2.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.42	Al2 scaled value	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Displays the value of analog input Al2 after scaling. See parameter 14.50 Al2 scaled at Al2 min. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.000 32767.000	Scaled value of analog input Al2.	1 = 1
14.43	Al2 force data	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Forced value that can be used instead of the true reading of the input. See parameter 14.22 Al force selection.	0.000 mA
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Forced value of analog input Al2.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.44	AI2 HW switch position	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Shows the position of the hardware current/voltage selector on the I/O extension module.  Note: The setting of the current/voltage selector must match the unit selection made in parameter 14.45 AI2 unit selection.  I/O module reboot either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08 Control board boot is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.	-
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
14.45	Al2 unit selection	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Selects the unit for readings and settings related to analog input AI2.  Note: This setting must match the corresponding hardware setting on the I/O extension module (see the manual of the I/O extension module). The hardware setting is shown by parameter 14.44 AI2 HW switch position. I/O module reboot either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08  Control board boot is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.	mA
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
14.46	AI2 filter gain	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Selects a hardware filtering time for AI2. See also parameter 14.47 AI2 filter time.	1 ms
	No filtering	No filtering.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	125 us	125 microseconds.	1
	250 us	250 microseconds.	2
	500 us	500 microseconds.	3
	1 ms	1 millisecond.	4
	2 ms	2 milliseconds.	5
	4 ms	4 milliseconds.	6
	7.9375 ms	7.9375 milliseconds.	7
14.47	Al2 filter time	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)  Defines the filter time constant for analog input AI2.  "Unfiltered signal  100  63  Filtered signal  T  O = I × (1 - e <sup>-t/T</sup> )  I = filter input (step) O = filter output t = time T = filter time constant  Note: The signal is also filtered due to the signal interface hardware. See parameter 14.46 AI2 filter gain.	0.100 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s
14.48	Al2 min	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Defines the minimum value for analog input Al2. See also parameter 14.21 Al tune.	0.000 mA or V
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Minimum value of Al2.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.49	AI2 max	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Defines the maximum value for analog input Al2. See also parameter 14.21 Al tune.	10.000 mA or V
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Maximum value of Al2.	1000 = 1 mA or V

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.50	AI2 scaled at AI2 min	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)  Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al2 value defined by parameter 14.48 Al2 min.  Al <sub>scaled</sub> (14.42)  14.48  14.49	0.000
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to minimum Al2 value.	1 = 1
14.51	AI2 scaled at AI2 max	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Defines the real value that corresponds to the maximum analog input AI2 value defined by parameter 14.49 AI2 max. See the drawing at parameter 14.50 AI2 scaled at AI2 min.	100.000
	-32768.000 32767.000	Real value corresponding to maximum Al2 value.	1 = 1
14.56	Al3 actual value	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) Displays the value of analog input Al3 in mA or V (depending on whether the input is set to current or voltage). This parameter is read-only.	-
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Value of analog input Al3.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.57	Al3 scaled value	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) Displays the value of analog input Al3 after scaling. See parameter 14.65 Al3 scaled at Al3 min. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.000 32767.000	Scaled value of analog input Al3.	1 = 1
14.58	Al3 force data	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) Forced value that can be used instead of the true reading of the input. See parameter 14.22 Al force selection.	0.000 mA
	-22.000 22.000 mA or V	Forced value of analog input Al3.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.59	AI3 HW switch position	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) Shows the position of the hardware current/voltage selector on the I/O extension module.  Note: The setting of the current/voltage selector must match the unit selection made in parameter 14.60 Al3 unit selection.  I/O module reboot either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08 Control board boot is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.	-
	V	Volts.	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
14.60	Al3 unit selection	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11)  Selects the unit for readings and settings related to analog input Al3.  Note: This setting must match the corresponding hardware setting on the I/O extension module (see the manual of the I/O extension module). The hardware setting is shown by parameter 14.59 Al3 HW switch position. I/O module reboot either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08  Control board boot is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.	mA
	V	Volts.	2
	mA	Milliamperes.	10
14.61	Al3 filter gain	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) Selects a hardware filtering time for Al3. See also parameter 14.62 Al3 filter time.	1 ms
	No filtering	No filtering.	0
	125 us	125 microseconds.	1
	250 us	250 microseconds.	2
	500 us	500 microseconds.	3
	1 ms	1 millisecond.	4
	2 ms	2 milliseconds.	5
	4 ms	4 milliseconds.	6
	7.9375 ms	7.9375 milliseconds.	7
14.62	Al3 filter time	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11)  Defines the filter time constant for analog input Al3.   "Unfiltered signal  100 63  Filtered signal  O = I × (1 - e <sup>-t/T</sup> )  I = filter input (step) O = filter output t = time T = filter time constant  Note: The signal is also filtered due to the signal interface hardware. See parameter 14.61 Al3 filter gain.	0.100 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s

14.64	mA or V AI3 max	22.000 22.000 ed at Al3	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11)  Defines the minimum value for analog input Al3.  See also parameter 14.21 Al tune.  Minimum value of Al3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11)  Defines the maximum value for analog input Al3.  See also parameter 14.21 Al tune.  Maximum value of Al3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11)  Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al3 value defined by parameter 14.63 Al3 min.  Al <sub>scaled</sub> (14.57)	0.000 mA or V 1000 = 1 mA or V 10.000 mA or V 1000 = 1 mA or V 0.000
14.64	mA or V  Al3 max  -22.000 . mA or V  Al3 scale	22.000	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) Defines the maximum value for analog input Al3. See also parameter 14.21 Al tune.  Maximum value of Al3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al3 value defined by parameter 14.63 Al3 min.	or V 10.000 mA or V 1000 = 1 mA or V
14.65	-22.000 . mA or V Al3 scale		Defines the maximum value for analog input Al3. See also parameter 14.21 Al tune.  Maximum value of Al3.  (Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11) Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al3 value defined by parameter 14.63 Al3 min.	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.65	mA or V Al3 scale		(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11)  Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al3 value defined by parameter 14.63 Al3 min.	or V
		ed at AI3	Defines the real value that corresponds to the minimum analog input Al3 value defined by parameter 14.63 Al3 min.	0.000
			Alassia (14.57)	
			14.66	
			14.63 Al <sub>in</sub> (14.56)	
	-32768.0 32767.00		Real value corresponding to minimum Al3 value.	1 = 1
	AI3 scale max	ed at AI3	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11)  Defines the real value that corresponds to the maximum analog input Al3 value defined by parameter 14.64 Al3 max. See the drawing at parameter 14.65 Al3 scaled at Al3 min.	100.000
	-32768.0 32767.00		Real value corresponding to maximum Al3 value.	1 = 1
14.71	AO force	selection	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) The value of the analog output can be overridden for eg. testing purposes. A forced value parameter (14.78 AO1 force data) is provided for the analog output, and its value is applied whenever the corresponding bit in this parameter is 1.	00b
ſ	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	AO1	1 = Force mode: Force AO1 to value of parameter 14.78 AO1	force data.
ļ	1	AO2	1 = Force mode: Force AO2 to value of parameter 14.88 AO2 (FAIO-01 only).	
<u> </u>	315	Reserved	•	
	00b11l	<u> </u>	Forced values selector for analog outputs.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.76	AO1 actual value	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Displays the value of AO1 in mA. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0.000 22.000 mA	Value of AO1.	1000 = 1 mA
14.77	AO1 source	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Selects a signal to be connected to analog output AO1. Alternatively, sets the output to excitation mode to feed a constant current to a temperature sensor.	Zero
	Zero	None.	0
	Motor speed used	01.01 Motor speed used (page 117).	1
	Output frequency	01.06 Output frequency (page 117).	3
	Motor current	01.07 Motor current (page 117).	4
	Motor torque	01.10 Motor torque (page 117).	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage (page 117).	7
	Power inu out	01.14 Output power (page 118).	8
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 220).	10
	Speed ref ramp out	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 220).	11
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 226).	12
	Torq ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 242).	13
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 250).	14
	Process PID out	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 311).	16
	Process PID fbk	40.02 Process PID feedback actual (page 311).	17
	Process PID act	40.03 Process PID setpoint actual (page 311).	18
	Process PID dev	40.04 Process PID deviation actual (page 311).	19
	Force Pt100 excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to 13 Pt100 sensors. See section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 80).	20
	Force KTY84 excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to a KTY84 sensor. See section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 80).	21
	Force PTC excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to 13 PTC sensors. See section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 80).	22
	Force Pt1000 excitation	The output is used to feed an excitation current to 13 Pt1000 sensors. See section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page 80).	23
	AO1 data storage	13.91 AO1 data storage (page 167).	37
	AO2 data storage	13.92 AO2 data storage (page 167).	38
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
14.78	AO1 force data	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Forced value that can be used instead of the selected output signal. See parameter 14.71 AO force selection.	0.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Forced value of analog output AO1.	1000 = 1 mA

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.80	AO1 source min	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)  Defines the real value of the signal (selected by parameter 14.77 AO1 source) that corresponds to the minimum AO1 output value (defined by parameter 14.82 AO1 out at AO1 src min).  IAO1 (mA)  14.83  14.80  14.81  Signal (real) selected by parameter 14.82  IAO1 (mA)  Signal (real) selected by parameter 14.83	0.0
		selected by par. 14.77	
	-32768.0 32767.0	Real signal value corresponding to minimum AO1 output value.	1 = 1
14.81	AO1 source max	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)  Defines the real value of the signal (selected by parameter 14.77 AO1 source) that corresponds to the maximum AO1 output value (defined by parameter 14.83 AO1 out at AO1 src max). See parameter 14.80 AO1 source min.	100.0
	-32768.0 32767.0	Real signal value corresponding to maximum AO1 output value.	1 = 1
14.82	AO1 out at AO1 src min	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Defines the minimum output value for analog output AO1. See also drawing at parameter 14.80 AO1 source min.	0.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Minimum AO1 output value.	1000 = 1 mA
14.83	AO1 out at AO1 src max	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) Defines the maximum output value for analog output AO1. See also drawing at parameter 14.80 AO1 source min.	10.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Maximum AO1 output value.	1000 = 1 mA

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.86	AO2 actual value	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FAIO-01) Displays the value of AO2 in mA. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0.000 22.000 mA	Value of AO2.	1000 = 1 mA
14.87	AO2 source	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FAIO-01) Selects a signal to be connected to analog output AO2. Alternatively, sets the output to excitation mode to feed a constant current to a temperature sensor. For the selections, see parameter 14.77 AO1 source.	Zero
14.88	AO2 force data	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FAIO-01) Forced value that can be used instead of the selected output signal. See parameter 14.71 AO force selection.	0.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Forced value of analog output AO2.	1000 = 1 mA
14.89	AO2 filter time	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FAIO-01) Defines the filtering time constant for analog output AO2. See parameter 14.79 AO1 filter time.	0.100 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant.	1000 = 1 s
14.90	AO2 source min	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FAIO-01)  Defines the real value of the signal (selected by parameter 14.87 AO2 source) that corresponds to the minimum AO2 output value (defined by parameter 14.92 AO2 out at AO2 src min).  IAO2 (mA)  14.93  14.93  Signal (real) selected by parameter 14.92 AO2 out at AO2 src min).	0.0
		14.91 14.90 Signal (real) selected by par. 14.87	
	-32768.0 32767.0	Real signal value corresponding to minimum AO2 output value.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
14.91	AO2 source max	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FAIO-01)  Defines the real value of the signal (selected by parameter 14.87 AO2 source) that corresponds to the maximum AO2 output value (defined by parameter 14.93 AO2 out at AO2 src max). See parameter 14.90 AO2 source min.	100.0
	-32768.0 32767.0	Real signal value corresponding to maximum AO2 output value.	1 = 1
14.92	AO2 out at AO2 src min	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FAIO-01) Defines the minimum output value for analog output AO2. See also drawing at parameter 14.90 AO2 source min.	0.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Minimum AO2 output value.	1000 = 1 mA
14.93	AO2 out at AO2 src max	(Visible when 14.01 Module 1 type = FAIO-01)  Defines the maximum output value for analog output AO2.  See also drawing at parameter 14.90 AO2 source min.	10.000 mA
	0.000 22.000 mA	Maximum AO2 output value.	1000 = 1 mA

15 I/O extension module 2			
15.01	Module 2 type	See parameter 14.01 Module 1 type.	None
15.02	Module 2 location	See parameter 14.02 Module 1 location.	Slot 1
15.03	Module 2 status	See parameter 14.03 Module 1 status.	No option
15.05	DI status	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.05 DI status.	-
15.05	DIO status	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.05 DIO status.	-
15.06	DI delayed status	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.06 DI delayed status.	-
15.06	DIO delayed status	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.06 DIO delayed status.	-
15.08	DI filter time	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.08 DI filter time.	10.0 ms
15.08	DIO filter time	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.08 DIO filter time.	10.0 ms
15.09	DIO1 function	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.09 DIO1 function.	Input
15.11	DIO1 output source	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.11 DIO1 output source.	Not energized
15.12	DI1 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.12 DI1 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.12	DIO1 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.13	DI1 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.13 DI1 OFF delay.	0.00 s
15.13	DIO1 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.13 DIO1 OFF delay.	0.00 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
15.14	DIO2 function	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.14 DIO2 function.	Input
15.16	DIO2 output source	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.16 DIO2 output source.	Not energized
15.17	DI2 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.17 DI2 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.17	DIO2 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.17 DIO2 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.18	DI2 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.18 DI2 OFF delay.	0.00 s
15.18	DIO2 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.18 DIO2 OFF delay.	0.00 s
15.19	DIO3 function	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.19 DIO3 function.	Input
15.19	AI supervision function	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.19 AI supervision function.	No action
15.20	AI supervision selection	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.20 AI supervision selection.	0000 0000b
15.21	DIO3 output source	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.21 DIO3 output source.	Not energized
15.21	Al tune	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.21 Al tune.	No action
15.22	DI3 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.22 DI3 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.22	DIO3 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.22 DIO3 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.22	Al force selection	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.22 AI force selection.	0000b
15.23	DI3 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.23 DI3 OFF delay.	0.00 s
15.23	DIO3 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.23 DIO3 OFF delay.	0.00 s
15.24	DIO4 function	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.24 DIO4 function.	Input
15.26	DIO4 output source	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.26 DIO4 output source.	Not energized
15.26	Al1 actual value	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.26 AI1 actual value.	-
15.27	DIO4 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.27 DIO4 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.27	Al1 scaled value	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.27 AI1 scaled value.	-
15.28	DIO4 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.28 DIO4 OFF delay.	0.00 s
15.28	Al1 force data	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.28 AI1 force data.	0.000 mA

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
15.29	AI1 HW switch position	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.29 AI1 HW switch position.	-
15.30	Al1 unit selection	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.30 AI1 unit selection.	mA
15.31	RO status	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.31 RO status.	-
15.31	Al1 filter gain	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.31 AI1 filter gain.	1 ms
15.32	Al1 filter time	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.32 AI1 filter time.	0.100 s
15.33	Al1 min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.33 AI1 min.	0.000 mA or V
15.34	RO1 source	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.34 RO1 source.	Not energized
15.34	Al1 max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.34 AI1 max.	10.000 mA or V
15.35	RO1 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.35 RO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.35	AI1 scaled at AI1 min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.35 AI1 scaled at AI1 min.	0.000
15.36	RO1 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.36 RO1 OFF delay.	0.00 s
15.36	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.36 AI1 scaled at AI1 max.	100.000
15.37	RO2 source	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.37 RO2 source.	Not energized
15.38	RO2 ON delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.38 RO2 ON delay.	0.00 s
15.39	RO2 OFF delay	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.39 RO2 OFF delay.	0.00 s
15.41	Al2 actual value	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.41 AI2 actual value.	-
15.42	Al2 scaled value	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.42 AI2 scaled value.	-
15.43	Al2 force data	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.43 AI2 force data.	0.000 mA
15.44	AI2 HW switch position	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.44 AI2 HW switch position.	-
15.45	Al2 unit selection	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.45 AI2 unit selection.	mA
15.46	Al2 filter gain	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.46 AI2 filter gain.	1 ms
15.47	Al2 filter time	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.47 AI2 filter time.	0.100 s
15.48	AI2 min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.48 AI2 min.	0.000 mA or V

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
15.49	AI2 max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.49 AI2 max.	10.000 mA or V
15.50	AI2 scaled at AI2 min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.50 AI2 scaled at AI2 min.	0.000
15.51	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.51 AI2 scaled at AI2 max.	100.000
15.56	Al3 actual value	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.56 AI3 actual value.	-
15.57	Al3 scaled value	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.57 AI3 scaled value.	-
15.58	Al3 force data	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.58 AI3 force data.	0.000 mA
15.59	AI3 HW switch position	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.59 AI3 HW switch position.	-
15.60	Al3 unit selection	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.60 AI3 unit selection.	mA
15.61	AI3 filter gain	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.61 AI3 filter gain.	1 ms
15.62	AI3 filter time	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.62 AI3 filter time.	0.100 s
15.63	AI3 min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.63 AI3 min.	0.000 mA or V
15.64	AI3 max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.64 AI3 max.	10.000 mA or V
15.65	AI3 scaled at AI3 min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.65 AI3 scaled at AI3 min.	0.000
15.66	Al3 scaled at Al3 max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.66 AI3 scaled at AI3 max.	100.000
15.71	AO force selection	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.71 AO force selection.	00b
15.76	AO1 actual value	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.76 AO1 actual value.	-
15.77	AO1 source	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.77 AO1 source.	Zero
15.78	AO1 force data	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.78 AO1 force data.	0.000 mA
15.79	AO1 filter time	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.79 AO1 filter time.	0.100 s
15.80	AO1 source min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.80 AO1 source min.	0.0
15.81	AO1 source max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.81 AO1 source max.	100.0
15.82	AO1 out at AO1 src min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.82 AO1 out at AO1 src min.	0.000 mA
15.83	AO1 out at AO1 src max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.83 AO1 out at AO1 src max.	10.000 mA

16.08

16.08

16.09

16.11

16.12

16.12

16.13

DI filter time

DIO filter time

DIO1 function

DI1 ON delay

DIO1 ON delay

DI1 OFF delay

DIO1 output source

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
15.86	AO2 actual value	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.86 AO2 actual value.	-
15.87	AO2 source	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.87 AO2 source.	Zero
15.88	AO2 force data	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.88 AO2 force data.	0.000 mA
15.89	AO2 filter time	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.89 AO2 filter time.	0.100 s
15.90	AO2 source min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.90 AO2 source min.	0.0
15.91	AO2 source max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.91 AO2 source max.	100.0
15.92	AO2 out at AO2 src min	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.92 AO2 out at AO2 src min.	0.000 mA
15.93	AO2 out at AO2 src max	(Visible when 15.01 Module 2 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.93 AO2 out at AO2 src max.	10.000 mA
16 I/O modu	extension le 3	Configuration of I/O extension module 3. See also section <i>Programmable I/O extensions</i> (page 29).  Note: The contents of the parameter group vary according to the selected I/O extension module type.	
16.01	Module 3 type	See parameter 14.01 Module 1 type.	None
16.02	Module 3 location	See parameter 14.02 Module 1 location.	Slot 1
16.03	Module 3 status	See parameter 14.03 Module 1 status.	No option
16.05	DI status	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.05 DI status.	-
16.05	DIO status	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.05 DIO status.	-
16.06	DI delayed status	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.06 DI delayed status.	-
16.06	DIO delayed status	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.06 DIO delayed status.	-

(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01)

(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11)

(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11)

(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11)

(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11)

See parameter 14.08 DI filter time.

See parameter 14.08 DIO filter time.

See parameter 14.09 DIO1 function.

See parameter 14.12 DI1 ON delay.

See parameter 14.12 DIO1 ON delay.

See parameter 14.13 DI1 OFF delay.

See parameter 14.11 DIO1 output source.

(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01)

(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01)

10.0 ms

10.0 ms

Input

Not energized

0.00 s

 $0.00 \, s$ 

 $0.00 \, s$ 

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
16.13	DIO1 OFF delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.13 DIO1 OFF delay.	0.00 s
16.14	DIO2 function	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.14 DIO2 function.	Input
16.16	DIO2 output source	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.16 DIO2 output source.	Not energized
16.17	DI2 ON delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.17 DI2 ON delay.	0.00 s
16.17	DIO2 ON delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.17 DIO2 ON delay.	0.00 s
16.18	DI2 OFF delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.18 DI2 OFF delay.	0.00 s
16.18	DIO2 OFF delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11) See parameter 14.18 DIO2 OFF delay.	0.00 s
16.19	DIO3 function	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.19 DIO3 function.	Input
16.19	AI supervision function	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.19 AI supervision function.	No action
16.20	AI supervision selection	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.20 AI supervision selection.	0000 0000b
16.21	DIO3 output source	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.21 DIO3 output source.	Not energized
16.21	Al tune	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.21 Al tune.	No action
16.22	DI3 ON delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.22 DI3 ON delay.	0.00 s
16.22	DIO3 ON delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.22 DIO3 ON delay.	0.00 s
16.22	Al force selection	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.22 AI force selection.	0000b
16.23	DI3 OFF delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FDIO-01) See parameter 14.23 DI3 OFF delay.	0.00 s
16.23	DIO3 OFF delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.23 DIO3 OFF delay.	0.00 s
16.24	DIO4 function	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.24 DIO4 function.	Input
16.26	DIO4 output source	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.26 DIO4 output source.	Not energized
16.26	Al1 actual value	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.26 AI1 actual value.	-
16.27	DIO4 ON delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.27 DIO4 ON delay.	0.00 s
16.27	Al1 scaled value	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.27 AI1 scaled value.	-
16.28	DIO4 OFF delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01) See parameter 14.28 DIO4 OFF delay.	0.00 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
16.28	Al1 force data	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.28 Al1 force data.	0.000 mA
16.29	AI1 HW switch position	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.29 AI1 HW switch position.	-
16.30	Al1 unit selection	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.30 Al1 unit selection.	mA
16.31	RO status	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.31 RO status.	-
16.31	Al1 filter gain	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.31 Al1 filter gain.	1 ms
16.32	Al1 filter time	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.32 AI1 filter time.	0.100 s
16.33	Al1 min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.33 AI1 min.	0.000 mA or V
16.34	RO1 source	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.34 RO1 source.	Not energized
16.34	Al1 max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.34 AI1 max.	10.000 mA or V
16.35	RO1 ON delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.35 RO1 ON delay.	0.00 s
16.35	AI1 scaled at AI1 min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.35 AI1 scaled at AI1 min.	0.000
16.36	RO1 OFF delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.36 RO1 OFF delay.	0.00 s
16.36	AI1 scaled at AI1 max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.36 AI1 scaled at AI1 max.	100.000
16.37	RO2 source	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.37 RO2 source.	Not energized
16.38	RO2 ON delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.38 RO2 ON delay.	0.00 s
16.39	RO2 OFF delay	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01) See parameter 14.39 RO2 OFF delay.	0.00 s
16.41	Al2 actual value	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.41 AI2 actual value.	-
16.42	Al2 scaled value	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.42 AI2 scaled value.	-
16.43	Al2 force data	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.43 AI2 force data.	0.000 mA
16.44	AI2 HW switch position	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.44 AI2 HW switch position.	-
16.45	Al2 unit selection	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.45 AI2 unit selection.	mA
16.46	Al2 filter gain	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.46 AI2 filter gain.	1 ms
16.47	Al2 filter time	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.47 AI2 filter time.	0.100 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
16.48	AI2 min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.48 AI2 min.	0.000 mA or V
16.49	Al2 max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.49 AI2 max.	10.000 mA or V
16.50	AI2 scaled at AI2 min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.50 AI2 scaled at AI2 min.	0.000
16.51	AI2 scaled at AI2 max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.51 AI2 scaled at AI2 max.	100.000
16.56	Al3 actual value	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.56 AI3 actual value.	-
16.57	Al3 scaled value	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.57 AI3 scaled value.	-
16.58	Al3 force data	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.58 AI3 force data.	0.000 mA
16.59	AI3 HW switch position	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.59 AI3 HW switch position.	-
16.60	Al3 unit selection	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.60 AI3 unit selection.	mA
16.61	AI3 filter gain	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.61 AI3 filter gain.	1 ms
16.62	AI3 filter time	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.62 AI3 filter time.	0.100 s
16.63	AI3 min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.63 AI3 min.	0.000 mA or V
16.64	AI3 max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.64 AI3 max.	10.000 mA or V
16.65	AI3 scaled at AI3 min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.65 AI3 scaled at AI3 min.	0.000
16.66	AI3 scaled at AI3 max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11) See parameter 14.66 AI3 scaled at AI3 max.	100.000
16.71	AO force selection	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.71 AO force selection.	00b
16.76	AO1 actual value	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.76 AO1 actual value.	-
16.77	AO1 source	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.77 AO1 source.	Zero
16.78	AO1 force data	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.78 AO1 force data.	0.000 mA
16.79	AO1 filter time	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.79 AO1 filter time.	0.100 s
16.80	AO1 source min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.80 AO1 source min.	0.0
16.81	AO1 source max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.81 AO1 source max.	100.0
16.82	AO1 out at AO1 src min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.82 AO1 out at AO1 src min.	0.000 mA

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
16.83	AO1 out at AO1 src max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01) See parameter 14.83 AO1 out at AO1 src max.	10.000 mA
16.86	AO2 actual value	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.86 AO2 actual value.	-
16.87	AO2 source	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.87 AO2 source.	Zero
16.88	AO2 force data	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.88 AO2 force data.	0.000 mA
16.89	AO2 filter time	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.89 AO2 filter time.	0.100 s
16.90	AO2 source min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.90 AO2 source min.	0.0
16.91	AO2 source max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.91 AO2 source max.	100.0
16.92	AO2 out at AO2 src min	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.92 AO2 out at AO2 src min.	0.000 mA
16.93	AO2 out at AO2 src max	(Visible when 16.01 Module 3 type = FAIO-01) See parameter 14.93 AO2 out at AO2 src max.	10.000 mA
19 Op	eration mode	Selection of local and external control location sources and operating modes.  See also section <i>Operating modes of the drive</i> (page 22).	
19.01	Actual operation mode	Displays the operating mode currently used. See parameters 19.1119.14. This parameter is read-only.	-
	Zero	None.	1
	Speed	Speed control (in DTC motor control mode).	2
	Torque	Torque control (in DTC motor control mode).	3
	Min	The torque selector is comparing the output of the speed controller (25.01 Torque reference speed control) and torque reference (26.74 Torque ref ramp out) and the smaller of the two is used.	4
	Max	The torque selector is comparing the output of the speed controller (25.01 Torque reference speed control) and torque reference (26.74 Torque ref ramp out) and the greater of the two is used.	5
	Add	The speed controller output is added to the torque reference.	6
	Voltage	DC voltage control.	7
	Scalar (Hz)	Frequency control in scalar motor control mode.	10
	Scalar (rpm)	Speed control in scalar motor control mode.	11
	Forced magn.	Motor is in magnetizing mode.	20
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	Selects the source for external control location EXT1/EXT2 selection.  0 = EXT1 1 = EXT2	EXT1
	EXT1	EXT1 (permanently selected).	0
	EXT2	EXT2 (permanently selected).	1
	FBA A MCW bit 11	Control word bit 11 received through fieldbus interface A.	2
		I .	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	11
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	12
	EFB MCW bit 11	Control word bit 11 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	32
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
19.12	Ext1 control mode	Selects the operating mode for external control location EXT1.	Speed
	Zero	None.	1
	Speed	Speed control. The torque reference used is 25.01 Torque reference speed control (output of the speed reference chain).	2
	Torque	Torque control. The torque reference used is 26.74 Torque ref ramp out (output of the torque reference chain).	3
	Minimum	Combination of selections <i>Speed</i> and <i>Torque</i> : the torque selector compares the speed controller output (25.01 Torque reference speed control) and the torque reference (26.74 Torque ref ramp out) and selects the smaller of the two. If speed error becomes negative, the drive follows the speed controller output until speed error becomes positive again. This prevents the drive from accelerating uncontrollably if the load is lost in torque control.	4
	Maximum	Combination of selections <i>Speed</i> and <i>Torque</i> : the torque selector compares the speed controller output (25.01 Torque reference speed control) and the torque reference (26.74 Torque ref ramp out) and selects the greater of the two. If speed error becomes positive, the drive follows the speed controller output until speed error becomes negative again. This prevents the drive from accelerating uncontrollably if the load is lost in torque control.	5
	Add	Combination of selections <i>Speed</i> and <i>Torque</i> : Torque selector adds the speed reference chain output to the torque reference chain output.	6
	Voltage	(Type BCU control units only) DC voltage control. The torque reference used is 29.01 Torque ref DC voltage control (output of the DC voltage reference chain).	7
19.14	Ext2 control mode	Selects the operating mode for external control location EXT2. For the selections, see parameter 19.12 Ext1 control mode.	Speed
19.16	Local control mode	Selects the operating mode for local control.	Speed
	Speed	Speed control. The torque reference used is 25.01 Torque reference speed control (output of the speed reference chain).	0
	Torque	Torque control. The torque reference used is 26.74 Torque ref ramp out (output of the torque reference chain).	1
19.17	Local control disable	Enables/disables local control (start and stop buttons on the control panel, and the local controls on the PC tool).  WARNING! Before disabling local control, ensure that the control panel is not needed for stopping the drive.	No

No.	Name/Value	Description			DeflFbEq16
	No	Local control enabled.			0
	Yes	Local control disabled.			1
19.20	Scalar control reference unit	Selects the reference ty See also section Operation parameter 99.04 Motor Note: This parameter carunning.	ting modes of the drive control mode.	(page 22), and	Rpm
	Hz	Hz. The reference is tak ref ramp output (output			0
	Rpm	Rpm. The reference is to ramp output (speed reference)			1
20 Sta	nrt/stop/direction	Start/stop/direction and selection; positive/negat selection. For information on control vs. external control (page)	tive reference enable s rol locations, see section	ignal source	
20.01	Ext1 commands	Selects the source of state external control location See also parameters 20	1 (EXT1).	commands for	In1 Start; In2 Dir
	Not selected	No start or stop comma	nd sources selected.		0
	In1 Start	The source of the start a parameter 20.03 Ext1 in source bits are interpret  State of source 1 (20.02 = Edge, 1 (20.02 = Level)  0	n1 source. The state traced as follows:  O3) Command		1
	In1 Start; In2 Dir	The source selected by signal; the source selected determines the direction bits are interpreted as formal state of source 1	ted by 20.04 Ext1 in2 s a. The state transitions ollows:	source	2
		(20.03)	State of source 2 (20.04)	Command	
		0	Any	Stop	
		0?1 (20.02 = Edge)	0	Start forward	
		1 (20.02 = Level)	1	Start reverse	

No.	Name/Value	Description					DeflFbEq16
	In1 Start fwd; In2 Start rev	start signal; the	source s t signal.	selecte The sta	Ext1 in1 source d by 20.04 Ext1 ate transitions of	in2 source is	3
		State of sou (20.03)		Stat	te of source 2 (20.04)	Command	
		0			0	Stop	
		0?1 (20.02 = 1 (20.02 = L			0	Start forward	
		0			20.02 = Edge) 20.02 = Level)	Start reverse	
		1			1	Stop	
	In1P Start; In2 Stop	parameters 20.	03 Ext1	in1 sou the sou	op commands a rce and 20.04 E rce bits are inte	xt1 in2 source	4
		State of sou (20.03)	rce 1	State	of source 2 (20.04)	Command	by 4  ce. by 5  ce. the  digital and by 6  and 6
		0?1			1	Start	
		Any			0	Stop	
					s edge-triggered r <i>20.02 Ext1 sta</i>		
	In3 Dir	parameters 20. The source seledirection. The sinterpreted as for					
		State of source 1 (20.03)	State source (20.0	ce 2	State of source 3 (20.05)	Command	
		0?1	1	-	0	Start forward	
		0?1	1		1	Start reverse	
		Any	0		Any	Stop	
					s edge-triggered r <i>20.02 Ext1 sta</i>		
	In1P Start fwd; In2P Start rev; In3 Stop	parameters 20.	03 Ext1 isource.	<i>in1 sou</i> Γhe sta	op commands a rce, 20.04 Ext1 te transitions of	in2 source and	6
		State of source 1 (20.03)	State source (20.0	ce 2	State of source 3 (20.05)	Command	
		0?1	An	•	1	Start forward	
		Any	0?		1	Start reverse	
		Any	An	у	0	Stop	
		N - 4 - 1 Th - 1 - 4 - 14	cianal is	s alway		with this	
		<b>Note:</b> The start setting regardle			s edge-triggered r 20.02 Ext1 sta		

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Fieldbus A	The start and stop commands are taken from fieldbus adapter A.  Note: The start signal is always level-triggered with this setting regardless of parameter 20.02 Ext1 start trigger type.	12
	Embedded fieldbus	The start and stop commands are taken from the embedded fieldbus interface. <b>Note:</b> The start signal is always level-triggered with this setting regardless of parameter 20.02 Ext1 start trigger type.	14
	M/F link	The start and stop commands are taken from another drive through the master/follower link. <b>Note:</b> The start signal is always level-triggered with this setting regardless of parameter 20.02 Ext1 start trigger type.	15
	Application Program	The start and stop commands are taken from the application program control word (parameter 06.02 Application control word).  Note: The start signal is always level-triggered with this setting regardless of parameter 20.02 Ext1 start trigger type.	21
	ATF	Reserved.	22
	DDCS controller	The start and stop commands are taken from an external (DDCS) controller.  Note: The start signal is always level-triggered with this setting regardless of parameter 20.02 Ext1 start trigger type.	16
20.02	Ext1 start trigger type	Defines whether the start signal for external control location EXT1 is edge-triggered or level-triggered.  Note: This parameter is only effective when parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands is set to In1 Start, In1 Start; In2 Dir, In1 Start fwd; In2 Start rev, or Control panel.	Edge
	Edge	The start signal is edge-triggered.	0
	Level	The start signal is level-triggered.	1
20.03	Ext1 in1 source	Selects source 1 for parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands.	DI1
	Not selected	0 (always off).	0
	Selected	1 (always on).	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
20.04	Ext1 in2 source	Selects source 2 for parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands. For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.	DI2
20.05	Ext1 in3 source	Selects source 3 for parameter 20.01 Ext1 commands. For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.	Not selected

No.	Name/Value	Description			DeflFbEq16	
20.06	Ext2 commands	Selects the source of st external control location See also parameters 20	1 2 (EXT2).	commands for	Not selected	
	Not selected	No start or stop comma	nd sources selected.		0	
	In1 Start	The source of the start a parameter 20.08 Ext2 in source bits are interpreted.  State of source 1 (20)	n1 source. The state treed as follows:  Command		1	
		0?1 (20.07 = Edge 1 (20.07 = Level)	) Start			
		0	Stop		,	
			ССР			
	In1 Start; In2 Dir	The source selected by signal; the source selected determines the direction bits are interpreted as for	ted by <i>20.09 Ext2 in2</i> n. The state transitions	source	2	
		State of source 1 (20.08)	State of source 2 (20.09)	Command		
		0	Any	Stop		
		0?1 (20.07 = Edge)	0	Start forward		
		1 (20.07 = Level)	1	Start reverse		
	In1 Start fwd; In2 Start rev	The source selected by start signal; the source the reverse start signal. are interpreted as follow	selected by 20.09 Ext The state transitions o	2 in2 source is		
		State of source 1 (20.08)	State of source 2 (20.09)	Command		
		0	0	Stop		
		0?1 (20.07 = Edge) 1 (20.07 = Level)	0	Start forward		
		0	0?1 (20.07 = Edge 1 (20.07 = Level)	Start reverse		
		1	1	Stop		
	In1P Start; In2 Stop	The sources of the start parameters 20.08 Ext2 The state transitions of follows:	in1 source and 20.09	Ext2 in2 source	4	
		State of source 1 (20.08)	State of source 2 (20.09)	Command		
		0?1	1	Start		
		Any	0	Stop		
		<b>Note:</b> The start signal is setting regardless of pa				

No.	Name/Value	Description				DeflFbEq16
	In1P Start; In2 Stop; In3 Dir	parameters 20.	08 Ext2 in1 sou ected by 20.10 state transitions	irce and 20.09 Ext2 in3 source	are selected by Ext2 in2 source. e determines the bits are	5
		State of source 1 (20.08)	State of source 2 (20.09)	State of source 3 (20.10)	Command	
		0?1	1	0	Start forward	
		0?1	1	1	Start reverse	
		Any	0	Any	Stop	
		Note: The start setting regardle			ed with this art trigger type.	
	In1P Start fwd; In2P Start rev; In3 Stop	parameters 20.	08 Ext2 in1 sou source. The sta	irce, 20.09 Ext2	are selected by 2 in2 source and f the source bits	6
		State of source 1 (20.08)	State of source 2 (20.09)	State of source 3 (20.10)	Command	
		0?1	Any	1	Start forward	
		Any	0?1	1	Start reverse	
		Any	Any	0	Stop	
		Note: The start setting regardle			ed with this eart trigger type.	
	Control panel	The start and s panel.	top commands	are taken from	the control	11
	Fieldbus A	The start and so A.  Note: The start setting regardles	signal is alway	s level-triggere		12
	Embedded fieldbus	The start and s fieldbus interface <b>Note:</b> The start setting regardle	ce. I signal is alway	rs level-triggere	d with this	14
	M/F link	The start and s through the ma <b>Note:</b> The start setting regardle	ster/follower lin signal is alway	k. ⁄s level-triggere		15
	Application Program	program contro word). <b>Note:</b> The start	ol word (parame	ter <i>06.02 Appli</i> s level-triggere		21
	ATF	Reserved.				22
	DDCS controller	The start and s (DDCS) control Note: The start setting regardle	ller. : signal is alway	s level-triggere		16

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
20.07	Ext2 start trigger type	Defines whether the start signal for external control location EXT2 is edge-triggered or level-triggered.  Note: This parameter is only effective when parameter 20.06 Ext2 commands is set to In1 Start, In1 Start; In2 Dir, In1 Start fwd; In2 Start rev, or Control panel.	Edge
	Edge	The start signal is edge-triggered.	0
	Level	The start signal is level-triggered.	1
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	Selects source 1 for parameter 20.06 Ext2 commands. For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.	Not selected
20.09	Ext2 in2 source	Selects source 2 for parameter 20.06 Ext2 commands. For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.	Not selected
20.10	Ext2 in3 source	Selects source 3 for parameter 20.06 Ext2 commands. For the available selections, see parameter 20.03 Ext1 in1 source.	Not selected
20.11	Run enable stop mode	Selects the way the motor is stopped when the run enable signal switches off.  The source of the run enable signal is selected by parameter 20.12 Run enable 1 source.	Coast (95.20 b10)
	Coast	Stop by switching off the output semiconductors of the drive. The motor coasts to a stop.  WARNING! If a mechanical brake is used, ensure it is safe to stop the drive by coasting.	0
	Ramp	Stop along the active deceleration ramp. See parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp on page 220.	1
	Torque limit	Stop according to torque limits (parameters 30.19 and 30.20).	2
20.12	Run enable 1 source	Selects the source of the external run enable signal. If the run enable signal is switched off, the drive will not start. If already running, the drive will stop according to the setting of parameter 20.11 Run enable stop mode.  1 = Run enable signal on.  Note: The warning that indicates a missing signal can be suppressed using parameter 20.30 Enable signals warning function.  See also parameter 20.19 Enable start command.	DIIL (95.20 b10); Selected (95.20 b5); DI5 (95.20 b9)
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	FBAA MCW bit 3	Control word bit 3 received through fieldbus interface A.	30
	EFB MCW bit 3	Control word bit 3 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	32

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DIIL	DIIL input (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 15).	33
	Active control source MCW bit 3	<ul> <li>Control word bit 3 received from the active control source.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>If the drive is running in fieldbus control, switching bit 3 off effectively removes both the start and run enable signals. In this case, the stop mode is determined by either 20.11 Run enable stop mode or 21.03 Stop mode, whichever mode has higher priority. The order of stop modes from highest to lowest priority is Coast – Torque limit – Ramp.</li> <li>In case the active source is the control panel, PC tool or drive I/O, the run enable signal is always on.</li> </ul>	34
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
20.19	Enable start command	<ul> <li>Selects the source for the start enable signal.</li> <li>1 = Start enable.</li> <li>With the signal switched off, any drive start command is inhibited. (Switching the signal off while the drive is running will not stop the drive.)</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>If a level-triggered start command is on when the start enable signal switches on, the drive will start. (An edge-triggered start signal must be cycled for the drive to start.)</li> <li>See parameters 20.02 Ext1 start trigger type, 20.07 Ext2 start trigger type and 20.29 Local start trigger type.</li> <li>The warning that indicates a missing signal can be suppressed using parameter 20.30 Enable signals warning function.</li> <li>See also parameter 20.12 Run enable 1 source.</li> </ul>	Selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	DIIL	DIIL input (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 15).	30
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
20.23	Positive speed enable	Selects the source of the positive speed enable command.  1 = Positive speed enabled.  0 = Positive speed interpreted as zero speed reference. In the figure below, 23.01 Speed ref ramp input is set to zero after the positive speed enable signal has cleared.  Actions in different control modes:  Speed control: Speed reference is set to zero and the motor ramps down along the currently active deceleration ramp. The drive keeps modulating. The rush controller prevents additional torque terms from running the motor in the positive direction.  Torque control: The rush controller monitors the rotation direction of the motor.	Selected
	20.23 Positive speed	d enable	
	20.24 Negative speed	d enable	
	23.01 Speed ref ra	mp input	
	01.01 Motor spe	eed used	
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
20.24	Negative speed enable	Selects the source of the negative speed reference enable command. See parameter 20.23 Positive speed enable.	Selected

Selects the source for a jog enable signal.  (The sources for jogging activation signals are selected by parameters 20.26 Jogging 1 start source and 20.27 Jogging 2 start source.)  1 = Jogging is enabled. 0 = Jogging is enabled. Note: Jogging is disabled. Note: Jogging can be enabled only when no start command from an external control location is active. On the other hand, if jogging is already enabled, the drive cannot be started from an external control location (apart from inching commands through fieldbus). See section Jogging (page 55).  Not selected 0.  Selected 1.  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DIO DI0 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DIO DI02 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DIO DI02 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  Not selected 1.  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  Not selected 1.  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  Not selected 1.  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  Not selected 1.  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI8 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI8 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  D	No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
Selected	20.25	Jogging enable	(The sources for jogging activation signals are selected by parameters 20.26 Jogging 1 start source and 20.27 Jogging 2 start source.)  1 = Jogging is enabled.  0 = Jogging is disabled.  Note: Jogging can be enabled only when no start command from an external control location is active. On the other hand, if jogging is already enabled, the drive cannot be started from an external control location (apart from inching commands through fieldbus).	Not selected
DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Di6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Di7 Di8		Not selected	0.	0
Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit]  Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected  0.  Selected  1.  DI1  Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  Di2  Di3  Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3  Di3  Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  Di6  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  7  DIO1  Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  Di02  Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).		Selected	1.	1
Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DIO1 Digital input DI01 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected  0. 0  Selected  1. 1  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  TO DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).		DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected  0. 0  Selected  1. 1  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).		DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
DIS Digital input DIS (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DIG Digital input DIG (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  20.26 Jogging 1 start source If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25).  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected 1.  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO DIGITAL Digital input DIG (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO Digital input DIG (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO Digital input DIG (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO Digital input DIG (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO Digital input DIG (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  20.26 Jogging 1 start source If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected 0.  Selected 1.  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input DI6 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  20.26 Jogging 1 start source If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected  0. 0  Selected  1. 1  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  20.26 Jogging 1 start source If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected  0. 0  Selected  1. 1  DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DI7 DIO1 Digital input DI6 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
Other [bit]  Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  20.26 Jogging 1 start source  If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected  0.  Selected  1.  DI1  Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3  Di3  Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  4  DI4  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  T  DIO1  Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2  Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
20.26 Jogging 1 start source  If enabled by parameter 20.25 Jogging enable, selects the source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected  0.  Selected  1.  DI1  Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3  Di4  Di5  Di5  Di6  Di6  Di6  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6  Di6  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  T  DIO1  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  T  DIO1  Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2  Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was activated first has priority.  Not selected  0.  Selected  1.  DI1  Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  2  DI2  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  3  DI3  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  4  DI4  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  5  DI5  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  7  DIO1  Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2  Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
Selected  1. Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	20.26		source for the activation of jogging function 1. (Jogging function 1 can also be activated through fieldbus regardless of parameter 20.25.)  1 = Jogging 1 active.  Note: If both jogging 1 and 2 are activated, the one that was	Not selected
DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  TOIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		Not selected	0.	0
DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  TOIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		Selected	1.	1
DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3). 5  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4). 6  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5). 7  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0). 10  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1). 11		DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4). 6 DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5). 7 DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0). 10 DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1). 11		DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5). 7  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0). 10  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1). 11		DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).		DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
		DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).		DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
		Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description	on	DeflFbEq16
20.27	Jogging source	2 start	source for function 2 of parameter 1 = Joggin For the sel source.  Note: If bo	· ·	Not selected
20.29	Local sta	art trigger		nether the start signal for local control (for example, nel or PC tool) is edge-triggered or level-triggered.	Edge
	Edge		The start s	ignal is edge-triggered.	0
	Level		The start s	ignal is level-triggered.	1
20.30 Enable signals warning function			Selects enable signal (eg. run enable, start enable) warnings to be suppressed. This parameter can be used to prevent these warnings from flooding the event log.  Whenever a bit of this parameter is set to 1, the corresponding warning is suppressed, ie. no warning is generated even if the signal is switched off.  The bits of this binary number correspond to the following warnings:		00b
	Bit Name 0 Enable Sta			Warning	
			rt	AFEA Enable start signal missing	
	1	Run enable	1	AFEB Run enable missing	
	215	Reserved			
	00b11b		Suppression	on of "enable signal missing" warnings.	1 = 1
21 Start/stop mode			stop modes; emergency stop mode and signal ection; DC magnetization settings; autophasing ction.		
21.01	Start mo	de	mode, ie. v Notes: The star	e motor start function for the DTC motor control when 99.04 Motor control mode is set to DTC.  It function for the scalar motor control mode is	Automatic

21 Start/stop mode	Start and stop modes; emergency stop mode and signal source selection; DC magnetization settings; autophasing mode selection.	
21.01 Start mode	<ul> <li>Selects the motor start function for the DTC motor control mode, ie. when 99.04 Motor control mode is set to DTC.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>The start function for the scalar motor control mode is selected by parameter 21.19 Scalar start mode.</li> <li>Starting into a rotating motor is not possible when DC magnetizing is selected (Fast or Constant time).</li> <li>With permanent magnet motors and synchronous reluctance motors, Automatic start mode must be used.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> <li>See also section DC magnetization (page 63).</li> </ul>	Automatic
Fast	The drive pre-magnetizes the motor before start. The pre-magnetizing time is determined automatically, being typically 200 ms to 2 s depending on motor size. This mode should be selected if a high break-away torque is required.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description		DeflFbEq16
	Constant time	pre-magnetizing time is require be synchronized with the release setting also guarantees the high torque when the pre-magnetizing warning! The drive warning time has present magnetization is not co	parameter 21.02 e should be selected if constant ed (e.g. if the motor start must se of a mechanical brake). This ghest possible break-away ing time is set long enough. vill start after the set assed even if motor mpleted. In applications where ential, ensure that the constant	1
	Automatic	Automatic start guarantees oplit includes the flying start funct motor) and the automatic restacan be restarted immediately vide away). The drive motor cor as well as the mechanical statemotor instantly under all conditions.	2	
	Flying start		ynchronous motors only, and is re the drive must be started into ncies (above 150 Hz).	3
21.02	Magnetization time	<ul> <li>Defines the pre-magnetization</li> <li>parameter 21.01 Start mode motor control mode), or</li> <li>parameter 21.19 Scalar start scalar motor control mode).</li> <li>After the start command, the dipremagnetizes the motor for the magnetizing, set this parameter higher than, the rotor time consofthumb value given in the table.</li> </ul>	500 ms	
		Motor rated power	Constant magnetizing time	
		< 1 kW	≥ 50 to 100 ms	
		1 to 10 kW	≥ 100 to 200 ms	
		10 to 200 kW	≥ 200 to 1000 ms	
		200 to 1000 kW	≥ 1000 to 2000 ms	
		<b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be running.		
	0 10000 ms	Constant DC magnetizing time	).	1 = 1 ms
21.03	Stop mode	Selects the way the motor is stis received.  Additional braking is possible to parameter 97.05 Flux braking)  Note: This parameter has no emaster/follower configuration.	by selecting flux braking (see	Coast
	Coast	Stop by switching off the output. The motor coasts to a stop.  WARNING! If a mechan safe to stop the drive by	0	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Ramp	Stop along the active deceleration ramp. See parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp on page 220.	1
	Torque limit	Stop according to torque limits (parameters 30.19 and 30.20).	2
21.04	Emergency stop mode	Selects the way the motor is stopped when an emergency stop command is received.  The source of the emergency stop signal is selected by parameter 21.05 Emergency stop source.	Ramp stop (Off1); Coast stop (Off2) (95.20 b1); Eme ramp stop (Off3) (95.20 b2)
	Ramp stop (Off1)	<ul> <li>With the drive running:</li> <li>1 = Normal operation.</li> <li>0 = Normal stop along the standard deceleration ramp defined for the particular reference type (see section <i>Reference ramping</i> [page 42]). After the drive has stopped, it can be restarted by removing the emergency stop signal and switching the start signal from 0 to 1.</li> <li>With the drive stopped:</li> <li>1 = Starting allowed.</li> <li>0 = Starting not allowed.</li> </ul>	0
	Coast stop (Off2)	<ul> <li>With the drive running:</li> <li>1 = Normal operation.</li> <li>0 = Stop by coasting. The drive can be restarted by restoring the start interlock signal and switching the start signal from 0 to 1.</li> <li>With the drive stopped:</li> <li>1 = Starting allowed.</li> <li>0 = Starting not allowed.</li> </ul>	1
	Eme ramp stop (Off3)	<ul> <li>With the drive running:</li> <li>1 = Normal operation.</li> <li>0 = Stop by ramping along emergency stop ramp defined by parameter 23.23 Emergency stop time. After the drive has stopped, it can be restarted by removing the emergency stop signal and switching the start signal from 0 to 1.</li> <li>With the drive stopped:</li> <li>1 = Starting allowed.</li> <li>0 = Starting not allowed.</li> </ul>	2
21.05	Emergency stop source	Selects the source of the emergency stop signal. The stop mode is selected by parameter 21.04 Emergency stop mode.  0 = Emergency stop active 1 = Normal operation  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Inactive (true); DI4 (95.20 b1, 95.20 b2)
	Active (false)	0.	0
	Inactive (true)	1.	1
	DIIL	DIIL input (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 15).	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	11
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	12
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
21.06	Zero speed limit	Defines the zero speed limit. The motor is stopped along a speed ramp (when ramped stop is selected) until the defined zero speed limit is reached. After the zero speed delay, the motor coasts to a stop.  Note: If you use a value below the default, make sure the drive is able to stop.	30.00 rpm
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Zero speed limit.	See par. 46.01
21.07	Zero speed delay	Defines the delay for the zero speed delay function. The function is useful in applications where a smooth and quick restarting is essential. During the delay, the drive knows the rotor position accurately.  Without zero speed delay:  The drive receives a stop command and decelerates along a ramp. When actual motor speed falls below the value of parameter 21.06 Zero speed limit, inverter modulation is stopped and the motor coasts to a standstill.  Speed  Speed Controller switched off: Motor coasts to a stop.  With zero speed delay:  The drive receives a stop command and decelerates along a ramp. When actual motor speed falls below the value of parameter 21.06 Zero speed limit, the zero speed delay function activates. During the delay the function keeps the speed controller live: the inverter modulates, motor is magnetized and the drive is ready for a quick restart. Zero speed delay can be used e.g. with the jogging function.  Speed  Speed controller remains active. Motor is decelerated to true zero speed.  **Time**  Speed Controller remains active. Motor is decelerated to true zero speed.  **Time**  **Time**  Time**  Time**  **Time**  **T	0 ms
		,	
	0 30000 ms	Zero speed delay.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description	DeflFbEq16	
21.08	DC current control		<ul> <li>Activates/deactivates the DC hold and post-magnetization functions. See section <i>DC magnetization</i> (page <i>63</i>).</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>DC hold is only available with speed control in DTC motor control mode (see page <i>22</i>).</li> <li>DC magnetization causes the motor to heat up. In applications where long DC magnetization times are required, externally ventilated motors should be used. If the DC magnetization period is long, DC magnetization cannot prevent the motor shaft from rotating if a constant load is applied to the motor.</li> </ul>	0000b	
	Bit	Value			
	0	1 = Enable	DC hold. See section DC hold (page 63).		
			DC hold function has no effect if the start signal is switched off.		
	1	Note: Post-	post-magnetization. See section <i>Post-magnetization</i> (page 64)magnetization is only available when ramping is the selected sto 21.03 Stop mode).	p mode (see	
	215	Reserved			
	0000b	0011b	DC magnetization selection.	1 = 1	
21.09	DC hold	speed	Defines the DC hold speed. See parameter 21.08 DC current control, and section DC hold (page 63).	5.00 rpm	
	0.00 1 rpm	1000.00	DC hold speed.	See par. 46.01	
21.10	DC curre reference		Defines the DC hold current in percent of the motor nominal current. See parameter 21.08 DC current control, and section DC magnetization (page 63).	30.0%	
	0.0 10	00.0%	DC hold current.	1 = 1%	
21.11	Post mag time	gnetization	Defines the length of time for which post-magnetization is active after stopping the motor. The magnetization current is defined by parameter 21.10 DC current reference.  See parameter 21.08 DC current control.	0 s	
	03000	s	Post-magnetization time.	1 = 1 s	
21.12	Continuo magnetiz comman	zation	Activates/deactivates (or selects a source that activates/deactivates) continuous magnetization. See section <i>Continuous magnetization</i> (page <i>64</i> ).  The magnetization current is calculated on the basis of flux	Off	
			reference (see parameter group 97 Motor control).  Notes:  This function is only available in DTC motor control mode.  Continuous magnetization causes the motor to heat up. In applications where long magnetization times are required, externally ventilated motors should be used.  Continuous magnetization may not be able to prevent the		
			motor shaft from rotating during a long period if a constant load is applied to the motor.  0 = Normal operation		
			1 = Magnetization active  0.	0	
	Off			1.1.1	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
21.13	Autophasing mode	Selects the way autophasing is performed. See section <i>Autophasing</i> on page <i>59</i> . <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Turning
	Turning	This mode gives the most accurate autophasing result. This mode can be used, and is recommended, if the motor is allowed to rotate and the start-up is not time-critical.  Note: This mode will cause the motor to rotate. The load torque must be less than 5%.	0
	Standstill 1	Faster than the <i>Turning</i> mode, but not as accurate. The motor will not rotate.	1
	Standstill 2	An alternative standstill autophasing mode that can be used if the <i>Turning</i> mode cannot be used, and the <i>Standstill 1</i> mode gives erratic results. However, this mode is considerably slower than <i>Standstill 1</i> .	2
	Turning with Z- pulse	This mode should be used if the zero pulse signal of the pulse encoder is to be observed, and other modes do not give a result. The motor will turn until a zero pulse is detected.	3
21.14	Pre-heating input source	Selects the source of the motor pre-heat on/off command. See section <i>Pre-heating</i> (page <i>63</i> ). <b>Note:</b> The pre-heating function will not activate if  • the Safe torque off function is active,  • a fault is active,  • less than one minute has elapsed after stopping, or  • PID sleep function is active.  Pre-heating is deactivated when the drive is started, and overridden by pre-magnetization, post-magnetization or continuous magnetization.  0 = Pre-heating inactive  1 = Pre-heating active	Off
	Off	0. Pre-heating is always deactivated.	0
	On	Pre-heating is always activated when the drive is stopped (apart from conditions stated above).	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	Supervision 1	Supervision 1 active (32.01 Supervision status, bit 0).	8
	Supervision 2	Supervision 2 active (32.01 Supervision status, bit 1).	9
	Supervision 3	Supervision 3 active (32.01 Supervision status, bit 2).	10
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
21.16	Pre-heating current	Defines the motor pre-heating current that is fed into the motor when the source selected by 21.14 Pre-heating input source is on. The value is in percent of the nominal motor current.	0.0%
	0.0 30.0%	Pre-heating current.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
21.18	Auto restart time	The motor can be automatically started after a short supply power failure using the automatic restart function. See section Automatic restart (page 76).  When this parameter is set to 0.0 seconds, automatic restarting is disabled. Otherwise, the parameter defines the maximum duration of the power failure after which restarting is attempted. Note that this time also includes the DC precharging delay.  WARNING! The function restarts the drive automatically and continues operation after a supply break. Make sure that no dangerous situations can occur.	5.0 s
	0.0 s	Automatic restarting disabled.	0
	0.1 5.0 s	Maximum power failure duration.	1 = 1 s
21.19	Scalar start mode	<ul> <li>Selects the motor start function for the scalar motor control mode, ie. when 99.04 Motor control mode is set to Scalar.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>The start function for the DTC motor control mode is selected by parameter 21.01 Start mode.</li> <li>With permanent magnet motors, Automatic start mode must be used.</li> <li>See also section DC magnetization (page 63).</li> </ul>	Normal
	Normal	Immediate start from zero speed.	0
	Const time	The drive pre-magnetizes the motor before start. The pre-magnetizing time is defined by parameter 21.02  Magnetization time. This mode should be selected if constant pre-magnetizing time is required (e.g. if the motor start must be synchronized with the release of a mechanical brake). This setting also guarantees the highest possible break-away torque when the pre-magnetizing time is set long enough.  Note: This mode cannot be used to start into a rotating motor.  WARNING! The drive will start after the set magnetizing time has passed even if motor magnetizing time has passed even if motor afull break-away torque is essential, ensure that the constant magnetizing time is long enough to allow generation of full magnetization and torque.	1
	Automatic	<ul> <li>This setting should be used</li> <li>in applications where flying starts (ie. starting into a rotating motor) are required, and</li> <li>with permanent magnet motors.</li> </ul>	2
21.20	Follower force ramp stop	In a torque-controlled follower drive, forces (or selects a source that forces) the drive to switch to speed control upon a ramp stop (Off1 or Off3) command. This is required for an independent ramp stop of the follower.  See also section <i>Master/follower functionality</i> (page 31).  1 = Ramp stop forces speed control	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DIIL	DIIL input (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 15).	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	11
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	12
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
22 Speed reference selection	Speed reference selection; motor potentiometer settings. See the control chain diagrams on pages 582584.	
22.01 Speed ref unlimited	Displays the output of the speed reference selection block. See the control chain diagram on page <i>583</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Value of the selected speed reference.	See par. 46.01
22.11 Speed ref1 source  0 — AI — FB — (	Selects speed reference source 1.  Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 22.12 Speed ref2 source. A digital source selected by 22.14 Speed ref1/2 selection can be used to switch between the two sources, or a mathematical function (22.13 Speed ref1 function) applied to the two signals to create the reference.	Al1 scaled
Other — 2  0 — Al — FB — ( Other — (	SUB 0 0	2.83
Zero	None.	0
Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 122).	4
FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 122).	5
EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 122).	8
EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 122).	9
DDCS ctrl ref1	03.11 DDCS controller ref 1 (see page 122).	10
DDCS ctrl ref2	03.12 DDCS controller ref 2 (see page 122).	11
M/F reference 1	03.13 M/F or D2D ref1 (see page 122).	12
M/F reference 2	03.14 M/F or D2D ref2 (see page 122).	13
Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference, with initial value from last-used panel reference. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference, with initial value from previous source or actual value. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	19
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
22.12	Speed ref2 source	Selects speed reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 22.11 Speed ref1 source.	Zero
22.13	Speed ref1 function	Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 22.11 Speed ref1 source and 22.12 Speed ref2 source. See diagram at 22.11 Speed ref1 source.	Ref1
	Ref1	Signal selected by 22.11 Speed ref1 source is used as speed reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0
	Add (ref1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	1
	Sub (ref1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([22.11 Speed ref1 source] - [22.12 Speed ref2 source]) of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	2
	Mul (ref1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	3
	Min (ref1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	4
	Max (ref1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as speed reference 1.	5
22.14	Speed ref1/2 selection	Configures the selection between speed references 1 and 2. See diagram at 22.11 Speed ref1 source. 0 = Speed reference 1 1 = Speed reference 2	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection
	Speed reference 1	0.	0
	Speed reference 2	1.	1
	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	Speed reference 1 is used when external control location EXT1 is active. Speed reference 2 is used when external control location EXT2 is active.  See also parameter 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	11
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	12
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-

No.	Name/V	alue	Des	scription	DeflFbEq16		
22.15	Speed a source	dditive 1	refe For <b>Not</b>	fines a reference to be added to the speed reference after erence selection (see page 582). The selections, see parameter 22.11 Speed ref1 source.  te: For safety reasons, the additive is not applied when any the stop functions are active.	Zero		
22.16	Speed s	hare	(spe	fines a scaling factor for the selected speed reference eed reference 1 or 2, multiplied by the defined value). eed reference 1 or 2 is selected by parameter 22.14 Speed 1/2 selection.	1.000		
	-8.000	.8.000	Spe	eed reference scaling factor.	1000 = 1		
22.17	source the F		the For <b>Not</b>	fines a reference to be added to the speed reference after speed share function (see page 582). It the selections, see parameter 22.11 Speed ref1 source. Ite: For safety reasons, the additive is not applied when any the stop functions are active.	Zero		
22.21	Constant speed function		the	Determines how constant speeds are selected, and whether the rotation direction signal is considered or not when applying a constant speed.			
	Bit	Name		Information			
	0 Constant s		eed	eed 1 = Packed: 7 constant speeds are selectable using the three source defined by parameters 22.22, 22.23 and 22.24.			
				0 = Separate: Constant speeds 1, 2 and 3 are separately a the sources defined by parameters 22.22, 22.23 and 22.24 In case of conflict, the constant speed with the smaller numpriority.	respectively.		
	1 Direction enable			1 = Start dir: To determine running direction for a constant sign of the constant speed setting (parameters 22.2622 multiplied by the direction signal (forward: +1, reverse: -1). effectively allows the drive to have 14 (7 forward, 7 reverse speeds if all values in 22.2622.32 are positive.  WARNING: If the direction signal is reverse and the constant speed is negative, the drive will run in the direction.  0 = Accord Par: The running direction for the constant speed determined by the sign of the constant speed setting (parameters)	32) is This e) constant e active forward ed is		
				judicininida by the sign of the constant speca setting (para			
				22.2622.32).			
	215	Reserved					

No.	Name/Value		Description				DeflFbEq16
22.22 Constant speed sel1			When bit 0 of parameter 22.21 Constant speed function is 0 (Separate), selects a source that activates constant speed 1. When bit 0 of parameter 22.21 Constant speed function is 1 (Packed), this parameter and parameters 22.23 Constant speed sel2 and 22.24 Constant speed sel3 select three sources whose states activate constant speeds as follows:				DI5
		Source def by par. 22		Source defined by par. 22.23	Source defined by par. 22.24	Constant speed ac	tive
		0		0	0	None	
		1		0	0	Constant speed	1
		0		1	0	Constant speed	
		1		1	0	Constant speed	
		0		0	1	Constant speed	
		1		0	1	Constant speed	
		0		1	1	Constant speed Constant speed	
		ı			ı	Constant speed	1
	Not sele	ected	0 (al	ways off).			0
	Selecte	d	1 (al	ways on).			1
	DI1		Digit	al input DI1 ( <i>10.0)</i>	2 DI delayed statu	s, bit 0).	2
	DI2 DI3		Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).				3
			Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).				4
	DI4		Digit	al input DI4 ( <i>10.0)</i>	2 DI delayed statu	s, bit 3).	5
	DI5		Digit	al input DI5 ( <u>10.0</u> 2	2 DI delayed statu	s, bit 4).	6
	DI6		Digit	al input DI6 ( <u>10.0</u> 2	2 DI delayed statu	s, bit 5).	7
	DIO1		Digit	al input/output DI0	O1 (11.02 DIO dela	ayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2		Digit	al input/output DI0	O2 (11.02 DIO dela	ayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).			-	
22.23	Constant speed sel2		When bit 0 of parameter 22.21 Constant speed function is 0 (Separate), selects a source that activates constant speed 2. When bit 0 of parameter 22.21 Constant speed function is 1 (Packed), this parameter and parameters 22.22 Constant speed sel1 and 22.24 Constant speed sel3 select three sources that are used to activate constant speeds. See table at parameter 22.22 Constant speed sel1. For the selections, see parameter 22.22 Constant speed sel1.				Not selected
22.24	Constant speed sel3		When bit 0 of parameter 22.21 Constant speed function is 0 (Separate), selects a source that activates constant speed 3. When bit 0 of parameter 22.21 Constant speed function is 1 (Packed), this parameter and parameters 22.22 Constant speed sel1 and 22.23 Constant speed sel2 select three sources that are used to activate constant speeds. See table at parameter 22.22 Constant speed sel1. For the selections, see parameter 22.22 Constant speed sel1.				Not selected
22.26	Constar	nt speed 1		nes constant spee tant speed 1 is se		motor will turn when	300.00 rpm
	-30000. 30000.0		Cons	stant speed 1.			See par. 46.01

Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
Constant speed 2	Defines constant speed 2.	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 2.	See par. 46.01
Constant speed 3	Defines constant speed 3.	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 3.	See par. 46.01
Constant speed 4	Defines constant speed 4.	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 4.	See par. 46.01
Constant speed 5	Defines constant speed 5.	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 5.	See par. 46.01
Constant speed 6	Defines constant speed 6.	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 6.	See par. 46.01
Constant speed 7	Defines constant speed 7.	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Constant speed 7.	See par. 46.01
Speed ref safe	Defines a safe speed reference value that is used with supervision functions such as  • 12.03 AI supervision function  • 49.05 Communication loss action  • 50.02 FBA A comm loss func  • 50.32 FBA B comm loss func  • 58.14 Communication loss action.	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Safe speed reference.	See par. 46.01
Jogging 1 ref	Defines the speed reference for jogging function 1. For more information on jogging, see page <i>55</i> .	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference for jogging function 1.	See par. 46.01
Jogging 2 ref	Defines the speed reference for jogging function 2. For more information on jogging, see page <i>55</i> .	0.00 rpm
-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference for jogging function 2.	See par. 46.01
	Constant speed 2  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 3  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 4  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 5  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 6  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 7  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Speed ref safe  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Jogging 1 ref  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Jogging 2 ref	Constant speed 2  -3000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 3  -30000.00 30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 4  -30000.00 30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 5  -30000.00 30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 6  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 6  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 7  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 7  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 7  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Speed ref safe  Defines constant speed 6.  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Constant speed 7  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Speed ref safe  Defines a safe speed reference value that is used with supervision functions such as  • 12.03 AI supervision function • 49.05 Communication loss action • 50.02 FBA A comm loss func • 50.32 FBA B comm loss func • 50.32 FBA B comm loss func • 50.02 FBA B comm loss func • 58.14 Communication loss action.  -30000.00 30000.00 rpm  Jogging 1 ref  Defines the speed reference for jogging function 1. For more information on jogging, see page 55.  -30000.00 Speed reference for jogging function 2. For more information on jogging, see page 55.  -30000.00 Speed reference for jogging function 2.

No.	Name/V	/alue	Description	DeflFbEq16
22.51	Critical speed function		Enables/disables the critical speeds function. Also determines whether the specified ranges are effective in both rotating directions or not.  See also section <i>Critical speeds/frequencies</i> (page <i>43</i> ).	0000b
	Bit	Name	Information	
	0	Enable	1 = Enable: Critical speeds enabled.	
			0 = Disable: Critical speeds disabled.	
	1	Sign mode	1 = Signed: The signs of parameters 22.5222.57 are take account.	
			0 = Absolute: Parameters 22.5222.57 are handled as abs Each range is effective in both directions of rotation.	olute values.
	215	Reserved		
	0000b	.0011b	Critical speeds configuration word.	1 = 1
22.52	Critical speed 1 low		Defines the low limit for critical speed range 1. <b>Note:</b> This value must be less than or equal to the value of 22.53 Critical speed 1 high.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0 30000.0		Low limit for critical speed 1.	See par. 46.01
22.53	Critical : high	speed 1	Defines the high limit for critical speed range 1. <b>Note:</b> This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 22.52 Critical speed 1 low.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0 30000.0		High limit for critical speed 1.	See par. 46.01
22.54	Critical	speed 2 low	Defines the low limit for critical speed range 2. <b>Note:</b> This value must be less than or equal to the value of 22.55 Critical speed 2 high.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0 30000.0		Low limit for critical speed 2.	See par. 46.01
22.55	Critical a	speed 2	Defines the high limit for critical speed range 2.  Note: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 22.54 Critical speed 2 low.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0 30000.0		High limit for critical speed 2.	See par. 46.01
22.56	Critical	speed 3 low	Defines the low limit for critical speed range 3.  Note: This value must be less than or equal to the value of 22.57 Critical speed 3 high.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0		Low limit for critical speed 3.	See par. 46.01
22.57	Critical a	speed 3	Defines the high limit for critical speed range 3. <b>Note:</b> This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 22.56 Critical speed 3 low.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.0 30000.0		High limit for critical speed 3.	See par. 46.01
22.71	Motor potention function		Activates and selects the mode of the motor potentiometer. See section <i>Motor potentiometer</i> (page 69).	Disabled
	Disable	4	Motor potentiometer is disabled and its value set to 0.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Enabled (init at stop/power-up)	When enabled, the motor potentiometer first adopts the value defined by parameter 22.72 Motor potentiometer initial value. When the drive is running, the value can be adjusted from the up and down sources defined by parameters 22.73 Motor potentiometer up source and 22.74 Motor potentiometer down source.  A stop or a power cycle will reset the motor potentiometer to the initial value (22.72).	1
	Enabled (resume always)	As Enabled (init at stop/power-up), but the motor potentiometer value is retained over a stop or a power cycle.	2
22.72	Motor potentiometer initial value	Defines an initial value (starting point) for the motor potentiometer. See the selections of parameter 22.71 Motor potentiometer function.	0.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Initial value for motor potentiometer.	1 = 1
22.73	Motor potentiometer up source	Selects the source of motor potentiometer up signal.  0 = No change  1 = Increase motor potentiometer value. (If both the up and down sources are on, the potentiometer value will not change.)	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
22.74	Motor potentiometer down source	Selects the source of motor potentiometer down signal.  0 = No change  1 = Decrease motor potentiometer value. (If both the up and down sources are on, the potentiometer value will not change.)  For the selections, see parameter 22.73 Motor potentiometer up source.	Not selected
22.75	Motor potentiometer ramp time	Defines the change rate of the motor potentiometer. This parameter specifies the time required for the motor potentiometer to change from minimum (22.76) to maximum (22.77). The same change rate applies in both directions.	60.0 s
	0.0 3600.0 s	Motor potentiometer change time.	10 = 1 s
22.76	Motor potentiometer min value	Defines the minimum value of the motor potentiometer.	-1500.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Motor potentiometer minimum.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
22.77	Motor potentiometer max value	Defines the maximum value of the motor potentiometer.	1500.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Motor potentiometer maximum.	1 = 1
22.80	Motor potentiometer ref act	Displays the output of the motor potentiometer function. (The motor potentiometer is configured using parameters 22.7122.74.) This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00	Value of motor potentiometer.	1 = 1
22.81	Speed reference act 1	Displays the value of speed reference source 1 (selected by parameter 22.11 Speed ref1 source). See the control chain diagram on page 582.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Value of reference source 1.	See par. 46.01
22.82	Speed reference act 2	Displays the value of speed reference source 2 (selected by parameter 22.12 Speed ref2 source). See the control chain diagram on page 582. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Value of reference source 2.	See par. 46.01
22.83	Speed reference act 3	Displays the value of speed reference after the mathematical function applied by parameter 22.13 Speed ref1 function and reference 1/2 selection (22.14 Speed ref1/2 selection). See the control chain diagram on page 582. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference after source selection.	See par. 46.01
22.84	Speed reference act 4	Displays the value of speed reference after application of 1st speed additive (22.15 Speed additive 1 source). See the control chain diagram on page 582. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference after additive 1.	See par. 46.01
22.85	Speed reference act 5	Displays the value of speed reference after the application of the speed share scaling factor (22.16 Speed share). See the control chain diagram on page 582.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference after speed share scaling.	See par. 46.01
22.86	Speed reference act 6	Displays the value of speed reference after application of 2nd speed additive (22.17 Speed additive 2 source). See the control chain diagram on page 582.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference after additive 2.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
22.87	Speed reference act 7	Displays the value of speed reference before application of critical speeds. See the control chain diagram on page 583. The value is received from 22.86 Speed reference act 6 unless overridden by  • any constant speed • a jogging reference • network control reference • control panel reference • safe speed reference. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference before application of critical speeds.	See par. 46.01
23 Speramp	eed reference	Speed reference ramp settings (programming of the acceleration and deceleration rates for the drive).  See the control chain diagram on page 584.	
23.01	Speed ref ramp input	Displays the used speed reference (in rpm) before it enters the ramping and shaping functions. See the control chain diagram on page <i>584</i> .  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference before ramping and shaping.	See par. 46.01
23.02	Speed ref ramp output	Displays the ramped and shaped speed reference in rpm. See the control chain diagram on page 584. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference after ramping and shaping.	See par. 46.01
23.11	Ramp set selection	Selects the source that switches between the two sets of acceleration/deceleration ramp times defined by parameters 23.1223.15.  0 = Acceleration time 1 and deceleration time 1 are active 1 = Acceleration time 2 and deceleration time 2 are active	DI4; Acc/Dec time 2 (95.20 b1)
	Acc/Dec time 1	0.	0
	Acc/Dec time 2	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
23.12	Acceleration time 1	Defines acceleration time 1 as the time required for the speed to change from zero to the speed defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling (not to parameter 30.12 Maximum speed). If the speed reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor speed will follow the acceleration rate. If the speed reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor speed will follow the reference. If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.	20.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Acceleration time 1.	10 = 1 s
23.13	Deceleration time 1	Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the speed to change from the speed defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling (not from parameter 30.12 Maximum speed) to zero. If the speed reference decreases slower than the set deceleration rate, the motor speed will follow the reference. If the reference changes faster than the set deceleration rate, the motor speed will follow the deceleration rate. If the deceleration rate is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the deceleration in order not to exceed drive torque limits (or not to exceed a safe DC link voltage). If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control is on (parameter 30.30 Overvoltage control).  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.	20.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Deceleration time 1.	10 = 1 s
23.14	Acceleration time 2	Defines acceleration time 2. See parameter 23.12 Acceleration time 1.	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Acceleration time 2.	10 = 1 s
23.15	Deceleration time 2	Defines deceleration time 2. See parameter 23.13  Deceleration time 1.	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Deceleration time 2.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
23.16	Shape time acc 1	Defines the shape of the acceleration ramp at the beginning of the acceleration.  0.000 s: Linear ramp. Suitable for steady acceleration or deceleration and for slow ramps.  0.0011000.000 s: S-curve ramp. S-curve ramps are ideal for lifting applications. The S-curve consists of symmetrical curves at both ends of the ramp and a linear part in between.  Note: For safety reasons, shape times are not applied to emergency stop ramps.  Acceleration:  Linear ramp:  23.17 = 0 s  S-curve ramp:  23.17 > 0 s  S-curve ramp:  23.16 > 0 s	0.000 s
		Time  Deceleration:	
		S-curve ramp: 23.18 > 0 s  Linear ramp: 23.19 > 0 s  Linear ramp: 23.19 = 0 s  Time	
22 47	0.0001800.000 s	Ramp shape at start of acceleration.	10 = 1 s
23.17	Shape time acc 2	Defines the shape of the acceleration ramp at the end of the acceleration. See parameter 23.16 Shape time acc 1.	0.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Ramp shape at end of acceleration.	10 = 1 s
23.18	Shape time dec 1	Defines the shape of the deceleration ramp at the beginning of the deceleration. See parameter 23.16 Shape time acc 1.	0.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Ramp shape at start of deceleration.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
23.19	Shape time dec 2	Defines the shape of the deceleration ramp at the end of the deceleration. See parameter 23.16 Shape time acc 1.	0.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Ramp shape at end of deceleration.	10 = 1 s
23.20	Acc time jogging	Defines the acceleration time for the jogging function i.e. the time required for the speed to change from zero to the speed value defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.  See section Jogging (page 55).	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Acceleration time for jogging.	10 = 1 s
23.21	Dec time jogging	Defines the deceleration time for the jogging function i.e. the time required for the speed to change from the speed value defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling to zero. See section Jogging (page 55).	60.000 s
	0.0001800.000 s	Deceleration time for jogging.	10 = 1 s
23.23	Emergency stop time  0.0001800.000 s	In speed control mode, this parameter defines the deceleration rate for emergency stop Off3 as the time it would take for the speed to decrease from the value of parameter 46.01 Speed scaling to zero. This also applies to torque control because the drive switches to speed control on receiving an emergency stop Off3 command. In frequency control mode, this parameter specifies the time it would take for the frequency to decrease from the value of 46.02 Frequency scaling to zero.  The emergency stop mode and activation source are selected by parameters 21.04 Emergency stop mode and 21.05 Emergency stop source respectively. Emergency stop can also be activated through fieldbus.  Note: Emergency stop Off1 uses the standard deceleration ramp as defined by parameters 23.1123.19 (speed and torque control) or 28.7128.75 (frequency control).	3.000 s
		Emergency stop Off3 deceleration time.	
23.24	Speed ramp in zero source	Selects a source that forces the speed reference to zero just before it enters the ramp function.  0 = Force speed reference to zero before the ramp function  1 = Speed reference continues towards the ramp function as normal	Inactive
	Active	0.	0
	Inactive	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
23.26	Ramp out balancing enable	Selects the source for enabling/disabling speed reference ramp balancing.  This function is used to generate a smooth transfer from a torque- or tension-controlled motor back to being speed-controlled. The balancing output would be tracking the present "line" speed of the application and when transfer is required, the speed reference can then be quickly "seeded" to the correct line speed. Balancing is also possible in the speed controller, see parameter 25.09 Speed ctrl balancing enable.  See also parameter 23.27 Ramp out balancing ref.  0 = Disabled  1 = Enabled	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
23.27	Ramp out balancing ref	Defines the reference for speed ramp balancing. The output of the ramp generator is forced to this value when balancing is enabled by parameter 23.26 Ramp out balancing enable.	0.00 rpm
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed ramp balancing reference.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
23.28	Variable slope enable	Activates the variable slope function, which controls the slope of the speed ramp during a speed reference change. This allows for a constantly variable ramp rate to be generated, instead of just the standard two ramps normally available. If the update interval of the signal from an external control system and the variable slope rate (23.29 Variable slope rate) are equal, the resulting speed reference (23.02 Speed ref ramp output) is a straight line.  Speed reference  Speed reference  Time  t = update interval of signal from external control system A = speed reference change during t  This function is only active in remote control.	Off
	Off	Variable slope disabled.	0
	On	Variable slope enabled (not available in local control).	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	_
23.29	Variable slope rate	Defines the rate of the speed reference change when variable slope is enabled by parameter 23.28 Variable slope enable. For the best result, enter the reference update interval into this parameter.	50 ms
	230000 ms	Variable slope rate.	1 = 1 ms
23.39	Follower speed correction out	Displays the speed correction term for the load share function with a speed-controlled follower drive.  See section Load share function with a speed-controlled follower (page 32).  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed correction term.	See par. 46.01
23.40	Follower speed correction enable	With a speed-controlled follower, selects the source for enabling/disabling the load share function.  See section Load share function with a speed-controlled follower (page 32).  0 = Disabled  1 = Enabled	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
23.41	Follower speed correction gain	Adjusts the gain of the speed correction term in a speed-controlled follower. In effect, defines how accurately the follower follows the master torque. A greater value results in a more accurate performance.  See section Load share function with a speed-controlled follower (page 32).	1.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Speed correction term adjustment.	1 = 1%
23.42	Follower speed corr torq source	Selects the source of the torque reference for the load share function. See section <i>Load share function with a speed-controlled follower</i> (page 32).	MF ref 2
	NULL	None.	0
	MF ref 2	03.14 M/F or D2D ref2 (page 122).	1
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

	eed reference tioning	Speed error calculation; speed error window control configuration; speed error step.  See the control chain diagrams on pages 587 and 588.	
24.01	Used speed reference	Displays the ramped and corrected speed reference (before speed error calculation). See the control chain diagram on page 587.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed reference used for speed error calculation.	See par. 46.01
24.02	Used speed feedback	Displays the speed feedback used for speed error calculation. See the control chain diagram on page 587. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed feedback used for speed error calculation.	See par. 46.01
24.03	Speed error filtered	Displays the filtered speed error. See the control chain diagram on page 587. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0 rpm	Filtered speed error.	See par. 46.01
24.04	Speed error inverted	Displays the inverted (unfiltered) speed error. See the control chain diagram on page 587. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0 rpm	Inverted speed error.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
24.11	Speed correction	Defines a speed reference correction, ie. a value added to the existing reference between ramping and limitation. This is useful to trim the speed if necessary, for example to adjust draw between sections of a paper machine.  Note: For safety reasons, the correction is not applied when an emergency stop is active.  WARNING! If the speed reference correction exceeds 21.06 Zero speed limit, a ramp stop may be impossible. Make sure the correction is reduced or removed when a ramp stop is required.  See the control chain diagram on page 587.	0.00 rpm
	-10000.00 10000.00 rpm	Speed reference correction.	See par. 46.01
24.12	Speed error filter time	Defines the time constant of the speed error low-pass filter. If the used speed reference changes rapidly, the possible interferences in the speed measurement can be filtered with the speed error filter. Reducing the ripple with this filter may cause speed controller tuning problems. A long filter time constant and fast acceleration time contradict one another. A very long filter time results in unstable control.	0 ms
	010000 ms	Speed error filtering time constant. 0 = filtering disabled.	1 = 1 ms
24.13	RFE speed filter	Enables/disables resonance frequency filtering. The filtering is configured by parameters 24.1324.17.  The speed error value coming to the speed controller is filtered by a common 2nd order band-elimination filter to eliminate the amplification of mechanical resonance frequencies.  Note: Tuning the resonance frequency filter requires a basic understanding of frequency filters. Incorrect tuning can amplify mechanical oscillations and damage the drive hardware. To ensure the stability of the speed controller, stop the drive or disable the filtering before changing the parameter settings.  0 = Resonance frequency filtering disabled.  1 = Resonance frequency filtering enabled.	Off
	Off	0.	0
	On	1.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
24.14	Frequency of zero	Defines the zero frequency of the resonance frequency filter. The value must be set near the resonance frequency, which is filtered out before the speed controller. The drawing shows the frequency response.	45.00 Hz
		20log <sub>10</sub>   <i>H</i> (ω)	
		0	
		-20 -	
		-40 - -60 0 50 100 150	
		f (Hz)	
	0.50 500.00 Hz	Zero frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
24.15	Damping of zero	Defines the damping coefficient for parameter <i>24.14</i> . The value of 0 corresponds to the maximum elimination of the resonance frequency.	0.000
		20log <sub>10</sub>   <i>H</i> (ω)	
		$f_{zero} = 45 \text{ Hz}$ $\xi_{zero} = 0.250$ $\xi_{pole} = 1$	
		$f_{zero} = 45 \text{ Hz}$ $\xi_{zero} = 0$	
		-40 - \$pole = 1	
		-60 <del>                                    </del>	
		f (Hz)	
		<b>Note:</b> To ensure that the resonance frequency band is filtered (rather than amplified), the value of 24.15 must be smaller than 24.17.	
	-1.000 1.000	Damping coefficient.	100 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
24.16	Frequency of pole	Defines the frequency of pole of the resonance frequency filter.	40.00 Hz
		$20\log_{10} H(\omega) $	
		$f_{zero} = 45 \text{ Hz}$ $f_{pole} = 50 \text{ Hz}$ $f_{pole} = 0.250$ $f_{zero} = 45 \text{ Hz}$ $f_{pole} = 0.250$ $f_{zero} = 45 \text{ Hz}$ $f_{pole} = 0.250$	
	0.50 500.00 Hz	can damage the driven machine.  Frequency of pole.	1 = 1 Hz
24.17	Damping of pole	Defines the damping coefficient for parameter $24.16$ . The coefficient shapes the frequency response of the resonance frequency filter. A narrower bandwidth results in better dynamic properties. By setting this parameter to 1, the effect of the pole is eliminated. $20\log_{10} H(\omega) $ $40$ $20$ $f_{zero} = 45 \text{ Hz}$ $f_{pole} = 40 \text{ Hz}$ $\xi_{zero} = 0$ $\xi_{pole} = 0.050$ $f_{pole} = 40 \text{ Hz}$ $\xi_{zero} = 0$ $\xi_{pole} = 0.250$ $f_{pole} = 0.250$	0.250
		f (Hz) <b>Note:</b> To ensure that the resonance frequency band is filtered (rather than amplified), the value of $24.15$ must be smaller	
	1,000 1,000	than 24.17.	100 - 4
	-1.000 1.000	Damping coefficient.	100 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
24.41	Speed error window control enable	Enables/disables (or selects a source that enables/disables) speed error window control, sometimes also referred to as deadband control or strip break protection. It forms a speed supervision function for a torque-controlled drive, preventing the motor from running away if the material that is being held under tension breaks.  Note: Speed error window control is only effective when the Add operating mode is active (see parameters 19.12 and 19.14), or when the drive is a speed-controlled follower (see page 32).  In normal operation, window control keeps the speed controller input at zero so the drive stays in torque control. If the motor load is lost, then the motor speed will rise as the torque controller tries to maintain torque. The speed error (speed reference - actual speed) will increase until it exits the speed error window. When this is detected, the exceeding part of the error value is connected to the speed controller. The speed controller produces a reference term relative to the input and gain (25.02 Speed proportional gain) which the torque selector adds to the torque reference. The result is used as the internal torque reference for the drive.  The activation of speed error window control is indicated by bit 3 of 06.19 Speed control status word.  The window boundaries are defined by 24.43 Speed error window high and 24.44 Speed error window low as follows:	Disable
		Speed (rpm)	
		Speed error window  Reference + [24.44] rpm  Reference  Reference - [24.43] rpm  Forward  0 rpm	
		Reverse	
		Speed error Window  Reference + [24.43] rpm  Reference  Reference - [24.44] rpm	
		Note that it is parameter 24.44 (rather than 24.43) that defines the overspeed limit in both directions of rotation. This is because the function monitors speed error (which is negative in case of overspeed, positive in case of underspeed).  WARNING! In a speed-controlled follower, the speed error window must not exceed 21.06 Zero speed limit for a reliable ramp stop. Make sure both 24.43 and 24.44 are smaller than 21.06 (or speed error window control disabled) when a ramp stop is required.  0 = Speed error window control disabled 1 = Speed error window control enabled	
	Disable	0.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Enable	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
24.42	Speed window control mode	When speed error window control (see parameter 24.41 Speed error window control enable) is enabled, this parameter determines whether the speed controller only observes the proportional term instead of all three (P, I and D) terms.	Normal speed control
	Normal speed control	All three terms (parameters 25.02, 25.03 and 25.04) are observed by the speed controller.	0
	P-control	Only the proportional term (25.02) is observed by the speed controller. The integral and derivative terms are internally forced to zero.	1
24.43	Speed error window high	Defines the upper boundary of the speed error window. See parameter 24.41 Speed error window control enable.	0.00 rpm
	0.00 3000.00 rpm	Upper boundary of speed error window.	See par. 46.01
24.44	Speed error window low	Defines the lower boundary of the speed error window. See parameter 24.41 Speed error window control enable.	0.00 rpm
	0.00 3000.00 rpm	Lower boundary of speed error window.	See par. 46.01
24.46	Speed error step	Defines an additional speed error step given to the input of the speed controller (and added to the speed error value). This can be used in large drive systems for dynamic speed normalizing.  WARNING! Make sure the error step value is removed when a stop command is given.	0.00 rpm
	-3000.00 3000.00 rpm	Speed error step.	See par. 46.01
25 Cm	ood control	Speed controller settings	

25 Speed control		Speed controller settings. See the control chain diagrams on pages 587 and 588.	
25.01	Torque reference speed control	Displays the speed controller output that is transferred to the torque controller. See the control chain diagram on page 588. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Limited speed controller output torque.	See par. 46.03

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.02	Speed proportional gain	Defines the proportional gain $(K_p)$ of the speed controller. Too high a gain may cause speed oscillation. The figure below shows the speed controller output after an error step when the error remains constant.	10.00; 5.00 (95.21 b1/b2)
	9	Gain = $K_p = 1$ $T_1 = \text{Integration time} = 0$ $T_D = \text{Derivation time} = 0$	
	Controller output = K <sub>p</sub> × e	Controller output  e = I	Error value ne
		If gain is set to 1.00, a 10% error (reference - actual value) in the motor synchronous speed produces a proportional term of 10%.  Note: This parameter is automatically set by the speed controller autotune function. See section Speed controller autotune (page 44).	
	0.00250.00	Proportional gain for speed controller.	100 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.03	Speed integration time	Defines the integration time of the speed controller. The integration time defines the rate at which the controller output changes when the error value is constant and the proportional gain of the speed controller is 1. The shorter the integration time, the faster the continuous error value is corrected.  Setting the integration time to zero disables the I-part of the controller. This is useful to do when tuning the proportional gain; adjust the proportional gain first, then return the integration time.  The integrator has anti-windup control for operation at a torque or current limit.  The figure below shows the speed controller output after an error step when the error remains constant.	2.50 s; 5.00 s (95.21 b1/b2)
	% K <sub>p</sub> × e {	Controller output  Gain = $K_p = 1$ $T_l = Integration time > 0$ $T_D = Derivation time = 0$	
	K <sub>p</sub> ×e	e = Error value  Time	
		Note: This parameter is automatically set by the speed controller autotune function. See section Speed controller autotune (page 44).	
	0.00 1000.00 s	Integration time for speed controller.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.04	Speed derivation time	Defines the derivation time of the speed controller. Derivative action boosts the controller output if the error value changes. The longer the derivation time, the more the speed controller output is boosted during the change. If the derivation time is set to zero, the controller works as a PI controller, otherwise as a PID controller. The derivation makes the control more responsive for disturbances. For simple applications (especially those without an encoder), derivative time is not normally required and should be left at zero. The figure below shows the speed controller output after an error step when the error remains constant. The speed error derivative must be filtered with a low pass filter to eliminate external disturbances.	0.000 s
	$K_p \times T_D \times \frac{\Delta e}{T_s} \begin{cases} \dots \\ K_p \end{cases}$	Controller output  Error value  e = Error v  Time	ralue
	$egin{array}{c} T_{I} \ T_{D} \ T_{S} \end{array}$	ain = K <sub>p</sub> = 1 = Integration time > 0 <sub>p</sub> = Derivation time > 0 = Sample time period = 500 μs = Error value change between two samples	
	0.000 10.000 s	Derivation time for speed controller.	1000 = 1 s
25.05	Derivation filter time	Defines the derivation filter time constant. See parameter 25.04 Speed derivation time.	8 ms
	010000 ms	Derivation filter time constant.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.06	Acc comp derivation time	Defines the derivation time for acceleration(/deceleration) compensation. In order to compensate for a high inertia load during acceleration, a derivative of the reference is added to the output of the speed controller. The principle of a derivative action is described under parameter 25.04 Speed derivation time.  Note: As a general rule, set this parameter to the value between 50 and 100% of the sum of the mechanical time constants of the motor and the driven machine.  The figure below shows the speed responses when a high inertia load is accelerated along a ramp.  No acceleration compensation:	0.00 s
		Speed reference - Actual speed	
		Acceleration compensation:	
		% — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
		—— Actual speed	
		Time	
	0.00 1000.00 s	Acceleration compensation derivation time.	10 = 1 s
25.07	Acc comp filter time	Defines the acceleration (or deceleration) compensation filter time constant. See parameters 25.04 Speed derivation time and 25.06 Acc comp derivation time.	8.0 ms
	0.0 1000.0 ms	Acceleration/deceleration compensation filter time.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.08	Drooping rate	Defines the droop rate in percent of the nominal motor speed. Drooping decreases the drive speed slightly as the drive load increases. The actual speed decrease at a certain operating point depends on the droop rate setting and the drive load (= torque reference / speed controller output). At 100% speed controller output, drooping is at its nominal level, i.e. equal to the value of this parameter. The drooping effect decreases linearly to zero along with the decreasing load.  The droop rate can be used e.g. to adjust the load sharing in a Master/Follower application run by several drives. In a Master/Follower application the motor shafts are coupled to each other.  The correct droop rate for a process must be found out case by case in practice.	0.00%
	Example: Speed of 1500 rpm.	= Speed controller output × Drooping × Nominal speed controller output is 50%, droop rate is 1%, nominal speed of the d : 0.50 × 0.01 × 1500 rpm = 7.5 rpm.	rive is
	Motor speed in % of nominal		
	100%	No drooping	
		Drooping  Speed controller output / %  100%  Drooping rate	pad
	0.00 100.00%	Droop rate.	100 = 1%
25.09	Speed ctrl balancing enable	Selects the source for enabling/disabling speed controller output balancing.  This function is used to generate a smooth, "bumpless" transfer from a torque- or tension-controlled motor back to being speed-controlled. When balancing is enabled, the output of the speed controller is forced to the value of 25.10 Speed ctrl balancing ref.  Balancing is also possible in the ramp generator (see parameter 23.26 Ramp out balancing enable).  0 = Disabled  1 = Enabled	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	1
	Selected	1.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
25.10	Speed ctrl balancing ref	Defines the reference used in speed controller output balancing. The output of the speed controller is forced to this value when balancing is enabled by parameter 25.09 Speed ctrl balancing enable.	0.0%
	-300.0 300.0%	Speed control output balancing reference.	See par. 46.03
25.11	Speed control min torque	Defines the minimum speed controller output torque.	-300.0%
	-1600.0 0.0%	Minimum speed controller output torque.	See par. 46.03
25.12	Speed control max torque	Defines the maximum speed controller output torque.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum speed controller output torque.	See par. 46.03
25.13	Min torq sp ctrl em stop	Defines the minimum speed controller output torque during a ramped emergency stop (Off1 or Off3).	-400.0%
	-1600.0 0.0%	Minimum speed controller output torque for ramped emergency stop.	See par. 46.03
25.14	Max torq sp ctrl em stop	Defines the maximum speed controller output torque during a ramped emergency stop (Off1 or Off3).	400.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum speed controller output torque for ramped emergency stop.	See par. 46.03
25.15	Proportional gain em stop	Defines the proportional gain for the speed controller when an emergency stop is active. See parameter 25.02 Speed proportional gain.	10.00; 5.00 (95.21 b1/b2)
	1.00 250.00	Proportional gain upon an emergency stop.	100 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.18	Speed adapt min limit	Minimum actual speed for speed controller adaptation. Speed controller gain and integration time can be adapted according to actual speed (90.01 Motor speed for control). This is done by multiplying the gain (25.02 Speed proportional gain) and integration time (25.03 Speed integration time) by coefficients at certain speeds. The coefficients are defined individually for both gain and integration time. When actual speed is below or equal to 25.18 Speed adapt min limit, the gain is multiplied by 25.21 Kp adapt coef at min speed, and the integration time divided by 25.22 Ti adapt coef at min speed.  When actual speed is equal to or above 25.19 Speed adapt max limit, no adaptation takes place (the coefficient is 1). When actual speed is between 25.18 Speed adapt min limit and 25.19 Speed adapt max limit, the coefficients for the gain and integration time are calculated linearly on the basis of the breakpoints.  See also the block diagram on page 588.  Coefficient for K <sub>p</sub> or T <sub>1</sub> K <sub>p</sub> = Proportional gain T <sub>1</sub> = Integration time	0 rpm
	25.21 Kp adapt coef 25.22 Ti adapt co	at min speed or	Actual speed (90.01) (rpm) ►
	030000 rpm	Minimum actual speed for speed controller adaptation.	1 = 1 rpm
25.19	Speed adapt max limit	Maximum actual speed for speed controller adaptation. See parameter 25.18 Speed adapt min limit.	0 rpm
	030000 rpm	Maximum actual speed for speed controller adaptation.	1 = 1 rpm
25.21	Kp adapt coef at min speed	Proportional gain coefficient at minimum actual speed. See parameter 25.18 Speed adapt min limit.	1.000
	0.000 10.000	Proportional gain coefficient at minimum actual speed.	1000 = 1
25.22	Ti adapt coef at min	Integration time coefficient at minimum actual speed.	1.000
20.22	speed	See parameter 25.18 Speed adapt min limit.	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.25	Torque adapt max limit	Maximum torque reference for speed controller adaptation. Speed controller gain can be adapted according to the final unlimited torque reference (26.01 Torque reference to TC). This can be used to smooth out disturbances caused by a small load and backlashes.  The functionality involves multiplying the gain (25.02 Speed proportional gain) by a coefficient within a certain torque range.  When the torque reference is 0%, the gain is multiplied by the value of parameter 25.27 Kp adapt coef at min torque.  When the torque reference is equal to or above 25.25 Torque adapt max limit, no adaptation takes place (the coefficient is 1).  Between 0% and 25.25 Torque adapt max limit, the coefficient for the gain is calculated linearly on the basis of the breakpoints.  Filtering can be applied on the torque reference using parameter 25.26 Torque adapt filt time.  See also the block diagram on page 588.  efficient for K <sub>p</sub> (proportional gain)	0.0%
	25.27 Kp adapt coef at min torque  O  25.25 Torque adapt max limit		rque reference (26.01) (rpm)
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum torque reference for speed controller adaptation.	See par. 46.03
25.26	Torque adapt filt time	Defines a filter time constant for the adaptation, in effect adjusting the rate of change of the gain.	0.000 s
		See parameter 25.25 Torque adapt max limit.	
	0.000 100.000 s	Filter time for adaptation.	100 = 1 s
25.27	0.000 100.000 s  Kp adapt coef at min torque	, ,	100 = 1 s 1.000

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.30	Flux adaption enable	Enables/disables speed controller adaptation based on motor flux reference (01.24 Flux actual %).  The proportional gain of the speed controller is multiplied by a coefficient of 01 between 0100% flux reference respectively.  See also the block diagram on page 588.	Enable
	Coeffic	cient for K <sub>p</sub> (proportional gain)	
		(0	reference 1.24) (%)
		0.000 100	
	Disable	Speed controller adaptation based on flux reference disabled.	0
	Enable	Speed controller adaptation based on flux reference enabled.	1
25.33	Speed controller autotune	Activates (or selects a source that activates) the speed controller autotune function. See section Speed controller autotune (page 44).  The autotune will automatically set parameters 25.02 Speed proportional gain, 25.03 Speed integration time and 25.37 Mechanical time constant.  The prerequisites for performing the autotune routine are:  • the motor identification run (ID run) has been successfully completed  • the speed and torque limits (parameter group 30 Limits) have been set  • speed feedback filtering (parameter group 90 Feedback selection), speed error filtering (24 Speed reference conditioning) and zero speed (21 Start/stop mode) have been set, and  • the drive has been started and is running in speed control mode.  WARNING! The motor and machinery will run against the torque and speed limits during the autotune routine. MAKE SURE IT IS SAFE TO ACTIVATE THE AUTOTUNE FUNCTION!  The autotune routine can be aborted by stopping the drive.  0->1 = Activate speed controller autotune  Note: The value does not revert to 0 automatically.	Off
	Off	0.	0
	On	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
25.34	Speed controller autotune mode	Defines a control preset for the speed controller autotune function. The setting affects the way the torque reference will respond to a speed reference step.	Normal
	Smooth	Slow but robust response.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Normal	Medium setting.	1
	Tight	Fast response. May produce too high a gain value for some applications.	2
25.37	Mechanical time constant	Mechanical time constant of the drive and the machinery as determined by the speed controller autotune function. The value can be adjusted manually.	-
	0.00 1000.00 s	Mechanical time constant.	10 = 1 s
25.38	Autotune torque step	Defines an added torque value used by the autotune function. This value is scaled to motor nominal torque.  Note that the torque used by the autotune function can also be limited by the torque limits (in parameter group 30 Limits) and nominal motor torque.	10.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Autotune torque step.	100 = 1%
25.39	Autotune speed step	Defines a speed value added to the initial speed for the autotune routine. The initial speed (speed used when autotune is activated) plus the value of this parameter is the calculated maximum speed used by the autotune routine. The maximum speed can also be limited by the speed limits (in parameter group 30 Limits) and nominal motor speed. The value is scaled to motor nominal speed.  Note: The motor will exceed the calculated maximum speed slightly at the end of each acceleration stage.	10.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Autotune speed step.	100 = 1%
25.40	Autotune repeat times	Determines how many acceleration/deceleration cycles are performed during the autotune routine. Increasing the value will improve the accuracy of the autotune function, and allow the use of smaller torque or speed step values.	10
	110	Number of cycles during autotune routine.	1 = 1
25.41	Torque reference Autotune2	Reserved.	-
25.42	Integral term enable	Selects a source that enables/disables the integral (I) part of the speed controller.  0 = I-part disabled  1 = I-part enabled	Selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
25.53	Torque prop reference	Displays the output of the proportional (P) part of the speed controller. See the control chain diagram on page 588.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	P-part output of speed controller.	See par. 46.03
25.54	Torque integral reference	Displays the output of the integral (I) part of the speed controller. See the control chain diagram on page 588.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	I-part output of speed controller.	See par. 46.03
25.55	Torque deriv reference	Displays the output of the derivative (D) part of the speed controller. See the control chain diagram on page 588.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	D-part output of speed controller.	See par. 46.03
25.56	Torque acc compensation	Displays the output of the acceleration compensation function. See the control chain diagram on page <i>588</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	Output of acceleration compensation function.	See par. 46.03
25.57	Torque reference unbalanced	Displays the acceleration-compensated output of the speed controller. See the control chain diagram on page <i>588</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-30000.0 30000.0%	Acceleration-compensated output of speed controller.	See par. 46.03

26 Tor	rque reference	Settings for the torque reference chain. See the control chain diagrams on pages 589 and 591.	
26.01	Torque reference to TC	Displays the final torque reference given to the torque controller in percent. This reference is then acted upon by various final limiters, like power, torque, load etc.  See the control chain diagrams on pages 591 and 592.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference for torque control.	See par. 46.03
26.02	Torque reference used	Displays the final torque reference (in percent of motor nominal torque) given to the DTC core, and comes after frequency, voltage and torque limitation.  See the control chain diagram on page 592.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference for torque control.	See par. 46.03
26.08	Minimum torque ref	Defines the minimum torque reference. Allows for local limiting of the torque reference before it is passed on to the torque ramp controller. For absolute torque limiting, refer to parameter 30.19 Minimum torque 1.	-300.0%
	-1000.0 0.0%	Minimum torque reference.	See par. 46.03

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
26.09	Maximum torque ref	Defines the maximum torque reference. Allows for local limiting of the torque reference before it is passed on to the torque ramp controller. For absolute torque limiting, refer to parameter 30.20 Maximum torque 1.	300.0%
	0.0 1000.0%	Maximum torque reference.	See par. 46.03
26.11	Torque ref1 source  0 — AI — /	Selects torque reference source 1.  Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 26.12 Torque ref2 source. A digital source selected by 26.14 Torque ref1/2 selection can be used to switch between the two sources, or a mathematical function (26.13 Torque ref1 function) applied to the two signals to create the reference.	Zero
	FB — (  Other —	26.70 Ref1  ADD  SUB  MUL  MIN  MAX  26.71	.72
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 AI2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 122).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 122).	5
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 122).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 122).	9
	DDCS ctrl ref1	03.11 DDCS controller ref 1 (see page 122).	10
	DDCS ctrl ref2	03.12 DDCS controller ref 2 (see page 122).	11
	M/F reference 1	03.13 M/F or D2D ref1 (see page 122).	12
	M/F reference 2	03.14 M/F or D2D ref2 (see page 122).	13
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference, with initial value from last-used panel reference. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference, with initial value from previous source or actual value. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	19
	Other	Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
26.12	Torque ref2 source	Selects torque reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 26.11 Torque ref1 source.	Zero
26.13	Torque ref1 function	Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 26.11 Torque ref1 source and 26.12 Torque ref2 source. See diagram at 26.11 Torque ref1 source.	Ref1
	Ref1	Signal selected by 26.11 Torque ref1 source is used as torque reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0
	Add (ref1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	1
	Sub (ref1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([26.11 Torque ref1 source] - [26.12 Torque ref2 source]) of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	2
	Mul (ref1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	3
	Min (ref1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	4
	Max (ref1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as torque reference 1.	5
26.14	Torque ref1/2 selection	Configures the selection between torque references 1 and 2. See diagram at 26.11 Torque ref1 source.  0 = Torque reference 1 1 = Torque reference 2	Torque reference 1
	Torque reference 1	0.	0
	Torque reference 2	1.	1
	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	Torque reference 1 is used when external control location EXT1 is active. Torque reference 2 is used when external control location EXT2 is active.  See also parameter 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
26.15	Load share	Defines the scaling factor for the torque reference (the torque reference is multiplied by the value).  This allows drives sharing the load between two motors on the same mechanical plant to be tailored to share the correct amount each, yet use the same master torque reference.	1.000
	-8.000 8.000	Torque reference scaling factor.	1000 = 1
26.16	Torque additive 1 source	Selects the source of torque reference additive 1.  Note: For safety reasons, the additive is not applied when an emergency stop is active.  See the control chain diagram on page 589.  For the selections, see parameter 26.11 Torque ref1 source.	Zero

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
26.17	Torque ref filter time	Defines a low-pass filter time constant for the torque reference.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Filter time constant for torque reference.	1000 = 1 s
26.18	Torque ramp up time	Defines the torque reference ramp-up time, ie. the time for the reference to increase from zero to nominal motor torque.	0.000 s
	0.000 60.000 s	Torque reference ramp-up time.	100 = 1 s
26.19	Torque ramp down time	Defines the torque reference ramp-down time, ie. the time for the reference to decrease from nominal motor torque to zero.	0.000 s
	0.000 60.000 s	Torque reference ramp-down time.	100 = 1 s
26.25	Torque additive 2 source	Selects the source of torque reference additive 2.  The value received from the selected source is added to the torque reference after operating mode selection. Because of this, the additive can be used in speed and torque modes.  Note: For safety reasons, the additive is not applied when an emergency stop is active.  WARNING! If the additive exceeds the limits set by parameters 25.11 Speed control min torque and 25.12 Speed control max torque, a ramp stop may be impossible. Make sure the additive is reduced or removed when a ramp stop is required eg. by using parameter 26.26 Force torque ref add 2 zero.  See the control chain diagram on page 591.  For the selections, see parameter 26.11 Torque ref1 source.	Zero
26.26	Force torque ref add 2 zero	Selects a source that forces torque reference additive 2 (see parameter 26.25 Torque additive 2 source) to zero.  0 = Normal operation  1 = Force torque reference additive 2 to zero.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
26.41	Torque step	When enabled by parameter 26.42 Torque step enable, adds an additional step to the torque reference.	0.0%
		A second torque step can be added using pointer parameters 26.43 Torque step pointer enable and 26.44 Torque step source.	
		The two torque steps work independently of each other, and are summed up to calculate the total torque step.	
		Note: For safety reasons, the torque steps are not applied when an emergency stop is active.  WARNING! If the total torque step exceeds the limits	
		set by parameters 25.11 Speed control min torque and 25.12 Speed control max torque, a ramp stop may be impossible. Make sure the torque step is reduced or disabled when a ramp stop is required.	
	-300.0 300.0%	Torque step.	See par. 46.03
26.42	Torque step enable	Enables/disables the torque step defined by parameter 26.41 Torque step.	Disable
	Disable	Torque step disabled.	0
	Enable	Torque step enabled.	1
26.43	Torque step pointer enable	Selects a source that enables/disables the torque step defined by parameter 26.44 Torque step source.  See also parameter 26.41 Torque step.  1 = Torque step enabled.	Selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
26.44	Torque step source	Selects the source of the torque step enabled by 26.43 Torque step pointer enable.	Zero
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 122).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 122).	5
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 122).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 122).	9
	DDCS ctrl ref1	03.11 DDCS controller ref 1 (see page 122).	10
	DDCS ctrl ref2	03.12 DDCS controller ref 2 (see page 122).	11
	M/F reference 1	03.13 M/F or D2D ref1 (see page 122).	12

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	M/F reference 2	03.14 M/F or D2D ref2 (see page 122).	13
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference, with initial value from last-used panel reference. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference, with initial value from previous source or actual value. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	19
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
26.51	Oscillation damping	Parameters 26.5126.58 configure the oscillation damping function. See section Oscillation damping (page 47), and the block diagram on page 591.  This parameter enables (or selects a source that enables) the oscillation damping algorithm.  1 = Oscillation damping algorithm enabled	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
26.52	Oscillation damping out enable	Determines (or selects a source that determines) whether the output of the oscillation damping function is applied to the torque reference or not.  Note: Before enabling the oscillation damping output, adjust parameters 26.5326.57. Then monitor the input signal (selected by 26.53) and the output (26.58) to make sure that the correction is safe to apply.  1 = Apply oscillation damping output to torque reference	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
26.53	Oscillation compensation input	Selects the input signal for the oscillation damping function. <b>Note:</b> Before changing this parameter run-time, disable the oscillation damping output using parameter 26.52. Monitor the behavior of 26.58 before re-enabling the output.	Speed error
	Speed error	24.01 Used speed reference - unfiltered motor speed. <b>Note:</b> This setting is not supported in scalar motor control mode.	0
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage. (The value is internally filtered.)	1
26.55	Oscillation damping frequency	Defines the center frequency of the oscillation damping filter. Set the value according to the number of oscillation peaks in the monitored signal (selected by 26.53) per second.  Note: Before changing this parameter run-time, disable the oscillation damping output using parameter 26.52. Monitor the behavior of 26.58 before re-enabling the output.	31.0 Hz
	0.1 60.0 Hz	Center frequency for oscillation damping.	10 = 1 Hz
26.56	Oscillation damping phase	Defines a phase shift for the output of the filter. <b>Note:</b> Before changing this parameter run-time, disable the oscillation damping output using parameter 26.52. Monitor the behavior of 26.58 before re-enabling the output.	180 deg
	0360 deg	Phase shift for oscillation damping function output.	10 = 1 deg
26.57	Oscillation damping gain	Defines a gain for the output of the oscillation damping function, ie. how much the output of the filter is amplified before it is added to the torque reference.  Oscillation gain is scaled according to the speed controller gain so that changing the gain will not disturb oscillation damping.  Note: Before changing this parameter run-time, disable the oscillation damping output using parameter 26.52. Monitor the behavior of 26.58 before re-enabling the output.	1.0%
	0.0 100.0%	Gain setting for oscillation damping output.	10 = 1%
26.58	Oscillation damping output	Displays the output of the oscillation damping function. This value is added to the torque reference (as allowed by parameter 26.52 Oscillation damping out enable).  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.000 1600.000%	Output of the oscillation damping function.	10 = 1%
26.70	Torque reference act 1	Displays the value of torque reference source 1 (selected by parameter 26.11 Torque ref1 source). See the control chain diagram on page 589.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Value of torque reference source 1.	See par. 46.03
26.71	Torque reference act 2	Displays the value of torque reference source 2 (selected by parameter 26.12 Torque ref2 source). See the control chain diagram on page 589.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Value of torque reference source 2.	See par. 46.03

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
26.72	Torque reference act 3	Displays the torque reference after the function applied by parameter 26.13 Torque ref1 function (if any), and after selection (26.14 Torque ref1/2 selection). See the control chain diagram on page 589.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference after selection.	See par. 46.03
26.73	Torque reference act 4	Displays the torque reference after application of reference additive 1. See the control chain diagram on page 589. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference after application of reference additive 1.	See par. 46.03
26.74	Torque ref ramp out	Displays the torque reference after limiting and ramping. See the control chain diagram on page 589.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference after limiting and ramping.	See par. 46.03
26.75	Torque reference act 5	Displays the torque reference after control mode selection. See the control chain diagram on page 591. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference after control mode selection.	See par. 46.03
26.76	Torque reference act 6	Displays the torque reference after application of reference additive 2. See the control chain diagram on page <i>591</i> . This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference after application of reference additive 2.	See par. 46.03
26.77	Torque ref add A actual	Displays the value of the source of torque reference additive 2. See the control chain diagram on page 591. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference additive 2.	See par. 46.03
26.78	Torque ref add B actual	Displays the value of torque reference additive 2 before it is added to torque reference. See the control chain diagram on page 591.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Torque reference additive 2.	See par. 46.03
26.81	Rush control gain	Rush controller gain term. See section <i>Rush control</i> (page 48).	10.0
	0.010000.0	Rush controller gain (0.0 = disabled).	1 = 1
26.82	Rush control integration time	Rush controller integration time term.	2.0 s
	0.0 10.0 s	Rush controller integration time (0.0 = disabled).	1 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
28 Frechain	quency reference	Settings for the frequency reference chain. See the control chain diagrams on pages 594 and 595.	
28.01	Frequency ref ramp input	Displays the used frequency reference before ramping. See the control chain diagram on page 595.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Frequency reference before ramping.	See par. 46.02
28.02	Frequency ref ramp output	Displays the final frequency reference (after selection, limitation and ramping). See the control chain diagram on page 595. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Final frequency reference.	See par. 46.02
28.11	Frequency ref1 source	Selects frequency reference source 1. Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 28.12 Frequency ref2 source. A digital source selected by 28.14 Frequency ref1/2 selection can be used to switch between the two sources, or a mathematical function (28.13 Frequency ref1 function) applied to the two signals to create the reference.	Zero
	0 — AI — FB —  Other —	28.90 Ref1  ADD  ADD  MUL  MIN  MAX  28.13  28.14  0  1  28.14	8.92
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 122).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 122).	5
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 122).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 122).	9
	DDCS ctrl ref1	03.11 DDCS controller ref 1 (see page 122).	10
	DDCS ctrl ref2	03.12 DDCS controller ref 2 (see page 122).	11
	M/F reference 1	03.13 M/F or D2D ref1 (see page 122).	12
	M/F reference 2	03.14 M/F or D2D ref2 (see page 122).	13
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16	
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16	
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference, with initial value from last-used panel reference. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	18	
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference, with initial value from previous source or actual value. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	19	
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-	
28.12	Frequency ref2 source	Selects frequency reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 28.11 Frequency ref1 source.	Zero	
28.13	Frequency ref1 function	Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 28.11 Frequency ref1 source and 28.12 Frequency ref2 source. See diagram at 28.11 Frequency ref1 source.	Ref1	
	Ref1	Signal selected by 28.11 Frequency ref1 source is used as frequency reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0	
	Add (ref1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	1	
	Sub (ref1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([28.11 Frequency ref1 source] - [28.12 Frequency ref2 source]) of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	2	
	Mul (ref1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	3	
	Min (ref1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	4	
	Max (ref1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as frequency reference 1.	5	
28.14	Frequency ref1/2 selection	Configures the selection between frequency references 1 and 2. See diagram at 28.11 Frequency ref1 source.  0 = Frequency reference 1 1 = Frequency reference 2	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	
	Frequency reference 1	0.	0	
	Frequency reference 2	1.	1	
	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	Frequency reference 1 is used when external control location EXT1 is active. Frequency reference 2 is used when external control location EXT2 is active.  See also parameter 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection.	2	
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3	
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4	
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5	
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6	
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7	
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8	
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-	

No.	Name/Value		Des	Description			DeflFbEq16	
28.21	Constant frequency function		whe	Determines how constant frequencies are selected, and whether the rotation direction signal is considered or not when applying a constant frequency.			0000b	
	Bit	Name		Information				
	0	Constant from	eq	1 = Packed: 7 constant frequencies are selectable using the three sources defined by parameters 28.22, 28.23 and 28.24.				
				0 = Separate: Constant frequencies 1, 2 and 3 are separately activated by the sources defined by parameters 28.22, 28.23 and 28.24 respectively. In case of conflict, the constant frequency with the smaller number takes priority.				
	1	Direction enable		1 = Start dir: To determine running direction for a constant frequency, the sign of the constant frequency setting (parameters 28.2628.32) is multiplied by the direction signal (forward: +1, reverse: -1). This effectively allows the drive to have 14 (7 forward, 7 reverse) constant frequencies if all values in 28.2628.32 are positive.  WARNING: If the direction signal is reverse and the active constant frequency is negative, the drive will run in the forward direction.				
						ection for the constant nt speed setting (para		
	0000b0011b Co			Constant frequency configuration word.			1 = 1	
	sel1		freq Who 1 (F freq thre	(Separate), selects a source that activates constant requency 1.  When bit 0 of parameter 28.21 Constant frequency function is (Packed), this parameter and parameters 28.23 Constant requency sel2 and 28.24 Constant frequency sel3 select raree sources whose states activate constant frequencies as ollows:				
		Source defin		Source defined	Source defined	• • •		
		<b>by par. 28</b>	.22	<b>by par. 28.23</b>	<b>by par. 28.24</b>	active None		
		1		0	0	Constant frequenc	v 1	
		0		1	0	Constant frequenc	•	
		1		1	0	Constant frequenc	y 3	
		0		0				
				0	1	Constant frequenc	-	
		1		0	1	Constant frequenc	y 5	
		1 0		0	1	Constant frequenc	y 5 y 6	
		1		0	1	Constant frequenc	y 5 y 6	
	Not sele	1 0 1	0.	0	1	Constant frequenc	y 5 y 6	
	Not sele	1 0 1	0.	0	1	Constant frequenc	y 5 y 6 y 7	
		1 0 1	1.	0	1 1 1	Constant frequence Constant frequence Constant frequence	y 5 y 6 y 7	
	Selecte	1 0 1	1. Dig	0 1 1	1 1 1	Constant frequence Constant frequence Constant frequence Constant frequence s, bit 0).	y 5 y 6 y 7	
	Selecte	1 0 1	1. Dig	0 1 1	1 1 1 2 DI delayed status	Constant frequence Constant frequence Constant frequence s, bit 0).	y 5 y 6 y 7	
	Selecter DI1 DI2	1 0 1	1. Dig	0 1 1 1 ital input DI1 (10.02 ital input DI2 (10.02	1 1 1 2 DI delayed status 2 DI delayed status 2 DI delayed status	Constant frequence Constant frequence Constant frequence s, bit 0). s, bit 1). s, bit 2).	y 5 y 6 y 7 0 1 2 3	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
28.23	Constant frequency sel2	When bit 0 of parameter 28.21 Constant frequency function is 0 (Separate), selects a source that activates constant frequency 2.  When bit 0 of parameter 28.21 Constant frequency function is 1 (Packed), this parameter and parameters 28.22 Constant frequency sel1 and 28.24 Constant frequency sel3 select three sources that are used to activate constant frequencies. See table at parameter 28.22 Constant frequency sel1.  For the selections, see parameter 28.22 Constant frequency sel1.	Not selected
28.24	Constant frequency sel3	When bit 0 of parameter 28.21 Constant frequency function is 0 (Separate), selects a source that activates constant frequency 3.  When bit 0 of parameter 28.21 Constant frequency function is 1 (Packed), this parameter and parameters 28.22 Constant frequency sel1 and 28.23 Constant frequency sel2 select three sources that are used to activate constant frequencies. See table at parameter 28.22 Constant frequency sel1.  For the selections, see parameter 28.22 Constant frequency sel1.	Not selected
28.26	Constant frequency 1	Defines constant frequency 1 (the frequency the motor will turn when constant frequency 1 is selected).	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 1.	See par. 46.02
28.27	Constant frequency 2	Defines constant frequency 2.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 2.	See par. 46.02
28.28	Constant frequency 3	Defines constant frequency 3.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 3.	See par. 46.02
28.29	Constant frequency 4	Defines constant frequency 4.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 4.	See par. 46.02
28.30	Constant frequency 5	Defines constant frequency 5.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 5.	See par. 46.02
28.31	Constant frequency 6	Defines constant frequency 6.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Constant frequency 6.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/V	alue	Des	scription	DeflFbEq16
28.32	Constar 7	nt frequency	Def	ines constant frequency 7.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 Hz	500.00	Cor	nstant frequency 7.	See par. 46.02
28.41	Frequer	ncy ref safe	sup • 1	rines a safe frequency reference value that is used with pervision functions such as 12.03 AI supervision function 19.05 Communication loss action 19.05 FBA A comm loss func 19.05 FBA B comm loss func 19.05 FBA B communication loss action 19.05 FBA B communication loss action.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 Hz	500.00	Saf	e frequency reference.	See par. 46.02
28.51	Critical t function	requency	dete rota	ables/disables the critical frequencies function. Also ermines whether the specified ranges are effective in both ating directions or not. e also section <i>Critical speeds/frequencies</i> (page 43).	0000Ь
	Bit	Name		Information	
	0	Enable		1 = Enable: Critical frequencies enabled.	
				0 = Disable: Critical frequencies disabled.	
	1	Sign mode		<ul> <li>1 = According to par: The signs of parameters 28.5228.5 into account.</li> <li>0 = Absolute: Parameters 28.5228.57 are handled as absolute.</li> </ul>	
				Each range is effective in both directions of rotation.	
	0000b	.0011b	Crit	ical frequencies configuration word.	1 = 1
28.52	Critical t	requency 1	Not	ines the low limit for critical frequency 1.  te: This value must be less than or equal to the value of 53 Critical frequency 1 high.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 Hz	500.00	Lov	v limit for critical frequency 1.	See par. 46.02
28.53	Critical i	requency 1	Not	ines the high limit for critical frequency 1.  te: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 52 Critical frequency 1 low.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz		Hig	h limit for critical frequency 1.	See par. 46.02
28.54	Critical t	requency 2	Not	ines the low limit for critical frequency 2.  te: This value must be less than or equal to the value of 55 Critical frequency 2 high.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 Hz	500.00	Lov	v limit for critical frequency 2.	See par. 46.02
28.55	Critical thigh	requency 2	Not	ines the high limit for critical frequency 2.  te: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 54 Critical frequency 2 low.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 Hz	500.00	Hig	h limit for critical frequency 2.	See par. 46.02

28.56   Critical frequency 3   Note: This value must be less than or equal to the value of 28.57 Critical frequency 3 high.   See par. 46.02	No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
Hz   Defines the high limit for critical frequency 3.   Note: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 28.56 Critical frequency 3 low.	28.56		Note: This value must be less than or equal to the value of	0.00 Hz
Note: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of 28.56 Critical frequency 3 low.    -500.00 500.00   High limit for critical frequency 3.   See par. 46.02    -500.00 500.00   High limit for critical frequency 3.   See par. 46.02    -500.00 500.00   High limit for critical frequency 3.   See par. 46.02    -500.00 500.00   High limit for critical frequency 3.   See par. 46.02    -500.00 500.00   See par. 46.02			Low limit for critical frequency 3.	
Hz   Freq ramp set   Selects a source that switches between the two sets of acceleration/deceleration times defined by parameters 28.7228.75.   0 = Acceleration time 1 and deceleration time 2 are in force 1 = Acceleration time 2 and deceleration time 2 are in force   1 = Acceleration time 2 and deceleration time 2 are in force   1 = Acceleration time 2 and deceleration time 2 are in force   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	28.57		Note: This value must be greater than or equal to the value of	0.00 Hz
acceleration/deceleration times defined by parameters 28.7228.75.  0 = Acceleration time 1 and deceleration time 1 are in force 1 = Acceleration time 2 and deceleration time 2 are in force  Acc/Dec time 1  D.  Acc/Dec time 2  1.  DII  Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5  DI6  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO2  Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2  Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit]  Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  Freq acceleration time 1  Source selection free Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  Pefines acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000  Acceleration time 1.  Source selection time 1.  If the coeferacion time 1.  Source selection time 1.  If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  Defines deceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that			High limit for critical frequency 3.	
Acc/Dec time 1  Acc/Dec time 2  1.  DI1  Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2  Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI4  Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI5  DI6  Di6  Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5  Di6  Di6  Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6  Di7  Di7  Di8  Di8  Di9  Di9  Di9  Di9  Di9  Di9	28.71		acceleration/deceleration times defined by parameters 28.7228.75.  0 = Acceleration time 1 and deceleration time 1 are in force	Acc/Dec time 1
DI1 Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).  DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  28.72 Freq acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000 Acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		Acc/Dec time 1	0.	0
DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  Periper acceleration time 1  Defines acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate. If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor frequency will follow the reference.  If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.			1.	1
DI2 Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).  DI3 Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).  DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  Pefines acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor viill follow the acceleration rate the motor viill follow the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000 Acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
DI4 Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).  DI5 Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  Preq acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate. If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000 Acceleration time 1.  Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
DIS Digital input DIS (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).  DIG Digital input DIG (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  28.72 Freq acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency). If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate. If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000 Acceleration time 1.  28.73 Freq deceleration frequency of the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero. If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
DI6 Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).  DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114)  28.72 Freq acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency). If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000 Acceleration time 1.  28.73 Freq deceleration Security of the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
DIO1 Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).  DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  Preq acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate acceleration rate, the motor frequency will follow the reference.  If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000 Acceleration time 1.  Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
DIO2 Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).  Other [bit] Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  28.72 Freq acceleration time 1  Defines acceleration terequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate.  If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor frequency will follow the reference.  If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000  Acceleration time 1.  Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
Other [bit]  Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).  Preq acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency). If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate. If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor frequency will follow the reference. If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000  Acceleration time 1.  Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero. If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
28.72 Freq acceleration time 1  Defines acceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate.  If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor frequency will follow the reference.  If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000  Acceleration time 1.  Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate.  If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor frequency will follow the reference.  If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed the drive torque limits.  0.000 1800.000  Acceleration time 1.  Defines deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.		Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
28.73 Freq deceleration time 1 as the time required for the frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.	28.72	time 1	frequency to change from zero to the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  If the reference increases faster than the set acceleration rate, the motor will follow the acceleration rate.  If the reference increases slower than the set acceleration rate, the motor frequency will follow the reference.  If the acceleration time is set too short, the drive will automatically prolong the acceleration in order not to exceed	20.000 s
frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14  Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking equipment such as a brake chopper and brake resistor.			Acceleration time 1.	10 = 1 s
0.000 1800.000 Deceleration time 1. 10 = 1 s	28.73		frequency to change from the frequency defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling (not from parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency) to zero.  If there is any doubt about the deceleration time being too short, ensure that DC overvoltage control (30.30 Overvoltage control) is on.  Note: If a short deceleration time is needed for a high inertia application, the drive should be equipped with braking	20.000 s
l l		0.000 1800.000	Deceleration time 1.	10 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
28.74	Freq acceleration time 2	Defines acceleration time 2. See parameter 28.72 Freq acceleration time 1.	60.000 s
	0.000 1800.000 s	Acceleration time 2.	10 = 1 s
28.75	Freq deceleration time 2	Defines deceleration time 2. See parameter 28.73 Freq deceleration time 1.	60.000 s
	0.000 1800.000 s	Deceleration time 2.	10 = 1 s
28.76	Freq ramp in zero source	Selects a source that forces the frequency reference to zero.  0 = Force frequency reference to zero  1 = Normal operation	Inactive
	Active	0.	0
	Inactive	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
28.77	Freq ramp hold	Selects a source that forces the output of the frequency ramp generator to actual frequency value.  0 = Force ramp output to actual frequency 1 = Normal operation	Inactive
	Active	0.	0
	Inactive	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
28.78	Freq ramp output balancing	Defines a reference for frequency ramp balancing. The output of the ramp generator is forced to this value when balancing is enabled by parameter 28.79 Freq ramp out balancing enable.	0.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Frequency ramp balancing reference.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
28.79	Freq ramp out balancing enable	Selects the source for enabling/disabling speed ramp balancing. See parameter 28.78 Freq ramp output balancing.  0 = Disabled  1 = Enabled	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	
	Selected	1.	
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
28.90	Frequency ref act 1	Displays the value of frequency reference source 1 (selected by parameter 28.11 Frequency ref1 source). See the control chain diagram on page 594.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Value of frequency reference source 1.	See par. 46.02
28.91	Frequency ref act 2	Displays the value of frequency reference source 2 (selected by parameter 28.12 Frequency ref2 source). See the control chain diagram on page 594.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Value of frequency reference source 2.	See par. 46.02
28.92	Frequency ref act 3	Displays the frequency reference after the function applied by parameter 28.13 Frequency ref1 function (if any), and after selection (28.14 Frequency ref1/2 selection). See the control chain diagram on page 594. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Frequency reference after selection.	See par. 46.02
28.96	Frequency ref act 7	Displays the frequency reference after application of constant frequencies, control panel reference, etc. See the control chain diagram on page <i>594</i> .  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Frequency reference 7.	See par. 46.02
28.97	Frequency ref unlimited	Displays the frequency reference after application of critical frequencies, but before ramping and limiting. See the control chain diagram on page 595.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Frequency reference before ramping and limiting.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
29 Vol chain	Itage reference	Settings for the DC voltage reference chain. See section <i>DC voltage control mode</i> (page 23) and the control chain diagrams (pages 596 and 597). This group is only visible with a BCU control unit.	
29.01	Torque ref DC voltage control	Displays the DC voltage controller output that is transferred to the torque controller. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Final DC voltage reference.	100 = 1%
29.02	DC voltage ref	Displays the DC voltage reference after the function applied by parameter 29.13 DC voltage ref1 function (if any), and after selection (29.14 DC voltage ref1/2 selection). See the diagram at parameter 29.11 DC voltage ref1 source.	-
	02000 V	DC voltage reference after selection.	10 = 1 V
29.03	DC voltage ref used	Displays the DC voltage reference between minimum/maximum limitation and ramping.	-
	02000 V	DC voltage reference before ramping.	10 = 1 V
29.04	DC voltage ref ramped	Displays the DC voltage reference after ramping.	-
	02000 V	DC voltage reference after ramping.	10 = 1 V
29.05	Filtered DC voltage	Displays the measured DC voltage after filtering.	-
	02000 V	Measured and filtered DC voltage.	10 = 1 V
29.06	DC voltage error	Displays the difference between the ramped voltage reference (29.04) and measured, filtered DC voltage (29.05).	-
	-20002000 V	Measured and filtered DC voltage.	10 = 1 V
29.07	Power reference	Displays the output of the PI controller, ie. the DC voltage reference before it is converted to a torque reference.	-
	-300.00 300.00%	Output of the PI controller.	10 = 1%
29.09	Minimum DC voltage reference	Defines a minimum limit for the DC voltage reference before it is ramped.	0 V
	02000 V	Minimum DC voltage reference.	1 = 1 V
29.10	Maximum DC voltage reference	Defines a maximum limit for the DC voltage reference before it is ramped.	2000 V
	02000 V	Maximum DC voltage reference.	1 = 1 V
		1	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
29.11	DC voltage ref1 source	Selects DC voltage reference source 1.  Two signal sources can be defined by this parameter and 29.12 DC voltage ref2 source. A digital source selected by 29.14 DC voltage ref1/2 selection can be used to switch between the two sources, or a mathematical function (29.13 DC voltage ref1 function) applied to the two signals to create the reference.	Zero
	O — AI — FB —  Other —	29.13  Ref1  SUB  MUL  MIN  MAX  MAX  29.13  29.14  0  29.14	0.02
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 122).	4
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 122).	5
	EFB ref1	03.09 EFB reference 1 (see page 122).	8
	EFB ref2	03.10 EFB reference 2 (see page 122).	9
	DDCS ctrl ref1	03.11 DDCS controller ref 1 (see page 122).	10
	DDCS ctrl ref2	03.12 DDCS controller ref 2 (see page 122).	11
	M/F reference 1	03.13 M/F or D2D ref1 (see page 122).	12
	M/F reference 2	03.14 M/F or D2D ref2 (see page 122).	13
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	15
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	16
	Control panel (ref saved)	Control panel reference, with initial value from last-used panel reference. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	18
	Control panel (ref copied)	Control panel reference, with initial value from previous source or actual value. See section <i>Using the control panel as an external control source</i> (page 21).	19
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
29.12	DC voltage ref2 source	Selects DC voltage reference source 2. For the selections, and a diagram of reference source selection, see parameter 29.11 DC voltage ref1 source.	Zero

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
29.13	DC voltage ref1 function	Selects a mathematical function between the reference sources selected by parameters 29.11 DC voltage ref1 source and 29.12 DC voltage ref2 source. See diagram at 29.11 DC voltage ref1 source.	Ref1
	Ref1	Signal selected by 29.11 DC voltage ref1 source is used as DC voltage reference 1 as such (no function applied).	0
	Add (ref1 + ref2)	The sum of the reference sources is used as DC voltage reference 1.	1
	Sub (ref1 - ref2)	The subtraction ([29.11 DC voltage ref1 source] - [29.12 DC voltage ref2 source]) of the reference sources is used as DC voltage reference 1.	2
	Mul (ref1 × ref2)	The multiplication of the reference sources is used as DC voltage reference 1.	3
	Min (ref1, ref2)	The smaller of the reference sources is used as DC voltage reference 1.	4
	Max (ref1, ref2)	The greater of the reference sources is used as DC voltage reference 1.	5
29.14	DC voltage ref1/2 selection	Configures the selection between DC voltage references 1 and 2. See diagram at 29.11 DC voltage ref1 source.  0 = DC voltage reference 1 1 = DC voltage reference 2	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection
	DC voltage reference 1	0.	0
	DC voltage reference 2	1.	1
	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	DC voltage reference 1 is used when external control location EXT1 is active. DC voltage reference 2 is used when external control location EXT2 is active.  See also parameter 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
29.17	DC voltage filter time	Defines a filtering time for measured DC voltage.	10 ms
	010000 ms	Filtering time for DC voltage measurement.	1 = 1 ms
29.18	DC voltage ramp down speed	Defines the maximum decrease rate for the DC voltage reference.	10 V/s
	030000 V/s	DC voltage reference decrease rate.	1 = 1 V/s
29.19	DC voltage ramp up speed	Defines the maximum increase rate for the DC voltage reference.	10 V/s
	030000 V/s	DC voltage reference increase rate.	1 = 1 V/s
29.20	DC voltage proportional gain	Defines the proportional gain for the DC voltage reference PI controller.	54.66
	0.00 30000 V/s	Proportional gain.	100 = 1 V/s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
29.21	DC voltage integration time	Defines the integration time for the DC voltage reference PI controller.  Setting the integration time to zero disables the I-part of the controller.	0.1646 s
	0.0000 60.0000 s	Integration time.	10000 = 1 s
29.25	DC capacitance source	Selects the source of the total DC circuit capacitance value. The value is used in DC voltage reference calculation.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Copy from database
	Copy from database	DC capacitance value is taken from an internal database according to drive type.	0
	User value	The DC capacitance value is read from parameter 29.26 Used DC capacitance.	1
29.26	Used DC capacitance	Defines the DC circuit capacitance when parameter 29.25 DC capacitance source is set to User value.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	-
	0.000 1000.000 mF	User-specified DC capacitance.	100 = 1 mF
29.70	Speed data point 1	Parameters 29.7029.79 define a maximum torque limitation curve as a function of speed. The limit is applied before the reference is forwarded to the torque controller.  This parameter defines the speed at the first point of the curve. The curve is linear between 0 rpm and this speed.	400.00 rpm
		Torque (%)	
	/		
	29.77		
	29.75 29.79		
	00.70		
	29.73 29.71		
	0		
		0 29.70 29.72 29.74 29.76 29.78 <b>Spee</b>	d (rpm)
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed at 1st point of curve.	1 = 1 rpm
29.71	Torque data point 1	Defines the maximum torque at the first point of the limitation curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum torque at 1st point of curve.	1 = 1%
29.72	Speed data point 2	Defines the speed at the second point of the curve.	800.00 rpm
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed at 2nd point of curve.	1 = 1 rpm
29.73	Torque data point 2	Defines the maximum torque at the second point of the limitation curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum torque at 2nd point of curve.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
29.74	Speed data point 3	Defines the speed at the third point of the curve.	1200.00 rpm
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed at 3rd point of curve.	1 = 1 rpm
29.75	Torque data point 3	Defines the maximum torque at the third point of the limitation curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum torque at 3rd point of curve.	1 = 1%
29.76	Speed data point 4	Defines the speed at the fourth point of the curve.	1600.00 rpm
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed at 4th point of curve.	1 = 1 rpm
29.77	Torque data point 4	Defines the maximum torque at the fourth point of the limitation curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum torque at 4th point of curve.	1 = 1%
29.78	Speed data point 5	Defines the speed at the fifth point of the curve.	2000.00 rpm
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed at 5th point of curve.	1 = 1 rpm
29.79	Torque data point 5	Defines the maximum torque at the fifth point of the limitation curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum torque at 5th point of curve.	1 = 1%

0000hFFFFh	Limit word 1.	1 = 1

1 = Torque is being limited

(With externally-excited synchronous motors in dynamic situations)

any more torque

14...15 Reserved

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
30.02	Torque limit status	Displays the torque controller limitation status word.	-
		This parameter is read-only.	

Bit	Name	Description
0	Undervoltage	*1 = Intermediate DC circuit undervoltage
1	Overvoltage	*1 = Intermediate DC circuit overvoltage
2	Minimum torque	*1 = Torque is being limited by 30.26 Power motoring limit, 30.27 Power generating limit or the source of 30.18 Minimum torque sel. See diagram on page 592.
3	Maximum torque	*1 = Torque is being limited by 30.26 Power motoring limit, 30.27 Power generating limit or the source of 30.25 Maximum torque sel. See diagram on page 592.
4	Internal current	1 = An inverter current limit (identified by bits 811) is active
5	Maximum load angle	(With permanent magnet motors, synchronous reluctance motors, and externally-excited synchronous motors only) 1 = Maximum load angle limit is active, ie. the motor is producing as
		much torque as possible
6	Motor pullout	(With asynchronous motors only)  1 = Motor pull-out limit is active, ie. the motor cannot produce any more torque
7	Reserved	
8	Thermal	1 = Input current is being limited by the main circuit thermal limit
9	Max current	*1 = Maximum output current (I <sub>MAX</sub> ) is being limited
10	User current	*1 = Output current is being limited by 30.17 Maximum current
11	Thermal IGBT	*1 = Output current is being limited by a calculated thermal current value
12	IGBT overtemperature	*1 = Output current is being limited because of estimated IGBT temperature
13	IGBT overload	*1 = Output current is being limited because of IGBT junction to case temperature
1415	Reserved	,
*Only or	e out of bits 03,	and one out of bits 913 can be on simultaneously. The bit typically

\*Only one out of bits 0...3, and one out of bits 9...13 can be on simultaneously. The bit typically indicates the limit that is exceeded first.

	0000hFFFFh	Torque limitation status word.	1 = 1
30.11	Minimum speed	Defines the minimum allowed speed.  WARNING! This value must not be higher than 30.12  Maximum speed.  WARNING! In frequency control mode, this limit is not effective. Make sure the frequency limits (30.13 and 30.14) are set appropriately if frequency control is used.  WARNING! In a master/follower configuration, do not set maximum and minimum speed limits with the same sign on a follower drive. See section Master/follower functionality (page 31).	-1500.00 rpm; -1800.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Minimum allowed speed.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
30.12	Maximum speed	Defines the maximum allowed speed.  WARNING! This value must not be lower than 30.11  Minimum speed.  WARNING! In frequency control mode, this limit is not effective. Make sure the frequency limits (30.13 and 30.14) are set appropriately if frequency control is used.  WARNING! In a master/follower configuration, do not set maximum and minimum speed limits with the same sign on a follower drive. See section Master/follower functionality (page 31).	1500.00 rpm; 1800.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Maximum speed.	See par. 46.01
30.13	Minimum frequency	Defines the minimum allowed frequency.  WARNING! This value must not be higher than 30.14  Maximum frequency.  WARNING! This limit is effective in frequency control mode only.	-50.00 Hz; -60.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Minimum frequency.	See par. 46.02
30.14	Maximum frequency	Defines the maximum allowed frequency.  WARNING! This value must not be lower than 30.13  Minimum frequency.  WARNING! This limit is effective in frequency control mode only.	50.00 Hz; 60.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Maximum frequency.	See par. 46.02
30.15	Maximum start current enable	A temporary motor current limit specifically for starting can be defined by this parameter and 30.16 Maximum start current. When this parameter is set to Enable, the drive observes the start current limit defined by 30.16 Maximum start current. The limit is in force for 2 seconds after initial magnetization (of an asynchronous induction motor) or autophasing (of a permanent magnet motor), but not more often than once in every 7 seconds. Otherwise, the limit defined by 30.17 Maximum current is in force.  Note: The availability of a start current higher than the general limit depends on drive hardware. See the rating data in the hardware manual of the drive.	Disable
	Disable	Start current limit disabled.	0
	Enable	Start current limit enabled.	1
30.16	Maximum start current	Defines a maximum start current when enabled by parameter 30.15 Maximum start current enable.	-
	0.00 30000.00 A	Maximum start current.	1 = 1 A
30.17	Maximum current	Defines the maximum allowed motor current.	0.00 A
	0.00 30000.00 A	Maximum motor current.	1 = 1 A

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
30.18	Minimum torque sel	Selects a source that switches between two different predefined minimum torque limits.  0 = Minimum torque limit defined by 30.19 is active  1 = Minimum torque limit selected by 30.21 is active  The user can define two sets of torque limits, and switch between the sets using a binary source such as a digital input. The minimum limit selection (30.18) is independent of the maximum limit selection (30.25).  The first set of limits is defined by parameters 30.19 and 30.20. The second set has selector parameters for both the minimum (30.21) and maximum (30.22) limits that allows the use of a selectable analog source (such as an analog input).	Minimum torque 1
		30.21  AI1  AI2  PID  30.23  Other  User-defined minimum torque limit  30.19	
		30.22  Al1  Al2  PID  30.24  Other  30.20  User-defined maximum torque limit	
		The limit selection parameters are updated on a 10 ms time level.  Note: In addition to the user-defined limits, torque may be limited for other reasons (such as power limitation). Refer to the block diagram on page 592.	
	Minimum torque 1	0 (minimum torque limit defined by 30.19 is active).	0
	Minimum torque 2 source	1 (minimum torque limit selected by 30.21 is active).	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
30.19	Minimum torque 1	Defines a minimum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque). See diagram at parameter 30.18 Minimum torque sel.  The limit is effective when  • the source selected by 30.18 Minimum torque sel is 0, or  • 30.18 is set to Minimum torque 1.  Note: Do not set this parameter to 0% in an attempt to prevent reverse rotation. In an open-loop application, that is likely to prevent the motor from stopping altogether. To prevent reverse rotation, use the speed/frequency limits in this parameter group, or parameters 20.23/20.24.	-300.0%
	-1600.0 0.0%	Minimum torque limit 1.	See par. 46.03
30.20	Maximum torque 1	Defines a maximum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque). See diagram at parameter 30.18  Minimum torque sel.  The limit is effective when  • the source selected by 30.25 Maximum torque sel is 0, or  • 30.25 is set to Maximum torque 1.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum torque 1.	See par. 46.03
30.21	Minimum torque 2 source	Defines the source of the minimum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque) when  • the source selected by parameter 30.18 Minimum torque sel is 1, or  • 30.18 is set to Minimum torque 2 source.  See diagram at 30.18 Minimum torque sel.  Note: Any positive values received from the selected source are inverted.	Minimum torque 2
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	5
	Minimum torque 2	30.23 Minimum torque 2.	6
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
30.22	Maximum torque 2 source	Defines the source of the maximum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque) when  • the source selected by parameter 30.25 Maximum torque sel is 1, or  • 30.25 is set to Maximum torque 2 source. See diagram at 30.18 Minimum torque sel.  Note: Any negative values received from the selected source are inverted.	Maximum torque 2
	Zero	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	PID	40.01 Process PID output actual (output of the process PID controller).	5
	Maximum torque 2	30.24 Maximum torque 2.	6
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
30.23	Minimum torque 2 -1600.0 0.0%	<ul> <li>Defines the minimum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque) when</li> <li>the source selected by parameter 30.18 Minimum torque sel is 1, and</li> <li>30.21 is set to Minimum torque 2.</li> <li>Note: Do not set this parameter to 0% in an attempt to prevent reverse rotation. In an open-loop application, that is likely to prevent the motor from stopping altogether. To prevent reverse rotation, use the speed/frequency limits in this parameter group, or parameters 20.23/20.24.</li> <li>See diagram at 30.18 Minimum torque sel.</li> <li>Minimum torque limit 2.</li> </ul>	-300.0% See par.
30.24	Maximum torque 2	Defines the maximum torque limit for the drive (in percent of nominal motor torque) when  • the source selected by parameter 30.25 Maximum torque sel is 1, and  • 30.22 is set to Maximum torque 2.  See diagram at 30.18 Minimum torque sel.	46.03 300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Maximum torque limit 2.	See par. 46.03
30.25	Maximum torque sel	Selects a source that switches between two different maximum torque limits.  0 = Maximum torque limit 1 defined by 30.20 is active 1 = Maximum torque limit selected by 30.22 is active See also parameter 30.18 Minimum torque sel.	Maximum torque 1
	Maximum torque 1	0.	0
	Maximum torque 2 source	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
30.26	Power motoring limit	Defines the maximum shaft power in motoring mode, ie. when power is being transferred from the motor to the machinery. The value is given in percent of nominal motor power.	300.00%
	0.00 600.00%	Maximum shaft power in motoring mode.	1 = 1%
30.27	Power generating limit	Defines the maximum shaft power in generating mode, ie. when power is being transferred from the machinery to the motor. The value is given in percent of nominal motor power.  Note: Do not set this parameter to 0% in an attempt to prevent reverse rotation. In an open-loop application, that is likely to prevent the motor from stopping altogether. To prevent reverse rotation, use the speed/frequency limits in this parameter group, or parameters 20.23/20.24.	-300.00%
	-600.00 0.00%	Maximum shaft power in generating mode.	1 = 1%

1 = 1

No.	Name/Va	alue	Desc	ription	DeflFbEq16
30.30	Overvolt	age control	the or exceed decree	bles the overvoltage control of the intermediate DC link. braking of a high inertia load causes the voltage to rise to vervoltage control limit. To prevent the DC voltage from eding the limit, the overvoltage controller automatically eases the braking torque.  If the drive is equipped with a brake chopper and tor, or a regenerative supply unit, the controller must be bled.	Enable
	Disable		Over	voltage control disabled.	0
	Enable		Over	voltage control enabled.	1
30.31	Undervo control	ltage	If the unde torqu decre reger and p stop.	les the undervoltage control of the intermediate DC link. DC voltage drops due to input power cut off, the rvoltage controller will automatically decrease the motor e in order to keep the voltage above the lower limit. By easing the motor torque, the inertia of the load will cause heration back to the drive, keeping the DC link charged preventing an undervoltage trip until the motor coasts to a This will act as a power-loss ride-through functionality in terms with high inertia, such as a centrifuge or a fan.	Enable
	Disable		Unde	rvoltage control disabled.	0
	Enable		Unde	rvoltage control enabled.	1
30.35	Thermal limitation		The I	les/disables temperature-based output current limitation. imitation should only be disabled if required by the cation.	Enable
	Disable		Therr	mal current limitation disabled.	0
	Enable		Therr	mal current limitation enabled.	1
30.101	LSU limi	t word 1	95.20 Displ	visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by (2) ays limit word 1 of the supply unit. parameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	P user ref n	nax	1 = Power reference is being limited by supply control pro	ogram
	1	P user ref n	nin	parameters	
	2	P user max		1 = Power is being limited by parameter 30.149	
	3	P user min		1 = Power is being limited by parameter 30.148	
	4	P cooling overtemp		1 = Power reference is being limited because of coolant overtemperature	
	5	P power un overtemp	it	1 = Power reference is being limited because of supply u overtemperature	nit
	615	Reserved			

Supply unit limit word 1.

0000h...FFFFh

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
30.102	LSU limit word 2	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Displays limit word 2 of the supply unit. This parameter is read-only.	-

Bit	Name	Description
0	Q user ref max	1 = Reactive power reference is being limited
1	Q user ref min	
2	Q cooling overtemp	1 = Reactive power reference is being limited because of coolant overtemperature
3	Q power unit overtemp	1 = Reactive power reference is being limited because of supply unit overtemperature
4	AC overvoltage	1 = AC overvoltage protection
56	Reserved	
7	AC diff max	1 = (When AC voltage-type reactive power reference is being used)
8	AC diff min	Input of AC control is being limited
915	Reserved	

0000hFFFFh	Supply unit limit word 2.	1 = 1
30.103 LSU limit word 3	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Displays limit word 3 of the supply unit. This parameter is read-only.	-

Bit	Name	Description	
0	Undervoltage limit	1 = Power is being limited by the undervoltage controller	
1	Overvoltage limit	1 = Power is being limited by the overvoltage controller	
2	Motoring power	1 = Power is being limited by temperature or user power limits (see	
3	Generating power	parameters 30.148 and 30.149)	
4	Active current limit	1 = Active current is being limited. For details, see bits 69 and 1415.	
5	Reactive current limit	1 = Reactive current is being limited. For details, see bits 1213.	
6	Thermal limit	1 = Active current is being limited by internal main circuit thermal limit	
7	SOA limit	1 = Active current is being limited by internal safe operation area limit	
8	User current limit	1 = Active current is being limited by current limit set by supply control program parameters	
9	Thermal IGBT	1 = Active current is being limited based on internal maximum thermal IGBT stress limit	
1011	Reserved		
12	Q act neg	1 = Negative reactive current is being limited by maximum total current	
13	Q act pos	1 = Positive reactive current is being limited by maximum total current	
14	P act neg	1 = Negative active current is being limited by maximum total current	
15	P act pos	1 = Positive active current is being limited by maximum total current	

0000hFFFFh	Supply unit limit word 3.	1 = 1

No.	Name/V	/alue	Desc	Description		
30.104	LSU lim	it word 4	95.20 Displ	Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 5.20) Displays limit word 4 of the supply unit. This parameter is read-only.		
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0 Udc ref ma		X	1 = DC reference is being limited by supply control program		
	1	Udc ref min		parameters		
	2	User I max Temp I max		<ul><li>1 = Current is being limited by supply control program parameters</li><li>1 = Current is being limited based on temperature</li></ul>		
	3					
	415	Reserved				
	0000hFFFFh Si			ly unit limit word 4.	1 = 1	
30.148	LSU mii power li		95.20 Defin Nega	evisible when IGBT supply unit control activated by (i)) es a minimum power limit for the supply unit. Itive values refer to regenerating, ie. feeding power into upply network.	-130.0%	
	-200.0 .	0.0%	Minin	num power limit for supply unit.	1 = 1%	
30.149	power limit 9		95.20	visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by  or supply unit control activated by  es a maximum power limit for the supply unit.	130.0%	
		00.0%		num power limit for supply unit.	1 = 1%	

31 Fault functions		Configuration of external events; selection of behavior of the drive upon fault situations.	
31.01	External event 1 source	Defines the source of external event 1.  See also parameter 31.02 External event 1 type.  0 = Trigger event  1 = Normal operation	Inactive (true); DI6 (95.20 b8)
	Active (false)	0.	0
	Inactive (true)	1.	1
	DIIL	DIIL input (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 15).	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	11
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	12
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
31.02	External event 1 type	Selects the type of external event 1.	Fault (95.20 b8)
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1

No.	Name/Value Description			
	Warning/Fault	If the drive is modulating, the external event generates a fault. Otherwise, the event generates a warning.	3	
31.03	External event 2 source	Defines the source of external event 2. See also parameter 31.04 External event 2 type. For the selections, see parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.	Inactive (true); DIIL (95.20 b5)	
31.04	External event 2 type	Selects the type of external event 2.		
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0	
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1	
	Warning/Fault	If the drive is modulating, the external event generates a fault. Otherwise, the event generates a warning.	3	
31.05	External event 3 source	Defines the source of external event 3. See also parameter 31.06 External event 3 type. For the selections, see parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.	Inactive (true)	
31.06	External event 3 type	Selects the type of external event 3.		
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0	
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1	
	Warning/Fault	If the drive is modulating, the external event generates a fault. Otherwise, the event generates a warning.	3	
31.07	External event 4 source	Defines the source of external event 4. See also parameter 31.08 External event 4 type. For the selections, see parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.	Inactive (true)	
31.08	External event 4 type	Selects the type of external event 4.		
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0	
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1	
	Warning/Fault	If the drive is modulating, the external event generates a fault. Otherwise, the event generates a warning.	3	
31.09	External event 5 source	Defines the source of external event 5. See also parameter 31.10 External event 5 type. For the selections, see parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.	Inactive (true)	
31.10	External event 5 type	Selects the type of external event 5.		
	Fault	The external event generates a fault.	0	
	Warning	The external event generates a warning.	1	
	Warning/Fault	If the drive is modulating, the external event generates a fault. Otherwise, the event generates a warning.	3	
31.11	Fault reset selection	Selects the source of an external fault reset signal. This signal will be observed even if it is not the active source in the current control location (EXT1/EXT2/Local).  (A reset from the active source will be observed regardless of this parameter.)  0 -> 1 = Reset	DI3	
	Not selected	0.	0	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	FBAA MCW bit 7	Control word bit 7 received through fieldbus interface A.	30
	EFB MCW bit 7	Control word bit 7 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	32
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
31.12	Autoreset selection	Selects faults that are automatically reset. The parameter is a 16-bit word with each bit corresponding to a fault type. Whenever a bit is set to 1, the corresponding fault is automatically reset.  The number and interval of reset attempts are defined by parameters 31.1431.16.  WARNING! Before you activate the function, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. The function resets the drive automatically and continues operation after a fault.  Notes:  The autoreset function is only available in external control; see section Local control vs. external control (page 20).  Faults related to the Safe torque off (STO) function cannot be automatically reset.  The bits of this binary number correspond to the following faults:	0000h

Bit	Fault
0	Overcurrent
1	Overvoltage
2	Undervoltage
3	Al supervision fault
4	Supply unit
57	Reserved
8	Application fault 1 (defined in the application program)
9	Application fault 2 (defined in the application program)
10	Selectable fault (see parameter 31.13 User selectable fault)
11	External fault 1 (from source selected by parameter 31.01 External event 1 source)
12	External fault 2 (from source selected by parameter 31.03 External event 2 source)
13	External fault 3 (from source selected by parameter 31.05 External event 3 source)
14	External fault 4 (from source selected by parameter 31.07 External event 4 source)
15	External fault 5 (from source selected by parameter 31.09 External event 5 source)

1		
0000hFFFFh	Automatic reset configuration word.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
31.13	User selectable fault	Defines the fault that can be automatically reset using parameter 31.12 Autoreset selection, bit 10. The faults are listed in chapter Fault tracing (page 519).	0000h
	0000hFFFFh	Fault code.	10 = 1
31.14	Number of trials	Defines the maximum number of automatic resets that the drive is allowed to attempt within the time specified by 31.15 Total trials time.  If the fault persists, subsequent reset attempts will be made at intervals defined by 31.16 Delay time.  The faults to be automatically reset are defined by 31.12 Autoreset selection.	0
	05	Number of automatic resets.	1 = 1
31.15	Total trials time	Defines a time window for automatic fault resets. The maximum number of attempts made during any period of this length is defined by 31.14 Number of trials.  Note: If the fault condition remains and cannot be reset, each reset attempt will generate an event and start a new time window. In practice, if the specified number of resets (31.14) at specified intervals (31.16) take longer than the value of 31.15, the drive will continue to attempt resetting the fault until the cause is eventually removed.	30.0 s
	1.0 600.0 s	Time for automatic resets.	10 = 1 s
31.16	Delay time	Defines the time that the drive will wait after a fault (or a previous reset attempt) before attempting an automatic reset. See parameter 31.12 Autoreset selection.	0.0 s
	0.0 120.0 s	Autoreset delay.	10 = 1 s
31.19	Motor phase loss	Selects how the drive reacts when a motor phase loss is detected.  Note: The drive may not be able to reliably detect a phase loss in a multimotor application: a separate protection method (eg. a motor protection switch) should be installed for each motor.	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	The drive trips on fault 3381 Output phase loss.	1
31.20	Earth fault	Selects how the drive reacts when an earth fault or current unbalance is detected in the motor or the motor cable.  See also section <i>Earth (Ground) fault detection (parameter 31.20)</i> (page 86).	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Warning	The drive generates an A2B3 Earth leakage warning.	1
	Fault	The drive trips on fault 2330 Earth leakage.	2

No.	Name/Value	Descri	ption			DeflFbEq16
31.22	STO indication run/stop	Selects which indications are given when one or both Safe torque off (STO) signals are switched off or lost. The indications also depend on whether the drive is running or stopped when this occurs.  The tables at each selection below show the indications generated with that particular setting.  Notes:  This parameter does not affect the operation of the STO function itself. The STO function will operate regardless of the setting of this parameter: a running drive will stop upon removal of one or both STO signals, and will not start until both STO signals are restored and all faults reset.  The loss of only one STO signal always generates a fault as it is interpreted as a malfunction.  This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.  For more information on the STO, see the Hardware manual of the drive.				Fault/Fault
	Fault/Fault					0
		Inp	uts IN2	—— Indication (running or stopped)		
		0	0	Fault 5091 S	afe torque off	
		0	1		que off and FA81 Safe off 1 loss	
		1	0		que off and FA82 Safe off 2 loss	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	
	Fault/Warning					1
		<del> </del>	uts		ation	
		IN1	IN2	Running	Stopped	
		0	0	Fault 5091 Safe torque off	Warning A5A0 Safe torque off	
		0	1	Faults 5091 Safe torque off and FA81 Safe torque off 1 loss	Warning A5A0 Safe torque off and fault FA81 Safe torque off 1 loss	
		1	0	Faults 5091 Safe torque off and FA82 Safe torque off 2 loss	Warning A5A0 Safe torque off and fault FA82 Safe torque off 2 loss	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	

1	Name/Value	Descri	ption			DeflFbEq16
	Fault/Event					2
		Inp	uts	Indic	ation	
		IN1	IN2	Running	Stopped	
		0	0	Fault 5091 Safe torque off	Event B5A0 STO event	
		0	1	Faults 5091 Safe torque off and FA81 Safe torque off 1 loss	Event B5A0 STO event and fault FA81 Safe torque off 1 loss	
		1	0	Faults 5091 Safe torque off and FA82 Safe torque off 2 loss	Event B5A0 STO event and fault FA82 Safe torque off 2 loss	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	
	Warning/Warning					3
		Inp IN1	uts IN2	Indication (runr	ning or stopped)	
		0	0		Safe torque off	
		0	1	Safe torqu	rque off and fault FA81 e off 1 loss	
		1	0		rque off and fault FA82 e off 2 loss	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	
	- ·/- ·					4
	Event/Event	Local	4-	T		4
		IN1	uts IN2	Indication (runr	ning or stopped)	
		0	0	Event B5A0	) STO event	
		0	1	Event B5A0 STO eve	nt and fault FA81 Safe	
		1	0		nt and fault FA82 Safe off 2 loss	
		1	1	(Normal o	operation)	
	No indication/No					5
	indication	Inp	uts	Indication (runn	ning or stopped)	
		IN1	IN2			
		0	0		one	
		0	1		torque off 1 loss	
		1	0		torque off 2 loss	
		1	1	(Normal d	operation)	
31.23	Wiring or earth fault	Selects how the drive reacts to incorrect input power and motor cable connection (i.e. input power cable is connected to drive motor connection).  Note: The protection must be disabled with drive/inverter hardware supplied from a common DC bus.				Fault; No action (95.20 b15)
	No action No action taken (protection disabled).					0
	Fault	The dr	ive trip	s on fault 3181 Wiring o	r earth fault.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
31.24	Stall function	Selects how the drive reacts to a motor stall condition.  A stall condition is defined as follows:  • The drive exceeds the stall current limit (31.25 Stall current limit), and  • the output frequency is below the level set by parameter 31.27 Stall frequency limit or the motor speed is below the level set by parameter 31.26 Stall speed limit, and  • the conditions above have been true longer than the time set by parameter 31.28 Stall time.	Fault
	No action	None (stall supervision disabled).	0
	Warning	The drive generates an A780 Motor stall warning.	1
	Fault	The drive trips on fault 7121 Motor stall.	2
31.25	Stall current limit	Stall current limit in percent of the nominal current of the motor. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.	200.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Stall current limit.	10 = 1%
31.26	Stall speed limit	Stall speed limit in rpm. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.	150.00 rpm; 180.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	0.00 10000.00 rpm	Stall speed limit.	See par. 46.01
31.27	Stall frequency limit	Stall frequency limit. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.  Note: Setting the limit below 10 Hz is not recommended.	15.00 Hz; 18.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	0.00 500.00 Hz	Stall frequency limit.	See par. 46.02
31.28	Stall time	Stall time. See parameter 31.24 Stall function.	20 s
	0 3600 s	Stall time.	1 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
31.30	Overspeed trip margin	Defines, together with 30.11 Minimum speed and 30.12  Maximum speed, the maximum allowed speed of the motor (overspeed protection). If 90.01 Motor speed for control or the estimated speed exceeds the speed limit defined by parameter 30.11 or 30.12 by more than the value of this parameter, the drive trips on the 7310 Overspeed fault.  Example: If the maximum speed is 1420 rpm and speed trip margin is 300 rpm, the drive trips at 1720 rpm.  Speed (90.01)  Overspeed trip level  31.30  Overspeed trip level	500.00 rpm
	0.00 10000.0 rpm	Overspeed trip margin.	See par. 46.01
31.32	Emergency ramp supervision	Parameters 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision and 31.33 Emergency ramp supervision delay, together with 01.29 Speed change rate, provide a supervision function for emergency stop modes Off1 and Off3.  The supervision is based on either  • observing the time within which the motor stops, or  • comparing the actual and expected deceleration rates. If this parameter is set to 0%, the maximum stop time is directly set in parameter 31.33. Otherwise, 31.32 defines the maximum allowed deviation from the expected deceleration rate, which is calculated from parameters 23.1123.19 (Off1) or 23.23 Emergency stop time (Off3). If the actual deceleration rate (01.29) deviates too much from the expected rate, the drive trips on 73B0 Emergency ramp failed, sets bit 8 of 06.17 Drive status word 2, and coasts to a stop. If 31.32 is set to 0% and 31.33 is set to 0 s, the emergency stop ramp supervision is disabled.  See also parameter 21.04 Emergency stop mode.	0%
	0300%	Maximum deviation from expected deceleration rate.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
31.33	If parameter 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision is set to 0% this parameter defines the maximum time an emergency sto (mode Off1 or Off3) is allowed to take. If the motor has not stopped when the time elapses, the drive trips on 73B0 Emergency ramp failed, sets bit 8 of 06.17 Drive status word 2, and coasts to a stop.  If 31.32 is set to a value other than 0%, this parameter define a delay between the receipt of the emergency stop command and the activation of the supervision. It is recommended to specify a short delay to allow the speed change rate to stabilize.		0 s
	032767 s	Maximum ramp-down time, or supervision activation delay.	1 = 1 s
31.35	Main fan fault function	Selects how the drive reacts when a main cooling fan fault is detected.  Note: With an inverter unit consisting of one or more frame R8i inverter modules with speed-controlled fans, it may be possible to continue operation even if one main fan of a module stops. When fan failure is detected, the control program will automatically  • set the other fan of the module to full speed  • set the fans of the other modules (if any) to full speed  • decrease the switching frequency to a minimum, and  • disable the supervision of temperature difference between the modules.  If this parameter is set to Fault, the inverter unit will trip (but still carry out the actions listed above). Otherwise, the inverter will attempt to continue operation.	Warning
	Fault	The drive trips on fault 5080 Fan.	0
	Warning	The drive generates an <i>A581 Fan</i> warning.	1
	No action	No action taken.	2
31.36	Aux fan fault function	(Only visible with a ZCU control unit) Selects how the drive reacts when an auxiliary fan fault is detected.	Fault
	Fault	The drive trips on fault 5081 Auxiliary fan not running.  Note: The fault is suppressed for two minutes after power-up.  During this time, the drive only generates a warning, A582  Auxiliary fan not running.	0
	Warning	The drive generates a warning, A582 Auxiliary fan not running.	1

No.	Name/V	/alue	Description		DeflFbEq16
31.37	31.37 Ramp stop supervision		stop supervision rate, provide a semergency) ran The supervision • observing the • comparing the directly set in parameter directly set in parameter, which is called actual decelerate expected rate, to of 06.17 Drive se	in is based on either set time within which the motor stops, or the actual and expected deceleration rates. It is set to 0%, the maximum stop time is arameter 31.38. Otherwise, 31.37 defines the red deviation from the expected deceleration alculated from parameters 23.1123.19. If the tion rate (01.29) deviates too much from the the drive trips on 73B1 Stop failed, sets bit 14 status word 2, and coasts to a stop.	0%
	0300	%	Maximum devia	tion from expected deceleration rate.	1 = 1%
31.38	Ramp stop supervision delay		If parameter 31.37 Ramp stop supervision is set to 0%, this parameter defines the maximum time a ramp stop is allowed to take. If the motor has not stopped when the time elapses, the drive trips on 73B1 Stop failed, sets bit 14 of 06.17 Drive status word 2, and coasts to a stop.  If 31.37 is set to a value other than 0%, this parameter defines a delay between the receipt of the stop command and the activation of the supervision. It is recommended to specify a short delay to allow the speed change rate to stabilize.		0 s
	03276	67 s	Maximum ramp	1 = 1 s	
31.40			word with each bit is set to 1, th	gs to be suppressed. The parameter is a 16-bit bit corresponding to a warning. Whenever a se corresponding warning is suppressed. binary number correspond to the following	0000b
	Bit	Name		Warning	
	0	Overvoltage	)	A3A1 DC link overvoltage	
	1	Reserved			
	2	Encoder 1		A7E1 Encoder (for encoder 1)	
	3	Encoder 2	A7E1 Encoder (for encoder 2)		
	4	,	l unit) battery		
	5	Emergency	Stop Off2 AFE1 Emergency stop (off2)		
	6	Emergency	Stop Off1 Off3	AFE2 Emergency stop (off1 or off3)	
	715	Reserved		•	
		1			
	0000h	.FFFFh	Warning suppre	ession word.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
31.42	Overcurrent fault limit	Sets a custom motor current fault limit.  The drive automatically sets an internal motor current limit according to the drive hardware. The internal limit is appropriate in most cases, but this parameter can be used to set a lower current limit, for example, to protect a permanent magnet motor from demagnetization.  Note: The limit defines the maximum peak current of one phase.  With this parameter at 0.0 A, only the internal limit is in force.	0.00 A
	0.00 30000.00 A	Custom motor current fault limit.	See par. 46.05
31.54	Fault action	Selects the stop mode when a non-critical fault occurs.	Coast
	Coast	The drive coasts to a stop.	0
	Emergency ramp	The drive follows the ramp specified for an emergency stop in parameter 23.23 Emergency stop time.	1
31.55	Ext I/O comm loss event	Selects how the drive reacts when the communication to an I/O extension module fails.	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Warning	The drive generates a warning, A799 Ext I/O comm loss.	1
	Fault	The drive trips on a fault, 7082 Ext I/O comm loss.	2
31.120	LSU earth fault	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects how the supply unit reacts when an earth fault or current unbalance is detected.	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Warning	The supply unit generates a warning, AE02 Earth leakage.	1
	Fault	The supply unit trips on a fault, 2E01 Earth leakage.	2
31.121	LSU supply phase loss	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects how the supply unit reacts when a supply phase loss is detected.	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	The supply unit trips on a fault, 3E00 Input phase loss.	1

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description		DeflFbEq16
32 Su	pervisio	1	Configuration of signal supervision functions 13. Three values can be chosen to be monitored; a warning or fault is generated whenever predefined limits are exceeded. See also section Signal supervision (page 88).		
32.01	Supervision status		Signal superviolation Indicates whet supervision fullimits.  Note: This work	sion status word. ther the values monitored by the signal actions are within or outside their respective and is independent of the drive actions defined by 2.06, 32.16 and 32.26.	0000Ь
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Supervision	1 active	1 = Signal selected by 32.07 is outside its limits	
	1	Supervision		1 = Signal selected by 32.17 is outside its limits	
	2	Supervision		1 = Signal selected by 32.27 is outside its limits	
	315	Reserved		,	
	00000	111b	Signal supervi	sion status word.	1 = 1
32.05	Supervision 1 function		Selects the monitor to its lower and	ode of signal supervision function 1. Determines ored signal (see parameter 32.07) is compared d upper limits (32.09 and 32.10 respectively). Determines taken when the condition is fulfilled is	Disabled
	Disabled		Signal supervision 1 not in use.		0
	Low		Action is taker	whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1
	High		Action is taken	whenever the signal rises above its upper limit.	2
	Abs low			whenever the absolute value of the signal falls blute) lower limit.	3
	Abs high			whenever the absolute value of the signal rises olute) upper limit.	4
	Both		Action is taker rises above its	n whenever the signal falls below its low limit or high limit.	5
	Abs both			whenever the absolute value of the signal falls blute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high	6
32.06	2.06 Supervision 1 action		by signal supe	tion the drive takes when the value monitored rivision 1 exceeds its limits. rameter does not affect the status indicated by sion status.	No action
	No actio	n	No action taken.		0
	Warning		A warning (A8B0 Signal supervision) is generated.		1
	Fault		The drive trips	on 80B0 Signal supervision.	2
	Fault if ru	unning	If running, the	drive trips on 80B0 Signal supervision.	3
32.07	Supervis signal	ion 1	Selects the sign function 1.	nal to be monitored by signal supervision	Zero
	Zero		None.		0
	Speed		01.01 Motor sp	peed used (page 117).	1
	Frequency		-	requency (page 117).	3
	i iequelloy		a a single and a	, , , , ,	I

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Current	01.07 Motor current (page 117).	4
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque (page 117).	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage (page 117).	7
	Output power	01.14 Output power (page 118).	8
	Al1	12.11 Al1 actual value (page 160).	9
	Al2	12.21 Al2 actual value (page 162).	10
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 220).	18
	Speed ref ramp out	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 220).	19
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 226).	20
	Torque ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 242).	21
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 250).	22
	Process PID output	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 311).	24
	Process PID feedback	40.02 Process PID feedback actual (page 311).	25
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
32.08	Supervision 1 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 1.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s
32.09	Supervision 1 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 1.	0.00
	-21474830.00 21474830.00	Low limit.	-
32.10	Supervision 1 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 1.	0.00
	-21474830.00 21474830.00	Upper limit.	-
32.15	Supervision 2 function	Selects the mode of signal supervision function 2. Determines how the monitored signal (see parameter 32.17) is compared to its lower and upper limits (32.19 and 32.20 respectively). The action to be taken when the condition is fulfilled is selected by 32.16.	Disabled
	Disabled	Signal supervision 2 not in use.	0
	Low	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1
	High	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above its upper limit.	2
	Abs low	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) lower limit.	3
	Abs high	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal rises above its (absolute) upper limit.	4
	Both	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its low limit or rises above its high limit.	5
	Abs both	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high limit.	6
32.16	Supervision 2 action	Selects the action the drive takes when the value monitored by signal supervision 2 exceeds its limits.  Note: This parameter does not affect the status indicated by 32.01 Supervision status.	No action
	No action	No action taken.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16	
	Warning	A warning (A8B1 Signal supervision 2) is generated.	1	
	Fault	The drive trips on 80B1 Signal supervision 2.	2	
	Fault if running	If running, the drive trips on 80B1 Signal supervision 2.	3	
32.17	Supervision 2 signal	Selects the signal to be monitored by signal supervision function 2.  For the available selections, see parameter 32.07 Supervision 1 signal.	Zero	
32.18	Supervision 2 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 2.	0.000 s	
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s	
32.19	Supervision 2 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 2.	0.00	
	-21474830.00 21474830.00	Low limit.	-	
32.20	Supervision 2 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 2.	0.00	
	-21474830.00 21474830.00	Upper limit.	-	
32.25	Supervision 3 function	Selects the mode of signal supervision function 3. Determines how the monitored signal (see parameter 32.27) is compared to its lower and upper limits (32.29 and 32.30 respectively). The action to be taken when the condition is fulfilled is selected by 32.26.	Disabled	
	Disabled	Signal supervision 3 not in use.	0	
	Low	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its lower limit.	1	
	High	Action is taken whenever the signal rises above its upper limit.	2	
	Abs low	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) lower limit.	3	
	Abs high	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal rises above its (absolute) upper limit.	4	
	Both	Action is taken whenever the signal falls below its low limit or rises above its high limit.	5	
	Abs both	Action is taken whenever the absolute value of the signal falls below its (absolute) low limit or rises above its (absolute) high limit.	6	
32.26	Supervision 3 action	Selects the action the drive takes when the value monitored by signal supervision 3 exceeds its limits.  Note: This parameter does not affect the status indicated by 32.01 Supervision status.	No action	
	No action	No action taken.	0	
	Warning	A warning (A8B2 Signal supervision 3) is generated.	1	
	Fault	The drive trips on 80B2 Signal supervision 3.	2	
	Fault if running	If running, the drive trips on 80B2 Signal supervision 3.	3	
32.27	Supervision 3 signal Selects the signal to be monitored by signal supervision function 3.  For the available selections, see parameter 32.07 Supervision 1 signal.		Zero	
32.28	Supervision 3 filter time	Defines a filter time constant for the signal monitored by signal supervision 3.	0.000 s	
	0.000 30.000 s	Signal filter time.	1000 = 1 s	

No.	Name/V	alue	Description	DeflFbEq16			
32.29	Supervis	sion 3 low	Defines the lower limit for signal supervision 3.	0.00			
	-214748 2147483	30.00 30.00	Low limit.	-			
32.30	Supervis	sion 3 high	Defines the upper limit for signal supervision 3.	0.00			
	-214748 2147483	30.00 30.00	Upper limit.	-			
33 Ger	neric tim er	ner &	Configuration of maintenance timers/counters. See also section <i>Maintenance timers and counters</i> (page 88).				
33.01 Counter status		status	Displays the maintenance timer/counter status word, indicating which maintenance timers/counters have exceeded their limits.  This parameter is read-only.	-			
	Bit	Name	Description				
	0	On-time1	1 = On-time timer 1 has reached its preset limit.				
	1	On-time2	1 = On-time timer 2 has reached its preset limit.				
	2	Edge 1	1 = Signal edge counter 1 has reached its preset limit.				
	3	Edge 2	1 = Signal edge counter 2 has reached its preset limit.				
	4	Value 1	1 = Value counter 1 has reached its preset limit. 1 = Value counter 2 has reached its preset limit.				
	5	Value 2					
	615	Reserved					
0000 0		00b 11b	Maintenance time/counter status word.	1 = 1			
33.10			Displays the actual present value of on-time timer 1.  The timer runs whenever the signal selected by parameter 33.13 On-time 1 source is on.  When the timer exceeds the limit set by 33.11 On-time 1 warn limit, bit 0 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1. The warning specified by 33.14 On-time 1 warn message is also given if enabled by 33.12 On-time 1 function.  The timer can be reset from the Drive composer PC tool, or from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.	-			
	04294	967295 s	Actual present value of on-time timer 1.	-			
33.11	On-time	1 warn limit	Sets the warning limit for on-time timer 1.	0 s			
	04294	967295 s	Warning limit for on-time timer 1.	-			

No.	. Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16			
33.12	On-time	1 function	Configures on-time timer 1.	0000b			
	Bit Function						
	Counter mode 0 = Loop: When the limit is reached, the counter is reset. The counter status (bit 0 of 33.01) switches to 1 for one second. The warning (if enabled) stays active for at least 1 seconds. 1 = Saturate: When the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 0 of 33.01) switches to and remains so until 33.10 is reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.1 is reset.						
	1	Warning enable 0 = Disable: No warning is given when the limit is reached 1 = Enable: A warning (see 33.14) is given when the limit is reached					
	215	Reserved	3, 11, 3				
				<del>1</del>			
	0000b		On-time timer 1 configuration word.	1 = 1			
33.13	On-time	1 source	Selects the signal to be monitored by on-time timer 1.	False			
	False		Constant 0 (timer disabled).	0			
	True		Constant 1.	1			
	RO1		Bit 0 of 10.21 RO status (page 151).	2			
	Other [bi	<i>t</i> ]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-			
33.14	On-time 1 warn message		Selects the optional warning message for on-time timer 1.	On-time 1 exceeded			
	On-time 1 exceeded		A886 On-time 1. The message text can be edited on the control panel by choosing Menu – Settings – Edit texts.	0			
	Clean device		A88C Device clean.	6			
	Maintain additional cooling fan		A890 Additional cooling.	7			
	Maintain cabinet fan  Maintain DC capacitors  Maintain motor bearing  On-time 2 actual		A88E Cabinet fan.	8			
			A88D DC capacitor.	9			
			A880 Motor bearing.	10			
33.20			Displays the actual present value of on-time timer 2. The timer runs whenever the signal selected by parameter 33.23 On-time 2 source is on.  When the timer exceeds the limit set by 33.21 On-time 2 warn limit, bit 1 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1. The warning specified by 33.24 On-time 2 warn message is also given if enabled by 33.22 On-time 2 function.  The timer can be reset from the Drive composer PC tool, or from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.	-			
	04294	967295 s	Actual present value of on-time timer 2.	-			
33.21	On-time	2 warn limit	Sets the warning limit for on-time timer 2.	0 s			
	04294967295 s		Warning limit for on-time timer 2.	-			

No.	Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16					
33.22	22 On-time 2 function		Configures on-time timer 2.	0000b					
	Bit								
	0	Counter mo							
			When the limit is reached, the counter is reset. The counter statusches to 1 for one second. The warning (if enabled) stays active for						
		seconds.	cries to 1 for one second. The warning (if enabled) stays active it	or acteast to					
			e: When the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 1 of 33.01) s						
		l <sub>-</sub>	s so until 33.20 is reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays activ	e until 33.20					
	1	is reset.	able						
		Warning en 0 = Disable	e: No warning is given when the limit is reached						
			: A warning (see 33.24) is given when the limit is reached						
	215	Reserved							
		•							
	0000b	0011b	On-time timer 2 configuration word.	1 = 1					
33.23	On-time	2 source	Selects the signal to be monitored by on-time timer 2.	False					
	False		Constant 0 (timer disabled).	0					
	True		Constant 1.	1					
	RO1		Bit 0 of 10.21 RO status (page 151).	2					
	Other [b	it]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-					
33.24	On-time 2 warn message		Selects the optional warning message for on-time timer 2.	On-time 2 exceeded					
	On-time 2 exceeded		A887 On-time 2. The message text can be edited on the control panel by choosing Menu – Settings – Edit texts.	1					
	Clean device		A88C Device clean.	6					
	Maintain additional cool fan		A890 Additional cooling.	7					
	Maintain cabinet fan		A88E Cabinet fan.	8					
	Maintain DC capacitors		A88D DC capacitor.	9					
	Maintain bearing	motor	A880 Motor bearing.	10					
33.30	Edge counter 1		Actual present value of signal edge counter 1.	-					
	actual		The counter is incremented every time the signal selected by parameter 33.33 Edge counter 1 source switches on or off (or either, depending on the setting of 33.32 Edge counter 1 function). A divisor may be applied to the count (see 33.34 Edge counter 1 divider).						
			When the counter exceeds the limit set by 33.31 Edge counter 1 warn limit, bit 2 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1. The warning specified by 33.35 Edge counter 1 warn message is also given if enabled by 33.32 Edge counter 1 function.						
			The counter can be reset from the Drive composer PC tool, or from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.						
	04294	967295	Actual present value of signal edge counter 1.	-					

No.	Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16	
33.31	Edge counter 1 warn limit		Sets the warning limit for signal edge counter 1.	0	
	04294967295 W		Warning limit for signal edge counter 1.	-	
33.32	Edge counter 1 function		Configures signal edge counter 1.	0000b	
	Bit Function				
	0	Counter mode 0 = Loop: When the limit is reached, the counter is reset. The counter status (bit 2 of 33.01) switches to 1 and remains so until the counter is again incremented. The warning (if enabled) stays active for at least 10 seconds. 1 = Saturate: When the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 2 of 33.01) switches to 1, and remains so until 33.30 is reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.30 is reset.			
	1		able : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.35) is given when the limit is reached		
	2	Count rising 0 = Disable	, , ,		
	3	Count falling edges are counted  0 = Disable: Falling edges are not counted  1 = Enable: Falling edges are counted			
	415	Reserved			
	0000b.	1111b	Edge counter 1 configuration word.	1 = 1	
33.33	Edge counter 1 source		Selects the signal to be monitored by signal edge counter 1.	False	
	False		Constant 0.	0	
	True RO1		Constant 1.	1	
			Bit 0 of 10.21 RO status (page 151).	2	
	Other [bit]		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-	
33.34	Edge d	counter 1	Defines a divisor for signal edge counter 1. Determines how many signal edges increment the counter by 1.	1	
	1429	94967295	Divisor for signal edge counter 1.	-	
33.35	_	counter 1 nessage	Selects the optional warning message for signal edge counter 1.	Edge counter 1 exceeded	
	Edge counter 1 exceeded		A888 Edge counter 1. The message text can be edited on the control panel by choosing Menu – Settings – Edit texts.	2	
	Counted main contactor		A884 Main contactor.	11	
	Counted output relay		A881 Output relay.	12	
	Counted motor starts		A882 Motor starts.	13	
	Counte	ed power ups	A883 Power ups.	14	
	Counte		A885 DC charge.	15	

	Name/Value Description			DeflFbEq16	
33.40	3.40 Edge counter 2 actual		Displays the actual present value of signal edge counter 2. The counter is incremented every time the signal selected by parameter 33.43 Edge counter 2 source switches on or off (or either, depending on the setting of 33.42 Edge counter 2 function). A divisor may be applied to the count (see 33.44 Edge counter 2 divider).  When the counter exceeds the limit set by 33.41 Edge counter 2 warn limit, bit 3 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1. The warning specified by 33.45 Edge counter 2 warn message is also given if enabled by 33.42 Edge counter 2 function.  The counter can be reset from the Drive composer PC tool, or from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.	-	
	0429	4967295	Actual present value of signal edge counter 2.	-	
33.41	Edge co warn lin	ounter 2 nit	Sets the warning limit for signal edge counter 2.	0	
	0429	4967295	Warning limit for signal edge counter 2.	-	
33.42	Edge co function	ounter 2	Configures signal edge counter 2.	0000Ь	
	Bit	Function			
	0	Counter mo 0 = Loop: W 33.01) rema			
		active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res	ains 1 until the counter is again incremented. The warning (if enait least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is rese	mains 1 until	
	1	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is rese	mains 1 until	
	1 2	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached	mains 1 until	
	3	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable 1 = Enable:	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached gedges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted	mains 1 until	
	2	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached gedges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted g edges : Falling edges are not counted	mains 1 until	
	3	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Reserved	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached gedges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted g edges : Falling edges are not counted	mains 1 until	
33.43	2 3 415	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Reserved	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached g edges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted g edges : Falling edges are not counted Falling edges are counted	mains 1 until	
33.43	2 3 415 0000b	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Reserved	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached gedges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted gedges : Falling edges are not counted Falling edges are counted  Edge counter 2 configuration word.	mains 1 until t.	
33.43	2 3 415 0000b Edge co	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Reserved	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached gedges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted g edges : Falling edges are not counted Falling edges are counted  Edge counter 2 configuration word.  Selects the signal to be monitored by signal edge counter 2.	mains 1 until t.  1 = 1  False	
33.43	2 3 415 0000b Edge co source False	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Reserved	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached gedges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted g edges : Falling edges are not counted Falling edges are counted  Edge counter 2 configuration word.  Selects the signal to be monitored by signal edge counter 2.	mains 1 until t.  1 = 1  False	
33.43	2 3 415 0000b Edge cosource False True	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Reserved  1111b Dunter 2	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached gedges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted gedges : Falling edges are not counted Falling edges are counted  Edge counter 2 configuration word.  Selects the signal to be monitored by signal edge counter 2.  0.  1.	mains 1 until t.  1 = 1  False  0 1	
33.43	2 3 415 0000b Edge cosource False True RO1 Other [k	active for at 1 = Saturate 33.40 is res Warning en 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count rising 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Count falling 0 = Disable 1 = Enable: Reserved  1111b Dunter 2	t least 10 seconds. e: After the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 3 of 33.01) reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active until 33.40 is resetable : No warning is given when the limit is reached A warning (see 33.45) is given when the limit is reached gedges : Rising edges are not counted Rising edges are counted g edges : Falling edges are not counted Falling edges are counted  Edge counter 2 configuration word.  Selects the signal to be monitored by signal edge counter 2.  0.  1.  Bit 0 of 10.21 RO status (page 151).	mains 1 until t.  1 = 1  False  0  1	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
33.45	Edge counter 2 warn message	Selects the optional warning message for signal edge counter 2.	Edge counter 2 exceeded
	Edge counter 2 exceeded	A889 Edge counter 2. The message text can be edited on the control panel by choosing Menu – Settings – Edit texts.	3
	Counted main contactor	A884 Main contactor.	11
	Counted output relay	A881 Output relay.	12
	Counted motor starts	A882 Motor starts.	13
	Counted power ups	A883 Power ups.	14
	Counted DC charges	A885 DC charge.	15
33.50	Value counter 1 actual	Displays the actual present value of value counter 1. The value of the source selected by parameter 33.53 Value counter 1 source is read at one-second intervals and added to the counter. A divisor can be applied to the count (see 33.54 Value counter 1 divider).  When the counter exceeds the limit set by 33.51 Value counter 1 warn limit, bit 4 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1. The warning specified by 33.55 Value counter 1 warn message is also given if enabled by 33.52 Value counter 1 function.  The counter can be reset from the Drive composer PC tool, or from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.	-
	-2147483008 2147483008	Actual present value of value counter 1.	-
33.51	Value counter 1 warn limit	Sets the limit for value counter 1.  With a positive limit, bit 4 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1 (and a warning optionally generated) when the counter is equal or greater than the limit.  With a negative limit, bit 4 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1 (and a warning optionally generated) when the counter is equal or smaller than the limit.  0 = Counter disabled.	0
	-2147483008 2147483008	Limit for value counter 1.	-

No.	Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16
33.52	Value co function	ounter 1	Configures value counter 1.	0000ь
	Bit			
	0	33.01) swit seconds. 1 = Saturat	Ode When the limit is reached, the counter is reset. The counter status ches to 1 for one second. The warning (if enabled) stays active force: When the limit is reached, the counter status (bit 4 of 33.01) sets so until 33.50 is reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active.	or at least 10 witches to 1,
	1		nable e: No warning is given when the limit is reached : A warning (see <i>33.55</i> ) is given when the limit is reached	
	215	Reserved		
	0000b	0011b	Value counter 1 configuration word.	1 = 1
33.53	Value co		Selects the signal to be monitored by value counter 1.	Not selected
	Not sele	cted	None (counter disabled).	0
	Motor sp	eed	01.01 Motor speed used (see page 117).	1
	Other		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
33.54	Value co divider	ounter 1	Defines a divisor for value counter 1. The value of the monitored signal is divided by this value before integration.	1.000
	0.001 2147483		Divisor for value counter 1.	-
33.55	Value counter 1 warn message  Value counter 1 exceeded		Selects the optional warning message for value counter 1.	Value counter 1 exceeded
			A88A Value counter 1. The message text can be edited on the control panel by choosing Menu – Settings – Edit texts.	4
	Maintain bearing	motor	A880 Motor bearing.	10
33.60	Value co actual	ounter 2	Displays the actual present value of value counter 2.  The value of the source selected by parameter 33.63 Value counter 2 source is read at one-second intervals and added to the counter. A divisor can be applied to the count (see 33.64 Value counter 2 divider).  When the counter exceeds the limit set by 33.61 Value	-
			counter 2 warn limit, bit 5 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1. The warning specified by 33.65 Value counter 2 warn message is also given if enabled by 33.62 Value counter 2 function.  The counter can be reset from the Drive composer PC tool, or	
			from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.	
	-2147483 2147483		Actual present value of value counter 2.	-

No.	Name/	Value	Description	DeflFbEq16	
33.61	Value d warn lii	counter 2 mit	Sets the limit for value counter 2.  With a positive limit, bit 5 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1 (and a warning optionally generated) when the counter is equal or greater than the limit.  With a negative limit, bit 5 of 33.01 Counter status is set to 1 (and a warning optionally generated) when the counter is equal or smaller than the limit.  0 = Counter disabled.	0	
	-21474 214748	83008 33008	Limit for value counter 2.	-	
33.62	Value of function	counter 2 n	Configures value counter 2.	0000b	
	Bit	Function			
	0	33.01) swite seconds. 1 = Saturat	When the limit is reached, the counter is reset. The counter statusches to 1 for one second. The warning (if enabled) stays active for the status (bit 5 of 33.01) second is reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active second is reset. The warning (if enabled) also stays active second is reset.	or at least 10 switches to 1,	
	1	0 = Disable: No warning is given when the limit is reached 1 = Enable: A warning (see 33.65) is given when the limit is reached			
	215 Reserved				
	0000b.	0011b	Value counter 2 configuration word.	1 = 1	
3.63	Value counter 2 source		Selects the signal to be monitored by value counter 2.	Not selected	
	Not selected		None (counter disabled).	0	
	Motor s	speed	01.01 Motor speed used (see page 117).	1	
	Other		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-	
33.64	Value d divider	counter 2	Defines a divisor for value counter 2. The value of the monitored signal is divided by this value before integration.	1.000	
	0.001 2147483.000		Divisor for value counter 2.	-	
33.65		counter 2 nessage	Selects the optional warning message for value counter 2.	Value counter 2 exceeded	
	Value o	counter 2 led	A88B Value counter 2. The message text can be edited on the control panel by choosing Menu – Settings – Edit texts.	5	
	Maintai bearing	in motor	A880 Motor bearing.	10	

No.	Name/	Value	Descripti	on	DeflFbEq16
	35 Motor thermal protection		measuren fan contro	rmal protection settings such as temperature nent configuration, load curve definition and motor of configuration. section <i>Motor thermal protection</i> (page <i>80</i> ).	
35.01	Motor estimated temperature		motor their 35.5038 selection	he motor temperature as estimated by the internal rmal protection model (see parameters 5.55). The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit meter is read-only.	-
	-60 °C or °		Estimated	motor temperature.	1 = 1°
35.02	Measu temper	red ature 1	by parame selected b <b>Note:</b> Wit	the temperature received through the source defined eter 35.11 Temperature 1 source. The unit is by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.  The property of the unit is ohms. The unit is ohms. The unit is ohms. The unit is ohms.	-
		1000 °C, 1832 °F or 00 ohm	Measured	I temperature 1.	1 = 1 unit
35.03	03 Measured temperature 2		by parame selected b <b>Note:</b> Wit	he temperature received through the source defined eter 35.21 Temperature 2 source. The unit is by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.  h a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.  meter is read-only.	-
	-76	1000 °C, 1832 °F or 00 ohm		I temperature 2.	1 = 1 unit
35.04	05000 ohm  35.04 FPTC status word		modules. events.  Note: The whether the "fault active module is 35.30 FP".	he status of optional FPTC-xx thermistor protection. The word can be used as the source of eg. external e "module found" bits are updated regardless of the corresponding module is activated. However, the ve" and "warning active" bits are not updated if the not activated. Modules are activated by parameter TC configuration word.  meter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Module found		1 = Yes: An FPTC-xx module has been detected in s	
	1	Fault active in		1 = Yes: The module in slot 1 has an active fault (49)	,
	2	Warning activ		1 = Yes: The module in slot 1 has an active warning	, ,
	3	Module found		1 = Yes: An FPTC-xx module has been detected in s	
	4	Fault active in		1 = Yes: The module in slot 2 has an active fault (499)	-
	5	Warning activ		1 = Yes: The module in slot 2 has an active warning	, ,
	6	Module found		1 = Yes: An FPTC-xx module has been detected in s	_
	7	Fault active in		1 = Yes: The module in slot 3 has an active fault (49)	
	8	Warning activ	re in slot 3	1 = Yes: The module in slot 3 has an active warning	(A499).
	915	Reserved			
	0000h.	FFFFh	FPTC-xx	status word.	1 = 1
			·		1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
35.05	Motor overload level	Displays the motor overload level as a percent of the motor overload fault limit. See parameter 35.56 Motor overload action and section Motor overload protection (page 83).	-
	0.0300.0%	Motor overload level. 0.0% No motor overloading 88.0% Motor overloaded to warning level 100.0% Motor overloaded to fault level	10 = 1%
35.11	Temperature 1 source	Selects the source from which measured temperature 1 is read.  For wiring examples, see the hardware manual of the drive.  Usually this source is from a sensor connected to the motor controlled by the drive, but it could be used to measure and monitor a temperature from other parts of the process as long as a suitable sensor is used as per the selection list.	Disabled
	Disabled	None. Temperature monitoring function 1 is disabled.	0
	Estimated temperature	Estimated motor temperature (see parameter 35.01 Motor estimated temperature).  The temperature is estimated from an internal drive calculation. It is important to set up the ambient temperature of the motor in 35.50 Motor ambient temperature.	1
	KTY84 analog I/O	<ul> <li>KTY84 sensor connected to the analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 Al source and an analog output. The input and output can be on the drive control unit or on an extension module.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the unit selection parameter of the input to volt.</li> <li>Set the source selection parameter of the analog output to "Force KTY84 excitation".</li> <li>Select the analog input in parameter 35.14. In case the input is located on an I/O extension module, use the selection Other to point at the actual input value parameter (for example, 14.26 Al1 actual value).</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor changes along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor changes. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	2
	KTY84 encoder module 1	KTY84 sensor connected to encoder interface 1. See also parameters 91.21 Module 1 temp sensor type and 91.22 Module 1 temp filter time.	3
	KTY84 encoder module 2	KTY84 sensor connected to encoder interface 2. See also parameters 91.24 Module 2 temp sensor type and 91.25 Module 2 temp filter time.	4
	1 × Pt100 analog I/O	Pt100 sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 Al source and an analog output. The input and output can be on the drive control unit or on an extension module.  The required settings are the same as with selection KTY84 analog I/O, except that the source selection parameter of the analog output must be set to Force Pt100 excitation.	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	2 × Pt100 analog I/O	As selection 1 × Pt100 analog I/O, but with two sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	6
	3 × Pt100 analog I/O	As selection 1 × Pt100 analog I/O, but with three sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	7
	PTC DI6	PTC sensor connected to digital input DI6 (see the connection diagram on page 80).  Note: Either 0 ohm (normal temperature) or 4000 ohm (excessive temperature) will be shown by 35.02 Measured temperature 1. By default, an excessive temperature will generate a warning as per parameter 35.13 Temperature 1 warning limit. If you want a fault instead, set 35.12 Temperature 1 fault limit to 4000 ohm.	8
	PTC analog I/O	PTC sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 AI source and an analog output. The input and output can be on the drive control unit or on an extension module.  The required settings are the same as with selection KTY84 analog I/O, except that the source selection parameter of the analog output must be set to Force PTC excitation.	20
	PTC encoder module 1	PTC sensor connected to encoder interface 1. See also parameters 91.21 Module 1 temp sensor type and 91.22 Module 1 temp filter time.	9
	PTC encoder module 2	PTC sensor connected to encoder interface 2. See also parameters 91.24 Module 2 temp sensor type and 91.25 Module 2 temp filter time.	10
	Direct temperature	The temperature is taken from the source selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 Al source. The value of the source is assumed to be in the unit of temperature specified by 96.16 Unit selection.	11
	1 × Pt1000 analog I/O	Pt1000 sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.14 Temperature 1 Al source and an analog output. The input and output can be on the drive control unit or on an extension module.  The required settings are the same as with selection KTY84 analog I/O, except that the source selection parameter of the analog output must be set to Force Pt1000 excitation.	13
	2 × Pt1000 analog I/O	As selection 1 × Pt1000 analog I/O, but with two sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	14
	3 × Pt1000 analog I/O	As selection 1 × Pt1000 analog I/O, but with three sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	15
35.12	Temperature 1 fault limit	Defines the fault limit for temperature monitoring function 1. When measured temperature 1 exceeds the limit, the drive trips on fault 4981 External temperature 1. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.  Note: With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.	130 °C, 266 °F or 4500 ohm
	-60 1000 °C, -76 1832 °F or 05000 ohm	Fault limit for temperature monitoring function 1.	1 = 1 unit

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
35.13	Temperature 1 warning limit	Defines the warning limit for temperature monitoring function 1. When measured temperature 1 exceeds this limit, a warning (A491 External temperature 1) is generated. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.  Note: With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.	110 °C, 230 °F or 4000 ohm
	-60 1000 °C, -76 1832 °F or 05000 ohm	Warning limit for temperature monitoring function 1.	1 = 1 unit
35.14	Temperature 1 AI source	Specifies the analog input when the setting of 35.11  Temperature 1 source requires measurement through an analog input.  Note: If the input is located on an I/O extension module, use the selection Other to point to the AI actual value in group 14, 15 or 16, eg. 14.26 AI1 actual value.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	Al1 actual value	Analog input Al1 on the control unit.	1
	Al2 actual value	Analog input Al2 on the control unit.	2
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
35.21	Temperature 2 source	Selects the source from which measured temperature 2 is read.  For wiring examples, see the hardware manual of the drive.  Usually this source is from a sensor connected to the motor controlled by the drive, but it could be used to measure and monitor a temperature from other parts of the process as long as a suitable sensor is used as per the selection list.	Disabled
	Disabled	None. Temperature monitoring function 2 is disabled.	0
	Estimated temperature	Estimated motor temperature (see parameter 35.01 Motor estimated temperature).  The temperature is estimated from an internal drive calculation. It is important to set up the ambient temperature of the motor in 35.50 Motor ambient temperature.	1
	KTY84 analog I/O	<ul> <li>KTY84 sensor connected to the analog input selected by parameter 35.24 Temperature 2 AI source and an analog output. The input and output can be on the drive control unit or on an extension module.</li> <li>The following settings are required:</li> <li>Set the hardware jumper or switch related to the analog input to U (voltage). Any change must be validated by a control unit reboot.</li> <li>Set the unit selection parameter of the input to volt.</li> <li>Set the source selection parameter of the analog output to "Force KTY84 excitation".</li> <li>Select the analog input in parameter 35.24. In case the input is located on an I/O extension module, use the selection Other to point at the actual input value parameter (for example, 14.26 AI1 actual value).</li> <li>The analog output feeds a constant current through the sensor. As the resistance of the sensor changes along with its temperature, the voltage over the sensor changes. The voltage is read by the analog input and converted into degrees.</li> </ul>	2
	KTY84 encoder module 1	KTY84 sensor connected to encoder interface 1. See also parameters 91.21 Module 1 temp sensor type and 91.22 Module 1 temp filter time.	3

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	KTY84 encoder module 2	KTY84 sensor connected to encoder interface 2. See also parameters 91.24 Module 2 temp sensor type and 91.25 Module 2 temp filter time.	4
	1 × Pt100 analog I/O	Pt100 sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.24 Temperature 2 AI source and an analog output. The input and output can be on the drive control unit or on an extension module.  The required settings are the same as with selection KTY84 analog I/O, except that the source selection parameter of the analog output must be set to Force Pt100 excitation.	5
	2 × Pt100 analog I/O	As selection 1 × Pt100 analog I/O, but with two sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	6
	3 × Pt100 analog I/O	As selection 1 × Pt100 analog I/O, but with three sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	7
	PTC DI6	PTC sensor connected to digital input DI6 (see the connection diagram on page 80).  Note: Either 0 ohm (normal temperature) or 4000 ohm (excessive temperature) will be shown by 35.03 Measured temperature 2. By default, an excessive temperature will generate a warning as per parameter 35.23 Temperature 2 warning limit. If you want a fault instead, set 35.22 Temperature 2 fault limit to 4000 ohm.	8
	PTC analog I/O	PTC sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.24 Temperature 2 AI source and an analog output. The input and output can be on the drive control unit or on an extension module.  The required settings are the same as with selection KTY84 analog I/O, except that the source selection parameter of the analog output must be set to Force PTC excitation.	20
	PTC encoder module 1	PTC sensor connected to encoder interface 1. See also parameters 91.21 Module 1 temp sensor type and 91.22 Module 1 temp filter time.	9
	PTC encoder module 2	PTC sensor connected to encoder interface 2. See also parameters 91.24 Module 2 temp sensor type and 91.25 Module 2 temp filter time.	10
	Direct temperature	The temperature is taken from the source selected by parameter 35.24 Temperature 2 Al source. The value of the source is assumed to be in the unit of temperature specified by 96.16 Unit selection.	11
	1 × Pt1000 analog I/O	Pt1000 sensor connected to a standard analog input selected by parameter 35.24 Temperature 2 AI source and an analog output. The input and output can be on the drive control unit or on an extension module.  The required settings are the same as with selection KTY84 analog I/O, except that the source selection parameter of the analog output must be set to Force Pt1000 excitation.	13
	2 × Pt1000 analog I/O	As selection 1 × Pt1000 analog I/O, but with two sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	14
	3 × Pt1000 analog I/O	As selection 1 × Pt1000 analog I/O, but with three sensors connected in series. Using multiple sensors improves measurement accuracy significantly.	15

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description		DeflFbEq16
35.22	Temperature 2 fault limit		When measu trips on fault	ault limit for temperature monitoring function 2.  ured temperature 2 exceeds the limit, the drive  4982 External temperature 2.	130 °C, 266 °F or 4500 ohm
				PIC sensor, the unit is ohms.	
	-60 10 -76 18 05000	32 °F or	Fault limit for	temperature monitoring function 2.	1 = 1 unit
35.23	Tempera warning		2. When mea (A492 Extern	varning limit for temperature monitoring function issured temperature 2 exceeds the limit, a warning temperature 2) is generated. Elected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.	110 °C, 230 °F or 4000 ohm
				PTC sensor, the unit is ohms.	
	-60 10 -76 18 05000	332 °F or		for temperature monitoring function 2.	1 = 1 unit
35.24	Tempera source	ture 2 Al	selections K7	nput for parameter 35.21 Temperature 2 source, FY84 analog I/O, 1 × Pt100 analog I/O, 2 × Pt100 × Pt100 analog I/O and Direct temperature.	Not selected
	Not sele	cted	None.		0
	Al1 actua	al value	Analog input	Al1 on the control unit.	1
	Al2 actu	al value	Analog input	Al2 on the control unit.	2
	Other		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).		-
35.30	FPTC co	onfiguration	the control ur	TC-xx thermistor protection modules installed on hit of the drive. Using this word, it is also possible he warnings (but not faults) from each module.	0010 1010b
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Module in s	lot 1 1 = Yes: Module installed in slot 1.		
	1	Disable slo	t 1 warning	1 = Yes: Warnings from the module in slot 1 suppressed.	
	2	Module in s	lot 2	1 = Yes: Module installed in slot 2.	
	3	Disable slo		1 = Yes: Warnings from the module in slot 2 supp	oressed.
	4	Module in s		1 = Yes: Module installed in slot 3.	
	5	Disable slo	t 3 warning	1 = Yes: Warnings from the module in slot 3 supp	oressed.
	615	Reserved			
	0000 0000b 0011 1111b		FPTC-xx mod	dule configuration word.	1 = 1
35.50	Motor ambient temperature		thermal prote 96.16 Unit se The motor the temperature of motor temper the load curve below the load WARN	ermal protection model estimates the motor on the basis of parameters 35.5035.55. The rature increases if it operates in the region above e, and decreases if it operates in the region	20 °C or 68 °F
	-60 10 -75 2		Ambient temp	perature.	1 = 1°

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
35.51	Motor load curve	Defines the motor load curve together with parameters 35.52 Zero speed load and 35.53 Break point. The load curve is used by the motor thermal protection model to estimate the motor temperature.  When the parameter is set to 100%, the maximum load is taken as the value of parameter 99.06 Motor nominal current (higher loads heat up the motor). The load curve level should be adjusted if the ambient temperature differs from the nominal value set in 35.50 Motor ambient temperature.	100%
	//I <sub>N</sub> (%)  150 -	<ul><li>I = Motor current</li><li>I<sub>N</sub> = Nominal motor current</li></ul>	
	100	35.51	
	50 <del>-</del> 35.52		
		35.53 Drive output frequency	ut
	50 150%	Maximum load for the motor load curve.	1 = 1%
35.52	Zero speed load	Defines the motor load curve together with parameters 35.51 Motor load curve and 35.53 Break point. Defines the maximum motor load at zero speed of the load curve. A higher value can be used if the motor has an external motor fan to boost the cooling. See the motor manufacturer's recommendations.  See parameter 35.51 Motor load curve.	70%
	25150%	Zero speed load for the motor load curve.	1 = 1%
35.53	Break point	Defines the motor load curve together with parameters 35.51 Motor load curve and 35.52 Zero speed load. Defines the break point frequency of the load curve i.e. the point at which the motor load curve begins to decrease from the value of parameter 35.51 Motor load curve towards the value of parameter 35.52 Zero speed load.  See parameter 35.51 Motor load curve.	45.00 Hz
	1.00 500.00 Hz	Break point for the motor load curve.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
35.54	Motor nominal temperature rise	Defines the temperature rise of the motor above ambient when the motor is loaded with nominal current. See the motor manufacturer's recommendations.  The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.	80 °C or 176 °F
	Motor nom temperature	Ambient temperature	
		Tin	пе
	0300 °C or 32572 °F	Temperature rise.	1 = 1°
35.55	Motor thermal time constant	Defines the thermal time constant for use with the motor thermal protection model, defined as the time to reach 63% of the nominal motor temperature. See the motor manufacturer's recommendations.	256 s
		Time  Tomperature rise  100%  63%	
		Motor thermal time Time	
	100 10000 s	Motor thermal time constant.	1 = 1 s
35.56	Motor overload action	Selects the action taken when motor overload is detected. See section <i>Motor overload protection</i> (page 83).	No action
	No action	No action taken.	0

Warning only   Drive generates warning A783 Motor overload when the motor is overloaded to the warning level, that is, parameter 35.05 Motor overload level reaches value 88.0%.	No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
motor is overloaded to the warning level, that is, parameter 35.05 Motor overload level reaches value 88.0%. Drive trips on fault 7122 Motor overload when the motor is overloaded to the fault level, that is, parameter 35.05 Motor overload level reaches value 100.0%.  35.57 Motor overload clevel reaches value 100.0%.  Defines the motor overload class to be used. The class of protection is specified by the user as the time for tripping at 7.2 times (IEC 60947-4-1) or 6 times (NEMA ICS) the tripping level current. See section Motor overload protection (page 83).  Class 5 Motor overload class 5.  Class 10 Motor overload class 10.  Class 20 Motor overload class 20.  Class 30 Motor overload class 30.  Class 40 Motor overload class 40.  35.60 Cable temperature  Shows the calculated temperature of the motor cable. See section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84).  102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload)  This parameter is read-only.  O.0 200.0%  Calculated temperature of motor cable.  1 = 1%  Specifies the continuous current of the motor cable for the thermal protection function in the control program.  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the cableily of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.		Warning only	motor is overloaded to the warning level, that is, parameter	1
protection is specified by the user as the time for tripping at 7.2 times (IEC 60947-4-1) or 6 times (NEMA ICS) the tripping level current.  See section Motor overload protection (page 83).  Class 5 Motor overload class 5. 0  Class 10 Motor overload class 10. 1  Class 20 Motor overload class 20. 2  Class 30 Motor overload class 30. 3  Class 40 Motor overload class 40. 4  35.60 Cable temperature  Shows the calculated temperature of the motor cable. See section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84). 102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload)  This parameter is read-only.  Calculated temperature of motor cable for the thermal protection in the control program.  MARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.		Warning and fault	motor is overloaded to the warning level, that is, parameter 35.05 Motor overload level reaches value 88.0%.  Drive trips on fault 7122 Motor overload when the motor is overloaded to the fault level, that is, parameter 35.05 Motor	2
Class 10 Motor overload class 10.  Class 20 Motor overload class 20.  Class 30 Motor overload class 30.  Class 40 Motor overload class 40.  35.60 Cable temperature  Shows the calculated temperature of the motor cable. See section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84). 102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload)  This parameter is read-only.  0.0 200.0%  Calculated temperature of motor cable.  Specifies the continuous current of the motor cable for the thermal protection in the control program.  MARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.	35.57		protection is specified by the user as the time for tripping at 7.2 times (IEC 60947-4-1) or 6 times (NEMA ICS) the tripping level current.	Class 20
Class 20 Motor overload class 20. 2  Class 30 Motor overload class 30. 3  Class 40 Motor overload class 40. 4  35.60 Cable temperature  Shows the calculated temperature of the motor cable. See section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84). 102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload) 106% = overtemperature fault (4000 Motor cable overload) 106% = overtemperature of motor cable.  1 = 1%  35.61 Cable nominal current  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.		Class 5	Motor overload class 5.	0
Class 30 Motor overload class 30.  Class 40 Motor overload class 40.  35.60 Cable temperature Shows the calculated temperature of the motor cable. See section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84).  102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload)  106% = overtemperature fault (4000 Motor cable overload)  This parameter is read-only.  Calculated temperature of motor cable.  1 = 1%  35.61 Cable nominal current  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.		Class 10	Motor overload class 10.	1
Class 40  Motor overload class 40.  35.60  Cable temperature  Shows the calculated temperature of the motor cable. See section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84).  102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload)  106% = overtemperature fault (4000 Motor cable overload)  This parameter is read-only.  1 = 1%  Specifies the continuous current of the motor cable for the thermal protection function in the control program.  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.		Class 20	Motor overload class 20.	2
Shows the calculated temperature of the motor cable. See section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84).  102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload)  106% = overtemperature fault (4000 Motor cable overload)  This parameter is read-only.  Calculated temperature of motor cable.  1 = 1%  Specifies the continuous current of the motor cable for the thermal protection function in the control program.  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.		Class 30	Motor overload class 30.	3
section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84).  102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload)  106% = overtemperature fault (4000 Motor cable overload)  This parameter is read-only.  Calculated temperature of motor cable.  1 = 1%  Specifies the continuous current of the motor cable for the thermal protection function in the control program.  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.		Class 40	Motor overload class 40.	4
Specifies the continuous current of the motor cable for the thermal protection function in the control program.  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.	35.60	Cable temperature	section Thermal protection of motor cable (page 84).  102% = overtemperature warning (A480 Motor cable overload)  106% = overtemperature fault (4000 Motor cable overload)	0.0%
thermal protection function in the control program.  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.		0.0 200.0%	Calculated temperature of motor cable.	1 = 1%
0.00 10000.00 A Continuous current-carrying capacity of motor cable. 1 = 1 A	35.61		thermal protection function in the control program.  WARNING! The value entered in this parameter must be limited according to all factors affecting the loadability of the cable, such as ambient temperature, cabling arrangement, and shrouding. Refer to the technical	10000.00 A
		0.00 10000.00 A	Continuous current-carrying capacity of motor cable.	1 = 1 A

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
35.62	Cable thermal rise time	Specifies the thermal time of the motor cable for the thermal protection function in the control program. This value is defined as the time to reach 63% of the nominal cable temperature when the cable is loaded with nominal current (parameter 35.61 Cable nominal current).  0 s = Thermal protection of motor cable disabled Refer to the technical data from the cable manufacturer.	1 s
		Time  Town  Town	
		Cable thermal time	
	0 s	Thermal protection of motor cable disabled.	1 = 1 s
	150000 s	Motor cable thermal time constant.	1 = 1 s
35.100	DOL starter control source	Parameters 35.10035.106 configure a monitored start/stop control logic for external equipment such as a contactor-controlled motor cooling fan.  This parameter selects the signal that starts and stops the fan. 0 = Stop 1 = Start  The output controlling the fan contactor is to be connected to parameter 35.105, bit 1. On and off delays can be set for the fan by 35.101 and 35.102 respectively. A feedback signal from the fan can be connected to an input selected by 35.103; the loss of the feedback will optionally trigger a warning or fault (see 35.104 and 35.106).	Off, 06.16 b6 (95.20 b6)
	Off	0 (function disabled).	0
	On	1.	1
	Running	Bit 6 of 06.16 Drive status word 1 (see page 132).	2
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
35.101	DOL starter on delay	Defines a start delay for the motor fan. The delay timer starts when the control source selected by parameter 35.100 switches on. After the delay, bit 1 of 35.105 switches on.	0 s
	042949673 s	Motor fan start delay.	1 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
35.102	DOL starter off delay	Defines a stop delay for the motor fan. The delay timer starts when the control source selected by parameter 35.100 switches off. After the delay, bit 1 of 35.105 switches off.	20 min
	0715828 min	Motor fan stop delay.	1 = 1 min
35.103	DOL starter feedback source	Selects the input for motor fan feedback signal.  0 = Stopped  1 = Running  After the fan is started (bit 1 of 35.105 switches on), feedback is expected within the time set by 35.104.	Not selected; DI5 (95.20 b6)
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
35.104	DOL starter feedback delay	Defines a feedback delay for the motor fan. The delay timer starts when bit 1 of 35.105 switches on. If no feedback is received from the fan until the delay elapses, the action selected by 35.106 is taken.  Note: This delay is only applied at start. If the feedback signal is lost during run, the action selected by 35.106 is taken immediately.	0 s; 5 s (95.20 b6)
	042949673 s	Motor fan start delay.	1 = 1 s

No.	No. Name/Value		Desc	ription	DeflFbEq16
35.105	DOL star word	rter status	Bit 1 source The of feeds	is of the motor fan control logic. is the control output for the fan, to be selected as the ce of, for example, a digital or relay output. other bits indicate the statuses of the selected control and back sources, and the fault status. parameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Start comm	and	Status of fan control source selected by 35.100.  0 = Stop requested  1 = Start requested	
	1	Delayed sta command	art	Fan control bit (delays observed). Select this bit as the soutput controlling the fan.  0 = Stopped 1 = Started	ource of the
	2	DOL feedba	ack	Status of fan feedback (source selected by 35.103).  0 = Stopped 1 = Running	
	3	DOL fault (-	·1)	Fault status.  0 = Fault (fan feedback missing). The action taken is selected by 35.106.  1 = No fault	
	415	Reserved			
	0000b	1111b	Statu	s of motor fan control logic.	1 = 1
35.106				Selects the action taken when missing fan feedback is detected by the motor fan control logic.	
	No actio	o action		No action taken.	
	Warning	Warning		The drive generates a warning (A781 Motor fan).  Drive trips on 71B1 Motor fan.	
	Fault		Drive		
36 Loa	d analyz	zer		value and amplitude logger settings. also section <i>Load analyzer</i> (page <i>89</i> ).	
36.01 PVL signal source		The sparar The signar The signar Research	cts the signal to be monitored by the peak value logger. Signal is filtered using the filtering time specified by meter 36.02 PVL filter time.  Deak value is stored, along with other pre-selected als at the time, into parameters 36.1036.15.  Deak value logger can be reset using parameter 36.09 at loggers. The logger is also reset whenever the signal are is changed. The date and time of the last reset are d into parameters 36.16 and 36.17 respectively.	Power inu out	
	Zero		None	(peak value logger disabled).	0
	Motor sp	eed used	01.01 Motor speed used (page 117).		1
	Output fr	equency	01.06	6 Output frequency (page 117).	3
	Motor cu	irrent	01.07	7 Motor current (page 117).	4
	Motor to	rque	01.10	Motor torque (page 117).	6
	DC volta	ge	01.11	DC voltage (page 117).	7
	Power in	u out	01.14	1 Output power (page 118).	8
	Speed re	ef ramp in	23.01	1 Speed ref ramp input (page 220).	10

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Speed ref ramped	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 220).	11
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 226).	12
	Torq ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 242).	13
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 250).	14
	Process PID out	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 311).	16
	Process PID fbk	40.02 Process PID feedback actual (page 311).	17
	Process PID act	40.03 Process PID setpoint actual (page 311).	18
	Process PID dev	40.04 Process PID deviation actual (page 311).	19
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
36.02	PVL filter time	Defines a filtering time for the peak value logger. See parameter 36.01 PVL signal source.	2.00 s
	0.00 120.00 s	Peak value logger filtering time.	100 = 1 s
36.06	AL2 signal source	Selects the signal to be monitored by amplitude logger 2. The signal is sampled at 200 ms intervals, and can be scaled using parameter 36.07 AL2 signal scaling.  The results are displayed by parameters 36.4036.49. Each parameter represents an amplitude range, and shows what portion of the samples fall within that range.  Amplitude logger 2 can be reset using parameter 36.09 Reset loggers. The logger is also reset whenever the signal source or scaling is changed. The date and time of the last reset are stored into parameters 36.50 and 36.51 respectively.	Ambient temperature
	Zero	None (amplitude logger 2 disabled).	0
	Motor speed used	01.01 Motor speed used (page 117).	1
	Output frequency	01.06 Output frequency (page 117).	3
	Motor current	01.07 Motor current (page 117).	4
	Motor torque	01.10 Motor torque (page 117).	6
	DC voltage	01.11 DC voltage (page 117).	7
	Power inu out	01.14 Output power (page 118).	8
	Speed ref ramp in	23.01 Speed ref ramp input (page 220).	10
	Speed ref ramped	23.02 Speed ref ramp output (page 220).	11
	Speed ref used	24.01 Used speed reference (page 226).	12
	Torq ref used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 242).	13
	Freq ref used	28.02 Frequency ref ramp output (page 250).	14
	Process PID out	40.01 Process PID output actual (page 311).	16
	Process PID fbk	40.02 Process PID feedback actual (page 311).	17
	Process PID act	40.03 Process PID setpoint actual (page 311).	18
	Process PID dev	40.04 Process PID deviation actual (page 311).	19
	Ambient temperature	01.70 Ambient temperature % (page 120). The amplitude range of 0100% corresponds to 060 °C or 32140 °F.	20
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
36.07	AL2 signal scaling	Defines the signal value that corresponds to 100% amplitude.	100.00
	0.00 32767.00	Signal value corresponding to 100%.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16
36.08	Logger	function	Determines whether amplitude loggers 1 and 2 are active continuously or only when the drive is modulating.	-
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	AL1	0 = Amplitude logger 1 active continuously 1 = Amplitude logger 1 active only when the drive is mod	ulating
	1	AL2	0 = Amplitude logger 2 active continuously 1 = Amplitude logger 2 active only when the drive is mod	ulating
	215	Reserved		
	0000b.	0011b	Amplitude logger activity selection.	1 = 1
36.09	Reset le	oggers	Resets the peak value logger and/or amplitude logger 2. (Amplitude logger 1 cannot be reset.)	Done
	Done		Reset completed or not requested (normal operation).	0
	All		Reset both the peak value logger and amplitude logger 2.	1
	PVL		Reset the peak value logger.	2
	AL2		Reset amplitude logger 2.	3
36.10	PVL pe	ak value	Displays the peak value recorded by the peak value logger.	0.00
	-32768. 32767.0	68.00 Peak value. 7.00		1 = 1
36.11	PVL pe	ak date	Displays the date on which the peak value was recorded.	-
	-		Peak occurrence date.	-
36.12	PVL pe	ak time	Displays the time at which the peak value was recorded.	-
	-		Peak occurrence time.	-
36.13	PVL cu	rrent at peak	Displays the motor current at the moment the peak value was recorded.	0.00 A
	-32768. 32767.0		Motor current at peak.	1 = 1 A
36.14	PVL DO	C voltage at	Displays the voltage in the intermediate DC circuit of the drive at the moment the peak value was recorded.	0.00 V
	0.00	2000.00 V	DC voltage at peak.	10 = 1 V
36.15	PVL sp	eed at peak	Displays the motor speed at the moment the peak value was recorded.	0.00 rpm
	-32768. 32767.0		Motor speed at peak.	See par. 46.01
36.16	PVL res	set date	Displays the date on which the peak value logger was last reset.	-
	-		Last reset date of the peak value logger.	-
36.17	PVL res	set time	Displays the time at which the peak value logger was last reset.	-
	-		Last reset time of the peak value logger.	-
36.20	AL1 be	low 10%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that were below 10%. Note that this percentage also includes the samples that had a negative value.	0.00%
	0.00	100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples below 10%.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
36.21	AL1 10 to 20%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 10 and 20%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 10 and 20%.	1 = 1%
36.22	AL1 20 to 30%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 20 and 30%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 20 and 30%.	1 = 1%
36.23	AL1 30 to 40%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 30 and 40%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 30 and 40%.	1 = 1%
36.24	AL1 40 to 50%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 40 and 50%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 40 and 50%.	1 = 1%
36.25	AL1 50 to 60%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 50 and 60%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 50 and 60%.	1 = 1%
36.26	AL1 60 to 70%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 60 and 70%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 60 and 70%.	1 = 1%
36.27	AL1 70 to 80%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 70 and 80%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 70 and 80%.	1 = 1%
36.28	AL1 80 to 90%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that fall between 80 and 90%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples between 80 and 90%.	1 = 1%
36.29	AL1 over 90%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 1 that exceed 90%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 1 samples over 90%.	1 = 1%
36.40	AL2 below 10%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that were below 10%. Note that this percentage also includes the samples that had a negative value.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples below 10%.	1 = 1%
36.41	AL2 10 to 20%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 10 and 20%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 10 and 20%.	1 = 1%
36.42	AL2 20 to 30%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 20 and 30%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 20 and 30%.	1 = 1%
36.43	AL2 30 to 40%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 30 and 40%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 30 and 40%.	1 = 1%
36.44	AL2 40 to 50%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 40 and 50%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 40 and 50%.	1 = 1%
36.45	AL2 50 to 60%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 50 and 60%.	0.00%
	0.00 100.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 50 and 60%.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description	DeflFbEq16
36.46	AL2 60 t	0 70%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 60 and 70%.	0.00%
0.00 100.00%		00.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 60 and 70%.	1 = 1%
36.47	AL2 70 t	0 80%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 70 and 80%.	0.00%
	0.00 1	00.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 70 and 80%.	1 = 1%
36.48	AL2 80 t	0 90%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that fall between 80 and 90%.	0.00%
	0.00 1	00.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples between 80 and 90%.	1 = 1%
36.49	AL2 over	r 90%	Displays the percentage of samples recorded by amplitude logger 2 that exceed 90%.	0.00%
	0.00 1	00.00%	Amplitude logger 2 samples over 90%.	1 = 1%
36.50	AL2 rese	et date	Displays the date on which amplitude logger 2 was last reset.	-
	-		Last reset date of amplitude logger 2.	-
36.51	AL2 rese	et time	Displays the time at which amplitude logger 2 was last reset.	-
	-		Last reset time of amplitude logger 2.	-
37 User load curve		urve	Settings for user load curve.	
37.01	III C out	nut status	See also section <i>User load curve</i> (page 84).  Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word	_
37.01	ULC out word	out status	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.	-
37.01		Name	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.	-
37.01	word  Bit 0	<b>Name</b> Under load	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.	-
37.01	Word  Bit 0 1	Name Under load Reserved	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.  Information  Imit 1 = Monitored signal is below the underload curve	-
37.01	<b>Bit</b> 0 1 2	Name Under load Reserved Over load li	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit 1 = Monitored signal is below the underload curve	-
37.01	Word  Bit 0 1	Name Under load Reserved	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.  Information  Imit 1 = Monitored signal is below the underload curve	-
37.01	<b>Bit</b> 0 1 2	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.  Information  Imit 1 = Monitored signal is below the underload curve	1 = 1
37.01	Bit 0 1 2 315	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.)  This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit	1 = 1 Not selected
	Bit 0 1 2 315 000b	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.)  This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit	
	## Word    Bit	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit	Not selected
	Bit 0 1 2 315  Output Outpu	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved  101b ervision cted rrent %	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.)  This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit	Not selected 0
	Bit 0 1 2 315  000b  ULC sup signal Not select Motor cut	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved  101b ervision  cted rrent % rque % ower % of	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit	Not selected 0 2
	Bit 0 1 2 315  000b  ULC sup signal  Not select  Motor cut  Motor tol.	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved  101b ervision  cted rrent % rque % ower % of	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.)  This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit	Not selected 0 2 3
	Bit 0 1 2 315  000b  ULC sup signal  Not select Motor cut Output p	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved  101b ervision cted rrent % rque % ower % of	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.)  This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit	Not selected 0 2 3 4
37.02	Bit 0 1 2 315  000b  ULC sup signal Not select Motor cut Motor tot Output p motor not Other  ULC ove	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved  101b ervision  cted rrent % rque % ower % of minal	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.  Information Iimit	Not selected  0 2 3 4
37.02	Word  Bit 0 1 2 315  000b  ULC sup signal  Not select  Motor cu  Motor tor  Output p motor not  Other  ULC over actions	Name Under load Reserved Over load li Reserved  101b ervision  cted rrent % rque % ower % of minal	Displays the status of the monitored signal. (The status word is independent of the actions and delays selected by parameters 37.03, 37.04, 37.41 and 37.42.) This parameter is read-only.  Information  Iimit	Not selected  0 2 3 4 - Disabled

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
Warning/Fault		The drive generates a warning (A8BE ULC overload warning) if the signal stays continuously above the overload curve for half of the time defined by 37.41 ULC overload timer.  The drive trips on 8002 ULC overload fault if the signal stays continuously above the overload curve for the time defined by 37.41 ULC overload timer.	3
37.04	ULC underload actions	Selects how the drive reacts if the absolute value of the monitored signal stays below the underload curve for longer than the value of 37.42 ULC underload timer.	Disabled
	Disabled	No action taken.	0
	Warning	The drive generates a warning (A8BF ULC underload warning).	1
	Fault	Drive trips on 8001 ULC underload fault.	2
	Warning/Fault	The drive generates a warning (A8BF ULC underload warning) if the signal stays continuously below the underload curve for half of the time defined by 37.42 ULC underload timer.  The drive trips on 8001 ULC underload fault if the signal stays continuously below the underload curve for the time defined by 37.42 ULC underload timer.	3
37.11	ULC speed table point 1	Defines the 1st speed point on the X-axis of the user load curve.  The speed points are used in DTC motor control mode, and in scalar motor control mode when speed control is being used. The five points must be in order from lowest to highest. The points are defined as positive values, but the range is symmetrically effective also in the negative direction. The monitoring is not active outside these two areas.	150.0 rpm
	0.0 30000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.12	ULC speed table point 2	Defines the 2nd speed point on the X-axis of the user load curve.	750.0 rpm
	0.0 30000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.13	ULC speed table point 3	Defines the 3rd speed point on the X-axis of the user load curve.	1290.0 rpm
	0.0 30000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.14	ULC speed table point 4	Defines the 4th speed point on the X-axis of the user load curve.	1500.0 rpm
	0.0 30000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.15	ULC speed table point 5	Defines the 5th speed point on the X-axis of the user load curve.	1800.0 rpm
	0.0 30000.0 rpm	Speed.	1 = 1 rpm
37.16	ULC frequency table point 1	Defines the 1st frequency point on the X-axis of the user load curve.  The frequency points are used in scalar motor control mode when frequency control is being used.  The five points must be in order from lowest to highest. The points are defined as positive values, but the range is symmetrically effective also in the negative direction. The monitoring is not active outside these two areas.	5.0 Hz
	0.0 500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
37.17	ULC frequency table point 2	Defines the 2nd frequency point on the X-axis of the user load curve.	25.0 Hz
	0.0 500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.18	ULC frequency table point 3	Defines the 3rd frequency point on the X-axis of the user load curve.	43.0 Hz
	0.0 500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.19	ULC frequency table point 4	Defines the 4th frequency point on the X-axis of the user load curve.	50.0 Hz
	0.0 500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.20	ULC frequency table point 5	Defines the 5th frequency point on the X-axis of the user load curve.	60.0 Hz
	0.0 500.0 Hz	Frequency.	1 = 1 Hz
37.21	ULC underload point 1	Defines the 1st point of the underload curve. Each point of the underload curve must have a lower value than the corresponding overload point.	10.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.22	ULC underload point 2	Defines the 2nd point of the underload curve.	15.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.23	ULC underload point 3	Defines the 3rd point of the underload curve.	25.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.24	ULC underload point 4	Defines the 4th point of the underload curve.	30.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.25	ULC underload point 5	Defines the 5th point of the underload curve.	30.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Underload point.	1 = 1%
37.31	ULC overload point 1	Defines the 1st point of the overload curve.  Each point of the overload curve must have a higher value than the corresponding underload point.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.32	ULC overload point 2	Defines the 2nd point of the overload curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.33	ULC overload point 3	Defines the 3rd point of the overload curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.34	ULC overload point 4	Defines the 4th point of the overload curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%
37.35	ULC overload point 5	Defines the 5th point of the overload curve.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Overload point.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
37.41	ULC overload timer	Defines the time for which the monitored signal must continuously stay above the overload curve before the drive takes the action selected by 37.03 ULC overload actions.	20.0 s
	0.0 10000.0 s	Overload timer.	1 = 1 s
37.42	ULC underload timer	Defines the time for which the monitored signal must continuously stay below the underload curve before the drive takes the action selected by 37.04 ULC underload actions.	20.0 s
	0.0 10000.0 s	Underload timer.	1 = 1 s
40 Pro	ocess PID set 1	Parameter values for process PID control.  The drive contains a single active PID controller for process use, however two separate complete set-ups can be programmed and stored.  The first set is made up of parameters 40.0740.56*, the second set is defined by the parameters in group 41 Process PID set 2. The binary source that defines which set is used is selected by parameter 40.57 PID set1/set2 selection.  See section Process PID control (page 66), and the control chain diagrams on pages 598 and 599.  *The remaining parameters in this group are common for both sets.	
40.01	Process PID output actual	Displays the output of the process PID controller. See the control chain diagram on page 599.  This parameter is read-only. The unit is selected by parameter 40.12 Set 1 unit selection.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00	Process PID controller output.	1 = 1 unit
40.02	Process PID feedback actual	Displays the value of process feedback after source selection, mathematical function (parameter 40.10 Set 1 feedback function), and filtering. See the control chain diagram on page 598.  This parameter is read-only. The unit is selected by parameter 40.12 Set 1 unit selection.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00	Process feedback.	1 = 1 unit
40.03	Process PID setpoint actual	Displays the value of process PID setpoint after source selection, mathematical function (40.18 Set 1 setpoint function), limitation and ramping. See the control chain diagram on page 599.  This parameter is read-only. The unit is selected by parameter 40.12 Set 1 unit selection.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00	Setpoint for process PID controller.	1 = 1 unit
40.04	Process PID deviation actual	Displays the process PID deviation. By default, this value equals setpoint - feedback, but deviation can be inverted by parameter 40.31 Set 1 deviation inversion. See the control chain diagram on page 599.  This parameter is read-only. The unit is selected by parameter 40.12 Set 1 unit selection.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00	PID deviation.	1 = 1 unit

Other

No.	Name/V	alue	Descri	ption	DeflFbEq16
40.05	Process PID trim output act		diagrar This pa	ys the trimmed reference output. See the control chain in on page 599.  arameter is read-only. The unit is selected by parameter Set 1 unit selection.	-
	-32768.0 32767.0		Trimme	ed reference.	1 = 1 unit
40.06	Process word	PID status		ys status information on process PID control. arameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Value	
	0	PID active		1 = Process PID control active.	
	1	Setpoint fro	76n	1 = Process PID setpoint frozen.	
	2	Output froz		1 = Process PID controller output frozen.	
	3	PID sleep r		1 = Sleep mode active.	
	4	Sleep boos		1 = Sleep boost active.	
	5	Trim mode		1 = Trim function active.	
	6	Tracking m	ode	1 = Tracking function active.	
	7	Output limit		1 = PID output is being limited by par. 40.37.	
	8	•		1 = PID output is being limited by par. 40.36.	
	9	Output limit low		1 = Deadband active (see par. 40.39)	
	10	Deadband active		0 = Parameter set 1 in use. 1 = Parameter set 2 in use.	
	11	PID set Reserved		0 - Farameter set 1 in use. 1 - Farameter set 2 in use.	
	12	Internal setpoint active		1 = Internal setpoint active (see par. 40.1640.24)	
	1315	Reserved			
	0000h	FFFFh	Proces	es PID control status word.	1 = 1
40.07	Set 1 PID operation mode		parame Note: I	es/deactivates process PID control. See also eter 40.60 Set 1 PID activation source.  Process PID control is only available in external control; ction Local control vs. external control (page 20).	Off
	Off		Proces	ss PID control inactive.	0
	On		Proces	ss PID control active.	1
	On when drive running		Proces	s PID control is active when the drive is running.	2
40.08	Set 1 fee	edback 1		s the first source of process feedback. See the control diagram on page 598.	Al1 scaled
	Not sele	cted	None.		0
	Al1 scal	ed	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).		1
	Al2 scale	ed	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).		2
	Freq in s	scaled	11.39 F	Freq in 1 scaled (see page 156).	3
	Motor cu	ırrent	01.07	Motor current (see page 117).	5
	Power in	nu out	01.14	Output power (see page 118).	6
	Motor to	rque	01.10	Motor torque (see page 117).	7
	Feedback data storage		40.91	Feedback data storage (see page 324).	10

Source selection (see *Terms and abbreviations* on page *114*).

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
40.09	Set 1 feedback 2 source	Selects the second source of process feedback. For the selections, see parameter 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source.	Not selected
40.10	Set 1 feedback function	Defines how process feedback is calculated from the two feedback sources selected by parameters 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source and 40.09 Set 1 feedback 2 source.	In1
	In1	Source 1.	0
	ln1+ln2	Sum of sources 1 and 2.	1
	In1-In2	Source 2 subtracted from source 1.	2
	In1*In2	Source 1 multiplied by source 2.	3
	In1/In2	Source 1 divided by source 2.	4
	MIN(In1,In2)	Smaller of the two sources.	5
	MAX(In1,In2)	Greater of the two sources.	6
	AVE(In1,In2)	Average of the two sources.	7
	sqrt(In1)	Square root of source 1.	8
	sqrt(In1-In2)	Square root of (source 1 - source 2).	9
	sqrt(In1+In2)	Square root of (source 1 + source 2).	10
	sqrt(ln1)+sqrt(ln2)	Square root of source 1 + square root of source 2.	11
40.11	Set 1 feedback filter time	Defines the filter time constant for process feedback.	0.000 s
	0.000 30.000 s	Feedback filter time.	1 = 1 s
40.12	Set 1 unit selection	Defines the unit for parameters 40.0140.05, 40.2140.24 and 40.47.	%
	rpm	rpm.	7
	%	%.	4
	Hz	Hz.	3
	PID user unit 1	User-definable unit 1. The name of the unit can be edited on the control panel by choosing Menu – Settings – Edit texts.	250
40.14	Set 1 setpoint scaling	Defines, together with parameter 40.15 Set 1 output scaling, a general scaling factor for the process PID control chain. The scaling can be utilized when, for example, the process setpoint is input in Hz, and the output of the PID controller is used as an rpm value in speed control. In this case, this parameter might be set to 50, and parameter 40.15 to the nominal motor speed at 50 Hz. In effect, the output of the PID controller = [40.15] when deviation (setpoint - feedback) = [40.14] and [40.32] = 1.  Note: The scaling is based on the ratio between 40.14 and 40.15. For example, the values 50 and 1500 would produce the same scaling as 1 and 30.	100.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Process setpoint base.	1 = 1
40.15	Set 1 output scaling	See parameter 40.14 Set 1 setpoint scaling.	1500.00; 1800.00 (95.20 b0)
	-32768.00 32767.00	Process PID controller output base.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
40.16	Set 1 setpoint 1 source	Selects the first source of process PID setpoint. This setpoint is available in parameter 40.25 Set 1 setpoint selection as setpoint 1. See the control chain diagram on page 598.	Internal setpoint
	Not selected	None.	0
	Control panel	03.01 Panel reference (see page 121). See section Using the control panel as an external control source (page 21).	1
	Internal setpoint	Internal setpoint. See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	2
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	3
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	4
	Motor potentiometer	22.80 Motor potentiometer ref act (output of the motor potentiometer).	8
	Freq in scaled	11.39 Freq in 1 scaled (see page 156).	10
	Setpoint data storage	40.92 Setpoint data storage (see page 324).	24
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
40.17	Set 1 setpoint 2 source	Selects the second source of process setpoint. This setpoint is available in parameter 40.25 Set 1 setpoint selection as setpoint 2. For the selections, see parameter 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source.	Not selected
40.18	Set 1 setpoint function	Selects a mathematical function between the setpoint sources selected by parameters 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source and 40.17 Set 1 setpoint 2 source.	In1 or In2
	In1 or In2	No mathematical function applied. The source selected by parameter 40.25 Set 1 setpoint selection is used.	0
	ln1+ln2	Sum of sources 1 and 2.	1
	ln1-ln2	Source 2 subtracted from source 1.	2
	ln1*ln2	Source 1 multiplied by source 2.	3
	ln1/ln2	Source 1 divided by source 2.	4
	MIN(In1,In2)	Smaller of the two sources.	5
	MAX(In1,In2)	Greater of the two sources.	6
	AVE(In1,In2)	Average of the two sources.	7
	sqrt(In1)	Square root of source 1.	8
	sqrt(In1-In2)	Square root of (source 1 - source 2).	9
	sqrt(In1+In2)	Square root of (source 1 + source 2).	10
	sqrt(ln1)+sqrt(ln2)	Square root of source 1 + square root of source 2.	11

No.	Name/Value	Description			DeflFbEq16
40.19	Set 1 internal setpoint sel1			ternal setpoint sel2, the efined by parameters	Not selected
		Source defined by par. 40.19	Source defined by par. 40.20	Setpoint preset active	
		0	0	1 (par. 40.21)	
		1	0	2 (par. <b>40.22</b> )	
		0	1	3 (par. <b>40.23</b> )	
		1	1	4 (par. <b>40.24</b> )	
	Not selected	0.			0
	Selected	1.			1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/outpu	t DIO1 (11.02 DIO	delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/outpu	t DIO2 (11.02 DIO	delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (	see Terms and ab	breviations on page 114).	-
40.20	Set 1 internal setpoint sel2	internal setpoint o	ut of the presets de	ternal setpoint sel1, the efined by parameters t 1 internal setpoint sel1.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.			0
	Selected	1.			1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (1	10.02 DI delayed s	tatus, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/outpu	t DIO1 (11.02 DIO	delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/outpu	t DIO2 (11.02 DIO	delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (	see Terms and ab	breviations on page 114).	-
40.21	Set 1 internal setpoint 1	internal setpoint se	e/1.	ee parameter 40.19 Set 1 0.12 Set 1 unit selection.	0.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Process setpoint p	preset 1.		1 = 1 unit
40.22	Set 1 internal setpoint 2	internal setpoint se	e/1.	ee parameter 40.19 Set 1	0.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Process setpoint p	preset 2.		1 = 1 unit

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
40.23	Set 1 internal setpoint 3	Defines process setpoint preset 3. See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.  The unit is selected by parameter 40.12 Set 1 unit selection.	0.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Process setpoint preset 3.	1 = 1 unit
40.24	Set 1 internal setpoint 4	Defines process setpoint preset 4. See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.  The unit is selected by parameter 40.12 Set 1 unit selection.	0.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Process setpoint preset 4.	1 = 1 unit
40.25	Set 1 setpoint selection	Configures the selection between setpoint sources 1 (40.16) and 2 (40.17).  This parameter is only effective when parameter 40.18 Set 1 setpoint function is set to In1 or In2.  0 = Setpoint source 1 1 = Setpoint source 2	Setpoint source 1
	Setpoint source 1	0.	0
	Setpoint source 2	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
40.26	Set 1 setpoint min	Defines a minimum limit for the process PID controller setpoint.	0.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Minimum limit for process PID controller setpoint.	1 = 1
40.27	Set 1 setpoint max	Defines a maximum limit for the process PID controller setpoint.	32767.00
	-32768.00 32767.00	Maximum limit for process PID controller setpoint.	1 = 1
40.28	Set 1 setpoint increase time	Defines the minimum time it takes for the setpoint to increase from 0% to 100%.	0.0 s
	0.0 1800.0 s	Setpoint increase time.	1 = 1
40.29	Set 1 setpoint decrease time	Defines the minimum time it takes for the setpoint to decrease from 100% to 0%.	0.0 s
	0.0 1800.0 s	Setpoint decrease time.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
40.30	Set 1 setpoint freeze enable	Freezes, or defines a source that can be used to freeze, the setpoint of the process PID controller. This feature is useful when the reference is based on a process feedback connected to an analog input, and the sensor must be serviced without stopping the process.  1 = Process PID controller setpoint frozen See also parameter 40.38 Set 1 output freeze enable.	Not selected
	Not selected	Process PID controller setpoint not frozen.	0
	Selected	Process PID controller setpoint frozen.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
40.31	Set 1 deviation inversion	Inverts the input of the process PID controller.  0 = Deviation not inverted (Deviation = Setpoint - Feedback)  1 = Deviation inverted (Deviation = Feedback - Setpoint)  See also section Sleep function for process PID control (page 67).	Not inverted (Ref - Fbk)
	Not inverted (Ref - Fbk)	0.	0
	Inverted (Fbk - Ref)	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
40.32	Set 1 gain	Defines the gain for the process PID controller. See parameter 40.33 Set 1 integration time.	1.00
	0.10 100.00	Gain for PID controller.	100 = 1

40.33 Set 1 integration time  Defines the integration time for the process PID controller. This time needs to be set to the same order of magnitude as the reaction time of the process being controlled, otherwise	S
instability will result.  Error/Controller output  G × I  G × I  Time  I = controller input (error) O = controller output G = gain Ti = integration time  Note: Setting this value to 0 disables the "I" part, turning the	
PID controller into a PD controller.	_
0.0 32767.0 s Integration time. 1 = 1	
$ \begin{array}{c} \textit{40.34} & \textit{Set 1 derivation} \\ \textit{time} & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\$	. 3
0.000 10.000 s Derivation time. 1000	= 1 s
Defines the time constant of the 1-pole filter used to smooth the derivative component of the process PID controller.  """  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""  ""	
0.0 10.0 s Filter time constant. 10 = 1	1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
40.36	Set 1 output min	Defines the minimum limit for the process PID controller output. Using the minimum and maximum limits, it is possible to restrict the operation range.	0.0
	-32768.0 32767.0	Minimum limit for process PID controller output.	1 = 1
40.37	Set 1 output max	Defines the maximum limit for the process PID controller output. See parameter 40.36 Set 1 output min.	1500.0; 1800.0 (95.20 b0)
	-32768.0 32767.0	Maximum limit for process PID controller output.	1 = 1
40.38	Set 1 output freeze enable	Freezes (or defines a source that can be used to freeze) the output of the process PID controller, keeping the output at the value it was before freeze was enabled. This feature can be used when, for example, a sensor providing process feedback must to be serviced without stopping the process.  1 = Process PID controller output frozen See also parameter 40.30 Set 1 setpoint freeze enable.	Not selected
	Not selected	Process PID controller output not frozen.	0
	Selected	Process PID controller output frozen.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
40.39	Set 1 deadband range	Defines a deadband around the setpoint. Whenever process feedback enters the deadband, a delay timer starts. If the feedback remains within the deadband longer than the delay (40.40 Set 1 deadband delay), the PID controller output is frozen. Normal operation resumes after the feedback value leaves the deadband.	0.0
	40.39 Set 1		
	deadband range		
	Setpo	pint	
	Feedba	ack	
	PID contro out		
		40.40 Set 1 deadband delay	
			Time
	0.0 32767.0	Deadband range.	1 = 1
40.40	Set 1 deadband delay	Delay for the deadband. See parameter 40.39 Set 1 deadband range.	0.0 s
	0.0 3600.0 s	Delay for deadband area.	1 = 1 s
40.41	Set 1 sleep mode	Selects the mode of the sleep function. See also section <i>Sleep function for process PID control</i> (page 67).	Not selected
	Not selected	Sleep function disabled.	0
	Internal	The output of the PID controller is compared to the value of 40.43 Set 1 sleep level.  If the PID controller output remains below the sleep level longer than the sleep delay (40.44 Set 1 sleep delay), the drive enters sleep mode.  Parameters 40.4440.48 are in force.	1
	External	The sleep function is activated by the source selected by parameter 40.42 Set 1 sleep enable.  Parameters 40.4440.46 and 40.48 are in force.	2
40.42	Set 1 sleep enable	Defines a source that is used to activate the PID sleep function when parameter 40.41 Set 1 sleep mode is set to External.  0 = Sleep function disabled 1 = Sleep function activated	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
40.43	Set 1 sleep level	Defines the start limit for the sleep function when parameter 40.41 Set 1 sleep mode is set to Internal.	0.0
	0.0 32767.0	Sleep start level.	1 = 1
40.44	Set 1 sleep delay	Defines a delay before the sleep function actually becomes enabled, to prevent nuisance sleeping.  The delay timer starts when the sleep condition selected by parameter 40.41 Set 1 sleep mode becomes true, and resets if the condition becomes false.	60.0 s
	0.0 3600.0 s	Sleep start delay.	1 = 1 s
40.45	Set 1 sleep boost time	Defines a boost time for the sleep boost step. See parameter 40.46 Set 1 sleep boost step.	0.0 s
	0.0 3600.0 s	Sleep boost time.	1 = 1 s
40.46	Set 1 sleep boost step	When the drive is entering sleep mode, the process setpoint is increased by this value for the time defined by parameter 40.45 Set 1 sleep boost time.  If active, sleep boost is aborted when the drive wakes up.	0.0
	0.0 32767.0	Sleep boost step.	1 = 1
40.47	Set 1 wake-up deviation	When 40.41 Set 1 sleep mode is set to Internal, this parameter defines the wake-up level as deviation between process setpoint and feedback. The unit is selected by parameter 40.12 Set 1 unit selection.  When the deviation exceeds the value of this parameter, and remains there for the duration of the wake-up delay (40.48 Set 1 wake-up delay), the drive wakes up.  See also parameter 40.31 Set 1 deviation inversion.	0.00 rpm, % or Hz
	-32768.00 32767.00 rpm, % or Hz	Wake-up level (as deviation between process setpoint and feedback).	1 = 1 unit
40.48	Set 1 wake-up delay	Defines a wake-up delay for the sleep function to prevent nuisance wake-ups. See parameter 40.47 Set 1 wake-up deviation.  The delay timer starts when the deviation exceeds the wake-up level (40.47 Set 1 wake-up deviation), and resets if the deviation falls below the wake-up level.	0.50 s
	0.00 60.00 s	Wake-up delay.	1 = 1 s
40.49	Set 1 tracking mode	Activates (or selects a source that activates) tracking mode. In tracking mode, the value selected by parameter 40.50 Set 1 tracking ref selection is substituted for the PID controller output. See also section Tracking (page 68).  1 = Tracking mode enabled	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
40.50	Set 1 tracking ref selection	Selects the value source for tracking mode. See parameter 40.49 Set 1 tracking mode.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 122).	3
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 122).	4
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
40.51	Set 1 trim mode	Activates the trim function and selects between direct and proportional trimming (or a combination of both). With trimming, it is possible to apply a corrective factor to the drive reference (setpoint). The output after trimming is available as parameter 40.05 Process PID trim output act.  See the control chain diagram on page 599.	Off
	Off	The trim function is inactive.	0
	Direct	The trim function is active. The trimming factor is relative to the maximum speed, torque or frequency; the selection between these is made by parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection.	1
	Proportional	The trim function is active. The trimming factor is relative to the reference selected by parameter 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer.	2
	Combined	The trim function is active. The trimming factor is a combination of both <i>Direct</i> and <i>Proportional</i> modes; the proportions of each are defined by parameter 40.54 Set 1 trim mix.	3
40.52	Set 1 trim selection	Selects whether trimming is used for correcting the speed, torque or frequency reference.	Torque
	Torque	Torque reference trimming.	1
	Speed	Speed reference trimming.	2
	Frequency	Frequency reference trimming.	3
40.53	Set 1 trimmed ref pointer	Selects the signal source for the trim reference.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	FB A ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 122).	3
	FB A ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 122).	4
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	_

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
40.54	Set 1 trim mix	When parameter 40.51 Set 1 trim mode is set to Combined, defines the effect of direct and proportional trim sources in the final trimming factor.  0.000 = 100% proportional  0.500 = 50% proportional, 50% direct  1.000 = 100% direct	0.000
	0.000 1.000	Trim mix.	1 = 1
40.55	Set 1 trim adjust	Defines a multiplier for the trimming factor. This value is multiplied by the result of parameter 40.51 Set 1 trim mode. Consequently, the result of the multiplication is used to multiply the result of parameter 40.56 Set 1 trim source.	1.000
	-100.000 100.000	Multiplier for trimming factor.	1 = 1
40.56	Set 1 trim source	Selects the reference to be trimmed.	PID ref
	PID ref	PID setpoint.	1
	PID output	PID controller output.	2
40.57	PID set1/set2 selection	Selects the source that determines whether process PID parameter set 1 (parameters 40.0740.56) or set 2 (group 41 Process PID set 2) is used.  0 = Process PID parameter set 1 in use 1 = Process PID parameter set 2 in use	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
40.60	Set 1 PID activation source	Selects a source that enables/disables process PID control.  See also parameter 40.07 Set 1 PID operation mode.  0 = Process PID control disabled.  1 = Process PID control enabled.	On
	Off	0.	0
	On	1.	1
	Follow Ext1/Ext2 selection	Process PID control is disabled when external control location EXT1 is active, and enabled when external control location EXT2 is active.  See also parameter 19.11 Ext1/Ext2 selection.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7

41.16

Set 2 setpoint 1

source

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	11
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	12
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
40.91	Feedback data storage	Storage parameter for receiving a process feedback value eg. through the embedded fieldbus interface.  The value can be sent to the drive as Modbus I/O data. Set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.124) to Feedback data storage. In 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source (or 40.09 Set 1 feedback 2 source), select Feedback data storage.	-
	-327.68 327.67	Storage parameter for process feedback.	100 = 1
40.92	Setpoint data storage	Storage parameter for receiving a process setpoint value eg. through the embedded fieldbus interface.  The value can be sent to the drive as Modbus I/O data. Set the target selection parameter of that particular data (58.10158.124) to Setpoint data storage. In 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source (or 40.17 Set 1 setpoint 2 source), select Setpoint data storage.	-
	-327.68 327.67	Storage parameter for process setpoint.	100 = 1
	ocess PID set 2	A second set of parameter values for process PID control. The selection between this set and first set (parameter group 40 Process PID set 1) is made by parameter 40.57 PID set1/set2 selection.  See section Process PID control (page 66). See also parameters 40.0140.06, 40.91, 40.92, and the control chain diagrams on pages 598 and 599.	
41.07	Set 2 PID operation mode	See parameter 40.07 Set 1 PID operation mode.	Off
41.08	Set 2 feedback 1 source	See parameter 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source.	Al1 scaled
41.09	Set 2 feedback 2 source	See parameter 40.09 Set 1 feedback 2 source.	Not selected
41.10	Set 2 feedback function	See parameter 40.10 Set 1 feedback function.	In1
41.11	Set 2 feedback filter time	See parameter 40.11 Set 1 feedback filter time.	0.000 s
41.12	Set 2 unit selection	Defines the unit for parameters 41.2141.24 and 41.47.	%
	rpm	rpm.	7
	%	%.	4
	Hz	Hz.	3
	PID user unit 2	User-definable unit 2. The name of the unit can be edited on the control panel by choosing Menu – Settings – Edit texts.	249
41.14	Set 2 setpoint scaling	See parameter 40.14 Set 1 setpoint scaling.	100.00
41.15	Set 2 output scaling	See parameter 40.15 Set 1 output scaling.	1500.00; 1800.00 (95.20 b0)

See parameter 40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source.

Internal setpoint

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
41.17	Set 2 setpoint 2 source	See parameter 40.17 Set 1 setpoint 2 source.	Not selected
41.18	Set 2 setpoint function	See parameter 40.18 Set 1 setpoint function.	In1 or In2
41.19	Set 2 internal setpoint sel1	See parameter 40.19 Set 1 internal setpoint sel1.	Not selected
41.20	Set 2 internal setpoint sel2	See parameter 40.20 Set 1 internal setpoint sel2.	Not selected
41.21	Set 2 internal setpoint 1	See parameter 40.21 Set 1 internal setpoint 1.	0.00
41.22	Set 2 internal setpoint 2	See parameter 40.22 Set 1 internal setpoint 2.	0.00
41.23	Set 2 internal setpoint 3	See parameter 40.23 Set 1 internal setpoint 3.	0.00
41.24	Set 2 internal setpoint 4	See parameter 40.24 Set 1 internal setpoint 4.	0.00
41.25	Set 2 setpoint selection	See parameter 40.25 Set 1 setpoint selection.	Setpoint source 1
41.26	Set 2 setpoint min	See parameter 40.26 Set 1 setpoint min.	0.00
41.27	Set 2 setpoint max	See parameter 40.27 Set 1 setpoint max.	32767.00
41.28	Set 2 setpoint increase time	See parameter 40.28 Set 1 setpoint increase time.	0.0 s
41.29	Set 2 setpoint decrease time	See parameter 40.29 Set 1 setpoint decrease time.	0.0 s
41.30	Set 2 setpoint freeze enable	See parameter 40.30 Set 1 setpoint freeze enable.	Not selected
41.31	Set 2 deviation inversion	See parameter 40.31 Set 1 deviation inversion.	Not inverted (Ref - Fbk)
41.32	Set 2 gain	See parameter 40.32 Set 1 gain.	1.00
41.33	Set 2 integration time	See parameter 40.33 Set 1 integration time.	60.0 s
41.34	Set 2 derivation time	See parameter 40.34 Set 1 derivation time.	0.000 s
41.35	Set 2 derivation filter time	See parameter 40.35 Set 1 derivation filter time.	0.0 s
41.36	Set 2 output min	See parameter 40.36 Set 1 output min.	0.0
41.37	Set 2 output max	See parameter 40.37 Set 1 output max.	1500.0; 1800.0 (95.20 b0)
41.38	Set 2 output freeze enable	See parameter 40.38 Set 1 output freeze enable.	Not selected
41.39	Set 2 deadband range	See parameter 40.39 Set 1 deadband range.	0.0
41.40	Set 2 deadband delay	See parameter 40.40 Set 1 deadband delay.	0.0 s
41.41	Set 2 sleep mode	See parameter 40.41 Set 1 sleep mode.	Not selected
41.42	Set 2 sleep enable	See parameter 40.42 Set 1 sleep enable.	Not selected
41.43	Set 2 sleep level	See parameter 40.43 Set 1 sleep level.	0.0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
41.44	Set 2 sleep delay	See parameter 40.44 Set 1 sleep delay.	60.0 s
41.45	Set 2 sleep boost time	See parameter 40.45 Set 1 sleep boost time.	0.0 s
41.46	Set 2 sleep boost step	See parameter 40.46 Set 1 sleep boost step.	0.0
41.47	Set 2 wake-up deviation	See parameter 40.47 Set 1 wake-up deviation.	0.00 rpm, % or Hz
41.48	Set 2 wake-up delay	See parameter 40.48 Set 1 wake-up delay.	0.50 s
41.49	Set 2 tracking mode	See parameter 40.49 Set 1 tracking mode.	Not selected
41.50	Set 2 tracking ref selection	See parameter 40.50 Set 1 tracking ref selection.	Not selected
41.51	Set 2 trim mode	See parameter 40.51 Set 1 trim mode.	Off
41.52	Set 2 trim selection	See parameter 40.52 Set 1 trim selection.	Torque
41.53	Set 2 trimmed ref pointer	See parameter 40.53 Set 1 trimmed ref pointer.	Not selected
41.54	Set 2 trim mix	See parameter 40.54 Set 1 trim mix.	0.000
41.55	Set 2 trim adjust	See parameter 40.55 Set 1 trim adjust.	1.000
41.56	Set 2 trim source	See parameter 40.56 Set 1 trim source.	PID ref
41.60	Set 2 PID activation source	See parameter 40.60 Set 1 PID activation source.	On

43 Bra	ike chopper	Settings for the internal brake chopper. See also section <i>DC voltage control</i> (page 75).	
43.01	Braking resistor temperature	Displays the estimated temperature of the brake resistor, or how close the brake resistor is to being too hot.  The value is given in percent where 100% is the eventual temperature the resistor would reach when loaded long enough with its rated maximum load capacity (43.09 Brake resistor Pmax cont).  The temperature calculation is based on the values of parameters 43.08, 43.09 and 43.10, and on the assumption that the resistor is installed as instructed by the manufacturer (ie. it cools down as expected).  This parameter is read-only.	-
	0.0 120.0%	Estimated brake resistor temperature.	1 = 1%
43.06	Brake chopper function	Enables brake chopper control and selects the brake resistor overload protection method (calculation or measurement).  Note: Before enabling brake chopper control, ensure that  a brake resistor is connected,  overvoltage control is switched off (parameter 30.30 Overvoltage control), and  the supply voltage range (parameter 95.01 Supply voltage) has been selected correctly.	Disabled
	Disabled	Brake chopper control disabled.	0
	Enabled with thermal model	Brake chopper control enabled with resistor overload protection based on a thermal model. If you select this, you must also specify the values needed by the model, ie. parameters 43.0843.12. See the resistor data sheet.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Enabled without thermal model	Brake chopper control enabled without resistor overload protection based on a thermal model. This setting can be used, for example, if the resistor is equipped with a thermal circuit breaker that is wired to stop the drive if the resistor overheats.  Before using this setting, ensure that overvoltage control is switched off (parameter 30.30 Overvoltage control)	2
	Overvoltage peak protection	Brake chopper starts to conduct at 100% pulse width whenever  • the DC voltage exceeds the overvoltage fault limit (a hysteresis applies), and  • the drive is not modulating (for example, during a coast stop).  The thermal model-based resistor overload protection is not active.  This setting is intended for situations where  • the braking chopper is not needed for runtime operation, ie. to dissipate the inertial energy of the motor,  • the motor is able to store a considerable amount of magnetic energy in its windings, and  • the motor might, deliberately or inadvertently, be stopped by coasting.  In such a situation, the motor would potentially discharge enough magnetic energy towards the drive to cause damage. To protect the drive, the brake chopper can be used with a small resistor dimensioned merely to handle the magnetic energy (not the inertial energy) of the motor.	3
43.07	Brake chopper run enable	Selects the source for quick brake chopper on/off control.  0 = Brake chopper IGBT pulses are cut off  1 = Normal brake chopper IGBT modulation allowed.  This parameter can be used to enable chopper operation only when the supply is missing from a drive with a regenerative supply unit.	On
	Off	0.	0
	On	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
43.08	Brake resistor thermal tc	Defines the thermal time constant for the brake resistor thermal model.	0 s
	0 10000 s	Brake resistor thermal time constant, ie. the rated time to achieve 63% temperature.	1 = 1 s
43.09	Brake resistor Pmax cont	Defines the maximum continuous load of the brake resistor which will eventually raise the resistor temperature to the maximum allowed value (= continuous heat dissipation capacity of the resistor in kW) but not above it. The value is used in the resistor overload protection based on the thermal model. See parameter 43.06 Brake chopper function, and the brake resistor data sheet.	0.00 kW
	0.00 10000.00 kW	Maximum continuous load of the brake resistor.	1 = 1 kW
43.10	Brake resistance	Defines the resistance value of the brake resistor. The value is used for the brake chopper protection based on the thermal model. See parameter 43.06 Brake chopper function.	0.0 ohm
	0.0 1000.0 ohm	Brake resistor resistance value.	1 = 1 ohm

No.	Name/\	/alue	Descri	ption	DeflFbEq16
43.11	Brake r limit	esistor fault	on the function 7183 E	the fault limit for the brake resistor protection based thermal model. See parameter 43.06 Brake chopper n. When the limit is exceeded, the drive trips on fault BR excess temperature.	105%
			reache	lue is given in percent of the temperature the resistor is when loaded with the power defined by parameter Brake resistor Pmax cont.	
	0 15	0%	Brake	resistor temperature fault limit.	1 = 1%
43.12	Brake r warning		based choppe genera The va reache	s the warning limit for the brake resistor protection on the thermal model. See parameter 43.06 Brake er function. When the limit is exceeded, the drive stees a A793 BR excess temperature warning. Is given in percent of the temperature the resistor as when loaded with the power defined by parameter Brake resistor Pmax cont.	95%
_	0 15	0%	Brake i	resistor temperature warning limit.	1 = 1%
44 Med	chanica ol	l brake	_	uration of mechanical brake control. so section <i>Mechanical brake control</i> (page 70).	
44.01	Brake o	control status		ys the mechanical brake control status word. arameter is read-only.	-
	Bit	Name		Information	
İ	0	Open comn	nand	Close/open command to brake actuator (0 = close, 1 = Connect this bit to desired output.	open).
	1	Opening to request	que	1 = Opening torque requested from drive logic	
	2	Hold stoppe request	ed	1 = Hold requested from drive logic	
	3	Ramp to sto	pped	1 = Ramping down to zero speed requested from drive	logic
	4	Enabled		1 = Brake control is enabled	
	5	Closed		1 = Brake control logic in BRAKE CLOSED state	
	6	Opening		1 = Brake control logic in BRAKE OPENING state	
	8	Open Closing		1 = Brake control logic in <i>BRAKE OPEN</i> state 1 = Brake control logic in <i>BRAKE CLOSING</i> state	
	915	Reserved		1 - Brake control logic in BNAKE OLOGINO state	
	00	1.0001.700			
	0000h	FFFFh	Mecha	nical brake control status word.	1 = 1
44.02	Brake to memory		brake of This various torque.	ys the torque (in percent) at the instant of the previous close command. Alue can be used as a reference for the brake open See parameters 44.09 Brake open torque source and	-
			A filteri	Brake open torque.  ng time for this value can be defined using 44.21 Filter rake torque memory.	
	-1600.0	1600.0%	Torque	at brake closure.	See par. 46.03

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
44.03	Brake open torque reference	Displays the currently active brake open torque. See parameters 44.09 Brake open torque source and 44.10 Brake open torque.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	1600.0 1600.0%		See nor
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Currently active brake open torque.	See par. 46.03
44.06	Brake control enable	Activates/deactivates (or selects a source that activates/deactivates) the mechanical brake control logic.  0 = Brake control inactive  1 = Brake control active  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
44.07	Brake acknowledge selection	Activates/deactivates (and selects the source for) brake open/close status (acknowledgement) supervision.  When a brake control error (unexpected state of the acknowledgement signal) is detected, the drive reacts as defined by parameter 44.17 Brake fault function.  0 = Brake closed 1 = Brake open	No acknowledge
	Off	0.	0
	On	1.	1
	No acknowledge	Brake open/closed supervision disabled.	2
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	3
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	4
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	5
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	6
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	7
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	8
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	11
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	12
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
44.08	Brake open delay	Defines the brake open delay, ie. the delay between the internal open brake command and the release of motor speed control. The delay timer starts when the drive has magnetized the motor and increased the motor torque to the level required for brake release (parameter 44.03 Brake open torque reference). Simultaneously with the timer start, the brake control logic energizes the brake control output and the brake starts to open.  Set this parameter to the value of mechanical opening delay specified by the brake manufacturer.	0.00 s
	0.00 5.00 s	Brake open delay.	100 = 1 s
44.09	Brake open torque source	Defines a source that is used as a brake opening torque reference if  • its absolute value is greater than the setting of parameter 44.10 Brake open torque, and  • its sign is the same as the setting of 44.10 Brake open torque.  See parameter 44.10 Brake open torque.	Brake open torque
	Zero	Zero.	0
	Al1 scaled	12.12 Al1 scaled value (see page 161).	1
	Al2 scaled	12.22 Al2 scaled value (see page 162).	2
	FBA ref1	03.05 FB A reference 1 (see page 122).	3
	FBA ref2	03.06 FB A reference 2 (see page 122).	4
	Brake torque memory	Parameter 44.02 Brake torque memory.	7
	Brake open torque	Parameter 44.10 Brake open torque.	8
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
44.10	Brake open torque	Defines the sign (ie. direction of rotation) and minimum absolute value of the brake open torque (motor torque requested at brake release in percent of motor nominal torque).  The value of the source selected by parameter 44.09 Brake open torque source is used as the brake open torque only if it has the same sign as this parameter and has a greater absolute value.  Note: This parameter is not effective in scalar motor control mode.	0.0%
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Minimum torque at brake release.	See par. 46.03
44.11	Keep brake closed	Selects a source that prevents the brake from opening.  0 = Normal brake operation  1 = Keep brake closed  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
44.12	Brake close request	Selects the source of an external brake close request signal. When on, the signal overrides the internal logic and closes the brake.  0 = Normal operation/No external close signal connected 1 = Close brake  Notes:  • In an open-loop (encoderless) application, if the brake is kept closed by a brake close request against a modulating drive for longer than 5 seconds, the brake is forced to close and the drive trips on a fault, 71A5 Mechanical brake opening not allowed.  • This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
44.13	Brake close delay	Defines a delay between a close command (that is, when the brake control output is de-energized) and when the drive stops modulating. This is to keep the motor live and under control until the brake actually closes.  Set this parameter equal to the value specified by the brake manufacturer as the mechanical make-up time of the brake.	0.00 s
	0.00 60.00 s	Brake close delay.	100 = 1 s
44.14	Brake close level	Defines the brake close speed as an absolute value.  After motor speed remains below this level for the duration of the brake close level delay (44.15 Brake close level delay), a close command is given.  Note: Check the compatibility of this setting with 21.03 Stop mode (and the applicable deceleration time).	10.00 rpm
	0.00 1000.00 rpm	Brake close speed.	See par. 46.01
44.15	Brake close level delay	Defines a brake close level delay. See parameter 44.14 Brake close level.	0.00 s
	0.00 10.00 s	Brake close level delay.	100 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
44.16	Brake reopen delay	Defines a minimum time between brake closure and a subsequent open command.	0.00 s
	0.00 10.00 s	Brake reopen delay.	100 = 1 s
44.17	Brake fault function	Determines how the drive reacts upon a mechanical brake control error.  Note: If parameter 44.07 Brake acknowledge selection is set to No acknowledge, acknowledgement status supervision is disabled altogether and will generate no warnings or faults. However, the brake open conditions are always supervised.	Fault
	Fault	The drive trips on a 71A2 Mechanical brake closing failed / 71A3 Mechanical brake opening failed fault if the status of the acknowledgement does not match the status presumed by the brake control logic.  The drive trips on a 71A5 Mechanical brake opening not allowed fault if the brake open conditions cannot be fulfilled (for example, the required motor starting torque is not achieved).	0
	Warning	The drive generates a A7A1 Mechanical brake closing failed / A7A2 Mechanical brake opening failed warning if the status of the acknowledgement does not match the status presumed by the brake control logic.  The drive generates a A7A5 Mechanical brake opening not allowed warning if the brake open conditions cannot be fulfilled (for example, the required motor starting torque is not achieved).	1
	Open fault	Upon closing the brake, the drive generates a A7A1  Mechanical brake closing failed warning if the status of the acknowledgement does not match the status presumed by the brake control logic.  Upon opening the brake, the drive trips on a 71A3 Mechanical brake opening failed fault if the status of the acknowledgement does not match the status presumed by the brake control logic.  The drive trips on a 71A5 Mechanical brake opening not allowed fault if the brake open conditions cannot be fulfilled (for example, the required motor starting torque is not achieved).	2
44.18	Brake fault delay	Defines a close fault delay, ie. time between brake closure and brake close fault trip.	0.00 s
	0.00 60.00 s	Brake close fault delay.	100 = 1 s
44.21	Filter time brake torque memory	Defines a filtering time for parameter 44.02 Brake torque memory (actual torque value used as open torque reference).	100 ms
	0100 ms	Filtering time.	100 = 1 ms
45 En	ergy efficiency	Settings for the energy saving calculators. See also section <i>Energy saving calculators</i> (page 89).	
45.01	Saved GW hours	Displays the energy saved in GWh compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This parameter is incremented when 45.02 Saved MW hours rolls over.  This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	065535 GWh	Energy savings in GWh.	1 = 1 GWh
		ı	l

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
45.02	Saved MW hours	Displays the energy saved in MWh compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This parameter is incremented when 45.03 Saved kW hours rolls over.  When this parameter rolls over, parameter 45.01 Saved GW	-
		hours is incremented. This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	
	0999 MWh	Energy savings in MWh.	1 = 1 MWh
45.03	Saved kW hours	Displays the energy saved in kWh compared to direct-on-line	-
		motor connection.  If the internal brake chopper of the drive is enabled, all energy fed by the motor to the drive is assumed to be converted into heat, but the calculation still records savings made by controlling the speed. If the chopper is disabled, then regenerated energy from the motor is also recorded here.  When this parameter rolls over, parameter 45.02 Saved MW hours is incremented.  This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	
	0.0 999.9 kWh	Energy savings in kWh.	10 = 1 kWh
45.05	Saved money x1000	Displays the monetary savings in thousands compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This parameter is incremented when 45.06 Saved money rolls over.  The currency is defined by parameter 45.17 Tariff currency unit.  This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	04294967295 thousands	Monetary savings in thousands of units.	-
45.06	Saved money	Displays the monetary savings compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This value is a calculated by multiplying the saved energy in kWh by the currently active energy tariff (45.14 Tariff selection).  When this parameter rolls over, parameter 45.05 Saved money x1000 is incremented.  The currency is defined by parameter 45.17 Tariff currency unit.  This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	0.00 999.99 units	Monetary savings.	1 = 1 unit
45.08	CO2 reduction in kilotons	Displays the reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric kilotons compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This value is incremented when parameter 45.09 CO2 reduction in tons rolls over.  This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	065535 metric kilotons	Reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric kilotons.	1 = 1 metric kiloton

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
45.09	CO2 reduction in tons	Displays the reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric tons compared to direct-on-line motor connection. This value is calculated by multiplying the saved energy in MWh by the value of parameter 45.18 CO2 conversion factor (by default, 0.5 metric tons/MWh).  When this parameter rolls over, parameter 45.08 CO2 reduction in kilotons is incremented.  This parameter is read-only (see parameter 45.21 Energy calculations reset).	-
	0.0 999.9 metric tons	Reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric tons.	1 = 1 metric ton
45.11	Energy optimizer	Enables/disables the energy optimization function. The function optimizes the motor flux so that total energy consumption and motor noise level are reduced when the drive operates below the nominal load. The total efficiency (motor and drive) can be improved by 120% depending on load torque and speed.  Note: With a permanent magnet motor or a synchronous reluctance motor, energy optimization is always enabled regardless of this parameter.	Disable
	Disable	Energy optimization disabled.	0
	Enable	Energy optimization enabled.	1
45.12	Energy tariff 1	Defines energy tariff 1 (price of energy per kWh). Depending on the setting of parameter 45.14 Tariff selection, either this value or 45.13 Energy tariff 2 is used for reference when monetary savings are calculated.  The currency is defined by parameter 45.17 Tariff currency unit.  Note: Tariffs are read only at the instant of selection, and are not applied retroactively.	1.000 units
	0.000 4294967.295 units	Energy tariff 1.	-
45.13	Energy tariff 2	Defines energy tariff 2 (price of energy per kWh). See parameter 45.12 Energy tariff 1.	2.000 units
	0.000 4294967.295 units	Energy tariff 2.	-
45.14	Tariff selection	Selects (or defines a source that selects) which pre-defined energy tariff is used.  0 = 45.12 Energy tariff 1  1 = 45.13 Energy tariff 2	Energy tariff 1
	Energy tariff 1	0.	0
	Energy tariff 2	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
45.17	Tariff currency unit	Specifies the currency used for the savings calculations.	EUR
	Local currency	Local currency. The name of the currency can be edited by choosing Menu - Settings - Edit texts on the control panel.	100
	EUR	Euro.	101
	USD	US dollar.	102
45.18	CO2 conversion factor	Defines a factor for conversion of saved energy into CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/kWh or tn/MWh).	0.500 tn/MWh
	0.000 65.535 tn/MWh	Factor for conversion of saved energy into CO <sub>2</sub> emissions.	1 = 1 tn/MWh
45.19	Comparison power	Actual power that the motor absorbs when connected direct- on-line and operating the application. The value is used for reference when energy savings are calculated.  Note: The accuracy of the energy savings calculation is directly dependent on the accuracy of this value. If nothing is entered here, then the nominal motor power is used by the calculation, but that may inflate the energy savings reported as many motors do not absorb nameplate power.	0.0 kW
	0.0 100000.0 kW	Motor power.	See par. 46.04
45.21	Energy calculations reset	Resets the savings counter parameters 45.0145.09	Done
	Done	Reset not requested (normal operation), or reset complete.	0
	Reset	Reset the savings counter parameters. The value reverts automatically to <i>Done</i> .	1
46 Mo setting	nitoring/scaling gs	Speed supervision settings; actual signal filtering; general scaling settings.  Note: The 16-bit scalings apply when parameter values are read or written directly. With protocol- and profile-specific read/write commands (eg. communication objects), the scaling depends on the protocol or profile. See the documentation of the adapter module.	
46.01	Speed scaling	Defines the maximum speed value used to define the acceleration ramp rate and the initial speed value used to define the deceleration ramp rate (see parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp). The speed acceleration and deceleration ramp times are therefore related to this value (not to parameter 30.12 Maximum speed).  Also defines the 16-bit scaling of speed-related parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to 20000 in fieldbus, master/follower etc. communication.	1500.00 rpm; 1800.00 rpm (95.20 b0)
	0.10 30000.00 rpm	Acceleration/deceleration terminal/initial speed.	1 = 1 rpm

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
46.02	Defines the maximum frequency value used to define the acceleration ramp rate and the initial frequency value used to define deceleration ramp rate (see parameter group 28  Frequency reference chain). The frequency acceleration and deceleration ramp times are therefore related to this value (not to parameter 30.14 Maximum frequency).  Also defines the 16-bit scaling of frequency-related parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to 20000 in fieldbus, master/follower etc. communication.		50.00 Hz; 60.00 Hz (95.20 b0)
	0.10 1000.00 Hz	Acceleration/deceleration terminal/initial frequency.	10 = 1 Hz
46.03	Torque scaling	Defines the 16-bit scaling of torque parameters. The value of this parameter (in percent of nominal motor torque) corresponds to 10000 in fieldbus, master/follower etc. communication.  See also parameter 46.42 Torque decimals.	100.0%
	0.1 1000.0%	Torque corresponding to 10000 on fieldbus.	10 = 1%
46.04	Power scaling	Defines the output power value that corresponds to 10000 in fieldbus, master/follower etc. communication. The unit is selected by parameter <i>96.16 Unit selection</i> .	1000.00 kW or hp
	0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp	Power corresponding to 10000 on fieldbus.	1 = 1 unit
46.05	Current scaling	Defines the 16-bit scaling of current parameters. The value of this parameter corresponds to 10000 in fieldbus, master/follower etc. communication.	10000 A
	030000 A	Current corresponding to 10000 on fieldbus.	1 = 1 A
46.06	Speed ref zero scaling	Defines a speed corresponding to a zero reference received from fieldbus (either the embedded fieldbus interface, or interface FBA A or FBA B). For example, with a setting of 500, the fieldbus reference range of 020000 would correspond to a speed of 500[46.01] rpm.  Note: This parameter is effective only with the ABB Drives communication profile.	0.00 rpm
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	Speed corresponding to minimum fieldbus reference.	1 = 1 rpm
46.07	Frequency ref zero scaling	Defines a frequency corresponding to a zero reference received from fieldbus (either the embedded fieldbus interface, or interface FBAA or FBAB). For example, with a setting of 30, the fieldbus reference range of 020000 would correspond to a speed of 30[46.02] Hz.  Note: This parameter is effective only with the ABB Drives communication profile.	0.00 Hz
	0.00 1000.00 Hz	Frequency corresponding to minimum fieldbus reference.	10 = 1 Hz
46.11	Filter time motor speed	Defines a filter time for signals 01.01 Motor speed used, 01.02 Motor speed estimated, 01.04 Encoder 1 speed filtered and 01.05 Encoder 2 speed filtered.	500 ms
	020000 ms	Motor speed signal filter time.	1 = 1 ms
46.12	Filter time output frequency	Defines a filter time for signal 01.06 Output frequency.	500 ms
	020000 ms	Output frequency signal filter time.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
46.13	Filter time motor torque	Defines a filter time for signal 01.10 Motor torque.	100 ms
	020000 ms	Motor torque signal filter time.	1 = 1 ms
46.14	Filter time power out	Defines a filter time for signal 01.14 Output power.	100 ms
	020000 ms	Output power signal filter time.	1 = 1 ms
46.21	At speed hysteresis	Defines the "at setpoint" limits for speed control of the drive. When the absolute difference between reference (22.87 Speed reference act 7) and actual speed (90.01 Motor speed for control) becomes smaller than half the value of 46.21 At speed hysteresis, the drive is considered to be "at setpoint". This is indicated by bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word. The bit switches off when the absolute difference between reference and actual speed exceeds the value of 46.21 At speed hysteresis.	100.00 rpm
		90.01 (rpm) ▲	
		Hysteresis Drive at setpoint (06.11 bit 8 = 1) Hysteresis	
	0.00 30000.00	Limit for "at setpoint" indication in speed control.	See par.
	rpm		46.01
46.22	At frequency hysteresis	Defines the "at setpoint" limits for frequency control of the drive. When the absolute difference between reference (28.96 Frequency ref ramp input) and actual frequency (01.06 Output frequency) is smaller than 46.22 At frequency hysteresis, the drive is considered to be "at setpoint". This is indicated by bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word.  O1.06 (Hz)  Drive at setpoint (06.11 bit 8 = 1)  Drive at setpoint (28.96 + 46.22 (Hz)  28.96 - 46.22 (Hz)	10.00 Hz
	0.00 1000.00 Hz	Limit for "at setpoint" indication in frequency control.	See par. 46.02

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
46.23	At torque hysteresis	Defines the "at setpoint" limits for torque control of the drive. When the absolute difference between reference (26.73 Torque reference act 4) and actual torque (01.10 Motor torque) is smaller than 46.23 At torque hysteresis, the drive is considered to be "at setpoint". This is indicated by bit 8 of 06.11 Main status word.	10.0%
		O1.10 (%)  Drive at setpoint (06.11 bit 8 = 1)  Drive at setpoint (26.73 (%)  26.73 - 46.23 (%)  0 %	
	0.0 300.0%	Limit for "at setpoint" indication in torque control.	See par. 46.03
46.31	Above speed limit	Defines the trigger level for "above limit" indication in speed control. When actual speed exceeds the limit, bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 is set.	1500.00 rpm
	0.00 30000.00 rpm	"Above limit" indication trigger level for speed control.	See par. 46.01
46.32	Above frequency limit	Defines the trigger level for "above limit" indication in frequency control. When actual frequency exceeds the limit, bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 is set.	50.00 Hz
	0.00 1000.00 Hz	"Above limit" indication trigger level for frequency control.	See par. 46.02
46.33	Above torque limit	Defines the trigger level for "above limit" indication in torque control. When actual torque exceeds the limit, bit 10 of 06.17 Drive status word 2 is set.	300.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	"Above limit" indication trigger level for torque control.	See par. 46.03
46.42	Torque decimals	Defines the number of decimal places of torque-related parameters.	1
·	02	Number of decimal places of torque parameters.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
47 Dat	a storage	Data storage parameters that can be written to and read from using other parameters' source and target settings.  Note that there are different storage parameters for different data types. Integer-type storage parameters cannot be used as the source of other parameters.  See also section <i>Data storage parameters</i> (page 93).	
47.01	Data storage 1 real32	Data storage parameter 1. Parameters 47.0147.08 are real 32-bit numbers that can be used as source values of other parameters. Storage parameters 47.0147.08 can be used as the target of received 16-bit data (parameter group 62 D2D and DDCS receive data) or the source of transmitted 16-bit data (parameter group 61 D2D and DDCS transmit data). The scaling and range are defined by parameters 47.3147.38.	0.000
	See par. 47.31	32-bit real (floating point) number.	See par. 47.31
47.02	Data storage 2 real32	Data storage parameter 2. See also parameter 47.01 Data storage 1 real32.	0.000
	See par. 47.32	32-bit real (floating point) number.	See par. 47.32
47.03	Data storage 3 real32	Data storage parameter 3. See also parameter 47.01 Data storage 1 real32.	0.000
	See par. 47.33	32-bit real (floating point) number.	See par. 47.33
47.04	Data storage 4 real32	Data storage parameter 4. See also parameter 47.01 Data storage 1 real32.	0.000
	See par. 47.34	32-bit real (floating point) number.	See par. 47.34
47.05	Data storage 5 real32	Data storage parameter 5. See also parameter 47.01 Data storage 1 real32.	0.000
	See par. 47.35	32-bit real (floating point) number.	See par. 47.35
47.06	Data storage 6 real32	Data storage parameter 6. See also parameter 47.01 Data storage 1 real32.	0.000
	See par. 47.36	32-bit real (floating point) number.	See par. 47.36
47.07	Data storage 7 real32	Data storage parameter 7. See also parameter 47.01 Data storage 1 real32.	0.000
	See par. 47.37	32-bit real (floating point) number.	See par. 47.37
47.08	Data storage 8 real32	Data storage parameter 8. See also parameter 47.01 Data storage 1 real32.	0.000
	See par. 47.38	32-bit real (floating point) number.	See par. 47.38
47.11	Data storage 1 int32	Data storage parameter 9.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit integer.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
47.12	Data storage 2 int32	Data storage parameter 10.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit integer.	-
47.13	Data storage 3 int32	Data storage parameter 11.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit integer.	-
47.14	Data storage 4 int32	Data storage parameter 12.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit integer.	-
47.15	Data storage 5 int32	Data storage parameter 13.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit integer.	-
47.16	Data storage 6 int32	Data storage parameter 14.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit integer.	-
47.17	Data storage 7 int32	Data storage parameter 15.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit integer.	-
47.18	Data storage 8 int32	Data storage parameter 16.	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	32-bit integer.	-
47.21	Data storage 1 int16	Data storage parameter 17.	0
	-32768 32767	16-bit integer.	1 = 1
47.22	Data storage 2 int16	Data storage parameter 18.	0
	-32768 32767	16-bit integer.	1 = 1
47.23	Data storage 3 int16	Data storage parameter 19.	0
	-32768 32767	16-bit integer.	1 = 1
47.24	Data storage 4 int16	Data storage parameter 20.	0
	-32768 32767	16-bit integer.	1 = 1
47.25	Data storage 5 int16	Data storage parameter 21.	0
	-32768 32767	16-bit integer.	1 = 1
47.26	Data storage 6 int16	Data storage parameter 22.	0
	-32768 32767	16-bit integer.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
47.27	Data storage 7 int16	Data storage parameter 23.	0
	-32768 32767	16-bit integer.	1 = 1
47.28	Data storage 8 int16	Data storage parameter 24.	0
	-32768 32767	16-bit integer.	1 = 1
47.31	Data storage 1 real32 type	Defines the scaling of parameter 47.01 Data storage 1 real32 to and from 16-bit integer format. This scaling is used when the data storage parameter is the target of received 16-bit data (defined in parameter group 62 D2D and DDCS receive data), or when the data storage parameter is the source of transmitted 16-bit data (defined in parameter group 61 D2D and DDCS transmit data).  The setting also defines the visible range of the storage parameter.	Unscaled
	Unscaled	Data storage only. Range: -2147483.264 2147473.264.	0
	Transparent	Scaling: 1 = 1. Range: -32768 32767.	1
	General	Scaling: 1 = 100. Range: -327.68 327.67.	2
	Torque	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling. Range: -1600.0 1600.0.	3
	Speed	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling. Range: -30000.00 30000.00.	4
	Frequency	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling. Range: -500.00 500.00.	5
47.32	Data storage 2 real32 type	Defines the 16-bit scaling of parameter 47.02 Data storage 2 real32.  See parameter 47.31 Data storage 1 real32 type.	Unscaled
47.33	Data storage 3 real32 type	Defines the 16-bit scaling of parameter 47.03 Data storage 3 real32. See parameter 47.31 Data storage 1 real32 type.	Unscaled
47.34	Data storage 4 real32 type	Defines the 16-bit scaling of parameter 47.04 Data storage 4 real32. See parameter 47.31 Data storage 1 real32 type.	Unscaled
47.35	Data storage 5 real32 type	Defines the 16-bit scaling of parameter 47.05 Data storage 5 real32. See parameter 47.31 Data storage 1 real32 type.	Unscaled
47.36	Data storage 6 real32 type	Defines the 16-bit scaling of parameter 47.06 Data storage 6 real32. See parameter 47.31 Data storage 1 real32 type.	Unscaled
47.37	Data storage 7 real32 type	Defines the 16-bit scaling of parameter 47.07 Data storage 7 real32.  See parameter 47.31 Data storage 1 real32 type.	Unscaled
47.38	Data storage 8 real32 type	Defines the 16-bit scaling of parameter 47.08 Data storage 8 real32. See parameter 47.31 Data storage 1 real32 type.	Unscaled

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	nel port nunication	Communication settings for the control panel port on the drive.	
49.01	Node ID number	Defines the node ID of the drive. All devices connected to the network must have a unique node ID.  Note: For networked drives, it is advisable to reserve ID 1 for spare/replacement drives.	1
	132	Node ID.	1 = 1
49.03	Baud rate	Defines the transfer rate of the link.	230.4 kbps
	38.4 kbps	38.4 kbit/s.	1
	57.6 kbps	57.6 kbit/s.	2
	86.4 kbps	86.4 kbit/s.	3
	115.2 kbps	115.2 kbit/s.	4
	230.4 kbps	230.4 kbit/s.	5
49.04	Communication loss time	Sets a timeout for control panel (or PC tool) communication. If a communication break lasts longer than the timeout, the action specified by parameter 49.05 Communication loss action is taken.	10.0 s
	0.3 3000.0 s	Panel/PC tool communication timeout.	10 = 1 s
49.05	Communication loss action	Selects how the drive reacts to a control panel (or PC tool) communication break.  Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 49.06 Refresh settings.  See also parameters 49.07 Panel comm supervision force and 49.08 Secondary comm. loss action.	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 7081 Control panel loss. This only occurs if control is expected from the control panel (it is selected as source of start/stop/reference in the currently active control location), or if supervision is forced using parameter 49.07 Panel comm supervision force.	1
	Last speed	Drive generates an A7EE Control panel loss warning and freezes the speed to the level the drive was operating at. This only occurs if control is expected from the control panel, or if supervision is forced using parameter 49.07 Panel comm supervision force.  The speed is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	2
	Speed ref safe	Drive generates an A7EE Control panel loss warning and sets the speed to the speed defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (or 28.41 Frequency ref safe when frequency reference is being used). This only occurs if control is expected from the control panel, or if supervision is forced using parameter 49.07 Panel comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3

No.	Name/V	alue	Descri	ption	DeflFbEq16
	Warning		only oc supervi	Drive generates an A7EE Control panel loss warning. This only occurs if control is expected from the control panel, or if supervision is forced using parameter 49.07 Panel comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	
49.06	Refresh	settings	Note: F	s the settings of parameters 49.0149.05. Refreshing may cause a communication break, so ecting the drive may be required.	Done
	Done		Refrest	n done or not requested.	0
	Refresh			h parameters 49.0149.05. The value reverts atically to <i>Done</i> .	1
49.07	49.07 Panel comm supervision force		for each	es control panel communication monitoring separately h control location (see section <i>Local control vs. al control</i> on page <i>20</i> ). rameter is primarily intended for monitoring the unication with the panel when it is connected to the tion program and not selected as a control source by arameters.	0000b
	Bit	Name		Value	
	0	Ext 1		1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 1 is bei	na used.
	1	Ext 2		1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 2 is bei	•
	2	Local		1 = Communication monitoring active when local control is being	
				used.	
	315	Reserved			
	0000b	0111b	Panel o	communication monitoring selection.	1 = 1
49.08		ary comm.	Selects commu.  the preference communication is the preference	s how the drive reacts to a control panel (or PC tool) inication break. This action is taken when banel is parametrized as an alternative control or rence source but is not currently the active source, and munication supervision for the active control location is forced by parameter 49.07 Panel comm supervision	No action
	No actio	n	No acti	on taken.	0
	Warning		$\wedge$	enerates an A7EE Control panel loss warning.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	5
49.14	Panel sp		Defines	s the unit for speed reference when given from the panel.	rpm
	rpm		rpm.		0
	%		Percen	t of parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	1
49.15	Minimun ref pane	n ext speed I	externa In local	s a minimum limit for control panel speed reference in al control.  control, the limits in parameter group 30 Limits are in See section Local control vs. external control (page 20).	-30000.00 rpm
	-30000.0 30000.0		Minimu	m speed reference.	See par. 46.01

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
49.16	Maximum ext speed ref panel		
	-30000.00 30000.00 rpm	Maximum speed reference.	See par. 46.01
49.17	Minimum ext frequency ref panel	Defines a minimum limit for control panel frequency reference in external control.  In local control, the limits in parameter group 30 Limits are in force. See section Local control vs. external control (page 20).	-500.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Minimum frequency reference.	See par. 46.02
49.18	Maximum ext frequency ref panel	Defines a maximum limit for control panel frequency reference in external control.  In local control, the limits in parameter group 30 Limits are in force. See section Local control vs. external control (page 20).	500.00 Hz
	-500.00 500.00 Hz	Maximum frequency reference.	See par. 46.02
49.24	Panel actual source	Selects an actual value to be displayed in the top right corner of the control panel. This parameter is only effective when the control panel is not an active reference source.	Automatic
	Automatic	The active reference is displayed.	0
	Process PID setpoint actual	40.03 Process PID setpoint actual (see page 311).	1
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

50 Fie (FBA)	Fieldbus communication configuration.  See also chapter Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter (page 569).		
50.01	FBA A enable	Enables/disables communication between the drive and fieldbus adapter A, and specifies the slot the adapter is installed into.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Disable
	Disable	Communication between drive and fieldbus adapter A disabled.	0
	Option slot 1	Communication between drive and fieldbus adapter A enabled. The adapter is in slot 1.	1
	Option slot 2	Communication between drive and fieldbus adapter A enabled. The adapter is in slot 2.	2
	Option slot 3	Communication between drive and fieldbus adapter A enabled. The adapter is in slot 3.	3
50.02	FBA A comm loss func	Selects how the drive reacts upon a fieldbus communication break. A time delay for the action can be defined by parameter 50.03 FBA A comm loss t out.  See also parameter 50.26 FBA A comm supervision force.	No action
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 7510 FBA A communication. This only occurs if control is expected from the FBA A interface (FBA A selected as source of start/stop/reference in the currently active control location), or if supervision is forced using parameter 50.26 FBA A comm supervision force.	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Last speed	Drive generates an A7C1 FBA A communication warning and freezes the speed to the level the drive was operating at. This only occurs if control is expected from the FBA A interface, or if supervision is forced using parameter 50.26 FBA A comm supervision force.  The speed is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	2
	Speed ref safe	Drive generates an A7C1 FBA A communication warning and sets the speed to the value defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (when speed reference is being used) or 28.41 Frequency ref safe (when frequency reference is being used). This only occurs if control is expected from the FBA A interface, or if supervision is forced using parameter 50.26 FBA A comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3
	Fault always	Drive trips on 7510 FBA A communication. This occurs even though no control is expected from the FBA A interface.	4
	Warning	Drive generates an A7C1 FBA A communication warning. This only occurs if control is expected from the FBA A interface, or if supervision is forced using parameter 50.26 FBA A comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	5
50.03	FBA A comm loss t out	Defines the time delay before the action defined by parameter 50.02 FBA A comm loss func is taken. Time count starts when the communication link fails to update the message.  As a rule of thumb, this parameter should be set to at least 3 times the transmit interval of the master.  Note: There is a 60-second boot-up delay immediately after power-up. During the delay, the communication break monitoring is disabled (but communication itself can be active).	0.3 s
	0.3 6553.5 s	Time delay.	1 = 1 s
50.04	FBA A ref1 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 1 received from fieldbus adapter A.  Note: Fieldbus-specific communication profiles may use different scalings. For more information, see the manual of the fieldbus adapter.	Auto
	Auto	Type and scaling are chosen automatically according to which reference chain (see settings <i>Torque</i> , <i>Speed</i> , <i>Frequency</i> ) the incoming reference is connected to. If the reference is not connected to any chain, no scaling is applied (as with setting <i>Transparent</i> ).	0
	Transparent	No scaling is applied (the 16-bit scaling is 1 = 1 unit).	1
	General	Generic reference with a 16-bit scaling of 100 = 1 (ie. integer and two decimals).	2
	Torque	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
·	Speed	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
50.05	FBA A ref2 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 2 received from fieldbus adapter A. See parameter 50.04 FBA A ref1 type.	Auto
50.07	FBA A actual 1 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value 1 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter A.  Note: Fieldbus-specific communication profiles may use different scalings. For more information, see the manual of the fieldbus adapter.	Auto
	Auto	Type/source and scaling follow the type of reference 1 selected by parameter 50.04 FBA A ref1 type. See the individual settings below for the sources and scalings.	0
	Transparent	The value selected by parameter 50.10 FBA A act1 transparent source is sent as actual value 1. No scaling is applied (the 16-bit scaling is 1 = 1 unit).	1
	General	The value selected by parameter 50.10 FBA A act1 transparent source is sent as actual value 1 with a 16-bit scaling of 100 = 1 unit (ie. integer and two decimals).	2
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
	Position	Motor position is sent as actual value 1. See parameter 90.06 Motor position scaled.	6
50.08	FBA A actual 2 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value 2 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter A. See parameter 50.07 FBA A actual 1 type.	Auto
50.09	FBA A SW transparent source	Selects the source of the fieldbus status word when the fieldbus adapter is set to a transparent communication profile eg. by its configuration parameters (group 51 FBA A settings).	Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.	-
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
50.10	FBA A act1 transparent source	When parameter 50.07 FBA A actual 1 type is set to Transparent or General, this parameter selects the source of actual value 1 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter A.	Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.	-
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
50.11	FBA A act2 transparent source	When parameter 50.08 FBA A actual 2 type is set to Transparent or General, this parameter selects the source of actual value 2 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter A.	Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.	-
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
50.12	FBA A debug mode	Enables the display of raw (unmodified) data received from and sent to fieldbus adapter A in parameters 50.1350.18. This functionality should only be used for debugging.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Disable
	Disable	Display of raw data from fieldbus adapter A disabled.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Fast	Display of raw data from fieldbus adapter A enabled.	1
50.13	FBA A control word	Displays the raw (unmodified) control word sent by the master (PLC) to fieldbus adapter A if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Control word sent by master to fieldbus adapter A.	-
50.14	FBA A reference 1	Displays raw (unmodified) reference REF1 sent by the master (PLC) to fieldbus adapter A if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw REF1 sent by master to fieldbus adapter A.	-
50.15	FBA A reference 2	Displays raw (unmodified) reference REF2 sent by the master (PLC) to fieldbus adapter A if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw REF2 sent by master to fieldbus adapter A.	-
50.16	FBA A status word	Displays the raw (unmodified) status word sent by fieldbus adapter A to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Status word sent by fieldbus adapter A to master.	-
50.17	FBA A actual value 1	Displays raw (unmodified) actual value ACT1 sent by fieldbus adapter A to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw ACT1 sent by fieldbus adapter A to master.	-
50.18	FBA A actual value 2	Displays raw (unmodified) actual value ACT2 sent by fieldbus adapter A to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw ACT2 sent by fieldbus adapter A to master.	-

No.	Name/Valu	ıe	Description			DeflFbEq16
50.21	FBA A time	elevel sel	In general, lowe CPU load. The t	munication time levels. r time levels of read/wr table below shows the to ces for cyclic high and of setting.	ite services reduce ime levels of the	Normal
			Selection	Cyclic high *	Cyclic low **	
			Monitoring	10 ms	2 ms	
			Normal	2 ms	10 ms	
			Fast	500 µs	2 ms	
			Very fast	250 µs	2 ms	
	Normal		Act2.  ** Cyclic low data parameter group and acyclic data Control word, Regenerated on re Note: This para running.	ta consists of fieldbus S ta consists of the paran os 52 FBA A data in and a. ef1 and Ref2 are handl ceipt of cyclic high mes meter cannot be chang	neter data mapped to d 53 FBA A data out, ed as interrupts ssages.	
	Normal		Normal speed.			0
	Fast Very fast		Fast speed.  Very fast speed.		1	
					2	
	Monitoring		Low speed. Opt monitoring usag	imized for PC tool com e.	munication and	3
50.26	supervision force		each control loc control on page The parameter i communication	s primarily intended for with FBAA when it is c ram and not selected a	monitoring the connected to the	0000b
	Bit N	ame	Value			
		xt 1		munication monitoring	active when Ext 1 is be	ing used
		xt 2			active when Ext 2 is be	
		ocal	1 = Com		active when local control	
	315 R	eserved	used.			
	0000b01	11b	FBA A communi	cation monitoring selec	tion.	1 = 1
50.31	FBA B ena	ble	fieldbus adapter installed into.	s communication between B, and specifies the sl	ot the adapter is	Disable
	Disable		Communication disabled.	between drive and field	dbus adapter B	0
	Option slot 1			between drive and field dapter is in slot 1.	dbus adapter B	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Option slot 2	Communication between drive and fieldbus adapter B enabled. The adapter is in slot 2.	2
	Option slot 3	Communication between drive and fieldbus adapter B enabled. The adapter is in slot 3.	3
50.32	FBA B comm loss func	Selects how the drive reacts upon a fieldbus communication break. A time delay for the action can be defined by parameter 50.33 FBA B comm loss timeout.  See also parameter 50.56 FBA B comm supervision force.	No action
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 7520 FBA B communication. This only occurs if control is expected from the FBA B interface (FBA B selected as source of start/stop/reference in the currently active control location), or if supervision is forced using parameter 50.56 FBA B comm supervision force.	1
	Last speed	Drive generates an A7C2 FBA B communication warning and freezes the speed to the level the drive was operating at. This only occurs if control is expected from the FBA B interface, or if supervision is forced using parameter 50.56 FBA B comm supervision force.  The speed is determined on the basis of actual speed using	2
		850 ms low-pass filtering.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	
	Speed ref safe	Drive generates an A7C2 FBA B communication warning and sets the speed to the value defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (when speed reference is being used) or 28.41 Frequency ref safe (when frequency reference is being used). This only occurs if control is expected from the FBA B interface, or if supervision is forced using parameter 50.56 FBA B comm supervision force.	3
		<b>WARNING!</b> Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	
	Fault always	Drive trips on 7520 FBA B communication. This occurs even though no control is expected from the FBA B interface.	4
	Warning	Drive generates an A7C2 FBA B communication warning. This only occurs if control is expected from the FBA B interface, or if supervision is forced using parameter 50.56 FBA B comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	5
50.33	FBA B comm loss timeout	Defines the time delay before the action defined by parameter 50.32 FBA B comm loss func is taken. Time count starts when the communication link fails to update the message.  As a rule of thumb, this parameter should be set to at least 3 times the transmit interval of the master.  Note: There is a 60-second boot-up delay immediately after power-up. During the delay, the communication break monitoring is disabled (but communication itself can be active).	0.3 s
	0.3 6553.5 s	Time delay.	1 = 1 s
50.34	FBA B ref1 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 1 received from fieldbus adapter B. See parameter 50.04 FBA A ref1 type.	Auto

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
50.35	FBA B ref2 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 2 received from fieldbus adapter B.  See parameter 50.04 FBA A ref1 type.	Auto
50.37	FBA B actual 1 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value 1 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter B. See parameter 50.07 FBA A actual 1 type.	Auto
50.38	FBA B actual 2 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value 2 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter B. See parameter 50.08 FBA A actual 2 type.	Auto
50.39	FBA B SW transparent source	Selects the source of the fieldbus status word when the fieldbus adapter is set to a transparent communication profile eg. by its configuration parameters (group 54 FBA B settings).	Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.	-
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
50.40	FBA B act1 transparent source	When parameter 50.37 FBA B actual 1 type is set to Transparent or General, this parameter selects the source of actual value 1 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter B.	Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.	-
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
50.41	FBA B act2 transparent source	When parameter 50.38 FBA B actual 2 type is set to Transparent or General, this parameter selects the source of actual value 2 transmitted to the fieldbus network through fieldbus adapter B.	Not selected
	Not selected	No source selected.	-
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
50.42	FBA B debug mode	Enables the display of raw (unmodified) data received from and sent to fieldbus adapter B in parameters 50.4350.48. This functionality should only be used for debugging.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Disable
	Disable	Display of raw data from fieldbus adapter B disabled.	0
	Fast	Display of raw data from fieldbus adapter B enabled.	1
50.43	FBA B control word	Displays the raw (unmodified) control word sent by the master (PLC) to fieldbus adapter B if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.42 FBA B debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Control word sent by master to fieldbus adapter B.	-
50.44	FBA B reference 1	Displays raw (unmodified) reference REF1 sent by the master (PLC) to fieldbus adapter B if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.42 FBA B debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw REF1 sent by master to fieldbus adapter B.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description			DeflFbEq16
50.45	FBA B reference 2	(PLC) to fieldbus parameter 50.42	nmodified) reference REs adapter B if debugging PBA B debug mode.		-
		This parameter i			
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw REF2 sent	by master to fieldbus a	dapter B.	-
50.46	Displays the raw (unmodified) status word sent by fieldbus adapter B to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.42 FBA B debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.			-	
	00000000h FFFFFFFFh	Status word sen	t by fieldbus adapter B	to master.	-
50.47	FBA B actual value 1	adapter B to the parameter 50.42	Displays raw (unmodified) actual value ACT1 sent by fieldbus adapter B to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.42 FBA B debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.		
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw ACT1 sent	by fieldbus adapter B to	o master.	-
50.48	FBA B actual value 2	Displays raw (unmodified) actual value ACT2 sent by fieldbus adapter B to the master (PLC) if debugging is enabled by parameter 50.42 FBA B debug mode.  This parameter is read-only.			-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Raw ACT2 sent	by fieldbus adapter B to	o master.	-
50.51	FBA B timelevel sel	In general, lower CPU load. The tread/write service	Selects the communication time levels.  In general, lower time levels of read/write services reduce CPU load. The table below shows the time levels of the read/write services for cyclic high and cyclic low data with each parameter setting.		
		Selection	Cyclic high *	Cyclic low **	
		Monitoring	10 ms	2 ms	
		Normal	2 ms	10 ms	
		Fast	500 µs	2 ms	
		Very fast	250 µs	2 ms	
		Act2.  ** Cyclic low dat parameter group and acyclic data Control word, Regenerated on re-	a consists of fieldbus S a consists of the param as 55 FBA B data in and ef1 and Ref2 are handle ceipt of cyclic high mes meter cannot be change	eter data mapped to I 56 FBA B data out, ed as interrupts sages.	
	Normal	Normal speed.			0
	Fast	Fast speed.			1
	Very fast	Very fast speed.			2
	Monitoring	Low speed. Opti monitoring usag	imized for PC tool comr e.	nunication and	3

51.27

51.28

51.29

FBA A par refresh

FBA A par table ver

FBA A drive type

Done

code

0...65535

Refresh

Done.

running.

Refreshing.

Refreshing done.

minor table revision number. This parameter is read-only.

This parameter is read-only.

Parameter table revision of adapter module.

Drive type code stored in the mapping file.

mapping file (stored in the memory of the drive).

No.	Name/	Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
50.56	FBA B comm supervision force		Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section <i>Local control vs. external control</i> on page <i>20</i> ).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with FBA B when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.	0000Ь
	Bit	Name	Value	
	0	Ext 1	1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 1 is be	eing used.
	1	Ext 2	1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 2 is be	eing used.
	2	Local	1 = Communication monitoring active when local cont used.	rol is being
	315 Reserved			
	0000b	0111b	FBA B communication monitoring selection.	1 = 1
51 FB	A A set	tings	Fieldbus adapter A configuration.	
51.01	FBA A type  Displ 0 = N disab 32 = 135 =		Displays the type of the connected fieldbus adapter module. <b>0</b> = Module is not found or is not properly connected, or is disabled by parameter 50.01 FBA A enable; <b>1</b> = FPBA; <b>32</b> = FCAN; <b>37</b> = FDNA; <b>101</b> = FCNA, <b>128</b> = FENA-11/21; <b>135</b> = FECA; <b>136</b> = FEPL; <b>485</b> = FSCA.  This parameter is read-only.	-
51.02	FBA A	Par2	Parameters 51.0251.26 are adapter module-specific. For more information, see the documentation of the fieldbus adapter module. Note that not all of these parameters are necessarily in use.	-
	0655	535	Fieldbus adapter configuration parameter.	1 = 1
51.26	FBA A	Par26	See parameter 51.02 FBA A Par2.	-
	0655	: 2 E	Fieldbus adapter configuration parameter.	1 = 1

Validates any changed fieldbus adapter module configuration

settings. After refreshing, the value reverts automatically to

Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is

Displays the parameter table revision of the fieldbus adapter module mapping file (stored in the memory of the drive). In format axyz, where ax = major table revision number; yz =

Displays the drive type code in the fieldbus adapter module

Done

0

1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
51.30	FBA A mapping file ver	Displays the fieldbus adapter module mapping file revision stored in the memory of the drive in decimal format.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	065535	Mapping file revision.	1 = 1
51.31	D2FBA A comm status	Displays the status of the fieldbus adapter module communication.	-
	Not configured	Adapter is not configured.	0
	Initializing	Adapter is initializing.	1
	Time out	A timeout has occurred in the communication between the adapter and the drive.	2
	Configuration error	Adapter configuration error: mapping file not found in the file system of the drive, or mapping file upload has failed more than three times.	3
	Off-line	Fieldbus communication is off-line.	4
	On-line	Fieldbus communication is on-line, or fieldbus adapter has been configured not to detect a communication break. For more information, see the documentation of the fieldbus adapter.	5
	Reset	Adapter is performing a hardware reset.	6
51.32	FBA A comm SW ver	Displays the patch and build versions of the adapter module firmware in format xxyy, where xx = patch version number, yy = build version number.  Example: C802 = 200.02 (patch version 200, build version 2).	
		Patch and build versions of adapter module firmware.	-
51.33	FBA A appl SW ver	Displays the major and minor versions of the adapter module firmware in format xyy, where x = major revision number, yy = minor revision number.  Example: 300 = 3.00 (major version 3, minor version 00).	
		Major and minor versions of adapter module firmware.	-
52 FB	A A data in	Selection of data to be transferred from drive to fieldbus controller through fieldbus adapter A.  Note: 32-bit values require two consecutive parameters.  Whenever a 32-bit value is selected in a data parameter, the next parameter is automatically reserved.	
52.01	FBA A data in1	Parameters 52.0152.12 select data to be transferred from the drive to the fieldbus controller through fieldbus adapter A.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3
	SW 16bit	Status Word (16 bits)	4
	Act1 16bit	Actual value ACT1 (16 bits)	5
	Act2 16bit	Actual value ACT2 (16 bits)	6
	CW 32bit	Control Word (32 bits)	11
	Ref1 32bit	Reference REF1 (32 bits)	12
	Ref2 32bit	Reference REF2 (32 bits)	13
	SW 32bit	Status Word (32 bits)	14

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Act1 32bit	Actual value ACT1 (32 bits)	15
	Act2 32bit	Actual value ACT2 (32 bits)	16
	SW2 16bit	Status Word 2 (16 bits)	24
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
52.12	FBA A data in12	See parameter 52.01 FBA A data in1.	None

53 FB.	A A data out	Selection of data to be transferred from fieldbus controller to drive through fieldbus adapter A.  Note: 32-bit values require two consecutive parameters.  Whenever a 32-bit value is selected in a data parameter, the next parameter is automatically reserved.	
53.01	FBA A data out1	Parameters 53.0153.12 select data to be transferred from the fieldbus controller to the drive through fieldbus adapter A.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3
	CW 32bit	Control Word (32 bits)	11
	Ref1 32bit	Reference REF1 (32 bits)	12
	Ref2 32bit	Reference REF2 (32 bits)	13
	CW2 16bit	Control Word 2 (16 bits)	21
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
53.12	FBA A data out12	See parameter 53.01 FBA A data out1.	None

54 FBA	A B settings	Fieldbus adapter B configuration.	
54.01	FBA B type	Displays the type of the connected fieldbus adapter module. <b>0</b> = Module is not found or is not properly connected, or is disabled by parameter 50.31 FBA B enable; <b>1</b> = FPBA; <b>32</b> = FCAN; <b>37</b> = FDNA; <b>101</b> = FCNA, <b>128</b> = FENA-11/21; <b>135</b> = FECA; <b>136</b> = FEPL; <b>485</b> = FSCA.  This parameter is read-only.	-
54.02	FBA B Par2	Parameters <i>54.0254.26</i> are adapter module-specific. For more information, see the documentation of the fieldbus adapter module. Note that not all of these parameters are necessarily in use.	-
	065535	Fieldbus adapter configuration parameter.	1 = 1
54.26	FBA B Par26	See parameter 54.02 FBA B Par2.	-
	065535	Fieldbus adapter configuration parameter.	1 = 1
54.27	FBA B par refresh	Validates any changed fieldbus adapter module configuration settings. After refreshing, the value reverts automatically to <i>Done</i> .  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Done
	Done	Refreshing done.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Refresh	Refreshing.	1
54.28	FBA B par table ver	Displays the parameter table revision of the fieldbus adapter module mapping file (stored in the memory of the drive). In format axyz, where ax = major table revision number; yz = minor table revision number. This parameter is read-only.	-
		Parameter table revision of adapter module.	-
54.29	FBA B drive type code	Displays the drive type code in the fieldbus adapter module mapping file (stored in the memory of the drive). This parameter is read-only.	-
	065535	Drive type code stored in the mapping file.	1 = 1
54.30	FBA B mapping file ver	Displays the fieldbus adapter module mapping file revision stored in the memory of the drive in decimal format. This parameter is read-only.	-
	065535	Mapping file revision.	1 = 1
54.31	D2FBA B comm status	Displays the status of the fieldbus adapter module communication.	-
	Not configured	Adapter is not configured.	0
	Initializing	Adapter is initializing.	1
	Time out	A timeout has occurred in the communication between the adapter and the drive.	2
	Configuration error	Adapter configuration error: mapping file not found in the file system of the drive, or mapping file upload has failed more than three times.	3
	Off-line	Fieldbus communication is off-line.	4
	On-line	Fieldbus communication is on-line, or fieldbus adapter has been configured not to detect a communication break. For more information, see the documentation of the fieldbus adapter.	5
	Reset	Adapter is performing a hardware reset.	6
54.32	FBA B comm SW ver	Displays the patch and build versions of the adapter module firmware in format xxyy, where xx = patch version number, yy = build version number.  Example: C802 = 200.02 (patch version 200, build version 2).	
		Patch and build versions of adapter module firmware.	-
54.33	FBA B appl SW ver	Displays the major and minor versions of the adapter module firmware in format xyy, where x = major revision number, yy = minor revision number.  Example: 300 = 3.00 (major version 3, minor version 00).	
		Major and minor versions of adapter module firmware.	-
	A P data in	Soloction of data to be transferred from drive to fieldburg	

55 FBA B data in		Selection of data to be transferred from drive to fieldbus controller through fieldbus adapter B.	
55.01	FBA B data in1	Parameters 55.0155.12 select data to be transferred from the drive to the fieldbus controller through fieldbus adapter B.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	SW 16bit	Status Word (16 bits)	4
	Act1 16bit	Actual value ACT1 (16 bits)	5
	Act2 16bit	Actual value ACT2 (16 bits)	6
	CW 32bit	Control Word (32 bits)	11
	Ref1 32bit	Reference REF1 (32 bits)	12
	Ref2 32bit	Reference REF2 (32 bits)	13
	SW 32bit	Status Word (32 bits)	14
Act1 32bit Act2 32bit		Actual value ACT1 (32 bits)	15
		Actual value ACT2 (32 bits)	16
	SW2 16bit	Status Word 2 (16 bits)	24
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
55.12	FBA B data in12	See parameter 55.01 FBA B data in1.	None
56 FB	A B data out	Selection of data to be transferred from fieldbus controller to drive through fieldbus adapter B.	
56.01	FBA B data out1	Parameters 56.0156.12 select data to be transferred from the fieldbus controller to the drive through fieldbus adapter B.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3
	CW 32bit	Control Word (32 bits)	11
	Ref1 32bit	Reference REF1 (32 bits)	12
	Ref2 32bit	Reference REF2 (32 bits)	13
	CW2 16bit	Control Word 2 (16 bits)	21
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
56.12	FBA B data out12	See parameter 56.01 FBA B data out1.	None
58 Embedded fieldbus		Configuration of the embedded fieldbus (EFB) interface. See also chapter <i>Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB)</i> (page <i>545</i> ).	
58.01	Protocol enable	<ul> <li>Enables/disables the embedded fieldbus interface and selects the protocol to use.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>When the embedded fieldbus interface is enabled, the drive-to-drive link functionality is automatically disabled.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>	None
	None	None (communication disabled).	0
	Modbus RTU	Embedded fieldbus interface is enabled and uses the Modbus RTU protocol.	1
58.02	Protocol ID	Displays the protocol ID and revision. This parameter is read-only.	-
		Protocol ID and revision.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
58.03	Node address	Defines the node address of the drive on the fieldbus link.  Values 1247 are allowable. Two devices with the same address are not allowed on-line.  Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06  Communication control.	1
	0255	Node address (values 1247 are allowable).	1 = 1
58.04	Baud rate	Selects the transfer rate of the fieldbus link. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.	19.2 kbps
	9.6 kbps	9.6 kbit/s.	2
	19.2 kbps	19.2 kbit/s.	3
	38.4 kbps	38.4 kbit/s.	4
	57.6 kbps	57.6 kbit/s.	5
	76.8 kbps	76.8 kbit/s.	6
	115.2 kbps	115.2 kbit/s.	7
58.05	Parity	Selects the type of parity bit and the number of stop bits. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.	8 EVEN 1
	8 NONE 1	Eight data bits, no parity bit, one stop bit.	0
	8 NONE 2	Eight data bits, no parity bit, two stop bits.	1
	8 EVEN 1	Eight data bits, even parity bit, one stop bit.	2
	8 ODD 1	Eight data bits, odd parity bit, one stop bit.	3
58.06	Communication control	Validates any changes in the EFB settings, or activates silent mode.	Enabled
	Enabled	Normal operation.	0
	Refresh settings	Validates any changed EFB configuration settings. Reverts automatically to <i>Enabled</i> .	1
	Silent mode	Activates silent mode (no messages are transmitted). Silent mode can be terminated by activating the <i>Refresh settings</i> selection of this parameter.	2

No.	Name	/Value	Description	on	DeflFbEq16	
58.07	Communication diagnostics			ne status of the EFB communication. neter is read-only.	-	
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	Init failed		1 = EFB initialization failed		
	1	Addr config err		1 = Node address not allowed by protocol		
	2	Silent mode	)	1 = Drive not allowed to transmit		
				0 = Drive allowed to transmit		
	3	Autobaudin	g	Reserved		
	4	Wiring error		1 = Errors detected (A/B wires possibly swapped)		
	5	Parity error		1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.04 and 58.05		
	6	Baud rate error		1 = Error detected: check parameters 58.05 and 58.04		
	7	No bus activity		1 = 0 bytes received during last 5 seconds		
	8	No packets		<ul> <li>1 = 0 packets (addressed to any device) detected during last 5 seconds</li> <li>1 = Errors detected (interference, or another device with the same address on line)</li> </ul>		
	9	Noise or ad error	ldressing			
	10	Comm loss		1 = 0 packets addressed to the drive received within (58.16)		
	11	CW/Ref los	S	1 = No control word or references received within ti (58.16)	meout	
	12	Not active		Reserved Reserved		
	13	Protocol 1				
	14	Protocol 2		Reserved		
	15	Internal error		Reserved		
	0000h	FFFFh	EFB comn	nunication status.	1 = 1	
58.08	Received packets		During nor	count of valid packets addressed to the drive. rmal operation, this number increases constantly. set from the control panel by keeping Reset	-	
				for over 3 seconds.		
		94967295		received packets addressed to the drive.	1 = 1	
58.09	During no Can be re		During nor Can be res	count of valid packets transmitted by the drive.  rmal operation, this number increases constantly.  set from the control panel by keeping Reset I for over 3 seconds.	-	
	04294967295		Number of transmitted packets.		1 = 1	
58.10	t		the bus. D constantly.		-	
			Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.			
		94967295		f all received packets.	1 = 1	
58.11	ii C		increasing Can be res	count of character errors received by the drive. An count indicates a configuration problem on the bus. set from the control panel by keeping Reset for over 3 seconds.	-	
	04294967295		Number of	UART errors.	1 = 1	
			1		1	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
58.12	CRC errors	Displays a count of packets with a CRC error received by the drive. An increasing count indicates interference on the bus. Can be reset from the control panel by keeping Reset depressed for over 3 seconds.	-
	04294967295	Number of CRC errors.	1 = 1
58.14	Communication loss action  Selects how the drive reacts to an EFB communication breach Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  See also parameters 58.15 Communication loss mode and 58.16 Communication loss time.		Fault
1	No	No action taken (monitoring disabled).	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 6681 EFB comm loss. This only occurs if control is expected from the EFB (EFB selected as source of start/stop/reference in the currently active control location), or if supervision is forced using parameter 58.36 EFB comm supervision force.	1
	Last speed	Drive generates an A7CE EFB comm loss warning and freezes the speed to the level the drive was operating at. This only occurs if control is expected from the EFB, or if supervision is forced using parameter 58.36 EFB comm supervision force.  The speed is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	2
	Speed ref safe	Drive generates an A7CE EFB comm loss warning and sets the speed to the speed defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (or 28.41 Frequency ref safe when frequency reference is being used). This only occurs if control is expected from the EFB, or if supervision is forced using parameter 58.36 EFB comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3
	Fault always	Drive trips on 6681 EFB comm loss. This occurs even though no control is expected from the EFB.	4
	Warning	Drive generates an A7CE EFB comm loss warning. This only occurs if control is expected from the EFB, or if supervision is forced using parameter 58.36 EFB comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	5
58.15	Communication loss mode	Defines which message types reset the timeout counter for detecting an EFB communication loss. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control. See also parameters 58.14 Communication loss action and 58.16 Communication loss time.	Cw / Ref1 / Ref2
	Any message	Any message addressed to the drive resets the timeout.	1
	Cw / Ref1 / Ref2	A write of the control word or a reference from the fieldbus resets the timeout.	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
58.16	Communication loss time	Sets a timeout for EFB communication. If a communication break lasts longer than the timeout, the action specified by parameter 58.14 Communication loss action is taken.	3.0 s
		Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  Note: There is a 30-second boot-up delay immediately after power-up. During the delay, the communication break monitoring is disabled (but communication itself can be active).  See also parameter 58.15 Communication loss mode.	
	0.0 6000.0 s	EFB communication timeout.	1 = 1
58.17	Transmit delay	Defines a minimum response delay in addition to any fixed delay imposed by the protocol.  Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.	0 ms
	065535 ms	Minimum response delay.	1 = 1
58.18	EFB control word	Displays the raw (unmodified) control word sent by the Modbus controller to the drive. For debugging purposes. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000hFFFFh	Control word sent by Modbus controller to the drive.	1 = 1
58.19	EFB status word	Displays the raw (unmodified) status word sent by the drive to the Modbus controller. For debugging purposes. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0000hFFFFh	Status word sent by the drive to the Modbus controller.	1 = 1
58.25	Control profile	Defines the control profile used by the protocol.	ABB Drives
	ABB Drives	ABB Drives profile (with a 16-bit control word) with registers in the classic format for backward compatibility.	0
	Transparent	Transparent profile (16-bit or 32-bit control word) with registers in the classic format.	2
58.26	EFB ref1 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 1 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.  The scaled reference is displayed by 03.09 EFB reference 1.	Auto
	Auto	Type and scaling are chosen automatically according to which reference chain (see settings <i>Torque</i> , <i>Speed</i> , <i>Frequency</i> ) the incoming reference is connected to. If the reference is not connected to any chain, no scaling is applied (as with setting <i>Transparent</i> ).	0
	Transparent	No scaling is applied.	1
	General	Generic reference with a scaling of 100 = 1 (ie. integer and two decimals).	2
	Torque	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
58.27	EFB ref2 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 2 received through the embedded fieldbus interface.  The scaled reference is displayed by 03.10 EFB reference 2. For the selections, see parameter 58.26 EFB ref1 type.	Torque

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
58.28	EFB act1 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value 1 transmitted to the fieldbus network through the embedded fieldbus interface.	Auto
	Auto	Type/source and scaling follow the type of reference 1 selected by parameter 58.26 EFB ref1 type. See the individual settings below for the sources and scalings.	0
	Transparent	The value selected by parameter 58.31 EFB act1 transparent source is sent as actual value 1. No scaling is applied (the 16-bit scaling is 1 = 1 unit).	1
	General	The value selected by parameter 58.31 EFB act1 transparent source is sent as actual value 1 with a 16-bit scaling of 100 = 1 unit (ie. integer and two decimals).	2
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
	Position	Motor position is sent as actual value 1. See parameter 90.06 Motor position scaled.	6
58.29	EFB act2 type  Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value 2 transmitted to the fieldbus network through the embedded fieldbus interface.		Torque
	Auto Type/source and scaling follow the type of reference 2 selected by parameter 58.27 EFB ref2 type. See the individual settings below for the sources and scalings.		0
	Transparent	The value selected by parameter 58.32 EFB act2 transparent source is sent as actual value 2. No scaling is applied (the 16-bit scaling is 1 = 1 unit).	1
	General	The value selected by parameter 58.32 EFB act2 transparent source is sent as actual value 2 with a 16-bit scaling of 100 = 1 unit (ie. integer and two decimals).	2
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
	Position	Motor position is sent as actual value 2. See parameter 90.06 Motor position scaled.	6
58.30	EFB status word transparent source	Selects the source of the status word when 58.25 Control profile is set to Transparent.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
58.31	EFB act1 transparent source	Selects the source of actual value 1 when 58.28 EFB act1 type is set to Transparent or General.	Not selected
	Not selected	None.	0
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-

Not selected None.  Other  Not selected None.  Other  Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114)  58.33 Addressing mode  Defines the mapping between parameters and holding registers in the 400101465535 Modbus register range. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  Mode 0  16-bit values (groups 199, indexes 199): Register address = 400000 + 100 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 2000 + 2405 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 510 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register address = 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 28.00 would be mapped to register onto 00000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.  Mode 2  Selects in which order 16-bit registers of 32-bit parameters are transferred.  For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte and the second byte contains the low order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  HI-LO  The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the low order word.  Activates	No.	Name/\	/alue	Description	DeflFbEq16
Source selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114)   Defines the mapping between parameters and holding registers in the 400101465535 Modbus register range. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.    Mode 0   16-bit values (groups 199, indexes 199): Register address = 400000 + 100 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 220 + 80 = 402280. 32-bit values (groups 199, indexes 199): Register address = 420000 + 200 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 420000 + 4400 + 160 = 424560.    Mode 1   16-bit values (groups 1255, indexes 1255): Register address = 400000 + 256 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 5632 + 80 = 405712.    Mode 2   32-bit values (groups 1127, indexes 1255): Register address = 400000 + 5632 + 80 = 405712.    Mode 2   32-bit values (groups 1127, indexes 1258): Register address = 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.    Mode 2   32-bit values (groups 1127, indexes 1255): Register address = 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 30 would be mapped to register 400000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.    Selects in which order 16-bit registers of 32-bit parameters are transferred. For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 communication control.    LO-HI	58.32				Not selected
Defines the mapping between parameters and holding registers in the 400101465535 Modbus register range. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  Mode 0  16-bit values (groups 199, indexes 199): Register address = 400000 + 100 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 200 v parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 4200 + 160 = 424560.  Mode 1  16-bit values (groups 1255. indexes 1255): Register address = 4000000 + 450 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.  Mode 2  32-bit values (groups 1127. indexes 1255): Register address = 4000000 + 1512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.  Selects in which order 16-bit registers of 32-bit parameters are transferred. For each register. the first byte contains the high order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the low order word.  LO-HI The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the low order word.  Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section Local control vs. external control on page 20). The parameter is primmirally intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is conne		Not sele	ected	None.	0
registers in the 400101465535 Modbus register range. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  Mode 0  16-bit values (groups 199, indexes 199): Register address = 400000 + 100 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 5632 + 80 = 405712.  Mode 2  32-bit values (groups 1127. indexes 1255): Register address = 400000 + 5632 + 80 = 405712.  Mode 2  32-bit values (groups 1127. indexes 1255): Register address = 400000 + 11284 + 160 = 411424.  Selects in which order 16-bit registers of 32-bit parameters are transferred. For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte and the second byte contains the low order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  HI-LO  The first register contains the high order word, the second contains the high order word.  Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control on page 20).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.  Bit Name Value  DEXT 1 1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 2 is being used.  315 Reserved		Other		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
Register address = 400000 + 100 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 2200 + 80 = 402280.  32-bit values (groups 199) indexes 199): Register address = 4200000 + 200 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 4200000 + 205 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 5632 + 80 = 405712.  Mode 2  32-bit values (groups 1127, indexes 1255): Register address = 400000 + 5632 + 80 = 405712.  Mode 2  32-bit values (groups 1127, indexes 1255): 2 Register address = 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.  Selects in which order 16-bit registers of 32-bit parameters are transferred. For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte and the second byte contains the low order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06  Communication control.  HI-LO  The first register contains the high order word, the second contains the low order word.  LO-HI  The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the high order word.  Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section Local control vs. external control on page 20).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.  Bit Name Value  0 Ext 1	58.33	Address	sing mode	registers in the 400101465535 Modbus register range. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06	Mode 0
Register address = 400000 + 256 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 5632 + 80 = 405712.  Mode 2  32-bit values (groups 1127, indexes 1255): Register address = 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.  58.34  Word order  Selects in which order 16-bit registers of 32-bit parameters are transferred. For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte and the second byte contains the low order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06  Communication control.  HI-LO  The first register contains the high order word, the second contains the low order word.  LO-HI  The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the high order word.  Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section Local control vs. external control on page 20).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.  Bit Name Value  Description of the communication monitoring active when Ext 1 is being used.  Ext 2  1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 2 is being used.  1 = Communication monitoring active when local control is being used.  315 Reserved		Mode 0		Register address = 400000 + 100 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 2200 + 80 = 402280.  32-bit values (groups 199, indexes 199): Register address = 420000 + 200 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be	0
Register address = 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be mapped to register 400000 + 11264 + 160 = 411424.  58.34 Word order  Selects in which order 16-bit registers of 32-bit parameters are transferred. For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte and the second byte contains the low order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  HI-LO  The first register contains the high order word, the second contains the low order word.  LO-HI  The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the high order word.  Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section Local control vs. external control on page 20).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.  Bit Name Value  DEXT 1		Mode 1		Register address = 400000 + 256 × parameter group + parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be	
are transferred. For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte and the second byte contains the low order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.  HI-LO The first register contains the high order word, the second contains the low order word.  LO-HI The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the high order word.  Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section Local control vs. external control on page 20). The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.  Bit Name Value  Ext 1  Sext 2  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 2  Sext 3  Sext 4  Sext 4  Sext 4  Sext 5  Sext 6  Sext 6  Sext 7  Sext 7  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 9  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 1  Sext 3  Sext 3  Sext 4  Sext 4  Sext 5  Sext 6  Sext 6  Sext 7  Sext 7  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 9  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 3  Sext 8  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 3  Sext 3  Sext 3  Sext 4  Sext 4  Sext 5  Sext 6  Sext 7  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 9  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 1  Sext 2  Sext 3  Sext 3  Sext 3  Sext 4  Sext 4  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 8  Sext 9  Sext 9  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 9  Sext 9  Sext 1  Sext 9  Sext		Mode 2		Register address = 400000 + 512 × parameter group + 2 × parameter index. For example, parameter 22.80 would be	2
contains the low order word.  LO-HI  The first register contains the low order word, the second contains the high order word.  58.36  EFB comm supervision force  Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section Local control vs. external control on page 20).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.  Bit Name Value  0 Ext 1	58.34	HI-LO LO-HI  EFB comm		are transferred. For each register, the first byte contains the high order byte and the second byte contains the low order byte. Changes to this parameter take effect after the control unit is rebooted or the new settings validated by parameter 58.06	LO-HI
contains the high order word.  Activates fieldbus communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section Local control vs. external control on page 20).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.    Bit   Name   Value					0
supervision force  each control location (see section Local control vs. external control on page 20).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.    Bit   Name   Value					1
0 Ext 1 1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 1 is being used. 1 Ext 2 1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 2 is being used. 2 Local 1 = Communication monitoring active when local control is being used. 315 Reserved	58.36			each control location (see section <i>Local control vs. external control</i> on page <i>20</i> ).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with EFB when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by	0000Ь
0 Ext 1 1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 1 is being used. 1 Ext 2 1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 2 is being used. 2 Local 1 = Communication monitoring active when local control is being used. 315 Reserved		Bit	Name	Value	
1 Ext 2					ing used.
2 Local 1 = Communication monitoring active when local control is being used. 315 Reserved					
315 Reserved				1 = Communication monitoring active when local control	
		2 45	Doggrad	used.	
		315	Reserved		
0000b0111b EFB communication monitoring selection. 1 = 1		00006	0111h	EER communication manifering coloction	1 – 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
58.101	Data I/O 1	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400001.	CW 16bit
		The master defines the type of the data (input or output). The value is transmitted in a Modbus frame consisting of two 16-bit words. If the value is 16-bit, it is transmitted in the LSW (least significant word). If the value is 32-bit, the subsequent parameter is also reserved for it and must be set to <i>None</i> .	
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits).	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits).	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits).	3
	SW 16bit	Status Word (16 bits).	4
	Act1 16bit	Actual value ACT1 (16 bits).	5
	Act2 16bit	Actual value ACT2 (16 bits).	6
	CW 32bit	Control Word (32 bits).	11
	Ref1 32bit	Reference REF1 (32 bits).	12
	Ref2 32bit	Reference REF2 (32 bits).	13
	SW 32bit	Status Word (32 bits).	14
	Act1 32bit	Actual value ACT1 (32 bits).	15
	Act2 32bit	Actual value ACT2 (32 bits).	16
	CW2 16bit	Control Word 2 (16 bits).  When a 32-bit control word is used, this setting means the most-significant 16 bits.	21
	SW2 16bit	Status Word 2 (16 bits).  When a 32-bit control word is used, this setting means the most-significant 16 bits.	24
	RO/DIO control word	Parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word.	31
	AO1 data storage	Parameter 13.91 AO1 data storage.	32
	AO2 data storage	Parameter 13.92 AO2 data storage.	33
	Feedback data storage	Parameter 40.91 Feedback data storage.	40
	Setpoint data storage	Parameter 40.92 Setpoint data storage.	41
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
58.102	Data I/O 2	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400002.  For the selections, see parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	Ref1 16bit
58.103	Data I/O 3	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400003.  For the selections, see parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	Ref2 16bit
58.104	Data I/O 4	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400004.  For the selections, see parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	SW 16bit

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
58.105	Data I/O 5	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400005.	Act1 16bit
		For the selections, see parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	
58.106	Data I/O 6	Defines the address in the drive which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to register address 400006.  For the selections, see parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	Act2 16bit
58.107	Data I/O 7	Parameter selector for Modbus register address 400007. For the selections, see parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.	None
	•••		
58.124	Data I/O 24	Parameter selector for Modbus register address 400024. For the selections, see parameter <i>58.101 Data I/O 1</i> .	None
60 DD	CS	DDCS communication configuration.	
	unication	The DDCS protocol is used in the communication between	
		<ul> <li>drives in a master/follower configuration (see page 31),</li> <li>the drive and an external controller such as the AC 800M (see page 39), or</li> </ul>	
		• the drive (or more precisely, an inverter unit) and the supply unit of the drive system (see page 41).	
		All of the above utilize a fiber optic link which also requires an FDCO module (typically with ZCU control units) or an RDCO module (with BCU control units). Master/follower and external controller communication can also be implemented through shielded twisted-pair cable connected to the XD2D connector of the drive.	
		This group also contains parameters for drive-to-drive (D2D) communication supervision.	
60.01	M/F communication port	Selects the connection used by the master/follower functionality.	Not in use
	Not in use	None (communication disabled).	0
	Slot 1A	Channel A on FDCO module in slot 1 (with ZCU control unit only).	1
	Slot 2A	Channel A on FDCO module in slot 2 (with ZCU control unit only).	2
	Slot 3A	Channel A on FDCO module in slot 3 (with ZCU control unit only).	3
	Slot 1B	Channel B on FDCO module in slot 1 (with ZCU control unit only).	4
	Slot 2B	Channel B on FDCO module in slot 2 (with ZCU control unit only).	5
	Slot 3B	Channel B on FDCO module in slot 3 (with ZCU control unit only).	6
	RDCO CH 2	Channel 2 on RDCO module (with BCU control unit only).	12
	XD2D	Connector XD2D.  Note: This connection cannot co-exist, and is not to be confused with, drive-to-drive (D2D) communication implemented by application programming (detailed in <i>Drive application programming manual (IEC 61131-3)</i> , 3AUA0000127808 [English]).	7

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
60.02	M/F node address	Selects the node address of the drive for master/follower communication. No two nodes on-line may have the same address.  Note: The allowable addresses for the master are 0 and 1. The allowable addresses for followers are 260.	1
	1254	Node address.	
60.03	M/F mode	Defines the role of the drive on the master/follower or drive-to-	Not in use
00.03	W/F Mode	drive link.	Not iii use
	Not in use	Master/follower functionality not active.	0
	DDCS master	The drive is the master on the master/follower (DDCS) link.	1
	DDCS follower	The drive is a follower on the master/follower (DDCS) link.	2
	D2D master	The drive is the master on the drive-to-drive (D2D) link. <b>Note:</b> This setting is only to be used with D2D communication implemented by application programming. If you are using the master/follower functionality (see page 31) through the XD2D connector, select <i>DDCS master</i> instead.	3
	D2D follower	The drive is a follower on the drive-to-drive (D2D) link. <b>Note:</b> This setting is only to be used with D2D communication implemented by application programming. If you are using the master/follower functionality (see page 31) through the XD2D connector, select <i>DDCS follower</i> instead.	4
	DDCS forcing	The role of the drive on the master/follower (DDCS) link is defined by parameters 60.15 Force master and 60.16 Force follower.	5
	D2D forcing	The role of the drive on the drive-to-drive (D2D) link is defined by parameters 60.15 Force master and 60.16 Force follower.  Note: This setting is only to be used with D2D communication implemented by application programming. If you are using the master/follower functionality (see page 31) through the XD2D connector, select DDCS forcing instead.	6
60.05	M/F HW connection	Selects the topology of the master/follower link. <b>Note:</b> Use the setting <i>Star</i> if using the master/follower functionality (see page <i>31</i> ) through the XD2D connector (as opposed to a fiber optic link).	Ring
	Ring	The devices are connected in a ring topology. Forwarding of messages is enabled.	0
	Star	The devices are connected in a star topology (for example, through a branching unit). Forwarding of messages is disabled.	1
60.07	M/F link control	Defines the light intensity of the transmission LED of RDCO module channel CH2. (This parameter is effective only when parameter 60.01 M/F communication port is set to RDCO CH 2. FDCO modules have a hardware transmitter current selector.) In general, use higher values with longer fiber optic cables. The maximum setting is applicable to the maximum length of the fiber optic link. See Specifications of the fiber optic master/follower link (page 38).	10
	115	Light intensity.	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
60.08	M/F comm loss timeout	Sets a timeout for master/follower (DDCS) communication. If a communication break lasts longer than the timeout, the action specified by parameter 60.09 M/F comm loss function is taken.  As a rule of thumb, this parameter should be set to at least 3 times the transmit interval of the master.	100 ms
	065535 ms	Master/follower communication timeout.	
60.09	M/F comm loss function	Selects how the drive reacts to a master/follower communication break.	Fault
	No action	No action taken.	0
	Warning	The drive generates an A7CB MF comm loss warning. This only occurs if control is expected from the master/follower link, or if supervision is forced using parameter 60.32 M/F comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	1
	Fault	Drive trips on 7582 MF comm loss. This only occurs if control is expected from the master/follower link, or if supervision is forced using parameter 60.32 M/F comm supervision force.	2
	Fault always	Drive trips on 7582 MF comm loss. This occurs even though no control is expected from the master/follower link.	3
60.10	M/F ref1 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 1 received from the master/follower link. The resulting value is shown by 03.13 M/F or D2D ref1.	Auto
	Auto	Type and scaling are chosen automatically according to which reference chain (see settings <i>Torque</i> , <i>Speed</i> , <i>Frequency</i> ) the incoming reference is connected to. If the reference is not connected to any chain, no scaling is applied (as with setting <i>Transparent</i> ).	0
	Transparent	No scaling is applied.	1
	General	Generic reference with a scaling of 100 = 1 (ie. integer and two decimals).	2
	Torque	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
60.11	M/F ref2 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 2 received from the master/follower link. The resulting value is shown by 03.14 M/F or D2D ref2.  For the selections, see parameter 60.10 M/F ref1 type.	Torque
60.12	M/F act1 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value ACT1 transmitted to the master/follower link.	Auto
	Auto	Type/source and scaling follow the type of reference 1 selected by parameter 60.10 M/F ref1 type. See the individual settings below for the sources and scalings.	0
	Transparent	Reserved.	1
	General	Reserved.	2
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16		
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5		
60.13	M/F act2 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value ACT2 transmitted to the master/follower link.	Auto		
	Auto	Type/source and scaling follow the type of reference 2 selected by parameter 60.11 M/F ref2 type. See the individual settings below for the sources and scalings.	0		
	Transparent	Reserved.	1		
	General	Reserved.	2		
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3		
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4		
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5		
60.14	M/F follower selection	(Effective in the master only.) Defines the followers from which data is read. See also parameters 62.2862.33.	None		
	Follower node 2	Data is read from the follower with node address 2.	2		
	Follower node 3	Data is read from the follower with node address 3.	4		
	Follower node 4	Data is read from the follower with node address 4.	8		
	Follower nodes 2+3	Data is read from the followers with node addresses 2 and 3.	6		
	Follower nodes 2+4	Data is read from the followers with node addresses 2 and 4.	10		
	Follower nodes 3+4	Data is read from the followers with node addresses 3 and 4.	12		
	Follower nodes 2+3+4	Data is read from the followers with node addresses 2, 3 and 4.	14		
	None	None.	0		
60.15	Force master	When parameter 60.03 M/F mode is set to DDCS forcing or D2D forcing, this parameter selects a source that forces the drive to be the master on the master/follower link.  1 = Drive is master on the master/follower link	FALSE		
	FALSE	0.	0		
	TRUE	1.	1		
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-		
60.16	Force follower	When parameter 60.03 M/F mode is set to DDCS forcing or D2D forcing, this parameter selects a source that forces the drive to be a follower on the master/follower link.  1 = Drive is follower on the master/follower link	FALSE		
	FALSE	ALSE 0.			
	TRUE	1.	1		
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-		

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
60.17	Follower fault action	(Effective in the master only.) Selects how the drive reacts to a fault in a follower.  See also parameter 60.23 M/F status supervision sel 1.  Note: Each follower must be configured to transmit its status word as one of the three data words in parameters 61.0161.03. In the master, the corresponding target parameter (62.0462.12) must be set to Follower SW.	Fault
	No action	No action taken. Unaffected drives on the master/follower link will continue running.	0
	Warning	The drive generates a warning (AFE7 Follower).	1
	Fault	Drive trips on FF7E Follower. All followers will be stopped.	2
60.18	Follower enable	Interlocks the starting of the master to the status of the followers.  See also parameter 60.23 M/F status supervision sel 1.  Note: Each follower must be configured to transmit its status word as one of the three data words in parameters 61.0161.03. In the master, the corresponding target parameter (62.0462.12) must be set to Follower SW.	Always
	MSW bit 0	The master can only be started if all followers are ready to switch on (bit 0 of 06.11 Main status word in each follower is on).	0
	MSW bit 1	The master can only be started if all followers are ready to operate (bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word in each follower is on).	1
	MSW bits 0 + 1	The master can only be started if all followers are ready to switch on and ready to operate (bits 0 and 1 of 06.11 Main status word in each follower are on).	2
	Always	The starting of the master is not interlocked to the status of the followers.	3
	MSW bit 12	The master can only be started if user-definable bit 12 of 06.11 Main status word in each follower is on. See parameter 06.31 MSW bit 12 sel.	4
	MSW bits 0 + 12	The master can only be started if both bit 0 and bit 12 of 06.11 Main status word in each follower are on.	5
	MSW bits 1 + 12	The master can only be started if both bit 1 and bit 12 of 06.11 Main status word in each follower are on.	6

No.	Name/	Value	De	scription	DeflFbEq16	
60.19	M/F comm supervision sel 1  the ap co (IE (3) In an tha Tr 1. by 60 Tr		the app cor (IE (3A) In the app that that This by 60. The cor	Parameters 60.1960.28 are only effective when the drive is the master on a D2D (drive-to-drive) link, implemented by application programming. See parameters 60.01 M/F communication port and 60.03 M/F mode, and Drive (IEC 61131-3) application programming manual (3AUA0000127808 [English]).  In the master, parameters 60.19 M/F comm supervision sel 1 and 60.20 M/F comm supervision sel 2 specify the followers that are monitored for loss of communication.  This parameter selects which followers (out of followers 116) are monitored. Each of the selected followers is polled by the master. If no reply is received, the action specified in 60.09 M/F comm loss function is taken.  The status of communication is shown by 62.37 M/F communication status 1 and 62.38 M/F communication status 2.		
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	Follower 1		1 = Follower 1 is polled by the master.		
	1	Follower 2		1 = Follower 2 is polled by the master.		
	15	Follower 16	j	1 = Follower 16 is polled by the master.		
	0000hFFFFh S		Sel	lection of followers for D2D communication supervision (1).	1 = 1	
60.20	supervision sel 2 mo		mo	lects which followers (out of followers 1732) are unitored for loss of communication. See parameter 60.19 F comm supervision sel 1.	-	
		Bit Name		Description		
	Bit	Name		Description		
	<b>Bit</b> 0	Name Follower 17		1 = Follower 17 is polled by the master.		
				<u>-</u>		
	0	Follower 17	3	1 = Follower 17 is polled by the master.		

No.	Name/V	alue	Des	scription	DeflFbEq16	
60.23	.23 M/F status supervision sel 1		on and and In t and who If a action and by Usi suppfollo Noof follo The	tis parameter is only effective when the drive is the master a D2D link. See parameters 60.01 M/F communication port d 60.03 M/F mode.)  the master, parameters 60.23 M/F status supervision sel 1 d 60.24 M/F status supervision sel 2 specify the followers ose status word is monitored by the master.  Is parameter selects the followers (out of followers 116) ose status words are monitored by the master.  If follower reports a fault (bit 3 of the status word is on), the ion specified in 60.17 Follower fault action is taken. Bits 0 d 1 of the status word (ready states) are handled as defined 60.18 Follower enable.  Ing 60.27 M/F status supv mode sel 1 and 60.28 M/F status ov mode sel 2, it is possible to define whether any given ower is only monitored when it is stopped.  Ite: Also activate communication supervision for the same owers in parameter 60.19 M/F comm supervision sel 1.  The status of communication is shown by 62.37 M/F mmunication status 1 and 62.38 M/F communication status	-	
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	Follower 1		1 = Status of follower 1 is monitored.		
	1	Follower 2		1 = Status of follower 2 is monitored.		
		1 Ollowor 2				
	15	Follower 16		1 = Status of follower 16 is monitored.		
	10	T OHOWOT TO		Total de l'ollower l'elle monitorea.		
	0000hFFFFh		D2D follower status supervision selection (followers 116).		1 = 1	
60.24	M/F stat	us ion sel 2	Not	lects the followers (out of followers 1732) whose status rds are monitored by the D2D master.  te: Also activate communication supervision for the same owers in parameter 60.20 M/F comm supervision sel 2.  e parameter 60.23 M/F status supervision sel 1.	-	
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	Follower 17	,	1 = Status of follower 17 is monitored.		
	1			1 = Status of follower 18 is monitored.		
			)	1 = Status of follower 32 is monitored.		
	15	15 Follower 32		Totalad of followor of to filoritoroa.		
	15	Follower 32	-	Totalad of follower of to monitorea.		

No.	Name/Value		Desc	Description DeflFbEq1		
60.27	M/F status supv mode sel 1		sel 1 of fo indiv it is i This	ne D2D master, parameters 60.27 M/F status supv mode of and 60.28 M/F status supv mode sel 2 specify the mode of status word monitoring. Each follower can vidually be set to be monitored continuously, or only when in stopped state.  In parameter selects the mode of status word monitoring of wers 116.	-	
	Bit	Name		Description		
	0	Follower 1	C	0 = Status of follower 1 is monitored continuously. 1 = Status of follower 1 is monitored only when it is in stopp	ped state.	
	1	Follower 2		0 = Status of follower 2 is monitored continuously. 1 = Status of follower 2 is monitored only when it is in stopped state.		
	15	Follower 16	16 0 = Status of follower 16 is monitored continuously. 1 = Status of follower 16 is monitored only when it is in stopped stat			
	0000hFFFFh		D2D	status supervision mode selection 1.	1 = 1	
60.28	M/F stat mode se		Sele 17	ects the mode of status word monitoring of followers .32.	-	
	Bit	Name	[	Description		
	0	Follower 17		0 = Status of follower 17 is monitored continuously. 1 = Status of follower 17 is monitored only when it is in stop	oped state.	
	1	Follower 18		0 = Status of follower 18 is monitored continuously. 1 = Status of follower 18 is monitored only when it is in stop	oped state.	
	15	Follower 32		0 = Status of follower 32 is monitored continuously. 1 = Status of follower 32 is monitored only when it is in stop	oped state.	
	0000h	FFFFh	D2D	status supervision mode selection 2.	1 = 1	
60.31	M/F wake up delay		com allow The	nes a wake-up delay during which no master/follower munication faults or warnings are generated. This is to wall drives on the master/follower link to power up. master cannot be started until the delay elapses or all intored followers are found to be ready.	60.0 s	
	0.0 18	80.0 s	Mast	ter/follower wake-up delay.	10 = 1 s	

No.	Name/Va	alue	Description	DeflFbEq16		
60.32	M/F com supervisi		Activates master/follower communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section <i>Local control vs. external control</i> on page <i>20</i> ).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with master or follower when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.			
	Bit	Name	Value			
	0	Ext 1	1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 1 is be	ing used.		
	1	Ext 2	1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 2 is be			
	2	Local	1 = Communication monitoring active when local control used.	ol is being		
	315	Reserved				
	00001	0.1.1.1	1	1		
	0000b		Master/follower communication monitoring selection.	1 = 1		
60.41	com port	n adapter	Selects the channel used for connecting an optional FEA-xx extension adapter.	No connect		
	No conne	ect	None (communication disabled).	0		
	Slot 1A		Channel A on FDCO module in slot 1.	1		
	Slot 2A		Channel A on FDCO module in slot 2.	2		
	Slot 3A		Channel A on FDCO module in slot 3.	3		
	Slot 1B		Channel B on FDCO module in slot 1.	4		
	Slot 2B		Channel B on FDCO module in slot 2.	5		
	Slot 3B		Channel B on FDCO module in slot 3.	6		
	RDCO C	H 3	Channel CH 3 on RDCO module (with BCU control unit only).	13		
60.50	DDCS co		In ModuleBus communication, defines whether the drive is of the "engineered" or "standard" type.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	ABB engineered drive		
	ABB engineered drive		The drive is an "engineered drive" (data sets 1025 are used).	0		
	ABB star	ndard drive	The drive is a "standard drive" (data sets 14 are used).	1		
60.51	DDCS co		Selects the DDCS channel used for connecting an external controller (such as an AC 800M).	Not in use		
	Not in us	е	None (communication disabled).	0		
	Slot 1A		Channel A on FDCO module in slot 1.	1		
	Slot 2A		Channel A on FDCO module in slot 2.	2		
	Slot 3A		Channel A on FDCO module in slot 3.	3		
	Slot 1B		Channel B on FDCO module in slot 1.	4		
	Slot 2B		Channel B on FDCO module in slot 2.	5		
	Slot 3B		Channel B on FDCO module in slot 3.	6		
	RDCO C	H 0	Channel 0 on RDCO module (with BCU control unit only).	10		
	XD2D		Connector XD2D.	7		

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
60.52	DDCS controller node address	Selects the node address of the drive for communication with the external controller. No two nodes on-line may have the same address.  With an AC 800M (CI858) DriveBus connection, drives must be addressed 124; with an AC 80 DriveBus connection, drives must be addressed 112. Note that the BusManager function must be disabled in the DriveBus controller.  With optical ModuleBus, the drive address is set according to the position value as follows:  1. Multiply the hundreds of the position value by 16.  2. Add the tens and ones of the position value to the result.  For example, if the position value is 101, this parameter must be set to 1×16 + 1 = 17.	1
	1254	Node address.	
60.55	DDCS controller HW connection	Selects the topology of the fiber optic link with an external controller.	Star
	Ring	The devices are connected in a ring topology. Forwarding of messages is enabled.	0
	Star	The devices are connected in a star topology (for example, through a branching unit). Forwarding of messages is disabled.	1
60.56	DDCS controller baud rate	Selects the communication speed of the channel selected by parameter 60.51 DDCS controller comm port.	4 mbps
	1 mbps	1 megabit/second.	1
	2 mbps	2 megabit/second.	2
	4 mbps	4 megabit/second.	4
	8 mbps	8 megabit/second.	8
60.57	DDCS controller link control	Defines the light intensity of the transmission LED of RDCO module channel CH0. (This parameter is effective only when parameter 60.51 DDCS controller comm port is set to RDCO CH 0. FDCO modules have a hardware transmitter current selector.)  In general, use higher values with longer fiber optic cables. The maximum setting is applicable to the maximum length of the fiber optic link. See Specifications of the fiber optic master/follower link (page 38).	10
	115	Light intensity.	
		<u> </u>	l

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
60.58	DDCS controller comm loss time	Sets a timeout for communication with the external controller. If a communication break lasts longer than the timeout, the action specified by parameter 60.59 DDCS controller comm loss function is taken.  As a rule of thumb, this parameter should be set to at least 3 times the transmit interval of the controller.  Notes:  There is a 60-second boot-up delay immediately after power-up. During the delay, the communication break monitoring is disabled (but communication itself can be active).  With an AC 800M controller, the controller detects a communication break immediately but re-establishing the communication is done at 9-second idle intervals. Also note that the sending interval of a data set is not the same as the execution interval of the application task. On ModuleBus, the sending interval is defined by controller parameter Scan Cycle Time (by default, 100 ms).	100 ms
	060000 ms	Timeout for communication with external controller.	
60.59	DDCS controller comm loss function	Selects how the drive reacts to a communication break between the drive and the external controller.	Fault
	No action	No action taken (monitoring disabled).	0
	Fault	Drive trips on 7581 DDCS controller comm loss. This only occurs if control is expected from the external controller, or if supervision is forced using parameter 60.65 DDCS controller comm supervision force.	1
	Last speed	Drive generates an A7CA DDCS controller comm loss warning and freezes the speed to the level the drive was operating at. This only occurs if control is expected from the external controller, or if supervision is forced using parameter 60.65 DDCS controller comm supervision force.  The speed is determined on the basis of actual speed using 850 ms low-pass filtering.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	2
	Speed ref safe	Drive generates an A7CA DDCS controller comm loss warning and sets the speed to the speed defined by parameter 22.41 Speed ref safe (or 28.41 Frequency ref safe when frequency reference is being used). This only occurs if control is expected from the external controller, or if supervision is forced using parameter 60.65 DDCS controller comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	3
	Fault always	Drive trips on 7581 DDCS controller comm loss. This occurs even though no control is expected from the external controller.	4
	Warning	Drive generates an A7CA DDCS controller comm loss warning. This only occurs if control is expected from the external controller, or if supervision is forced using parameter 60.65 DDCS controller comm supervision force.  WARNING! Make sure that it is safe to continue operation in case of a communication break.	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
60.60	DDCS controller ref1 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 1 received from the external controller. The resulting value is shown by 03.11 DDCS controller ref 1.	Auto
	Auto	Type and scaling are chosen automatically according to which reference chain (see settings <i>Torque</i> , <i>Speed</i> , <i>Frequency</i> ) the incoming reference is connected to. If the reference is not connected to any chain, no scaling is applied (as with setting <i>Transparent</i> ).	0
	Transparent	No scaling is applied.	1
	General	Generic reference with a scaling of 100 = 1 (ie. integer and two decimals).	2
	Torque	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
60.61	DDCS controller ref2 type	Selects the type and scaling of reference 2 received from the external controller. The resulting value is shown by 03.12 DDCS controller ref 2.  For the selections, see parameter 60.60 DDCS controller ref1 type.	Auto
60.62	DDCS controller act1 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value ACT1 transmitted to the external controller.	Auto
	Auto	Type/source and scaling follow the type of reference 1 selected by parameter 60.60 DDCS controller ref1 type. See the individual settings below for the sources and scalings.	0
	Transparent	Reserved.	1
	General	Reserved.	2
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent as actual value 1. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
60.63	DDCS controller act2 type	Selects the type/source and scaling of actual value ACT2 transmitted to the external controller.	Auto
	Auto	Type/source and scaling follow the type of reference 2 selected by parameter 60.61 DDCS controller ref2 type. See the individual settings below for the sources and scalings.	0
	Transparent	Reserved.	1
	General	Reserved.	2
	Torque	01.10 Motor torque is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.03 Torque scaling.	3
	Speed	01.01 Motor speed used is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.01 Speed scaling.	4
	Frequency	01.06 Output frequency is sent as actual value 2. The scaling is defined by parameter 46.02 Frequency scaling.	5
60.64	Mailbox dataset selection	Selects the pair of data sets used by the mailbox service in the drive/controller communication.  See section External controller interface (page 39).	Dataset 32/33
	Dataset 32/33	Data sets 32 and 33.	0
		!	1

No.	Name/\	/alue	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Dataset	24/25	Data sets 24 and 25.	1
60.65		controller supervision	Activates DDCS controller communication monitoring separately for each control location (see section <i>Local control vs. external control</i> on page <i>20</i> ).  The parameter is primarily intended for monitoring the communication with the controller when it is connected to the application program and not selected as a control source by drive parameters.	
	Bit	Name	Value	
	0	Ext 1	1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 1 is b	eing used.
	1	Ext 2	1 = Communication monitoring active when Ext 2 is b	· ·
	2	Local	1 = Communication monitoring active when local conused.	trol is being
	315	Reserved		
	0000b	.0111b	DDCS controller communication monitoring selection.	1 = 1
60.71	INU-LS commu	U nication port	(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects the DDCS channel used for connecting to another converter (such as a supply unit). The selections available, as well as the default, depend on drive hardware. See also section Control of a supply unit (LSU) (page 41).	see text
	Not in u	se	None (communication disabled).	0
	RDCO (	CH 1	Channel 1 on RDCO module.	11
	DDCS v	via BC	Connector X201.	15
60.77	INU-LS control	U link	(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Defines the light intensity of the transmission LED of RDCO module channel CH1. (This parameter is effective only when parameter 60.71 INU-LSU communication port is set to RDCC CH 1. FDCO modules have a hardware transmitter current selector.) In general, use higher values with longer fiber optic cables. The maximum setting is applicable to the maximum length of the fiber optic link. See Specifications of the fiber optic master/follower link (page 38).	
	115		Light intensity.	
60.78		U comm eout	(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Sets a timeout for communication with another converter (such as the supply unit). If a communication break lasts longer than the timeout, the action specified by parameter 60.79 INU-LSU comm loss function is taken.	100 ms
	0655	35 ms	Timeout for communication between converters.	
60.79	INU-LS loss fun	U comm ction	(Only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects how the inverter unit reacts to a communication breal between the inverter unit and the other converter (typically the supply unit).  WARNING! With settings other than Fault, the inverte unit will continue operating based on the status information that was last received from the other converter. Make sure this does not cause danger.	
	No actio	on	No action taken.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Warning	The drive generates a warning (AF80 INU-LSU comm loss).	1
	Fault	Drive trips on 7580 INU-LSU comm loss.	2

	D and DDCS nit data	Defines the data sent to the DDCS link. See also parameter group 60 DDCS communication.	
61.01	M/F data 1 selection	Preselects the data to be sent as word 1 onto the master/follower link.  See also parameter 61.25 M/F data 1 value, and section Master/follower functionality (page 31).	Follower CW
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	SW 16bit	Status Word (16 bits)	4
	Act1 16bit	Actual value ACT1 (16 bits)  Note: Using this setting to send a reference to the follower is not recommended as the source signal is filtered. Use the "reference" selections instead.	5
	Act2 16bit	Actual value ACT2 (16 bits)  Note: Using this setting to send a reference to the follower is not recommended as the source signal is filtered. Use the "reference" selections instead.	6
	Follower CW	A word consisting of bits 011 of 06.01 Main control word and the bits selected by parameters 06.4506.48.  Note: Bit 3 of the follower control word is kept on as long as the master is modulating, and when it switches to 0, the follower coasts to a stop.	27
	Used speed reference	24.01 Used speed reference (page 226).	6145
	Torque reference act 5	26.75 Torque reference act 5 (page 249).	6731
	Torque reference used	26.02 Torque reference used (page 242).	6658
	ACS800 System ctrl SW	A follower status word compatible with an ACS800 (System Control Program) master. With this setting, status word bit 0 is cleared whenever the run enable signal is missing.	28
	Follower CW B6 high	Otherwise identical to selection <i>Follower CW</i> , but bit 6 of the follower control word is also kept on as long as the master is modulating. This will allow the follower to stop along the stop ramp of the master.	29
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
61.02	M/F data 2 selection	Preselects the data to be sent as word 2 onto the master/follower link.  See also parameter 61.26 M/F data 2 value.  For the selections, see parameter 61.01 M/F data 1 selection.	Used speed reference
61.03	M/F data 3 selection	Preselects the data to be sent as word 3 onto the master/follower link.  See also parameter 61.27 M/F data 3 value. For the selections, see parameter 61.01 M/F data 1 selection.	Torque reference act 5

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
61.25	M/F data 1 value	Displays the data to be sent onto the master/follower link as word 1 as an integer.  If no data has been preselected by 61.01 M/F data 1 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 1 in master/follower communication.	
61.26	M/F data 2 value	Displays the data to be sent onto the master/follower link as word 2 as an integer.  If no data has been preselected by 61.02 M/F data 2 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 2 in master/follower communication.	
61.27	M/F data 3 value	Displays the data to be sent onto the master/follower link as word 3 as an integer.  If no data has been preselected by 61.03 M/F data 3 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 3 in master/follower communication.	
61.45	Data set 2 data 1 selection	Parameters 61.4561.50 preselect data to be sent in data sets 2 and 4 to the external controller. These data sets are used in ModuleBus communication with a "standard drive" (60.50 DDCS controller drive type = ABB standard drive). Parameters 61.9561.100 display the data to be sent to the external controller. If no data has been preselected, the value to be sent can be written directly into these parameters. For example, this parameter preselects the data for word 1 of data set 2. Parameter 61.95 Data set 2 data 1 value displays the selected data in integer format. If no data is preselected, the value to be sent can be written directly into parameter 61.95.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	SW 16bit	Status Word (16 bits)	4
	Act1 16bit	Actual value ACT1 (16 bits)	5
	Act2 16bit	Actual value ACT2 (16 bits)	6
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
61.46	Data set 2 data 2 selection	Preselects the data to be sent as word 2 of data set 2 to the external controller.  See also parameter 61.96 Data set 2 data 2 value.  For the selections, see parameter 61.45 Data set 2 data 1 selection.	None
61.47	Data set 2 data 3 selection	See parameter 61.45 Data set 2 data 1 selection.	None
61.50	Data set 4 data 3 selection	See parameter 61.45 Data set 2 data 1 selection.	None

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
61.51	Data set 11 data 1 selection	Parameters 61.5161.74 preselect data to be sent in data sets 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23 and 25 to the external controller.  Parameters 61.10161.124 display the data to be sent to the external controller. If no data has been preselected, the value to be sent can be written directly into these parameters. For example, this parameter preselects the data for word 1 of data set 11. Parameter 61.101 Data set 11 data 1 value displays the selected data in integer format. If no data is preselected, the value to be sent can be written directly into parameter 61.101.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	SW 16bit	Status Word (16 bits)	4
	Act1 16bit	Actual value ACT1 (16 bits)	5
	Act2 16bit	Actual value ACT2 (16 bits)	6
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
61.52	Data set 11 data 2 selection	Preselects the data to be sent as word 2 of data set 11 to the external controller.  See also parameter 61.102 Data set 11 data 2 value.  For the selections, see parameter 61.51 Data set 11 data 1 selection.	None
61.53	Data set 11 data 3 selection	Preselects the data to be sent as word 3 of data set 11 to the external controller.  See also parameter 61.103 Data set 11 data 3 value.  For the selections, see parameter 61.51 Data set 11 data 1 selection.	None
61.54	Data set 13 data 1 selection	See parameter 61.51 Data set 11 data 1 selection.	None
	•••		
61.74	Data set 25 data 3 selection	See parameter 61.51 Data set 11 data 1 selection.	None
61.95	Data set 2 data 1 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 1 of data set 2.  If no data has been preselected by 61.45 Data set 2 data 1 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 1 of data set 2.	
61.96	Data set 2 data 2 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 2 of data set 2.  If no data has been preselected by 61.46 Data set 2 data 2 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 2 of data set 2.	
61.97	Data set 2 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 3 of data set 2.  If no data has been preselected by 61.47 Data set 2 data 3 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 3 of data set 2.	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
61.100	Data set 4 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 3 of data set 4.  If no data has been selected by 61.50 Data set 4 data 3 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 3 of data set 4.	
61.101	Data set 11 data 1 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 1 of data set 11.  If no data has been preselected by 61.51 Data set 11 data 1 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 1 of data set 11.	
61.102	Data set 11 data 2 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 2 of data set 11.  If no data has been preselected by 61.52 Data set 11 data 2 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 2 of data set 11.	
61.103	Data set 11 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 3 of data set 11.  If no data has been selected by 61.53 Data set 11 data 3 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 3 of data set 11.	
61.104	Data set 13 data 1 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 1 of data set 13.  If no data has been selected by 61.54 Data set 13 data 1 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 1 of data set 13.	
61.124	Data set 25 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the external controller as word 3 of data set 25.  If no data has been selected by 61.74 Data set 25 data 3 selection, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 3 of data set 25.	
61.151	INU-LSU data set 10 data 1 sel	(Parameters 61.15161.203 only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20)  Parameters 61.15161.153 preselect data to be sent in data set 10 to another converter (typically the supply unit of the drive).  Parameters 61.20161.203 display the data to be sent to the other converter. If no data has been preselected, the value to be sent can be written directly into these parameters.  For example, this parameter preselects the data for word 1 of data set 10. Parameter 61.201 INU-LSU data set 10 data 1 value displays the selected data in integer format. If no data is preselected, the value to be sent can be written directly into parameter 61.201.	LSU CW

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	LSU CW	Control word for the supply unit.	22
	DC voltage reference	94.20 DC voltage reference (page 410).	24084
	Reactive power reference	94.30 Reactive power reference (page 410).	24094
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
61.152	INU-LSU data set 10 data 2 sel	Preselects the data to be sent as word 2 of data set 10 to the other converter.  See also parameter 61.202 INU-LSU data set 10 data 2 value. For the selections, see parameter 61.151 INU-LSU data set 10 data 1 sel.	DC voltage reference
61.153	INU-LSU data set 10 data 3 sel	Preselects the data to be sent as word 3 of data set 10 to the other converter.  See also parameter 61.203 INU-LSU data set 10 data 3 value. For the selections, see parameter 61.151 INU-LSU data set 10 data 1 sel.	Reactive power reference
61.201	INU-LSU data set 10 data 1 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the other converter as word 1 of data set 10.  If no data has been preselected by 61.151 INU-LSU data set 10 data 1 sel, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 1 of data set 10.	
61.202	INU-LSU data set 10 data 2 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the other converter as word 2 of data set 10.  If no data has been preselected by 61.152 INU-LSU data set 10 data 2 sel, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 2 of data set 10.	
61.203	INU-LSU data set 10 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data to be sent to the other converter as word 3 of data set 10.  If no data has been selected by 61.153 INU-LSU data set 10 data 3 sel, the value to be sent can be written directly into this parameter.	0
	065535	Data to be sent as word 3 of data set 10.	

62 D2l receiv	D and DDCS e data	Mapping of data received through the DDCS link. See also parameter group 60 DDCS communication.	
62.01	M/F data 1 selection	(Follower only) Defines a target for the data received as word 1 from the master through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.25 MF data 1 value.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
62.02	M/F data 2 selection	(Follower only) Defines a target for the data received as word 2 from the master through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.26 MF data 2 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.01 M/F data 1 selection.	None

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
62.03	M/F data 3 selection	(Follower only) Defines a target for the data received as word 3 from the master through the master/follower link. See also parameter 62.27 MF data 3 value. For the selections, see parameter 62.01 M/F data 1 selection.	None
62.04	Follower node 2 data 1 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 1 from the first follower (ie. the follower with node address 2) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.28 Follower node 2 data 1 value.	Follower SW
	None	None.	0
	Follower SW	Status word of the follower. See also parameter <i>60.18</i> Follower enable.	26
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
62.05	Follower node 2 data 2 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 2 from the first follower (ie. the follower with node address 2) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.29 Follower node 2 data 2 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel.	None
62.06	Follower node 2 data 3 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 3 from the first follower (ie. the follower with node address 2) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.30 Follower node 2 data 3 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel.	None
62.07	Follower node 3 data 1 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 1 from the second follower (ie. the follower with node address 3) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.31 Follower node 3 data 1 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel.	Follower SW
62.08	Follower node 3 data 2 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 2 from the second follower (ie. the follower with node address 3) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.32 Follower node 3 data 2 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel.	None
62.09	Follower node 3 data 3 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 3 from the second follower (ie. the follower with node address 3) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.33 Follower node 3 data 3 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel.	None
62.10	Follower node 4 data 1 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 1 from the third follower (ie. the follower with node address 4) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.34 Follower node 4 data 1 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel.	Follower SW
62.11	Follower node 4 data 2 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 2 from the third follower (ie. the follower with node address 4) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.35 Follower node 4 data 2 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel.	None

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
62.12	Follower node 4 data 3 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 3 from the third follower (ie. the follower with node address 4) through the master/follower link.  See also parameter 62.36 Follower node 4 data 3 value.  For the selections, see parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel.	None
62.25	MF data 1 value	(Follower only) Displays, in integer format, the data received from the master as word 1.  Parameter 62.01 M/F data 1 selection can be used to select a target for the received data. This parameter can also be used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	065535	Data received as word 1 in master/follower communication.	
62.26	MF data 2 value	(Follower only) Displays, in integer format, the data received from the master as word 2.  Parameter 62.02 M/F data 2 selection can be used to select a target for the received data. This parameter can also be used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	065535	Data received as word 2 in master/follower communication.	
62.27	MF data 3 value	(Follower only) Displays, in integer format, the data received from the master as word 3.  Parameter 62.03 M/F data 3 selection can be used to select a target for the received data. This parameter can also be used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	065535	Data received as word 3 in master/follower communication.	
62.28	Follower node 2 data 1 value	Displays, in integer format, the data received from the first follower (ie. follower with node address 2) as word 1.  Parameter 62.04 Follower node 2 data 1 sel can be used to select a target for the received data. This parameter can also be used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	065535	Data received as word 1 from follower with node address 2.	
62.29	Follower node 2 data 2 value	Displays, in integer format, the data received from the first follower (ie. follower with node address 2) as word 2.  Parameter 62.05 Follower node 2 data 2 sel can be used to select a target for the received data. This parameter can also be used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	065535	Data received as word 2 from follower with node address 2.	
62.30	Follower node 2 data 3 value	Displays, in integer format, the data received from the first follower (ie. follower with node address 2) as word 3.  Parameter 62.06 Follower node 2 data 3 sel can be used to select a target for the received data. This parameter can also be used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	065535	Data received as word 3 from follower with node address 2.	
62.31	Follower node 3 data 1 value	Displays, in integer format, the data received from the second follower (ie. follower with node address 3) as word 1.  Parameter 62.07 Follower node 3 data 1 sel can be used to select a target for the received data. This parameter can also be used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	065535	Data received as word 1 from follower with node address 3.	

CO 20				scription	DeflFbEq16
62.32	Followed data 2	er node 3 value	follo Par sele	plays, in integer format, the data received from the second ower (ie. follower with node address 3) as word 2. rameter 62.08 Follower node 3 data 2 sel can be used to ect a target for the received data. This parameter can also used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	0655	535	Dat	ta received as word 2 from follower with node address 3.	
62.33	Follow data 3	er node 3 value	follo Par sele	plays, in integer format, the data received from the second ower (ie. follower with node address 3) as word 3. rameter 62.09 Follower node 3 data 3 sel can be used to ect a target for the received data. This parameter can also used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	0655	535	Dat	ta received as word 3 from follower with node address 3.	
62.34	Followed data 1	er node 4 value	follo Par sele	plays, in integer format, the data received from the third ower (ie. follower with node address 4) as word 1. rameter 62.10 Follower node 4 data 1 sel can be used to ect a target for the received data. This parameter can also used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	0655	535	Dat	ta received as word 1 from follower with node address 4.	
62.35	Followedata 2	er node 4 value	follo Par sele	plays, in integer format, the data received from the third ower (ie. follower with node address 4) as word 2. rameter 62.11 Follower node 4 data 2 sel can be used to ect a target for the received data. This parameter can also used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	0655	535	Dat	ta received as word 2 from follower with node address 4.	
62.36	Followed data 3	er node 4 value	follo Par sele	plays, in integer format, the data received from the third ower (ie. follower with node address 4) as word 3. rameter 62.12 Follower node 4 data 3 sel can be used to ect a target for the received data. This parameter can also used as a signal source by other parameters.	0
	065535		Dat	ta received as word 3 from follower with node address 4.	
62.37	M/F co status	mmunication 1	follo sel In a	the master, displays the status of the communication with owers specified by parameter 60.19 M/F comm supervision 1.  a follower, bit 0 indicates the status of the communication in the master.	-
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Follower 1		1 (in the master) = Communication with follower 1 OK. 1 (in a follower) = Communication with master OK.	
	1	Follower 2		1 = Communication with follower 2 OK.	
	15	Follower 16	j	1 = Communication with follower 16 OK.	

No.	Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16
62.38	M/F cor status 2	mmunication 2	In the master, displays the status of the communication with followers specified by parameter 60.20 M/F comm supervision sel 2.	-
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	Follower 17	•	
	1	Follower 18	1 = Communication with follower 18 OK.	
	15	Follower 32	1 = Communication with follower 32 OK.	
	0000h.	FFFFh	M/F communication status (followers 1732).	1 = 1
62.41	M/F foll status 1	lower ready 1	In the master, displays the ready status of the communication with followers specified by parameter 60.23 M/F status supervision sel 1.	-
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	Follower 1	1 = Follower 1 ready.	
	1	Follower 2	1 = Follower 2 ready.	
	15	Follower 16	1 = Follower 16 ready.	
	<u> </u>			
	0000h.	FFFFh	Follower 116 ready status.	1 = 1
62.42	M/F foll status 2	ower ready 2	In the master, displays the ready status of the communication with followers specified by parameter 60.24 M/F status supervision sel 2.	-
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	Follower 17	•	
	1	Follower 18	1 = Follower 18 ready.	
	15	Follower 32	1 = Follower 32 ready.	
	0000h.	FFFFh	Follower 1732 ready status.	1 = 1
62.45		et 1 data 1	Follower 1732 ready status.  Parameters 62.4562.50 define a target for the data received in data sets 1 and 3 from the external controller. These data sets are used in ModuleBus communication with a "standard drive" (60.50 DDCS controller drive type = ABB standard drive).  Parameters 62.9562.100 display the data received from the external controller in integer format, and can be used as sources by other parameters.  For example, this parameter selects a target for word 1 of data set 1. Parameter 62.95 Data set 1 data 1 value displays the received data in integer format, and can also be used as a source by other parameters.	1 = 1 None
62.45	Data se	et 1 data 1	Parameters 62.4562.50 define a target for the data received in data sets 1 and 3 from the external controller. These data sets are used in ModuleBus communication with a "standard drive" (60.50 DDCS controller drive type = ABB standard drive).  Parameters 62.9562.100 display the data received from the external controller in integer format, and can be used as sources by other parameters.  For example, this parameter selects a target for word 1 of data set 1. Parameter 62.95 Data set 1 data 1 value displays the received data in integer format, and can also be used as a	
62.45	Data se selectio	et 1 data 1 on	Parameters 62.4562.50 define a target for the data received in data sets 1 and 3 from the external controller. These data sets are used in ModuleBus communication with a "standard drive" (60.50 DDCS controller drive type = ABB standard drive).  Parameters 62.9562.100 display the data received from the external controller in integer format, and can be used as sources by other parameters.  For example, this parameter selects a target for word 1 of data set 1. Parameter 62.95 Data set 1 data 1 value displays the received data in integer format, and can also be used as a source by other parameters.	None
62.45	Data se selection	et 1 data 1	Parameters 62.4562.50 define a target for the data received in data sets 1 and 3 from the external controller. These data sets are used in ModuleBus communication with a "standard drive" (60.50 DDCS controller drive type = ABB standard drive).  Parameters 62.9562.100 display the data received from the external controller in integer format, and can be used as sources by other parameters.  For example, this parameter selects a target for word 1 of data set 1. Parameter 62.95 Data set 1 data 1 value displays the received data in integer format, and can also be used as a source by other parameters.  None.	None 0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
62.46	Data set 1 data 2 selection	Defines a target for the data received as word 2 of data set 1. See also parameter 62.96 Data set 1 data 2 value. For the selections, see parameter 62.45 Data set 1 data 1 selection.	None
62.47	Data set 1 data 3 selection	See parameter 62.45 Data set 1 data 1 selection.	None
62.50	Data set 3 data 3 selection	See parameter 62.45 Data set 1 data 1 selection.	None
62.51	Data set 10 data 1 selection	Parameters 62.5162.74 define a target for the data received in data sets 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 from the external controller.  Parameters 62.10162.124 display the data received from the external controller in integer format, and can be used as sources by other parameters.  For example, this parameter selects a target for word 1 of data set 10. Parameter 62.101 Data set 10 data 1 value displays the received data in integer format, and can also be used as a source by other parameters.	None
	None	None.	0
	CW 16bit	Control Word (16 bits)	1
	Ref1 16bit	Reference REF1 (16 bits)	2
	Ref2 16bit	Reference REF2 (16 bits)	3
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
62.52	Data set 10 data 2 selection	Defines a target for the data received as word 2 of data set 10. See also parameter 62.102 Data set 10 data 2 value. For the selections, see parameter 62.51 Data set 10 data 1 selection.	None
62.53	Data set 10 data 3 selection	Defines a target for the data received as word 3 of data set 10. See also parameter 62.103 Data set 10 data 3 value. For the selections, see parameter 62.51 Data set 10 data 1 selection.	None
62.54	Data set 12 data 1 selection	See parameter 62.51 Data set 10 data 1 selection.	None
62.74	Data set 24 data 3 selection	See parameter 62.51 Data set 10 data 1 selection.	None
62.95	Data set 1 data 1 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 1 of data set 1.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.45 Data set 1 data 1 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 1 of data set 1.	
62.96	Data set 1 data 2 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 2 of data set 1.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.46 Data set 1 data 2 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 2 of data set 1.	
		↓	<b></b>

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
62.97	Data set 1 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 3 of data set 1.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.47 Data set 1 data 3 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 3 of data set 1.	
62.100	Data set 3 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 3 of data set 3.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.50 Data set 3 data 3 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 3 of data set 3.	
62.101	Data set 10 data 1 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 1 of data set 10.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.51 Data set 10 data 1 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 1 of data set 10.	
62.102	Data set 10 data 2 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 2 of data set 10.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.52 Data set 10 data 2 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 2 of data set 10.	
62.103	Data set 10 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 3 of data set 10.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.53 Data set 10 data 3 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 3 of data set 10.	
62.104	Data set 12 data 1 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 1 of data set 12.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.54 Data set 12 data 1 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 1 of data set 12.	
62.124	Data set 24 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the external controller as word 3 of data set 24.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.74 Data set 24 data 3 selection. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 3 of data set 24.	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
62.151	INU-LSU data set 11 data 1 sel	(Parameters 62.15162.203 only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20)  Parameters 62.15162.153 define a target for the data received in data set 11 from another converter (typically the supply unit of the drive).  Parameters 62.20162.203 display the data received from the other converter in integer format, and can be used as sources by other parameters.  For example, this parameter selects a target for word 1 of data set 11. Parameter 62.201 INU-LSU data set 11 data 1 value displays the received data in integer format, and can also be used as a source by other parameters.	LSU SW
	None	None.	0
	LSU SW	Status word of the supply unit.	4
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
62.152	INU-LSU data set 11 data 2 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 2 of data set 11. See also parameter 62.202 INU-LSU data set 11 data 2 value. For the selections, see parameter 62.151 INU-LSU data set 11 data 1 sel.	None
62.153	INU-LSU data set 11 data 3 sel	Defines a target for the data received as word 3 of data set 11. See also parameter 62.203 INU-LSU data set 11 data 3 value. For the selections, see parameter 62.151 INU-LSU data set 11 data 1 sel.	None
62.201	INU-LSU data set 11 data 1 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the other converter as word 1 of data set 11.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.151 INU-LSU data set 11 data 1 sel. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 1 of data set 11.	
62.202	INU-LSU data set 11 data 2 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the other converter as word 2 of data set 11.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.152 INU-LSU data set 11 data 2 sel. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 2 of data set 11.	
62.203	INU-LSU data set 11 data 3 value	Displays (in integer format) the data received from the other converter as word 3 of data set 11.  A target for this data can be selected by parameter 62.153 INU-LSU data set 11 data 3 sel. The value can also be used as a source by another parameter.	0
	065535	Data received as word 3 of data set 11.	
		!	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
90 Fee	edback selection	Motor and load feedback configuration. See also sections <i>Encoder support</i> (page 49) and <i>Position counter</i> (page 51), and the diagram on page 585.	
90.01	Motor speed for control	Displays the estimated or measured motor speed that is used for speed control, ie. final motor speed feedback selected by parameter 90.41 Motor feedback selection and filtered by 90.42 Motor speed filter time.	-
		In case measured feedback is selected, it is also scaled by the motor gear function (90.43 Motor gear numerator and 90.44 Motor gear denominator).  This parameter is read-only.	
	-32768.00 32767.00 rpm	Motor speed used for control.	See par. 46.01
90.02	Motor position	Displays the motor position (within one revolution) received from the source selected by parameter 90.41 Motor feedback selection.	-
		In case measured feedback is selected, it is also scaled by the motor gear function (90.43 Motor gear numerator and 90.44 Motor gear denominator).  This parameter is read-only.	
	0.00000000 1.00000000 rev	Motor position.	32767 = 1 rev
90.03	Load speed	Displays the estimated or measured load speed that is used for motor control, ie. final load speed feedback selected by parameter 90.51 Load feedback selection and filtered by parameter 90.52 Load speed filter time.  In case measured feedback is selected, it is also scaled by the load gear function (90.53 Load gear numerator and 90.54	-
		Load gear denominator). In case motor feedback or estimated feedback is used, it is inversely scaled by 90.61 Gear numerator and 90.62 Gear denominator (ie. 90.62 divided by 90.61). This parameter is read-only.	
	-32768.00 32767.00 rpm	Load speed.	See par. 46.01
90.04	Load position	Displays the load position received from the source selected by parameter 90.51 Load feedback selection. The value is multiplied as specified by parameter 90.57 Load position resolution.	-
		In case measured feedback is selected, it is also scaled by the load gear function (90.53 Load gear numerator and 90.54 Load gear denominator).	
		In case motor feedback or estimated feedback is used, it is inversely scaled by 90.61 Gear numerator and 90.62 Gear denominator (ie. 90.62 divided by 90.61).	
		An offset can be defined by 90.56 Load position offset. This parameter is read-only.	
	-2147483648 2147483647	Load position.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
90.05	Load position scaled	Displays the scaled load position in decimal format. The position is relative to the initial position set by parameters 90.65 and 90.66.  The number of decimal places is defined by parameter 90.38 Pos counter decimals.  Note: This is a floating point parameter, and the accuracy is compromised near the ends of the range. Consider using parameter 90.07 Load position scaled int instead of this parameter.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483.648 2147483.647	Scaled load position in decimal format.	-
90.06	Motor position scaled	Displays the calculated motor position. The axis mode (linear or rollover) and resolution are defined by parameters 90.48 Motor position axis mode and 90.49 Motor position resolution respectively.  Note: The position value can be sent on a fast time level to the fieldbus controller by selecting Position in either 50.07 FBA A actual 1 type, 50.08 FBA A actual 2 type, 50.37 FBA B actual 1 type or 50.38 FBA B actual 2 type. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483.648 2147483.647	Motor position.	-
90.07	Load position scaled int	Displays the output of the position counter function as an integer, enabling backwards compatibility with ACS 600 and ACS800 drives. The position is relative to the initial position set by parameters 90.58 and 90.59. See section Position counter (page 51), and the block diagram on page 586. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Scaled load position in integer format.	-
90.10	Encoder 1 speed	Displays encoder 1 speed in rpm. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00 rpm	Encoder 1 speed.	See par. 46.01
90.11	Encoder 1 position	Displays the actual position of encoder 1 within one revolution. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0.00000000 1.00000000 rev	Encoder 1 position within one revolution.	32767 = 1 rev
90.12	Encoder 1 multiturn revolutions	Displays the revolutions of (multiturn) encoder 1 within its value range (see parameter 92.14 Revolution data width). This parameter is read-only.	-
	016777215	Encoder 1 revolutions.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
90.13	Encoder 1 revolution extension	Displays the revolution count extension for encoder 1. With a single-turn encoder, the counter is incremented when encoder position (parameter 90.11) wraps around in the positive direction, and decremented in the negative direction. With a multiturn encoder, the counter is incremented when the revolutions count (parameter 90.12) exceeds the value range in the positive direction, and decremented in the negative direction.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Encoder 1 revolution count extension.	-
90.14	Encoder 1 position raw	Displays the raw measurement data of encoder 1 position (within one revolution) as a 24-bit unsigned integer received from the encoder interface.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	016777215	Raw encoder 1 position within one revolution.	-
90.15	Encoder 1 revolutions raw	Displays the revolutions of (multiturn) encoder 1 within its value range (see parameter 92.14 Revolution data width) as a raw measurement.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	016777215	Raw encoder 1 revolution count.	-
90.20	Encoder 2 speed	Displays encoder 2 speed in rpm. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-32768.00 32767.00 rpm	Encoder 2 speed.	See par. 46.01
90.21	Encoder 2 position	Displays the actual position of encoder 2 within one revolution. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0.00000000 1.00000000 rev	Encoder 2 position within one revolution.	-
90.22	Encoder 2 multiturn revolutions	Displays the revolutions of (multiturn) encoder 2 within its value range (see parameter 93.14 Revolution data width). This parameter is read-only.	-
	016777215	Encoder 2 revolutions.	-
90.23	Encoder 2 revolution extension	Displays the revolution count extension for encoder 2. With a single-turn encoder, the counter is incremented when encoder position (parameter 90.21) wraps around in the positive direction, and decremented in the negative direction. With a multiturn encoder, the counter is incremented when the revolutions count (parameter 90.22) exceeds the value range in the positive direction, and decremented in the negative direction.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Encoder 2 revolution count extension.	-
90.24	Encoder 2 position raw	Displays the raw measurement data of encoder 2 position (within one revolution) as a 24-bit unsigned integer received from the encoder interface.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	016777215	Raw encoder 2 position within one revolution.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
90.25	Encoder 2 revolutions raw	Displays the revolutions of (multiturn) encoder 2 within its value range (see parameter 93.14 Revolution data width) as a raw measurement.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	016777215	Raw encoder 2 revolution count.	-
90.26	Motor revolution extension	Displays the motor revolution count extension. The counter is incremented when the position selected by 90.41 Motor feedback selection wraps around in the positive direction, and decremented in the negative direction. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Motor revolution count extension.	-
90.27	Load revolution extension	Displays the load revolution count extension.  The counter is incremented when the position selected by 90.51 Load feedback selection wraps around in the positive direction, and decremented in the negative direction.  This parameter is read-only.	-
	-2147483648 2147483647	Load revolution count extension.	-
90.35	Pos counter status	Status information related to the position counter function. See section <i>Position counter</i> (page <i>51</i> ). This parameter is read-only.	-

Bit	Name	Value
0	Encoder 1 feedback	1 = Encoder 1 selected as load feedback source
1	Encoder 2 feedback	1 = Encoder 2 selected as load feedback source
2	Internal position feedback	1 = Internal load position estimate selected as load feedback source
3	Motor feedback	1 = Motor feedback selected as load feedback source
4	Pos counter init ready	0 = Position counter not initialized, or encoder feedback was lost. Fresh counter initialization recommended. 1 = Position counter successfully initialized
5	Position counter re- init disabled	1 = Position counter initialization is being prevented by par. 90.68
6	Position data inaccurate	1 = Encoder feedback intermittent or lost. (If the drive is running, estimated position is used whenever encoder feedback is unavailable. If the drive is in stopped state, position counting will continue based on encoder data after the connection is restored.)
715	Reserved	,

0000 0000b	Position counter status word.	1 = 1
0111 1111b		

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
90.38	Pos counter decimals	Scales the values of parameters 90.05 Load position scaled and 90.65 Pos counter init value when accessed from an external source (eg. fieldbus). The setting corresponds to the number of decimal places.  For example, with the setting of 3, an integer value of 66770 written into 90.65 Pos counter init value is divided by 1000, so the final value applied will be 66.770. Likewise, the value of 90.05 Load position scaled is multiplied by 1000 when read.	3
	09	Number of position counter decimal places.	1 = 1
90.41	Motor feedback selection	Selects the motor speed feedback value used during motor control.  Note: With a permanent magnet motor, make sure an autophasing routine (see page 59) is performed using the selected encoder. If necessary, set parameter 99.13 ID run requested to Autophasing to request a fresh autophasing routine.	Estimate
	Estimate	A calculated speed estimate generated from the DTC core is used.	0
	Encoder 1	Actual speed measured by encoder 1. The encoder is set up by the parameters in group 92 Encoder 1 configuration.	1
	Encoder 2	Actual speed measured by encoder 2. The encoder is set up by the parameters in group 93 Encoder 2 configuration.	2
90.42	Motor speed filter time	Defines a filter time for motor speed feedback used for speed control (90.01 Motor speed for control).	3 ms
	0 10000 ms	Motor speed filter time.	1 = 1 ms
90.43	Motor gear numerator	Parameters 90.43 and 90.44 define a gear function between the motor speed feedback and motor control. The gear is used to correct a difference between the motor and encoder speeds for example if the encoder is not mounted directly on the motor shaft.  90.43 Motor gear numerator  Motor speed	1
		90.44 Motor gear denominator Encoder speed	
		See also section <i>Load and motor feedback</i> (page <i>50</i> ). <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	
	-2147483648 2147483647	Motor gear numerator.	-
90.44	Motor gear denominator	See parameter 90.43 Motor gear numerator.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	1
	-2147483648 2147483647	Motor gear denominator.	-
90.45	Motor feedback fault	Selects how the drive reacts to loss of measured motor feedback.	Fault
	Fault	Drive trips on a 7301 Motor speed feedback or 7381 Encoder fault.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Warning	Drive generates an A798 Encoder option comm loss, A7B0 Motor speed feedback or A7E1 Encoder warning and continues operation using estimated feedbacks.  Note: Before using this setting, test the stability of the speed control loop with estimated feedback by running the drive on estimated feedback (see 90.41 Motor feedback selection).	1
90.46	Force open loop	Forces the DTC motor model to use estimated motor speed as feedback. This parameter can be activated when the encoder data is obviously unreliable because of slippage, for example.  Note: This parameter only affects the selection of feedback for the motor model, not for the speed controller.	No
	No	The motor model uses the feedback selected by 90.41 Motor feedback selection.	0
	Yes	The motor model uses the calculated speed estimate (regardless of the setting of 90.41 Motor feedback selection, which in this case only selects the source of feedback for the speed controller).	1
90.48	Motor position axis mode	Selects the axis type for motor position measurement.	Rollover
	Linear	Linear.	0
	Rollover	The value is between 0 and 1 revolutions, and rolls over at 360 degrees.	1
90.49	Motor position resolution	Defines how many bits are used for motor position count within one revolution. For example, with the setting of 24, the position value is multiplied by 16777216 for display in parameter 90.06 Motor position scaled (or for fieldbus).	24
	031	Motor position resolution.	-
90.51	Load feedback selection	Selects the source of load speed and position feedbacks used in control.	None
	None	No load feedback selected.	0
	Encoder 1	Load feedbacks are updated based on the speed and position values read from encoder 1.  The values are scaled by the load gear function (90.53 Load gear numerator and 90.54 Load gear denominator).  The encoder is set up by the parameters in group 92 Encoder 1 configuration.	1
	Encoder 2	Load feedbacks are updated based on the speed and position values read from encoder 2.  The values are scaled by the load gear function (90.53 Load gear numerator and 90.54 Load gear denominator).  The encoder is set up by the parameters in group 93 Encoder 2 configuration.	2
	Estimate	Calculated speed and position estimates are used. The values are scaled from the motor side to the load side using the inverted ratio between 90.61 Gear numerator and 90.62 Gear denominator (ie. 90.62 divided by 90.61).	3
	Motor feedback	The source selected by parameter 90.41 Motor feedback selection for motor feedback is also used for load feedback. Any difference between the motor and load speeds (and positions) can be compensated by using the inverted ratio between 90.61 Gear numerator and 90.62 Gear denominator (ie. 90.62 divided by 90.61).	4

		Description	DeflFbEq16
90.52	Load speed filter time	Defines a filter time for load speed feedback (90.03 Load speed).	4 ms
	0 10000 ms	Load speed filter time.	-
90.53	Load gear numerator	Parameters 90.53 and 90.54 define a gear function between the load (ie. driven equipment) speed and the encoder feedback selected by parameter 90.51 Load feedback selection. The gear can be used to correct a difference between the load and encoder speeds for example if the encoder is not mounted directly on the rotated machinery.    90.53 Load gear numerator	1
		<b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	
	-2147483648 2147483647	Load gear numerator.	-
90.54	Load gear denominator	See parameter 90.53 Load gear numerator.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	1
	-2147483648 2147483647	Load gear denominator.	-
90.55	Load feedback fault	Selects how the drive reacts to loss of load feedback.	Fault
	Fault	Drive trips on a 73A1 Load position feedback fault.	0
	Warning	Drive generates an A798 Encoder option comm loss or A7B1 Load speed feedback warning and continues operation using estimated feedbacks.	1
90.56	Load position offset	Defines a load-side position offset. The resolution is determined by parameter 90.57 Load position resolution.	0 rev
	-2147483648 2147483647 rev	Load-side position offset.	-
90.57	Load position resolution	Defines how many bits are used for load position count within one revolution. For example, with the setting of 16, the position value is multiplied by 65536 for display in parameter 90.04 Load position.	16
	031	Load position resolution.	-
90.58	Pos counter init value int	Defines an initial position (or distance) for the position counter (as an integer value) when parameter 90.59 Pos counter init value int source is set to Pos counter init value int.  See also section Position counter (page 51).	0
	-2147483648 2147483647	Initial integer value for position counter.	-
90.59	Pos counter init value int source	Selects the source of the initial position integer value. When the source selected by 90.67 Pos counter init cmd source activates, the value selected in this parameter is assumed to be the position of the load.	Pos counter init value int
	Zero	0.	0
	Pos counter init value int	Parameter 90.58 Pos counter init value int.	1
		Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
90.60	Pos counter error and boot action	Selects how the position counter reacts to loss of load feedback.	Request re- initialization
	Request re- initialization	Bit 4 of 90.35 Pos counter status is cleared. Reinitialization of position counter is recommended.	0
	Continue from previous value	Position counting resumes from the previous value over a loss of load feedback or control unit reboot. Bit 4 of 90.35 Pos counter status is not cleared, but bit 6 is set to indicate that an error has occurred.  WARNING! If load feedback is lost when the drive is in stopped state or not powered, the counter is not updated even if the load moves.	1
90.61	Gear numerator	Parameters 90.61 and 90.62 define a gear function between the motor and load speeds.	1
		90.61 Gear numerator Motor speed	
		90.62 Gear denominator Load speed	
		See also section Load and motor feedback (page 50).	
	-2147483648 2147483647	Gear numerator (motor-side).	-
90.62	Gear denominator	See parameter 90.61 Gear numerator.	1
	-2147483648 2147483647	Gear denominator (load-side).	-
90.63	Feed constant numerator	Parameters 90.63 and 90.64 define the feed constant for the position calculation:	1
		90.63 Feed constant numerator 90.64 Feed constant denominator	
		The feed constant converts rotational motion into translatory motion. The feed constant is the distance the load moves during one turn of the motor shaft.  The translatory load position is shown by parameter 90.07  Load position scaled int. Note that the load position is only updated after new position input data is received.	
	-2147483648 2147483647	Feed constant numerator.	-
90.64	Feed constant denominator	See parameter 90.63 Feed constant numerator.	1
	-2147483648 2147483647	Feed constant denominator.	-
90.65	Pos counter init value	Defines an initial position (or distance) for the position counter (as a decimal number) when parameter 90.66 Pos counter init value source is set to Pos counter init value.  The number of decimal places is defined by parameter 90.38 Pos counter decimals.	0.000
	-2147483.648 2147483.647	Initial value for position counter.	-
90.66	Pos counter init value source	Selects the source of the initial position value. When the source selected by 90.67 Pos counter init cmd source activates, the value selected in this parameter is assumed to be the position of the load (in decimal format).	Pos counter init value
	Zero	0.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Pos counter init value	Parameter 90.65 Pos counter init value.	1
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
90.67	Pos counter init cmd source	Selects a digital source (for example, a limit switch connected to a digital input) that initializes the position counter. When the digital source activates, the value selected by 90.66 Pos counter init value source is assumed to be the position of the load.  Note: Position counter initialization can be prevented by parameter 90.68 Disable pos counter initialization.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
90.68	Disable pos counter initialization	Selects a source that prevents the initialization of the position counter.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
90.69	Reset pos counter init ready	Selects a source that enables a new initialization of the position counter, ie. resets bit 4 of 90.35 Pos counter status.	Not selected
	Not selected	0.	0
	Selected	1.	1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1).	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4).	6
	DI6	Digital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	DIO1	Digital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2	Digital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-

91 E sett	incoder module ings	Configuration of encoder interface modules.	
91.01	1 FEN DI status	Displays the status of the digital inputs of FEN-xx encoder interface modules.  This parameter is read-only.	-

Bit	Name	Information	
0	DI1 /module 1	DI1 of interface module 1 (see parameters 91.11 and 91.12)	
1	DI2 /module 1	DI2 of interface module 1 (see parameters 91.11 and 91.12)	
23	Reserved		
4	DI1 /module 2	DI1 of interface module 2 (see parameters 91.13 and 91.14)	
5	DI2 /module 2	DI2 of interface module 2 (see parameters 91.13 and 91.14)	
615	Reserved		

	0000 0000b 0011 0011b	Status word of digital inputs on FEN-xx modules.	1 = 1
91.02	Module 1 status	Displays the type of the interface module found in the location specified by parameter 91.12 Module 1 location. This parameter is read-only.	-
	No option	No module detected in the specified slot.	0
	No communication	A module has been detected but cannot be communicated with.	1
	Unknown	The module type is unknown.	2
	FEN-01	An FEN-01 module has been detected and is active.	16
	FEN-11	An FEN-11 module has been detected and is active.	17
	FEN-21	An FEN-21 module has been detected and is active.	18
	FEN-31	An FEN-31 module has been detected and is active.	21
	FSE-31	An FSE-31 module has been detected and is active.	25
91.03	Module 2 status	Displays the type of the interface module found in the location specified by parameter 91.14 Module 2 location.  For the indications, see parameter 91.02 Module 1 status.  This parameter is read-only.	-
91.04	Module 1 temperature	Displays the temperature measured through the sensor input of interface module 1. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.  Note: With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms. This parameter is read-only.	-
	01000 °C, °F or ohm	Temperature measured through interface module 1.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
91.06	Module 2 temperature	Displays the temperature measured through the sensor input of interface module 2. The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.  Note: With a PTC sensor, the unit is ohms. This parameter is read-only.	-
	01000 °C, °F or ohm	Temperature measured through interface module 2.	-
91.10	Encoder parameter refresh	Validates any changed encoder interface module parameters. This is needed for any parameter changes in groups 9093 to take effect.  After refreshing, the value reverts automatically to <i>Done</i> .  Notes:  Permanent magnet motors only: The drive will perform a fresh autophasing routine (see page 59) at next start if the motor feedback encoder settings have been changed.  The parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Done
	Done	Refreshing done.	0
	Refresh	Refreshing.	1
91.11	Module 1 type	Defines the type of the module used as interface module 1.	None
	None	None (communication disabled).	0
	FEN-01	FEN-01.	1
	FEN-11	FEN-11.	2
	FEN-21	FEN-21.	3
	FEN-31	FEN-31.	4
	FSE-31	FSE-31.	5
91.12	Module 1 location	Specifies the slot (13) on the control unit of the drive into which the interface module is installed. Alternatively, specifies the node ID of the slot on an FEA-03 extension adapter.	Slot 2
	Slot 1	Slot 1.	1
	Slot 2	Slot 2.	2
	Slot 3	Slot 3.	3
	4254	Node ID of the slot on the FEA-03 extension adapter.	1 = 1
91.13	Module 2 type	Defines the type of the module used as interface module 2.	None
	None	None (communication disabled).	0
	FEN-01	FEN-01.	1
	FEN-11	FEN-11.	2
	FEN-21	FEN-21.	3
	FEN-31	FEN-31.	4
	FSE-31	FSE-31.	5
91.14	Module 2 location	Specifies the slot (13) on the control unit of the drive into which the interface module is installed. Alternatively, specifies the node ID of the slot on an FEA-03 extension adapter.	Slot 3
	Slot 1	Slot 1.	1
	Slot 2	Slot 2.	2
	Slot 3	Slot 3.	3
	4254	Node ID of the slot on the FEA-03 extension adapter.	1 = 1

No.	Description		DeflFbEq16
91.21	Module 1 temp sensor type	Specifies the type of temperature sensor connected to interface module 1. Note that the module must also be activated by parameters 91.1191.12.	None
	None	None.	0
	PTC	PTC. (The unit is ohms.)	1
	KTY-84	KTY84. (The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.)	2
91.22	Module 1 temp filter time	Defines a filtering time for the temperature measurement through interface module 1.	1500 ms
	010000 ms	Filtering time for temperature measurement.	-
91.24	Module 2 temp sensor type	Specifies the type of temperature sensor connected to interface module 2. Note that the module must also be activated by parameters 91.1391.14.	None
	None	None.	0
	PTC	PTC. (The unit is ohms.)	1
	KTY-84	KTY84. (The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.)	2
91.25	Module 2 temp filter time	Defines a filtering time for the temperature measurement through interface 2.	1500 ms
	010000 ms	Filtering time for temperature measurement.	-
91.31	Module 1 TTL output source	Selects the encoder input on interface module 1 whose signal is echoed by or emulated to the TTL output.  See also section <i>Encoder support</i> (page 49).	Not selected
	Not selected	TTL output not in use.	0
	Module input 1	Input 1 is echoed by or emulated to the TTL output.	1
	Module input 2	Input 2 is echoed by or emulated to the TTL output.	2
91.32	Module 1 emulation pulses/rev	Defines the number of TTL pulses per revolution for encoder emulation output of interface module 1.	0
	065535	Number of TTL pulses for emulation.	1 = 1
91.33	Module 1 emulated Z-pulse offset	With interface module 1, defines when zero pulses are emulated in relation to zero position received from the encoder.  For example, with a value of 0.50000, a zero pulse is emulated whenever the encoder position passes 0.5 revolutions. With a value of 0.00000, a zero pulse is emulated whenever the encoder position passes zero position.	0.00000
	0.00000 1.00000 rev	Position of emulated zero pulses.	32767 = 1 rev
91.41	Module 2 TTL output source	Selects the encoder input on interface module 2 whose signal is echoed by or emulated to the TTL output.  See also section <i>Encoder support</i> (page 49).	Not selected
	Not selected	TTL output not in use.	0
	Module input 1	Input 1 is echoed by or emulated to the TTL output.	1
	Module input 2	Input 2 is echoed by or emulated to the TTL output.	2
91.42	Module 2 emulation pulses/rev	Defines the number of TTL pulses per revolution for encoder emulation output of interface module 2.	0
	065535	Number of TTL pulses for emulation.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
91.43	Module 2 emulated Z-pulse offset	With interface module 2, defines when zero pulses are emulated in relation to zero position received from the encoder.  For example, with a value of 0.50000, a zero pulse is emulated whenever the encoder position passes 0.5 revolutions. With a value of 0.00000, a zero pulse is emulated whenever the encoder position passes zero position.	0
	0.00000 1.00000 rev	Position of emulated zero pulses.	32767 = 1 rev

	coder 1 guration	<ul> <li>Settings for encoder 1.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>The contents of the parameter group vary according to the selected encoder type.</li> <li>It is recommended that encoder connection 1 (this group) is used whenever possible since the data received through that interface is fresher than the data received through connection 2 (group 93 Encoder 2 configuration).</li> </ul>	
92.01	Encoder 1 type	Selects the type of encoder/resolver 1.	None configured
	None configured	None.	0
	TTL	TTL. Module type (input): FEN-01 (X31), FEN-11 (X41) or FEN-21 (X51).	1
	TTL+	TTL+. Module type (input): FEN-01 (X32).	2
	Absolute encoder	Absolute encoder. Module type (input): FEN-11 (X42).	3
	Resolver	Resolver. Module type (input): FEN-21 (X52).	4
	HTL	HTL. Module type (input): FEN-31 (X82).	5
	HTL 1	HTL. Module type (input): FSE-31 (X31).	6
	HTL 2	HTL. Module type (input): FSE-31 (X32). Not supported at the time of publication.	7
92.02	Encoder 1 source	Selects the interface module that the encoder is connected to. (The physical locations and types of encoder interface modules are defined in parameter group 91 Encoder module settings.)	Module 1
	Module 1	Interface module 1.	0
	Module 2	Interface module 2.	1
92.10	Pulses/revolution	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) Defines the pulse number per revolution.	2048
	065535	Number of pulses.	-
92.10	Sine/cosine number	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected)  Defines the number of sine/cosine wave cycles within one revolution.  Note: This parameter need not be set when an EnDat or SSI encoder is used in continuous mode. See parameter 92.30 Serial link mode.	0
	065535	Number of sine/cosine wave cycles within one revolution.	-
			•

No.	Name/Value	Description		DeflFbEq16
92.10	Excitation signal frequency	(Visible when a resolver is selected)  Defines the frequency of the excitation signal.  Note: With an EnDat or HIPERFACE encoder and FEN-11  FPGA version VIE12200 or later, this parameter is automatically set upon validation of encoder settings (91.10  Encoder parameter refresh).		1 kHz
	120 kHz	Excitation signal frequency.		1 = 1 kHz
92.11	Pulse encoder type	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) Selects the type of encoder.		Quadrature
	Quadrature	Quadrature encoder (with two ch	nannels, A and B)	0
	Single track	Single-track encoder (with one of <b>Note:</b> With this setting, the mean positive regardless of direction of	sured speed value is always	1
92.11	Absolute position source	(Visible when an absolute encode Selects the source of the absolu	,	None
	None	Not selected.		0
	Commut signals	Commutation signals.		1
	EnDat	Serial interface: EnDat encoder.		2
	Hiperface	Serial interface: HIPERFACE en	coder.	3
	SSI	Serial interface: SSI encoder.		4
	Tamagawa	Serial interface: Tamagawa 17/33-bit encoder.		5
92.11	Excitation signal amplitude	(Visible when a resolver is select Defines the rms amplitude of the	•	4.0 V
	4.0 12.0 V	Excitation signal amplitude.		10 = 1 V
92.12	Speed calculation mode	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HT) Selects the speed calculation me *With a single-track encoder (pa type is set to Single track), the s	ode. rameter 92.11 Pulse encoder	Auto rising
	A&B all	Channels A and B: Rising and falling edges are used for speed calculation.  *Channel B: Defines the direction of rotation.  Note: With a single-track encoder (parameter 92.11 Pulse encoder type), this setting acts like setting A all.		0
	A all	Channel A: Rising and falling edges are used for speed calculation. *Channel B: Defines the direction of rotation.		1
	A rising	Channel A: Rising edges are used for speed calculation. *Channel B: Defines the direction of rotation.		2
	A falling	Channel A: Falling edges are used for speed calculation. *Channel B: Defines the direction of rotation.		3
	Auto rising	One of the above modes is selected automatically depending on the pulse frequency as follows:		4
		Pulse frequency of the channel(s)	Used mode	
		< 2442 Hz	A&B all	
		24424884 Hz	A all	
		> 4884 Hz	A rising	

No.	o. Name/Value Description			DeflFbEq16
	Auto falling	One of the above modes is select on the pulse frequency as follows		5
		Pulse frequency of the channel(s)	Used mode	
		< 2442 Hz	A&B all	
		24424884 Hz	A all	
		> 4884 Hz	A falling	
92.12	Zero pulse enable	(Visible when an absolute encode Enables the encoder zero pulse for (X42) of the FEN-11 interface mon Note: No zero pulse exists with a parameter 92.11 Absolute position Hiperface, SSI or Tamagawa.	or the absolute encoder input dule. erial interfaces, ie. when	Disable
	Disable	Zero pulse disabled.		0
	Enable	Zero pulse enabled.		1
92.12	Resolver polepairs	(Visible when a resolver is select Defines the number of pole pairs	•	1
	132	Number of resolver pole pairs.		1 = 1
92.13	Position estimation enable	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) Selects whether position estimation is used with encoder 1 to increase position data resolution or not.		Enable
	Disable	Measured position used. (The re- revolution for quadrature encoder for single-track encoders.)		0
	Enable	Estimated position used. (Uses p extrapolated at the time of data re		1
92.13	Position data width	(Visible when an absolute encoded Defines the number of bits used to revolution. For example, a setting 32768 positions per revolution. The value is used when parameter source is set to EnDat, Hiperface 92.11 Absolute position source is parameter is internally set to 17.  Note: With an EnDat or HIPERFA FPGA version VIE12200 or later, automatically set upon validation Encoder parameter refresh).	o indicate position within one of 15 bits corresponds to er 92.11 Absolute position or SSI. When parameter set to Tamagawa, this  ACE encoder and FEN-11 this parameter is	0
	032	Number of bits used in position in revolution.	ndication within one	1 = 1
92.14	Speed estimation enable	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HT Selects whether calculated or est Estimation increases the speed roperation, but improves the dyna Note: This parameter is not effect with FPGA version VIEx 2000 or	imated speed is used. ipple in steady state mics. tive with FEN-xx modules	Disable
	Disable	Last calculated speed used. (The microseconds to 4 milliseconds.)	calculation interval is 62.5	0
	Enable	Estimated speed (estimated at thused.	e time of data request) is	1

No. Name/Value Description		Description	DeflFbEq16
92.14	Revolution data width	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected)  Defines the number of bits used in revolution counting with a multiturn encoder. For example, a setting of 12 bits would support counting up to 4096 revolutions.  The value is used when parameter 92.11 Absolute position source is set to EnDat, Hiperface or SSI. When parameter 92.11 Absolute position source is set to Tamagawa, setting this parameter to a non-zero value activates multiturn data requesting.  Note: With an EnDat or HIPERFACE encoder and FEN-11 FPGA version VIE12200 or later, this parameter is automatically set upon validation of encoder settings (91.10 Encoder parameter refresh).	0
	032	Number of bits used in revolution count.	1 = 1
92.15	Transient filter	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) Activates transient filtering for the encoder (changes in direction of rotation are ignored above the selected pulse frequency).	4880 Hz
	4880 Hz	Change in direction of rotation allowed below 4880 Hz.	0
	2440 Hz	Change in direction of rotation allowed below 2440 Hz.	1
	1220 Hz	Change in direction of rotation allowed below 1220 Hz.	2
	Disabled	Change in direction of rotation allowed at any pulse frequency.	3
92.17	Accepted pulse freq of encoder 1	(Visible when parameter 92.01 Encoder 1 type = HTL 1 or HTL 2)  Defines the maximum pulse frequency of encoder 1.	0 kHz
	0300 kHz	Pulse frequency.	1 = 1 kHz
92.21	Encoder cable fault mode	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) Selects which encoder cable channels and wires are monitored for wiring faults.	A, B
	A, B	A and B.	0
	A, B, Z	A, B and Z.	1
	A+, A-, B+, B-	A+, A-, B+ and B	2
	A+, A-, B+, B-, Z+, Z-	A+, A-, B+, B-, Z+ and Z	3
92.23	Maximum pulse waiting time	<ul> <li>(Visible when parameter 92.01 Encoder 1 type = TTL or HTL) Determines a pulse waiting time used in speed calculation for the encoder interface. If no pulse edges are detected within this time, the measured speed is zeroed by the interface. Increasing the setting can improve measuring performance especially at low, near zero speeds.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>The parameter is only supported by FEN-xx modules with FPGA version VIEx 2000 or later. On older modules, the pulse waiting time is fixed to 4 ms.</li> <li>The parameter only affects speed measurement. Position is updated whenever a new pulse edge is detected. When the measured speed from the interface is zero, the drive updates its speed data based on position changes.</li> </ul>	4 ms
	1200 ms	Maximum pulse waiting time.	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
92.24	Pulse edge filtering	<ul> <li>(Visible when parameter 92.01 Encoder 1 type = HTL) Enables pulse edge filtering. Pulse edge filtering can improve the reliability of measurements especially from encoders with a single-ended connection.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Pulse edge filtering is only supported by FEN-31 modules with FPGA version VIE3 2200 or later.</li> <li>Pulse edge filtering decreases the maximum pulse frequency. With 2 μs filtering time, the maximum pulse frequency is 200 kHz.</li> </ul>	No filtering
	No filtering	Filtering disabled.	0
	1 µs	Filtering time: 1 microsecond.	1
	2 μs	Filtering time: 2 microseconds.	2
92.25	Pulse overfrequency function	(Visible when parameter 92.01 Encoder 1 type = HTL) Selects how the drive reacts when the encoder interface detects a pulse overfrequency condition.  Note: This parameter is effective only with FEN-xx module FPGA version VIEx 2200 or later.	Fault
	Warning	The drive generates a warning, 7381 Encoder. The FEN-xx module will continue to update speed and position data.	0
	Fault	The drive trips on fault A7E1 Encoder.	1
92.30	Serial link mode	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) Selects the serial link mode with an EnDat or SSI encoder.	Initial position
	Initial position	Single position transfer mode (initial position).	0
	Continuous	Continuous position data transfer mode.	1
	Continuous speed and position	Continuous speed and position data transfer mode. This setting is intended for EnDat 2.2 encoders without sin/cos signals.  Note: This setting requires an FEN-11 interface revision H or later.	2
92.31	EnDat max calculation time	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) Selects the maximum encoder calculation time for an EnDat encoder.  Note: This parameter needs to be set only when an EnDat encoder is used in continuous mode, ie. without incremental sin/cos signals (supported only as encoder 1). See also parameter 92.30 Serial link mode.	50 ms
	10 us	10 microseconds.	0
	100 us	100 microseconds.	1
	1 ms	1 millisecond.	2
	50 ms	50 milliseconds.	3
92.32	SSI cycle time	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) Selects the transmission cycle for an SSI encoder.  Note: This parameter needs to be set only when an SSI encoder is used in continuous mode, ie. without incremental sin/cos signals (supported only as encoder 1). See also parameter 92.30 Serial link mode.	100 us
	50 us	50 microseconds.	0
	100 us	100 microseconds.	1
	200 us	200 microseconds.	2
		1	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	500 us	500 microseconds.	3
	1 ms	1 millisecond.	4
	2 ms	2 milliseconds.	5
92.33	SSI clock cycles	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected)  Defines the length of an SSI message. The length is defined as the number of clock cycles. The number of cycles can be calculated by adding 1 to the number of bits in an SSI message frame.	2
	2127	SSI message length.	-
92.34	SSI position msb	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) With an SSI encoder, defines the location of the MSB (most significant bit) of the position data within an SSI message.	1
	1126	Position data MSB location (bit number).	-
92.35	SSI revolution msb	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) With an SSI encoder, defines the location of the MSB (most significant bit) of the revolution count within an SSI message.	1
	1126	Revolution count MSB location (bit number).	-
92.36	SSI data format	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) Selects the data format for an SSI encoder.	Binary
	Binary	Binary code.	0
	Gray	Gray code.	1
92.37	SSI baud rate	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) Selects the baud rate for an SSI encoder.	100 kBit/s
	10 kBit/s	10 kbit/s.	0
	50 kBit/s	50 kbit/s.	1
	100 kBit/s	100 kbit/s.	2
	200 kBit/s	200 kbit/s.	3
	500 kBit/s	500 kbit/s.	4
	1000 kBit/s	1000 kbit/s.	5
92.40	SSI zero phase	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) Defines the phase angle within one sine/cosine signal period that corresponds to the value of zero on the SSI serial link data. The parameter is used to adjust the synchronization of the SSI position data and the position based on sine/cosine incremental signals. Incorrect synchronization may cause an error of ±1 incremental period.  Note: This parameter needs to be set only when an SSI encoder is used in initial position mode (see parameter 92.30 Serial link mode).	315-45 deg
	315-45 deg	315-45 degrees.	0
	45-135 deg	45-135 degrees.	1
	135-225 deg	135-225 degrees.	2
	225-315 deg	225-315 degrees.	3
92.45	Hiperface parity	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected)  Defines the use of parity and stop bits with a HIPERFACE encoder.  Typically this parameter need not be set.	Odd
	Odd	Odd parity indication bit, one stop bit.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Even	Even parity indication bit, one stop bit.	1
92.46	Hiperface baud rate	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected)  Defines the transfer rate of the link with a HIPERFACE encoder.  Typically this parameter need not be set.	4800 bits/s
	4800 bits/s	4800 bit/s.	0
	9600 bits/s	9600 bit/s.	1
	19200 bits/s	19200 bit/s.	2
	38400 bits/s	38400 bit/s.	3
92.47	Hiperface node address	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected)  Defines the node address for a HIPERFACE encoder.  Typically this parameter need not be set.	64
	0255	HIPERFACE encoder node address.	-

93 Encoder 2 configuration			
93.01	Encoder 2 type	Selects the type of encoder/resolver 2.	None configured
	None configured	None.	0
	TTL	TTL. Module type (input): FEN-01 (X31), FEN-11 (X41) or FEN-21 (X51).	1
	TTL+	TTL+. Module type (input): FEN-01 (X32).	2
	Absolute encoder	Absolute encoder. Module type (input): FEN-11 (X42).	3
	Resolver	Resolver. Module type (input): FEN-21 (X52).	4
	HTL	HTL. Module type (input): FEN-31 (X82).	5
	HTL 1	HTL. Module type (input): FSE-31 (X31).	6
	HTL 2	HTL. Module type (input): FSE-31 (X32). Not supported at the time of publication.	7
93.02	Encoder 2 source	Selects the interface module that the encoder is connected to. (The physical locations and types of encoder interface modules are defined in parameter group 91 Encoder module settings.)	Module 1
	Module 1	Interface module 1.	1
	Module 2	Interface module 2.	2
93.10	Pulses/revolution	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) See parameter 92.10 Pulses/revolution.	2048
93.10	Sine/cosine number	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.10 Sine/cosine number.	0
93.10	Excitation signal frequency	(Visible when a resolver is selected) See parameter 92.10 Excitation signal frequency.	1 kHz
93.11	Pulse encoder type	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) See parameter 92.11 Pulse encoder type.	Quadrature

No. Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16	
93.11	Absolute position source	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.11 Absolute position source.		
93.11	Excitation signal amplitude	(Visible when a resolver is selected) See parameter 92.11 Excitation signal amplitude.	4.0 V	
93.12	Speed calculation mode	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) See parameter 92.12 Speed calculation mode.	Auto rising	
93.12	Zero pulse enable	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.12 Zero pulse enable.	Disable	
93.12	Resolver polepairs	(Visible when a resolver is selected) See parameter 92.12 Resolver polepairs.	1	
93.13	Position estimation enable	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) See parameter 92.13 Position estimation enable.	Enable	
93.13	Position data width	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.13 Position data width.	0	
93.14	Speed estimation enable	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) See parameter 92.14 Speed estimation enable.	Disable	
93.14	Revolution data width	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.14 Revolution data width.	0	
93.15	Transient filter	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) See parameter 92.15 Transient filter.	4880 Hz	
93.17	Accepted pulse freq of encoder 2	(Visible when parameter 93.01 Encoder 2 type = HTL 1 or HTL 2) See parameter 92.17 Accepted pulse freq of encoder 1.	0 kHz	
93.21	Encoder cable fault mode	(Visible when a TTL, TTL+ or HTL encoder is selected) See parameter 92.21 Encoder cable fault mode.	A, B	
93.23	Maximum pulse waiting time	(Visible when parameter 93.01 Encoder 2 type = TTL or HTL) See parameter 92.23 Maximum pulse waiting time.	4 ms	
93.24	Pulse edge filtering	(Visible when parameter 93.01 Encoder 2 type = HTL) See parameter 92.24 Pulse edge filtering.	No filtering	
93.25	Pulse overfrequency function	(Visible when parameter 93.01 Encoder 2 type = HTL) See parameter 92.25 Pulse overfrequency function.	Fault	
93.30	Serial link mode	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.30 Serial link mode.	Initial position	
93.31	EnDat calc time	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.31 EnDat max calculation time.	50 ms	
93.32	SSI cycle time	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.32 SSI cycle time.	100 us	
93.33	SSI clock cycles	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.33 SSI clock cycles.	2	
93.34	SSI position msb	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.34 SSI position msb.	1	
93.35	SSI revolution msb	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.35 SSI revolution msb.	1	
93.36	SSI data format	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.36 SSI data format.	Binary	
93.37	SSI baud rate	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.37 SSI baud rate.	100 kBit/s	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
93.40	SSI zero phase	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.40 SSI zero phase.	315-45 deg
93.45	Hiperface parity	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.45 Hiperface parity.	Odd
93.46	Hiperface baud rate	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.46 Hiperface baud rate.	4800 bits/s
93.47	Hiperface node address	(Visible when an absolute encoder is selected) See parameter 92.47 Hiperface node address.	64
94 LSU	J control	Control of the supply unit of the drive, such as DC voltage and reactive power reference.  Note that the references defined here must also be selected as the reference source in the supply control program to be effective.  This group is only visible when supply unit control has been activated by parameter 95.20 HW options word 1.  See also section Control of a supply unit (LSU) (page 41).	
94.01	LSU control	Enables/disables the internal INU-LSU state machine. When the state machine is enabled, the inverter unit (INU) controls the supply unit (LSU) and prevents the inverter unit from starting until the supply unit is ready. When the state machine is disabled, the status of the supply unit (LSU) is ignored by the inverter unit.	On
	Off	INU-LSU state machine disabled.	0
	On	INU-LSU state machine enabled.	1
94.02	LSU panel communication	Enables/disables control panel and PC tool access to the supply unit (line-side converter) via the inverter unit (motor-side converter).  Note: This feature is only supported by the following drives:  ACS880-11  ACS880-31  ACS880-17 based on an integrated drive module  ACS880-37 based on an integrated drive module.	Disable
	Disable	Control panel and PC tool access to supply unit via inverter unit disabled.	0
	Enable	Control panel and PC tool access to supply unit via inverter unit enabled.	1
94.04	INU-LSU status word profile	(Only visible with certain drive types.) Selects the functionality of bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word.	ABB single drives standard SW
	ABB single drives standard SW	The drive sets bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word after the DC link is charged.	0
	Backwards compatible SW	The drive sets bit 1 of 06.11 Main status word after the main contactor is closed and the supply unit (line-side converter) is running.  This setting can be used eg. when installing the drive into an existing set-up with other ACS880 as well as ACS800 drives.	1
94.10	LSU max charging time	Defines the maximum time the supply unit (LSU) is allowed for charging before a fault (7584 LSU charge failed) is generated.	15 s
	065535 s	Maximum charging time.	1 = 1 s

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
94.11	LSU stop delay	Defines a stop delay for the supply unit. This parameter can be used to delay the opening of the main breaker/contactor when a restart is expected.	600.0 s
	0.0 3600.0 s	Supply unit stop delay.	10 = 1 s
94.20	DC voltage reference	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Displays the DC voltage reference sent to the supply unit. This parameter is read-only.	-
	0.0 2000.0 V	DC voltage reference sent to supply unit.	10 = 1 V
94.21	DC voltage ref source	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects the source of the DC voltage reference to be sent to the supply unit.	User ref
	Zero	None.	0
	User ref	94.22 User DC voltage reference.	1
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
94.22	User DC voltage reference	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Defines the DC voltage reference for the supply unit when 94.21 DC voltage ref source is set to User ref.	0.0 V
	0.0 2000.0 V	User DC reference.	10 = 1 V
94.30	Reactive power reference	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Displays the reactive power reference sent to the supply unit. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-3276.8 3276.7 kvar	Reactive power reference sent to the supply unit.	10 = 1 kvar
94.31	Reactive power ref source	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Selects the source of the reactive power reference to be sent to the supply unit.	User ref
	Zero	None.	0
	User ref	94.32 User reactive power reference.	1
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
94.32	User reactive power reference	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20) Defines the reactive power reference for the supply unit when 94.31 Reactive power ref source is set to User ref.	0.0 kvar
	-3276.8 3276.7 kvar	User reactive power reference.	10 = 1 kvar
94.40	Power mot limit on net loss	Defines the maximum shaft power for motoring mode upon a supply network failure when IGBT supply unit control is active (bit 15 of 95.20 HW options word 1 is on).  The value is given in percent of nominal motor power.  Note: With a diode supply unit (bit 11 of 95.20 is on), the motoring shaft power is limited to 2% upon a network failure regardless of this parameter.	600.00%
	0.00 600.00%	Maximum shaft power for motoring mode upon a supply network failure.	1 = 1%

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
94.41	Power gen limit on net loss	Defines the maximum shaft power for generating upon a supply network failure when supply unit control is active (bit 11 or 15 of 95.20 HW options word 1 is on).	-600.00%
		The value is given in percent of nominal motor power.	
	-600.00 0.00%	Maximum shaft power for generating mode upon a supply network failure.	1 = 1%
95 HW	configuration	Various hardware-related settings.	
95.01	Supply voltage	Selects the supply voltage range. This parameter is used by the drive to determine the nominal voltage of the supply network. The parameter also affects the current ratings and the DC voltage control functions (trip and brake chopper activation limits) of the drive.  WARNING! An incorrect setting may cause the motor to rush uncontrollably, or the brake chopper or resistor to overload.  Notes:  The selections shown depend on the hardware of the drive. If only one voltage range is valid for the drive in question, it is selected by default.	-
	Not given	This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.  No veltors range colected. The drive will not stort modulating.	0
	Not given	No voltage range selected. The drive will not start modulating before a range is selected.	0
	208240 V	208240 V	1
	380415 V	380415 V	2
	440480 V	440480 V	3
	500 V	500 V	4
	525600 V	525600 V	5
	660690 V	660690 V	6
95.02	Adaptive voltage limits	Enables adaptive voltage limits.  Adaptive voltage limits can be used if, for example, an IGBT supply unit is used to raise the DC voltage level. If the communication between the inverter and the IGBT supply unit is active (95.20 HW options word 1), the voltage limits are related to the DC voltage reference transmitted to the supply unit (94.20 DC voltage reference) assuming that the reference is high enough. Otherwise, the limits are calculated based on the measured DC voltage at the end of the pre-charging sequence.  This function is also useful if the AC supply voltage to the drive is high, as the warning levels are raised accordingly.	Disable; Enable (95.20 b15)
	Disable	Adaptive voltage limits disabled.	0
	Enable	Adaptive voltage limits enabled.	1
95.04	Control board supply	Specifies how the control unit of the drive is powered. The default value depends on the type of the control unit and the setting of parameter <i>95.20</i> .	Internal 24V (ZCU); External 24V (BCU; 95.20 b4)
	Internal 24V	The drive control unit is powered from the drive power unit it is connected to.  Note: If reduced run (see page 93) is required, select External 24V or Redundant external 24V instead.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	External 24V	The drive control unit is powered from an external power supply. The drive power unit and power unit link faults are masked when the drive is in stopped state, so the main circuit can be powered down without faults while the control unit is powered.	1
	Redundant external 24V	(Type BCU control units only) The drive control unit is powered from two redundant external power supplies. The loss of one of the supplies generates a warning (AFEC External power signal missing). The drive power unit and power unit link faults are masked when the drive is in stopped state, so the main circuit can be powered down without faults while the control unit is powered.	2
95.08	DC switch monitoring	(Only visible with a ZCU control unit) Enables/disables DC switch monitoring via the DIIL input. This setting is intended for use with inverter modules with an internal charging circuit that are connected to the DC bus through a DC switch.  An auxiliary contact of the DC switch must be wired to the DIIL input so that the input switches off when the DC switch is opened.  DC bus  DC bus  Charging Charging contactor  Inverter module  Charging Charging contactor  Inverter is given a coast-to-stop command, and its charging	Disable; Enable (95.20 b5)
		circuit activated.  Starting the inverter is prevented until the DC switch is closed and the DC circuit in the inverter unit recharged.  Notes:  By default, DIIL is the input for the Run enable signal. Adjust 20.12 Run enable 1 source if necessary.  An internal charging circuit is standard on some inverter	
		module types but optional on others; check with your local ABB representative.	
	Disable	DC switch monitoring through the DIIL input disabled.	0
_	Enable	DC switch monitoring through the DIIL input enabled.	1

No.	Name/V	alue alue	Description	1	DeflFbEq16
95.09 Switch fuse controller		Activates consetting is into connected to controlled by switch, this particle, and ser finished (ie. lights, and clights, and clights).	with a BCU control unit) mmunication to a BSFC charging controller. This ended for use with inverter modules that are a DC bus through a DC switch/charging circuit a charging controller. On units without a DC parameter should be set to Disable. It is controller monitors the charging of the inverter ands an enable command when the charging has DC switch is closed after the 'charging OK' lamp tharging switch opened).	Enable	
	Disable		Communicat	tion with BSFC disabled.	0
	Enable		Communicat	tion with BSFC enabled.	1
95.13	Reduce	d run mode	Specifies the This parame other than 0 If the control specified by generated. See section 0 = Reduced 112 = Num	e with a BCU control unit) e number of inverter modules available. eter must be set if reduced run is required. A value activates the reduced run function.  I program cannot detect the number of modules this parameter, a fault (5695 Reduced run) is  Reduced run function (page 93). Id run disabled mber of modules available parameter cannot be changed while the drive is	0
065535 Numb		Number of in	nverter modules available	-	
95.14	Connec	ted modules	Shows which	with a BCU control unit) h of the parallel-connected inverter modules have ed by the control program.	-
	Bit	Name	D	Description	
	0	Module 1	1	= Module 1 has been detected.	
	1	Module 2	1	= Module 2 has been detected.	
	 11	 Module 12		= Module 12 has been detected.	
	1215			- Module 12 Has been detected.	
	0000h	.FFFFh	Inverter mod	dules connected.	1 = 1

No. Name/Value		/alue	Descri	ption	DeflFbEq16	
95.15	Special settings		disable Notes: The may limit	installation of the hardware specified by this parameter require derating of drive output, or impose other rations. Refer to the hardware manual of the drive.	-	
	Bit	Name		Information		
	0	EX motor  ABB sine filter  High speed mode  Custom sine filter		1 = The driven motor is an Ex motor provided by ABB for potentiall explosive atmospheres. This sets the required minimum switching frequency for ABB Ex motors. <b>Note:</b> For non-ABB Ex motors, contact your local ABB representative.		
	1			1 = An ABB sine filter is connected to the output of the drive/inverter.		
	2			1 = Minimum switching frequency limit adaptation to output frequency active. This setting improves control performance at high output frequencies (typically above 120 Hz).		
	3			1 = A custom sine filter is connected to the output of the drive/inverter. See also parameters 97.01, 97.02, 99.18, 99.19.		
	415	Reserved				
	0000b	.0111b	Hardwa	are options configuration word.	1 = 1	
95.16	Enable router anothe config conne See se Note:		Enable router anothe config) connected See see	visible with a BCU control unit) es/disables router mode of the BCU control unit. When mode is active, the PSL2 channels connected to er BCU (ie. those selected by 95.17 Router channel are routed to the power units (converter modules) ceted to this BCU. ection Router mode for BCU control unit (page 95). This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is eg.	Off	
	Off			mode inactive.	0	
	On		Router	mode active.	1	
	Other [b	oit]	Source	e selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-	

Router config	channel	Selects will connected Notes:  The loc channed connected from the order.	ble with a BCU control unit) hich PSL2 channels on the BCU control unit are if to another BCU and routed to a local power unit.  It is all power units are to be connected to successive his starting from CH1. The other BCU is then ted to one or more successive channels starting te first free channel.  It is parameter is routed to	0000h
		<ul><li>There r there as</li><li>This par running</li></ul>	al power unit with the lowest number, etc. must be at least as many local power modules as re routed channels. rameter cannot be changed while the drive is	
Bit	Name		Description	
0	ch1		0	
1	ch2		1 = Channel CH2 is routed to the local power unit (vconnected to CH1).	which is
11	ch12		1 = Channel CH12 is routed to a local power unit.	
1215	Reserved			

No.	Name/Value Description		DeflFbEq16	
95.20	HW options word 1	Specifies hardware-related options that require differentiated parameter defaults. Activating a bit in this parameter makes the necessary changes in other parameters – for example, activating an emergency stop option reserves a digital input. In many cases, the differentiated parameters will also be write-protected.  This parameter, as well as the changes in other parameters implemented by it, are not affected by a parameter restore.  WARNING! After switching any bits in this word, recheck the values of the affected parameters.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	-	

0			
O	Supply frequency 60 Hz	0 = 50 Hz; 1 = 60 Hz. Affects parameters 11.45, 11.59, 12.20, 13.18, 30.11, 30.12, 30.13, 30.14, 31.26, 31.27, 40.15, 40.37, 41.15, 41.37, 46.01, 46.02.	
1	Emergency stop Cat 0	1 = Emergency stop, Category 0, without FSO module. Affects 21.04, 21.05, 23.11.	
2	Emergency stop Cat 1	1 = Emergency stop, Category 1, without FSO module. Affects 10.24, 21.04, 21.05, 23.11.	
3	RO2 for -07 cabinet cooling fan	1 = Control of cabinet cooling fan (used only with specific ACS880-07 hardware). Affects 10.27, 10.28, 10.29.	
4	Externally powered control unit	1 = Control unit powered externally. Affects 95.04. (Only visible with a ZCU control unit)	
5	DC supply switch	1 = DC switch monitoring active. Affects 20.12, 31.03, 95.08. (Only visible with a ZCU control unit)	
6	DOL motor switch	1 = Motor fan control active. Affects 10.24, 35.100, 35.103, 35.104.	
7	xSFC-01 fuse switch controller	1 = xSFC charging controller used. Affects 95.09. (Only visible with a BCU control unit)	
8	Service switch or PTC/Pt100 relay	1 = Service switch or PTC/Pt100 relay connected. Affects <i>31.01</i> , <i>31.02</i> .	
9	Output contactor	1 = Output contactor present. Affects 10.24, 20.12.	
10	Brake resistor, sine filter, IP54 fan	1 = Status (eg. thermal) switches connected to DIIL input. Affects 20.11, 20.12.	
11	INU-DSU communication	*1 = Diode supply unit control by inverter unit active. Makes several parameters visible in groups 06, 60, 61, 62 and 94. (Only visible with a BCU control unit)	
12	Reserved		
13	du/dt filter activation	1 = Active: An external du/dt filter is connected to the drive output. The setting will limit the output switching frequency. With inverter module frame sizes R5i to R7i, the fan of the module will be forced to full speed. <b>Note:</b> This bit is to be left at 0 if the drive/inverter module is equipped with internal du/dt filtering (for example, frame R8i inverter modules with option +E205).	
14	DOL fan activation	1 = The inverter unit consists of frame R8i modules with direct-on- line cooling fans (option +C188). Disables fan feedback monitoring and changes fan control to ON/OFF type.	
15	INU-ISU communication	*1 = IGBT supply unit control by inverter unit active. Affects 31.23 and 95.02. Makes several parameters visible in groups 01, 05, 06, 07, 30, 31, 60, 61, 62, 94 and 96.	

<sup>\*</sup>See section Control of a supply unit (LSU) (page 41).

			i
0000hFFFFh	Hardware options configuration word 1.	1 = 1	ı

No.	Name/V	alue	Descript	ion	DeflFbEq16	
95.21	HW opti	ons word 2	options w	more hardware-related options that require ated parameter defaults. See parameter 95.20 HW word 1.  [ARNING! After switching any bits in this word, check the values of the affected parameters.]  Is parameter cannot be changed while the drive is	-	
	Bit	Name	In	formation		
	0	Dual use		= Dual use active. For drives with option +N8200. (Al utput speeds/frequencies and speed/frequency refere		
	1	SynRM		= Synchronous reluctance motor used. Affects param 5.03, 25.15, 99.03.	eters 25.02,	
	2	Salient PM		1 = Salient-pole permanent magnet motor used. Affects paramete 25.02, 25.03, 25.15, 99.03.		
	3	LV Synchro	С	<ul> <li>Externally-excited synchronous motor used. Requir ontact your local ABB representative for more information</li> </ul>		
	4	Aux fan 1 supervision		= Auxiliary fan 1 installed and supervised.		
	5	Aux fan 2 supervision	1	= Auxiliary fan 2 installed and supervised.		
	615	Reserved				
	0000h	.FFFFh	Hardware	e options configuration word 2.	1 = 1	
95.30	Parallel filter	type list	Filters the	ible with a BCU control unit) e list of drive/inverter types listed by parameter 95.31 uppe configuration. is parameter cannot be changed while the drive is	No filter	
	No filter		All types	listed.	1	
	-3 (380-4	415V)	-3 (380	415 V) types listed.	2	
	-5 (380-	500V)	-5 (380	500 V) types listed.	3	
	-7 (525-6	690V)	-7 (525	690 V) types listed.	4	
	-7 LC (5	25-690V)	Liquid-co	oled -7 (525690 V) types listed.	5	
95.31	95.31 Parallel type configuration		Defines the connecter of the driving value at I	ble with a BCU control unit) he drive/inverter type if it consists of paralleld modules. e/inverter consists of a single module, leave the Not selected. is parameter cannot be changed while the drive is	Not selected	
	Not sele	cted		/inverter does not consist of parallel-connected or type not selected.	0	
	[Drive/in	verter type]	Drive/inve	erter type consisting of parallel-connected modules.	-	
95.40	Transfor	mation ratio	Defines t	he ratio of the step-up transformer.	0.000	
	0.000	. 100.000	Sten-un t	ransformer ratio.	1000 = 1	

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
96 Sys	stem	Language selection; access levels; macro selection; parameter save and restore; control unit reboot; user parameter sets; unit selection; data logger triggering; parameter checksum calculation; user lock.	
96.01	Language	Selects the language of the parameter interface and other displayed information when viewed on the control panel.  Notes:  Not all languages listed below are necessarily supported.  This parameter does not affect the languages visible in the Drive composer PC tool. (Those are specified under View – Settings.)	-
	Not selected	None.	0
	English	English.	1033
	Deutsch	German.	1031
	Italiano	Italian.	1040
	Español	Spanish.	3082
	Português	Portuguese.	2070
	Nederlands	Dutch.	1043
	Français	French.	1036
	Dansk	Danish.	1030
	Suomi	Finnish.	1035
	Svenska	Swedish.	1053
	???????	Russian.	1049
	Polski	Polish.	1045
	?esky	Czech.	1029
	Chinese (Simplified, PRC)	Simplified Chinese.	2052
	Türkçe	Turkish.	1055
	Japanese	Japanese.	1041

No.	Name/V	alue	Description	DeflFbEq16
96.02	Pass coo	de	Pass codes can be entered into this parameter to activate further access levels (see parameter 96.03 Access levels active) or to configure the user lock.  Entering "358" toggles the parameter lock, which prevents the changing of all other parameters through the control panel or the Drive composer PC tool.  Entering the user pass code (by default, "10000000") enables parameters 96.10096.102, which can be used to define a new user pass code and to select the actions that are to be prevented.  Entering an invalid pass code will close the user lock if open, ie. hide parameters 96.10096.102. After entering the code, check that the parameters are in fact hidden. If they are not, enter another (random) pass code.  Entering several invalid pass codes introduces a delay before a new attempt can be made. Entering further invalid codes will progressively lengthen the delay.  Note: You must change the default user pass code to maintain a high level of cybersecurity. Store the code in a safe place – the protection cannot be disabled even by ABB if the code is lost.	0
	0 0000		See also section <i>User lock</i> (page 92).	
96.03	099999999  Access levels active		Pass code.  Shows which access levels have been activated by pass codes entered into parameter 96.02 Pass code.  This parameter is read-only.	- 0001h
	Bit Name 0 End user 1 Service 2 Advanced			
	2		programmer	
			programmer	
	2 310 11 12	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces	es level 1	
	2 310 11 12 13	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces OEM acces OEM acces	ss level 1 ss level 2 ss level 3	
	2 310 11 12	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces	ss level 1 ss level 2 ss level 3	
	2 310 11 12 13 14	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces OEM acces OEM acces Parameter Reserved	ss level 1 ss level 2 ss level 3	-
96.04	2 310 11 12 13 14 15	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces OEM acces OEM acces Parameter Reserved	ss level 1 ss level 2 ss level 3 lock	- Done
96.04	2 310 11 12 13 14 15	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces OEM acces OEM acces Parameter Reserved	Active access levels.  Selects the application macro. See chapter Application macros (page 97) for more information.  After a selection is made, the parameter reverts automatically to Done.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is	_
96.04	2 310 11 12 13 14 15 0000h	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces OEM acces OEM acces Parameter Reserved	Active access levels.  Selects the application macro. See chapter Application macros (page 97) for more information.  After a selection is made, the parameter reverts automatically to Done.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Done
96.04	2 310 11 12 13 14 15 0000h	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces OEM acces Parameter Reserved FFFFh	Active access levels.  Selects the application macro. See chapter Application macros (page 97) for more information.  After a selection is made, the parameter reverts automatically to Done.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.  Macro selection complete; normal operation.	Done 0
96.04	2 310 11 12 13 14 15  0000h  Macro so  Done Factory	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces OEM acces OEM acces Parameter Reserved  FFFFh elect	Active access levels.  Selects the application macro. See chapter Application macros (page 97) for more information.  After a selection is made, the parameter reverts automatically to Done.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.  Macro selection complete; normal operation.  Factory macro (see page 98).	Done  0 1
96.04	2 310 11 12 13 14 15  0000h  Macro se	Advanced   Reserved OEM acces OEM acces OEM acces Parameter Reserved  FFFFh elect	Active access levels.  Selects the application macro. See chapter Application macros (page 97) for more information.  After a selection is made, the parameter reverts automatically to Done.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.  Macro selection complete; normal operation.  Factory macro (see page 98).  Hand/Auto macro (see page 100).	Done 0 1 2

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	FIELDBUS	Reserved.	6
96.05	Macro active	Shows which application macro is currently selected. See chapter <i>Application macros</i> (page 97) for more information. To change the macro, use parameter 96.04 Macro select.	Factory
	Factory	Factory macro (see page 98).	1
	Hand/Auto	Hand/Auto macro (see page 100).	2
	PID-CTRL	PID control macro (see page 102).	3
	T-CTRL	Torque control macro (see page 106).	4
	Sequence control	Sequential control macro (see page 108).	5
	FIELDBUS	Fieldbus control macro (see page 111).	6
96.06	Parameter restore	Restores the original settings of the control program, ie. parameter default values.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Done
	Done	Restoring is completed.	0
Re	Restore defaults	All editable parameter values are restored to default values, except  • motor data and ID run results • parameter 31.42 Overcurrent fault limit • control panel/PC communication settings • I/O extension module settings • fieldbus adapter settings • encoder configuration data • application macro selection and the parameter defaults implemented by it • parameter 95.01 Supply voltage • parameter 95.09 Switch fuse controller • differentiated defaults implemented by parameters 95.20  HW options word 1 and 95.21 HW options word 2 • user lock configuration parameters 96.10096.102.	8
	Clear all	<ul> <li>All editable parameter values are restored to default values, except</li> <li>control panel/PC communication settings</li> <li>application macro selection and the parameter defaults implemented by it</li> <li>parameter 95.01 Supply voltage</li> <li>parameter 95.09 Switch fuse controller</li> <li>differentiated defaults implemented by parameters 95.20 HW options word 1 and 95.21 HW options word 2</li> <li>user lock configuration parameters 96.10096.102.</li> <li>PC tool communication is interrupted during the restoring.</li> <li>Note: Activating this selection will restore the default settings of the fieldbus adapter if one is connected, potentially including settings that cannot be accessed through drive parameters.</li> </ul>	62
	Reset all fieldbus settings	Fieldbus adapter and embedded fieldbus interface settings (parameter groups 5058) are restored to default values. This will also restore the default settings of the fieldbus adapter if one is connected, potentially including settings that cannot be accessed through drive parameters.	32

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
96.07	Parameter save manually	Saves the valid parameter values to permanent memory. This parameter should be used to store values sent from a fieldbus, or when using an external power supply to the control board as the supply might have a very short hold-up time when powered off.  Note: A new parameter value is saved automatically when changed from the PC tool or control panel but not when altered through a fieldbus adapter connection.	Done
	Done	Save completed.	0
	Save	Save in progress.	1
96.08	Control board boot	Changing the value of this parameter to 1 reboots the control unit (without requiring a power off/on cycle of the complete drive module).  The value reverts to 0 automatically.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0
	01	1 = Reboot the control unit.	1 = 1
96.09	FSO reboot	Changing the value of (or the source selected by) this parameter from 0 to 1 reboots the optional FSO-xx safety functions module.  Note: The value does not revert to 0 automatically.	False
	False	0.	0
	True	1.	1
	Other [bit]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
96.10	User set status	Shows the status of the user parameter sets. This parameter is read-only. See also section <i>User parameter sets</i> (page <i>91</i> ).	-
	n/a	No user parameter sets have been saved.	0
	Loading	A user set is being loaded.	1
	Saving	A user set is being saved.	2
	Faulted	Invalid parameter set.	3
	User set 1	User set 1 has been loaded.	4
	User set 2	User set 2 has been loaded.	5
	User set 3	User set 3 has been loaded.	6
	User set 4	User set 4 has been loaded.	7

No.	Name/Value	Description			DeflFbEq16
96.11	User set save/load	(groups 1416, 5 50.01 and 50.31), 10.03 and 10.04)  Parameter change automatically stor parameter.  If no sets have be	See section User paragraphics before powering ower-up.  Tration settings such a send encoder configured in the control of the set of the paragraphic set of the	down the drive is in  as I/O extension ration parameters 93, and parameters put values (such as ser parameter sets. g a set are not aved using this g to load a set will e parameter settings.	No action
	No action	Load or save operati	ion complete: normal	operation	0
	User set I/O mode	Load user parameter mode in1 and 96.13	r set using paramete	rs 96.12 User set I/O	1
	Load set 1	Load user paramete	r set 1.		2
	Load set 2	Load user paramete	r set 2.		3
	Load set 3	Load user paramete	r set 3.		4
	Load set 4	Load user paramete	r set 4.		5
	Save to set 1	Save user paramete	r set 1.		18
	Save to set 2	Save user paramete	r set 2.		19
	Save to set 3	Save user paramete	r set 3.		20
	Save to set 4	Save user paramete	r set 4.		21
96.12	User set I/O mode in1	When parameter 96. I/O mode, selects the parameter 96.13 Use	e user parameter set	together with	Not selected
		Status of source defined by par. 96.12	Status of source defined by par. 96.13	User parameter set selected	
		0	0	Set 1	
		1	0	Set 2	
		0	1	Set 3	
		1	1	Set 4	
	Not selected	0.			0
	Selected	1.			1
	DI1	Digital input DI1 (10.	02 DI delayed status	s, bit 0).	2
	DI2	Digital input DI2 (10.	-	•	3
	DI3	Digital input DI3 (10.	02 DI delayed status	s, bit 2).	4
	DI4	Digital input DI4 (10.	02 DI delayed status	s, bit 3).	5
	DI5	Digital input DI5 (10.	02 DI delayed status	s, bit 4).	6

No.	Name/Value Des			scription	DeflFbEq16
	DI6		Dig	ital input DI6 (10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5).	7
	DIO1		Dig	ital input/output DIO1 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 0).	10
	DIO2		Dig	ital input/output DIO2 (11.02 DIO delayed status, bit 1).	11
	Other [	bit]	Sou	urce selection (see Terms and abbreviations on page 114).	-
96.13	User se in2	et I/O mode	See	e parameter 96.12 User set I/O mode in1.	Not selected
96.16	Unit se	lection		ects the unit of parameters indicating power, temperature d torque.	0000 0000b
	Bit	Name		Information	
	0	Power unit		0 = kW	
				1 = hp	
	1	Reserved		In	
	2	Temperatur unit	е	0 = C (°C)	
	3	Reserved		1 = F (°F)	
	4	Torque unit		0 = Nm (N·m)	
	ľ	Torquo uriit		1 = lbft (lbf·ft)	
	515	Reserved			
	0000 0 0001 0	000b 101b	Uni	t selection word.	1 = 1
96.20	Time s	ync primary	the The	fines the 1st priority external source for synchronization of drive's time and date.  e date and time can also be directly set into 96.2496.26 which case this parameter is ignored.	DDCS Controller
	Interna	l	No	external source selected.	0
	DDCS	Controller	Ext	ernal controller.	1
	Fieldbu	ıs A or B	Fiel	ldbus interface A or B.	2
	Fieldbu	ıs A	Fiel	ldbus interface A.	3
	Fieldbu	ıs B	Fiel	ldbus interface B.	4
	D2D or	M/F	The	e master station on a master/follower or drive-to-drive link.	5
	Embed	ded FB	Em	bedded fieldbus interface.	6
	Panel I	ink		ntrol panel, or Drive composer PC tool connected to the atrol panel.	8
	Etherne	et tool link	Driv	ve composer PC tool through an FENA module.	9
96.23		d D2D clock onization		he master drive, activates clock synchronization for ster/follower and drive-to-drive communication.	Inactive
	Inactive	e	Clo	ck synchronization not active.	0
	Active		Clo	ck synchronization active.	1
					1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
96.24	Full days since 1st Jan 1980	Number of full days passed since beginning of the year 1980. This parameter, together with 96.25 Time in minutes within 24 h and 96.26 Time in ms within one minute makes it possible to set the date and time in the drive via the parameter interface from a fieldbus or application program. This may be necessary if the fieldbus protocol does not support time synchronization.	-
	159999	Days since beginning of 1980.	1 = 1
96.25	Time in minutes within 24 h	Number of full minutes passed since midnight. For example, the value 860 corresponds to 2:20 pm. See parameter 96.24 Full days since 1st Jan 1980.	0 min
	11439	Minutes since midnight.	1 = 1
96.26	Time in ms within one minute	Number of milliseconds passed since last minute. See parameter 96.24 Full days since 1st Jan 1980.	0 ms
	059999	Number of milliseconds since last minute.	1 = 1
96.29	Time sync source status	Time source status word. This parameter is read-only.	-

Bit	Name	Description
0	Time tick received	1 = 1st priority tick received: Tick has been received from 1st priority source (or from 96.2496.26).
1	Aux Time tick received	1 = 2nd priority tick received: Tick has been received from 2nd priority source.
2	Tick interval is too long	1 = Yes: Tick interval too long (accuracy compromised).
3	DDCS controller	1 = Tick received: Tick has been received from an external controller.
4	Master/ Follower	1 = Tick received: Tick has been received through the master/follower link.
5	Reserved	
6	D2D	1 = Tick received: Tick has been received through the drive-to-drive link.
7	FbusA	1 = Tick received: Tick has been received through fieldbus interface A.
8	FbusB	1 = Tick received: Tick has been received through fieldbus interface B.
9	EFB	1 = Tick received: Tick has been received through the embedded fieldbus interface.
10	Reserved.	
11	Panel link	1 = Tick received: Tick has been received from the control panel, or Drive composer PC tool connected to the control panel.
12	Ethernet tool link	1 = Tick received: Tick has been received from Drive composer PC tool through an FENA module.
13	Parameter setting	1 = Tick received: Tick has been set by parameters 96.2496.26.
14	RTC	1 = RTC time in use: Time and date have been read from the real-time clock.
15	Drive On- Time	1 = Drive on-time in use: Time and date are displaying drive on-time.

0000hFFFFh	Time source status word 1.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
96.31	Drive ID number	Specifies an ID number for the drive. The ID can be read by an external controller through DDCS, for example, for comparison with an ID contained by the controller's application.	0
	032767	ID number.	1 = 1
96.39	Power up event logging	Enables/disables power-up logging. When enabled, an event ( <i>B5A2 Power up</i> ) is logged by the drive upon each power-up.	Enable
	Disable	Power-up event logging disabled.	0
	Enable	Power-up event logging enabled.	1
96.51	Clear fault and event logger	Clears the contents of the event logs. See section <i>Event logs</i> (page 498).	00000
	00001	Clear the event logs. (The value will automatically revert to 00000.)	1
96.53	Actual checksum	Displays the actual parameter configuration checksum. The checksum is generated and updated whenever an action is selected in 96.54 Checksum action.  The parameters included in the calculation have been preselected, but the selection can be edited using the Drive customizer PC tool.  See also section Parameter checksum calculation (page 91).	Oh
	00000000h FFFFFFFh	Actual checksum.	-
96.54	Checksum action	Selects how the drive reacts if the parameter checksum (96.53 Actual checksum) does not match any of the active approved checksums (96.5696.59). The active checksums are selected by 96.55 Checksum control word.	No action
	No action	No action taken. (The checksum feature is not in use.)	0
	Pure event	The drive generates an event log entry (B686 Checksum mismatch).	1
	Warning	The drive generates a warning (A686 Checksum mismatch).	2
	Warning and prevent start	The drive generates a warning (A686 Checksum mismatch). Starting the drive is prevented.	3
	Fault	The drive trips on 6200 Checksum mismatch.	4

No.	Name/	Value	Description		DeflFbEq16
96.55	Checks word	sum control	96.5696.59) Bits 47 select parameter (96.	to which approved checksums (out of the actual checksum (96.53) is compared. It an approved (reference) checksum 5696.59) into which the actual checksum r 96.53 is copied.	00000000Ь
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Approved o	hecksum 1	1 = Enabled: Checksum 1 (96.56) is observed	l.
	1	Approved of	hecksum 2	1 = Enabled: Checksum 2 (96.57) is observed	l
	2	Approved of	hecksum 3	1 = Enabled: Checksum 3 (96.58) is observed	l.
	3	Approved of	hecksum 4	1 = Enabled: Checksum 4 (96.59) is observed	l.
	4	Set approve	ed checksum 1	1 = Set: Copy value of <i>96.53</i> into <i>96.56</i> .	
	5	Set approve	ed checksum 2	1 = Set: Copy value of <i>96.53</i> into <i>96.57</i> .	
	6	Set approve	ed checksum 3	1 = Set: Copy value of <i>96.53</i> into <i>96.58</i> .	
	7	Set approve	ed checksum 4	1 = Set: Copy value of <i>96.53</i> into <i>96.59</i> .	
	815	Reserved			
	000000 1111111		Checksum con	itrol word.	1 = 1
96.56	Approv checks		Approved (refe	erence) checksum 1.	0h
	000000 FFFFF		Approved chec	cksum 1.	-
96.57	Approv checks		Approved (refe	erence) checksum 2.	0h
	000000 FFFFF		Approved chec	ksum 2.	-
96.58	Approv checks		Approved (refe	erence) checksum 3.	Oh
	000000 FFFFF		Approved chec	cksum 3.	-
96.59	Approv checks		Approved (refe	erence) checksum 4.	0h
	000000 FFFFF		Approved chec	cksum 4.	-

No.	No. Name/Value		Description	DeflFbEq16
96.61	User dat status w	ta logger ord	Provides status information on the user data logger (see page 499). This parameter is read-only.	0000Ь
	Bit	Name	Description	
	0	Running	1 = The user data logger is running. The bit is cleared after the time has passed.	e post-trigger
	1	Triggered	1 = The user data logger has been triggered. The bit is cleare logger is restarted.	d when the
	2	Data available	1 = The user data logger contains data that can be read. Note not cleared because the data is saved to the memory unit.	that the bit is
	3	Configured	1 = The user data logger has been configured. Note that the because the configuration data is saved to the memo	
	415	Reserved	<u> </u>	
	0000b	1111b	User data logger status word.	1 = 1
96.63	User dat trigger	ta logger	Triggers, or selects a source that triggers, the user data logger.	Off
	Off		0.	0
	On		1.	1
	Other [b	it]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
96.64	User dat start	ta logger	Starts, or selects a source that starts, the user data logger.	Off
	Off		0.	0
	On		1.	1
	Other [b	it]	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page 114).	-
96.65	Factory data logger time level		Selects the sampling interval for the factory data logger (see page 498).	500us
	500us		500 microseconds.	500
	2ms		2 milliseconds.	2000
	10ms		10 milliseconds.	10000
96.70	Disable program	adaptive	Disables/enables the adaptive program (if present). See also section <i>Adaptive programming</i> (page 27). <b>Note:</b> This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	No
	No		Adaptive program enabled.	0
	Yes		Adaptive program disabled.	1
96.100	Change code	user pass	(Visible when user lock is open)  To change the current user pass code, enter a new code into this parameter as well as 96.101 Confirm user pass code. A warning will be active until the new pass code is confirmed. To cancel changing the pass code, close the user lock without confirming. To close the lock, enter an invalid pass code in parameter 96.02 Pass code, activate parameter 96.08 Control board boot, or cycle the power.  See also section User lock (page 92).	10000000
	1000000		New user pass code.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
96.101	Confirm user pass code	(Visible when user lock is open) Confirms the new user pass code entered in 96.100 Change user pass code.	
	10000000 99999999	Confirmation of new user pass code.	-
96.102	User lock functionality	(Visible when user lock is open) Selects the actions or functionalities to be prevented by the user lock. Note that the changes made take effect only when the user lock is closed. See parameter 96.02 Pass code.  Note: We recommend you select all the actions and functionalities unless otherwise required by the application.	1000b

Bit	Name	Information
0	Disable ABB access levels	1 = ABB access levels (service, advanced programmer, etc.; see 96.03) disabled
1	Freeze parameter lock state	1 = Changing the parameter lock state prevented, ie. pass code 358 has no effect
2	Disable file download	<ul> <li>1 = Loading of files to drive prevented. This applies to</li> <li>firmware upgrades</li> <li>safety functions module (FSO-xx) configuration</li> <li>parameter restore</li> <li>loading an adaptive program</li> <li>loading and debugging an application program</li> <li>changing home view of control panel</li> <li>editing drive texts</li> <li>editing the favorite parameters list on control panel</li> <li>configuration settings made through control panel such as time/date formats and enabling/disabling clock display.</li> </ul>
3	Disable FB write to hidden	1 = Access to parameters on disabled access levels from fieldbus prevented.
45	Reserved	
6	Protect AP	1 = Creating a backup and restoring from a backup prevented.
7	Disable panel Bluetooth	1 = Bluetooth disabled on ACS-AP-W control panel. If the drive is part of a panel bus, Bluetooth is disabled on all panels.
810	Reserved	
11	Disable OEM access level 1	1 = OEM access level 1 disabled
12	Disable OEM access level 2	1 = OEM access level 2 disabled
13	Disable OEM access level 3	1 = OEM access level 3 disabled
1415	Reserved	

	0000hFFFFh	Selection of actions to be prevented by user lock.	-
96.108	LSU control board boot	(Only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20)  Changing the value of this parameter to 1 reboots the supply control unit (without requiring a power off/on cycle of the drive system).  The value reverts to 0 automatically.	0
	01	1 = Reboot the supply control unit.	1 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
97 Mo	tor control	Motor model settings.	
97.01	Switching frequency reference	When parameter 97.09 Switching freq mode is set to Custom, defines the switching frequency when it is not otherwise being internally limited.  Note: This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.	4.500 kHz
	0.000 24.000 kHz	Switching frequency reference.	1000 = 1 kHz
97.02	Minimum switching frequency	<ul> <li>When parameter 97.09 Switching freq mode is set to Custom, defines a minimum switching frequency reference. The actual switching frequency will not fall below this limit under any circumstances.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.</li> <li>The drive has internal switching frequency limits that may override the value entered here.</li> </ul>	1.500 kHz
	0.000 24.000 kHz	Minimum switching frequency.	1000 = 1 kHz
97.03	Slip gain	Defines the slip gain which is used to improve the estimated motor slip. 100% means full slip gain; 0% means no slip gain. The default value is 100%. Other values can be used if a static speed error is detected despite having the setting at full slip gain.  Example (with nominal load and nominal slip of 40 rpm): A 1000 rpm constant speed reference is given to the drive. Despite having full slip gain (= 100%), a manual tachometer measurement from the motor axis gives a speed value of 998 rpm. The static speed error is 1000 rpm - 998 rpm = 2 rpm. To compensate the error, the slip gain should be increased to 105% (2 rpm / 40 rpm = 5%).	100%
	0 200%	Slip gain.	1 = 1%
97.04	Voltage reserve	Defines the minimum allowed voltage reserve. When the voltage reserve has decreased to the set value, the drive enters the field weakening area.   Note: This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.   If the intermediate circuit DC voltage $U_{\rm dc}$ = 550 V and the voltage reserve is 5%, the rms value of the maximum output voltage in steady-state operation is 0.95 × 550 V / sqrt(2) = 369 V   The dynamic performance of the motor control in the field weakening area can be improved by increasing the voltage reserve value, but the drive enters the field weakening area earlier.	-2%
	-4 50%	Voltage reserve.	1 = 1%
97.05	Flux braking	Defines the level of flux braking power. (Other stopping and braking modes can be configured in parameter group 21 Start/stop mode).  See section Flux braking (page 62).  Note: This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.	Disabled
	Disabled	Flux braking is disabled.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Moderate	Flux level is limited during the braking. Deceleration time is longer compared to full braking.	1
	Full	Maximum braking power. Almost all available current is used to convert the mechanical braking energy to thermal energy in the motor.	2
97.06	Flux reference	Defines the source of flux reference.	User flux
	select	<b>Note:</b> This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.	reference
	Zero	None.	0
	User flux reference	Parameter 97.07 User flux reference.	1
	Other	Source selection (see <i>Terms and abbreviations</i> on page <i>114</i> ).	-
97.07	User flux reference	Defines the flux reference when parameter 97.06 Flux reference select is set to User flux reference.	100.00%
	0.00 200.00%	User-defined flux reference.	100 = 1%
97.08	Optimizer minimum torque	This parameter can be used to improve the control dynamics of a synchronous reluctance motor or a salient permanent magnet synchronous motor.  As a rule of thumb, define a level to which the output torque must rise with minimum delay. This will increase the motor current and improve the torque response at low speeds.	0.0%
	0.0 1600.0%	Optimizer torque limit.	10 = 1%
97.09	Switching freq mode	<ul> <li>An optimization setting for balancing between control performance and motor noise level.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.</li> <li>Other settings than Normal may require derating. Refer to the rating data in the Hardware manual of the drive.</li> </ul>	Normal
	Normal	Control performance optimized for long motor cables.	0
	Low noise	Minimizes motor noise.	1
	Cyclic	Control performance optimized for cyclic load applications.	2
	Custom	This setting is to be used by ABB-authorized service personnel only.	3
97.10	Signal injection	Enables signal injection. A high-frequency alternating signal is injected into the motor at low speeds to improve the stability of torque control. Signal injection can be enabled with different amplitude levels.  Notes:  This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.  Use as low a level as possible that gives satisfactory performance.  Signal injection cannot be applied to asynchronous motors.	Disabled
	Disabled	Signal injection disabled.	0
	Enabled (5 %)	Signal injection enabled with an amplitude level of 5%.	1
	<u> </u>	Cinnal injection analysed with an amplifyed aloved of 400/	2
	Enabled (10 %)	Signal injection enabled with an amplitude level of 10%.	2
	Enabled (10 %) Enabled (15 %)	Signal injection enabled with an amplitude level of 15%.	3

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
97.11	TR tuning	Rotor time constant tuning.  This parameter can be used to improve torque accuracy in closed-loop control of an induction motor. Normally, the motor identification run provides sufficient torque accuracy, but manual fine-tuning can be applied in exceptionally demanding applications to achieve optimal performance.  Note: This is an expert level parameter and should not be adjusted without appropriate skill.	100%
	25400%	Rotor time constant tuning.	1 = 1%
97.12	IR comp step-up frequency	IR compensation (ie. output voltage boost) can be used in step-up applications to compensate for resistive losses in the step-up transformer, cabling and motor. As voltage cannot be fed through a step-up transformer at 0 Hz, a specific type of IR compensation should be used.  This parameter adds a frequency breakpoint for parameter 97.13 IR compensation as shown below.  U / U <sub>N</sub> (%)  Relative output voltage with IR compensation  100%  Relative output voltage with IR compensation  100%  7 Field weakening point  0.0 Hz = Breakpoint disabled.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0.0 Hz
	0.0 50.0 Hz	IR compensation breakpoint for step-up applications.	1 = 1 Hz

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
97.13	IR compensation	Defines the relative output voltage boost at zero speed (IR compensation). The function is useful in applications with a high break-away torque where direct torque control (DTC mode) cannot be applied.  ### Compensation    V / U_N (%)	0.00%
	0.00 50.00%	Voltage boost at zero speed in percent of nominal motor voltage.	1 = 1%
97.15	Motor model temperature adaptation	Selects whether the temperature-dependent parameters (such as stator or rotor resistance) of the motor model adapt to actual (measured or estimated) temperature or not. See parameter group 35 Motor thermal protection for selection of temperature measurement sources.	Disabled
	Disabled	Temperature adaptation of motor model disabled.	0
	Estimated temperature	Estimated temperature (35.01 Motor estimated temperature) used for adaptation of motor model.	1
	Measured temperature 1	Measured temperature 1 (35.02 Measured temperature 1) used for adaptation of motor model.	2
	Measured temperature 2	Measured temperature 2 (35.03 Measured temperature 2) used for adaptation of motor model.	3
97.18	Hexagonal field weakening	Activates hexagonal motor flux pattern in the field weakening area, ie. above the limit defined by parameter 97.19  Hexagonal field weakening point.  Note: This parameter is only effective in scalar motor control mode.  See also section Hexagonal motor flux pattern (page 65).	Off
	Off	The rotating flux vector follows a circular pattern.	0
	On	The flux vector follows a circular pattern below, and a hexagonal pattern above, the hexagonal field weakening point (97.19).	1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
97.19	Hexagonal field weakening point	Defines the activation limit for hexagonal field weakening (in percent of the field weakening point, ie. the frequency at which maximum output voltage is reached). See parameter 97.18 Hexagonal field weakening.  Note: This parameter is only effective in scalar motor control mode.	120.0%
	0.0 500.0%	Activation limit for hexagonal field weakening.	1 = 1%
97.32	Motor torque unfiltered	Unfiltered motor torque in percent of the nominal motor torque. This parameter is read-only.	-
	-1600.0 1600.0%	Unfiltered motor torque.	See par. 46.03
97.33	Speed estimate filter time	Defines a filtering time for estimated speed. See the diagram on page 585.	5.00 ms
	0.00 100.00 ms	Filtering time for estimated speed.	1 = 1 ms
98 Use param	er motor veters	Motor values supplied by the user that are used in the motor model.  These parameters are useful for non-standard motors, or to just get more accurate motor control of the motor on site. A better motor model always improves the shaft performance.	
98.01	User motor model mode	<ul> <li>Activates the motor model parameters 98.0298.14 and the rotor angle offset parameter 98.15.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Parameter value is automatically set to zero when ID run is selected by parameter 99.13 ID run requested. The values of parameters 98.0298.15 are then updated according to the motor characteristics identified during the ID run.</li> <li>Measurements made directly from the motor terminals during the ID run are likely to produce slightly different values than those on a datasheet from a motor manufacturer.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>	Not selected
	Not selected	The values detected during the ID run are being used.	0
	Motor parameters	The values of parameters 98.0298.14 are used as the motor model.	1
	Position offset	The value of parameter 98.15 is used as the rotor angle offset. Parameters 98.0298.14 are inactive.	2
	Motor parameters & position offset	The values of parameters 98.0298.14 are used as the motor model, and the value of parameter 98.15 is used as the rotor angle offset.	3
98.02	Rs user	Defines the stator resistance $R_{\rm S}$ of the motor model. With a star-connected motor, $R_{\rm S}$ is the resistance of one winding. With a delta-connected motor, $R_{\rm S}$ is one-third of the resistance of one winding. Resistance value is given at 20 °C (68 °F).	0.00000 p.u.
	0.00000 0.50000 p.u.	Stator resistance in per unit.	-

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
98.03	Rr user	Defines the rotor resistance $R_{\rm R}$ of the motor model. Resistance value is given at 20 °C (68 °F). <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.00000 0.50000 p.u.	Rotor resistance in per unit.	-
98.04	Lm user	Defines the main inductance $L_{\rm M}$ of the motor model. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.00000 10.00000 p.u.	Main inductance in per unit.	-
98.05	SigmaL user	Defines the leakage inductance $\sigma L_{\rm S}$ . <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.00000 1.00000 p.u.	Leakage inductance in per unit.	-
98.06	Ld user	Defines the direct axis (synchronous) inductance. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.00000 10.00000 p.u	Direct axis inductance in per unit.	-
98.07	Lq user	Defines the quadrature axis (synchronous) inductance. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.00000 10.00000 p.u	Quadrature axis inductance in per unit.	-
98.08	PM flux user	Defines the permanent magnet flux. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00000 p.u.
	0.00000 2.00000 p.u	Permanent magnet flux in per unit.	-
98.09	Rs user SI	Defines the stator resistance $R_{\rm S}$ of the motor model. Resistance value is given at 20 °C (68 °F).	0.00000 ohm
	0.00000 100.00000 ohm	Stator resistance.	-
98.10	Rr user SI	Defines the rotor resistance $R_{\rm R}$ of the motor model. Resistance value is given at 20 °C (68 °F). <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00000 ohm
	0.00000 100.00000 ohm	Rotor resistance.	-
98.11	Lm user SI	Defines the main inductance $L_{\rm M}$ of the motor model. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00 mH
	0.00100000.00 mH	Main inductance.	1 = 10 mH
98.12	SigmaL user SI	Defines the leakage inductance $\sigma L_{\rm S}$ . <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for asynchronous motors.	0.00 mH
	0.00100000.00 mH	Leakage inductance.	1 = 10 mH

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
98.13	Ld user SI	Defines the direct axis (synchronous) inductance. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00 mH
	0.00100000.00 mH	Direct axis inductance.	1 = 10 mH
98.14	Lq user SI	Defines the quadrature axis (synchronous) inductance. <b>Note:</b> This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0.00 mH
	0.00100000.00 mH	Quadrature axis inductance.	1 = 10 mH
98.15	Position offset user	Defines an angle offset between the zero position of the synchronous motor and the zero position of the position sensor.  This value is initially set by the autophasing routine when an absolute encoder or an incremental encoder with Z-pulse is used. The value can be fine-tuned by setting 98.01 User motor model mode to Position offset or Motor parameters & position offset.  Notes:  • The value is in electrical degrees. The electrical angle equals the mechanical angle multiplied by the number of motor pole pairs.  • This parameter is valid only for permanent magnet motors.	0 deg
	0360 deg	Angle offset.	1 = 1 deg

99 Motor data		Motor configuration settings.	
99.03 Motor ty	pe	Selects the motor type.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	Asynchro- nous motor; SynRM (95.21 b1); Permanent magnet motor (95.21 b2)
Asynchr motor	onous	Standard squirrel cage AC induction motor (asynchronous induction motor).	0
Permano motor	ent magnet	Permanent magnet motor. Three-phase AC synchronous motor with permanent magnet rotor and sinusoidal BackEMF voltage.	1
SynRM		Synchronous reluctance motor. Three-phase AC synchronous motor with salient pole rotor without permanent magnets.	2

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
99.04	Motor control mode	Selects the motor control mode.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	DTC
	DTC	Direct torque control. This mode is suitable for most applications.  Note: Instead of direct torque control, scalar control is also available, and should be used in the following situations:  • with multimotor applications 1) if the load is not equally shared between the motors, 2) if the motors are of different sizes, or 3) if the motors are going to be changed after the motor identification (ID run)  • if the nominal current of the motor is less than 1/6 of the nominal output current of the drive  • if the drive is used with no motor connected (for example, for test purposes).  See also section Operating modes of the drive (page 22).	0
	Scalar	Scalar control. The outstanding motor control accuracy of DTC cannot be achieved in scalar control.  Refer to the <i>DTC</i> selection above for a list of applications where scalar control should definitely be used.  Notes:  Correct motor operation requires that the magnetizing current of the motor does not exceed 90% of the nominal current of the inverter.  Some standard features are disabled in scalar control mode.  See also section <i>Scalar motor control</i> (page 58), and section <i>Operating modes of the drive</i> (page 22).	1
99.06	Motor nominal current	Defines the nominal motor current. This setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor. If multiple motors are connected to the drive, enter the total current of the motors.  Notes:  Correct motor operation requires that the magnetizing current of the motor does not exceed 90% of the nominal current of the drive.  This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0.0 A
	0.0 6400.0 A	Nominal current of the motor. The allowable range is $1/62 \times I_N$ (nominal current) of the drive $(02 \times I_N)$ with scalar control mode).	1 = 1 A

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
99.07	Motor nominal voltage	<ul> <li>Defines the nominal motor voltage supplied to the motor. This setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>With permanent magnet motors, the nominal voltage is the BackEMF voltage at nominal speed of the motor. If the voltage is given as voltage per rpm, e.g. 60 V per 1000 rpm, the voltage for a nominal speed of 3000 rpm is 3 × 60 V = 180 V. Note that nominal voltage is not the same as equivalent DC motor voltage (EDCM) given by some manufacturers. The nominal voltage can be calculated by dividing the EDCM voltage by 1.7 (or square root of 3).</li> <li>The stress on the motor insulation is always dependent on the drive supply voltage. This also applies to the case where the motor voltage rating is lower than that of the drive and the supply.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul>	0.0 V
	0.0 800.0 V	Nominal voltage of the motor. The allowable range is $1/62 \times U_{\rm N}$ (nominal voltage) of the drive. $U_{\rm N}$ equals the upper bound of the supply voltage range selected by parameter 95.01 Supply voltage.	10 = 1 V
99.08	Motor nominal frequency	Defines the nominal motor frequency. This setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	50.00 Hz
	0.00 1000.00 Hz	Nominal frequency of the motor.	10 = 1 Hz
99.09	Motor nominal speed	Defines the nominal motor speed. The setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0 rpm
	0 30000 rpm	Nominal speed of the motor.	1 = 1 rpm
99.10	Motor nominal power	Defines the nominal motor power. The setting must match the value on the rating plate of the motor. If nominal power is not shown on the rating plate, nominal torque can be entered instead in parameter 99.12.  If multiple motors are connected to the drive, enter the total power of the motors.  The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.  Note: This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0.00 kW or hp
	0.00 10000.00 kW or 0.00 13404.83 hp	Nominal power of the motor.	1 = 1 unit
99.11	Motor nominal cos ?	Defines the cosphi of the motor for a more accurate motor model. The value is not obligatory, but is useful with an asynchronous motor, especially when performing a standstill identification run. With a permanent magnet or synchronous reluctance motor, this value is not needed.  Notes:  Do not enter an estimated value. If you do not know the exact value, leave the parameter at zero.  This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0.00
	0.00 1.00	Cosphi of the motor.	100 = 1

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
99.12	Motor nominal torque	Defines the nominal motor shaft torque. This value can be given instead of nominal power (99.10) if shown on the rating plate of the motor.  The unit is selected by parameter 96.16 Unit selection.  Notes:  • This setting is an alternative to the nominal power value (99.10). If both are entered, 99.12 takes priority.  • This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.	0.000 N·m or lb·ft
	0.000 4000000.000 N·m or lb·ft	Nominal motor torque.	1 = 1 unit
99.13	ID run requested	Selects the type of the motor identification routine (ID run) performed at the next start of the drive. During the ID run, the drive will identify the characteristics of the motor for optimum motor control.  If no ID run has been performed yet (or if default parameter values have been restored using parameter 96.06 Parameter restore), this parameter is automatically set to Standstill, signifying that an ID run must be performed.  After the ID run, the drive stops and this parameter is automatically set to None.  Notes:  For the Advanced ID run, the machinery must always be de-coupled from the motor.  Before activating the ID run, configure motor temperature measurement (if used) in parameter group 35 Motor thermal protection, and in parameter 97.15.  If a sine filter is installed, set the appropriate bit in parameter 95.15 Special HW settings before activating the ID run. With a non-ABB (custom) filter, set also 99.18 and 99.19.  With scalar control mode (99.04 Motor control mode = Scalar), the ID run is not requested automatically. However, an ID run can be performed for more accurate torque estimation.  Once the ID run is activated, it can be canceled by stopping the drive.  The ID run must be performed every time any of the motor parameters (99.04, 99.0699.12) have been changed.  Ensure that the Safe torque off and emergency stop circuits (if any) are closed during the ID run.  Mechanical brake (if present) is not opened by the logic for the ID run.	None; Standstill (95.21 b1/b2)
	None	No motor ID run is requested. This mode can be selected only if the ID run (Normal, Reduced, Standstill, Advanced, Advanced Standstill) has already been performed once.	0

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Normal	<ul> <li>Normal ID run. Guarantees good control accuracy for all cases. The ID run takes about 90 seconds. This mode should be selected whenever it is possible.</li> <li>Notes:         <ul> <li>If the load torque will be higher than 20% of motor nominal torque, or if the machinery is not able to withstand the nominal torque transient during the ID run, then the driven machinery must be de-coupled from the motor during a Normal ID run.</li> <li>Check the direction of rotation of the motor before starting the ID run. During the run, the motor will rotate in the forward direction.</li> </ul> </li> <li>WARNING! The motor will run at up to approximately 50100% of the nominal speed during the ID run. ENSURE THAT IT IS SAFE TO RUN THE MOTOR</li> </ul>	1
	Reduced	BEFORE PERFORMING THE ID RUN!  Reduced ID run. This mode should be selected instead of the	2
		<ul> <li>Normal or Advanced ID Run if</li> <li>mechanical losses are higher than 20% (i.e. the motor cannot be de-coupled from the driven equipment), or if</li> <li>flux reduction is not allowed while the motor is running (i.e. in case of a motor with an integrated brake supplied from the motor terminals).</li> <li>With this ID run mode, the resultant motor control in the field weakening area or at high torques is not necessarily as accurate as motor control following a Normal ID run. Reduced ID run is completed faster than the Normal ID Run (&lt; 90 seconds).</li> <li>Note: Check the direction of rotation of the motor before starting the ID run. During the run, the motor will rotate in the forward direction.</li> <li>WARNING! The motor will run at up to approximately 50100% of the nominal speed during the ID run. ENSURE THAT IT IS SAFE TO RUN THE MOTOR BEFORE PERFORMING THE ID RUN!</li> </ul>	
	Standstill	Standstill ID run. The motor is injected with DC current. With an AC induction (asynchronous) motor, the motor shaft is not rotated. With a permanent magnet motor or synchronous reluctance motor, the shaft can rotate up to half a revolution.  Note: A standstill ID run should be selected only if the Normal, Reduced or Advanced ID run is not possible due to the restrictions caused by the connected mechanics (eg. with lift or crane applications).  See also selection Advanced Standstill.	3

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Autophasing	The autophasing routine determines the start angle of a permanent magnet or synchronous reluctance motor (see page 59). Autophasing does not update the other motor model values.  Autophasing is automatically performed as part of the Normal, Reduced, Standstill, Advanced or Advanced Standstill ID runs. Using this setting, it is possible to perform autophasing alone. This is useful after changes in the feedback configuration, such as the replacement or addition of an absolute encoder, resolver, or pulse encoder with commutation signals.  Notes:  This setting can only be used after a Normal, Reduced, Standstill, Advanced or Advanced Standstill ID run has already been performed.	4
		can rotate during autophasing. See parameter 21.13  Autophasing mode.	
	Current measurement calibration	Requests current measurement calibration, ie. identification of current measurement offset and gain errors.  The calibration will be performed at next start.	5
	Advanced	Advanced ID run. Guarantees the best possible control accuracy. The ID run can take a couple of minutes. This mode should be selected when top performance is needed across the whole operating area.  Note: The driven machinery must be de-coupled from the motor because of high torque and speed transients that are applied.  WARNING! The motor will run at up to approximately 50100% of the nominal speed during the ID run. Several accelerations and decelerations are done.  ENSURE THAT IT IS SAFE TO RUN THE MOTOR BEFORE PERFORMING THE ID RUN!	6
	Advanced Standstill	Advanced Standstill ID run.	7
	, avanced diamestill	This selection is recommended with AC induction motors up to 75 kW instead of the <i>Standstill</i> ID run if  • the exact nominal ratings of the motor are not known, or  • the control performance of the motor is not satisfactory after a <i>Standstill</i> ID run.  Note: The time it takes for the <i>Advanced Standstill</i> ID run to complete varies according to motor size. With a small motor, the ID run typically completes within 5 minutes; with a large motor, the ID run may take up to an hour.	,
99.14	Last ID run performed	Shows the type of ID run that was performed last. For more information about the different modes, see the selections of parameter 99.13 ID run requested.	None
	None	No ID run has been performed.	0
	Normal	Normal ID run.	1
	Reduced	Reduced ID run.	2
	Standstill	Standstill ID run.	3
	Autophasing	Autophasing.	4
	Current measurement calibration	Current measurement calibration.	5

No.	Name/Value	Description	DeflFbEq16
	Advanced	Advanced ID run.	6
	Advanced Standstill	Advanced Standstill ID run.	7
99.15	Motor polepairs calculated	Calculated number of pole pairs in the motor. This parameter is read-only.	0
	01000	Number of pole pairs.	1 = 1
99.16	Motor phase order	<ul> <li>Switches the rotation direction of motor. This parameter can be used if the motor turns in the wrong direction (for example, because of the wrong phase order in the motor cable), and correcting the cabling is considered impractical.</li> <li>Notes: <ul> <li>Changing this parameter does not affect speed reference polarities, so positive speed reference will rotate the motor forward. The phase order selection just ensures that "forward" is in fact the correct direction.</li> <li>After changing this parameter, the sign of encoder feedback (if any) must be checked. This can be done by setting parameter 90.41 Motor feedback selection to Estimate, and comparing the sign of 90.01 Motor speed for control to 90.10 Encoder 1 speed (or 90.20 Encoder 2 speed). If the sign of the measurement is incorrect, the encoder wiring must be corrected or the sign of 90.43 Motor gear numerator reversed.</li> <li>This parameter cannot be changed while the drive is running.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	UVW
	UVW	Normal.	0
	UWV	Reversed rotation direction.	1
99.18	Sine filter inductance	Defines the inductance of a custom sine filter, ie. when parameter 95.15 Special HW settings bit 3 is activated.  Note: For an ABB sine filter (95.15 Special HW settings bit 1), this parameter is set automatically and should not be adjusted.	-
	0.000 100000.000 mH	Inductance of custom sine filter.	1000 = 1 mH

	Description	DeflFbEq16
99.19 Sine filter capacitance	Defines the capacitance of a custom sine filter, ie. when parameter 95.15 Special HW settings bit 3 is activated. If the capacitors are star/wye-connected, enter the capacitance of one leg into the parameter.    March	-
0.00 100000.00 μF	Note: For an ABB sine filter (95.15 Special HW settings bit 1), this parameter is set automatically and should not be adjusted.  Capacitance of custom sine filter.	100 = 1 μF

#### **200 Safety** FSO-xx settings.

This group contains parameters related to the optional FSO-xx safety functions module. For details, refer to the documentation of the FSO-xx module.

206 I/O bus configuration	Distributed I/O bus settings. These groups are only visible with a BCU control unit.	
207 I/O bus service		
208 I/O bus diagnostics		
209 I/O bus fan identification		

These groups contain parameters related to the distributed I/O bus, which is used with some drives for monitoring the cooling fans of the cabinet system. For details, refer to CIO-01 I/O module for distributed I/O bus control user's manual (3AXD50000126880 [English]).



# Additional parameter data

### What this chapter contains

This chapter lists the parameters with some additional data such as their ranges and 32-bit fieldbus scaling. For parameter descriptions, see chapter Parameters (page 113).

#### Terms and abbreviations

Term	Definition				
FbEq32	32-bit fieldbus equivalent: The scaling between the integer used in communication and the value shown on the panel when a 32-bit value is selected for transmission to an external system.  The corresponding 16-bit scalings are listed in chapter <i>Parameters</i> (page 113).				
int16	int16 16-bit integer value (15 bits + sign).				
int32	32-bit integer value (31 bits + sign).				
No.	Parameter number.				
real32	32-bit floating point number.				
uint16	16-bit unsigned integer.				
uint32	32-bit unsigned integer.				
Туре	Parameter type. See int16, int32, real32, uint16, uint32.				

### Parameter groups 1...9

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
01 Actu	al values		_		-
01.01	Motor speed used	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
01.02	Motor speed estimated	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
01.03	Motor speed %	real32	-1000.00 1000.00	%	100 = 1%
01.04	Encoder 1 speed filtered	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
01.05	Encoder 2 speed filtered	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
01.06	Output frequency	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
01.07	Motor current	real32	0.00 30000.00	Α	100 = 1 A
01.08	Motor current % of motor nom	real32	0.0 1000.0	%	10 = 1%
01.10	Motor torque	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
01.11	DC voltage	real32	0.00 2000.00	V	100 = 1 V
01.13	Output voltage	real32	02000	V	1 = 1 V
01.14	Output power	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	kW or hp	100 = 1 unit
01.15	Output power % of motor nom	real32	-300.00 300.00	%	10 = 1%
01.17	Motor shaft power	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	kW or hp	100 = 1 unit
01.18	Inverter GWh motoring	int16	032767	GWh	1 = 1 GWh
01.19	Inverter MWh motoring	int16	0999	MWh	1 = 1 MWh
01.20	Inverter kWh motoring	real32	0999	kWh	1 = 1 kWh
01.21	U-phase current	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	Α	100 = 1 A
01.22	V-phase current	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	Α	100 = 1 A
01.23	W-phase current	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	Α	100 = 1 A
01.24	Flux actual %	real32	0200	%	1 = 1%
01.25	INU momentary cos Φ	real32	-1.00 1.00	-	100 = 1
01.29	Speed change rate	real32	-15000 15000	rpm/s	1 = 1 rpm/s
01.30	Nominal torque scale	uint32	0.000	N·m or lb·ft	1000 = 1 unit
01.31	Ambient temperature	real32	-40.0 200.0	°C or °F	10 = 1°
01.32	Inverter GWh regenerating	int16	032767	GWh	1 = 1 GWh
01.33	Inverter MWh regenerating	int16	0999	MWh	1 = 1 MWh
01.34	Inverter kWh regenerating	real32	0999	kWh	1 = 1 kWh
01.35	Mot - regen energy GWh	int16	-32768 32767	GWh	1 = 1 GWh
01.36	Mot - regen energy MWh	int16	-999999	MWh	1 = 1 MWh
01.37	Mot - regen energy kWh	real32	-999999	kWh	1 = 1 kWh
01.61	Abs motor speed used	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
01.62	Abs motor speed %	real32	0.00 1000.00	%	100 = 1%
01.63	Abs output frequency	real32	0.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
01.64	Abs motor torque	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
01.65	Abs output power	real32	0.00 32767.00	kW or hp	100 = 1 unit
01.66	Abs output power % motor nom	real32	0.00 300.00	%	10 = 1%

01.70         Ambient temperature %         real32         -200.00 200.00         %         10           01.71         Step-up motor current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.72         U-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.73         V-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.74         W-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           (Parameters 01.10201.164 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20         D         10 <th>0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 1 = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kW 1 = 1 kW 2 = 1 kvar 0 = 1</th>	0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 1 = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kW 1 = 1 kW 2 = 1 kvar 0 = 1							
01.71         Step-up motor current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.72         U-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.73         V-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.74         W-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           (Parameters 01.10201.164 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.2           01.102         Line current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.104         Active current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.106         Reactive current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kWA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kWA	0 = 1 A 0 = 1 V = 1 kVA = 1 kW = 1 kvar 0 = 1							
01.72         U-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.73         V-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.74         W-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           (Parameters 01.10201.164 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.2           01.102         Line current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.104         Active current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.106         Reactive current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kw <td>0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 1 = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kVar 1 = 1 kVar</td>	0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 1 = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kVar 1 = 1 kVar							
01.73         V-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.74         W-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           (Parameters 01.10201.164 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.2           01.102         Line current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.104         Active current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.106         Reactive current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kWA         100           01.1112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kWar         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -	0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 1 = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kW 1 = 1 kW 2 = 1 kW							
01.74         W-phase RMS current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           (Parameters 01.10201.164 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.2           01.102         Line current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.104         Active current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.106         Reactive current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 100.00         Hz         100           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         10           03.01         Panel references         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -	0 = 1 A 0) 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 1 = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kW 1 = 1 kvar 0 = 1							
(Parameters 01.10201.164 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20           01.102         Line current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.104         Active current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.106         Reactive current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 2000.00         Hz         100           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         16           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.01         Panel reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -	0) 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V = 1 kVA = 1 kW = 1 kvar							
01.102         Line current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.104         Active current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.106         Reactive current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 100.00         Hz         100           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         11           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         kW         13           03.01         Panel reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         11           03.05         FB A reference 1         real32         -	0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A 1 = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V 1 = 1 kVA 1 = 1 kW 1 = 1 kW 2 = 1 kvar 0 = 1							
01.104         Active current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.106         Reactive current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 100.00         Hz         100           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.164         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         11           03.101         Panel references         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         11           03.02         Panel reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         11           03.05         FB A reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         11           03.07         FB B reference 1         real32	0 = 1 A 0 = 1 A = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V = 1 kVA = 1 kW = 1 kvar 00 = 1							
01.106         Reactive current         real32         0.00 30000.00         A         10           01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 100.00         Hz         100           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         16           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         16           03.10         Panel references	0 = 1 A = 1 Hz 0 = 1 V = 1 kVA = 1 kW = 1 kvar							
01.108         Grid frequency         real32         0.00 100.00         Hz         100           01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         11           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         030000         kW         13           03 Input references         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.02         Panel reference 2         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         10           03.05         FB A reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.07         FB B reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.08         FB B reference 2         real32         -100000.00 .	= 1 Hz 0 = 1 V = 1 kVA = 1 kW = 1 kvar							
01.109         Grid voltage         real32         0.00 2000.00         V         10           01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         16           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         030000         kW         1           03 Input references         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.02         Panel reference 2         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         16           03.05         FB A reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.06         FB A reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.07         FB B reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.08         FB B reference 2         real32         -1000	0 = 1 V = 1 kVA = 1 kW = 1 kvar							
01.110         Grid apparent power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kVA         100           01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         11           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         030000         kW         1           03 Input references         03.01         Panel reference         real32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.02         Panel reference 2         real32         -30000.00         30000.00         -         10           03.05         FB A reference 1         real32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.06         FB A reference 2         real32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.07         FB B reference 1         real32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.08         FB B reference 2         real32         -100000.00         100000.00	= 1 kVA = 1 kW = 1 kvar 00 = 1							
01.112         Grid power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kW         100           01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         1           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         030000         kW         1           03 Input references         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.01         Panel reference 2         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         10           03.02         Panel reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.05         FB A reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.06         FB A reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.07         FB B reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.08         FB B reference 2         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         10           03.09         EFB reference 1         real32         -3	= 1 kW = 1 kvar 00 = 1							
01.114         Grid reactive power         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         kvar         100           01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         1           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         030000         kW         1           03 Input references         03.01         Panel reference         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.02         Panel reference 2         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         10           03.05         FB A reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.06         FB A reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.07         FB B reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.08         FB B reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.09         EFB reference 1         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         10	= 1 kvar )0 = 1							
01.116         LSU cos Φ         real32         -1.00 1.00         -         1           01.164         LSU nominal power         real32         030000         kW         1           03 Input references         03.01         Panel reference         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         1           03.02         Panel reference 2         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         1           03.05         FB A reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         1           03.06         FB A reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         1           03.07         FB B reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         1           03.08         FB B reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         1           03.09         EFB reference 1         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         1	00 = 1							
01.164         LSU nominal power         rea/32         030000         kW         1           03 Input references              rea/32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.01         Panel reference         rea/32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.02         Panel reference 2         rea/32         -30000.00         30000.00         -         10           03.05         FB A reference 1         rea/32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.06         FB A reference 2         rea/32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.07         FB B reference 1         rea/32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.08         FB B reference 2         rea/32         -100000.00         100000.00         -         10           03.09         EFB reference 1         rea/32         -30000.00         30000.00         -         10								
03 Input references         03.01 Panel reference       real32 -100000.00 100000.00 -       16         03.02 Panel reference 2       real32 -30000.00 30000.00 -       16         03.05 FB A reference 1       real32 -100000.00 100000.00 -       16         03.06 FB A reference 2       real32 -100000.00 100000.00 -       16         03.07 FB B reference 1       real32 -100000.00 100000.00 -       16         03.08 FB B reference 2       real32 -100000.00 100000.00 -       16         03.09 EFB reference 1       real32 -30000.00 30000.00 -       16								
03.01         Panel reference         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.02         Panel reference 2         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         10           03.05         FB A reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.06         FB A reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.07         FB B reference 1         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.08         FB B reference 2         real32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         10           03.09         EFB reference 1         real32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         10	= 1 kW							
03.02       Panel reference 2       real32       -30000.00 30000.00       -       16         03.05       FB A reference 1       real32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       16         03.06       FB A reference 2       real32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       16         03.07       FB B reference 1       real32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       16         03.08       FB B reference 2       real32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       16         03.09       EFB reference 1       real32       -30000.00 30000.00       -       16								
03.05         FB A reference 1         rea/32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.06         FB A reference 2         rea/32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.07         FB B reference 1         rea/32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.08         FB B reference 2         rea/32         -100000.00 100000.00         -         16           03.09         EFB reference 1         rea/32         -30000.00 30000.00         -         16	00 = 1							
03.06       FB A reference 2       real32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       10         03.07       FB B reference 1       real32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       10         03.08       FB B reference 2       real32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       10         03.09       EFB reference 1       real32       -30000.00 30000.00       -       10	00 = 1							
03.07       FB B reference 1       rea/32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       16         03.08       FB B reference 2       rea/32       -100000.00 100000.00       -       16         03.09       EFB reference 1       rea/32       -30000.00 30000.00       -       16	00 = 1							
03.08     FB B reference 2     real32     -100000.00 100000.00     -     10       03.09     EFB reference 1     real32     -30000.00 30000.00     -     10	00 = 1							
03.09 EFB reference 1	00 = 1							
	00 = 1							
03.10 EFB reference 2 real32 -30000.00 30000.00 - 1	00 = 1							
	00 = 1							
03.11 DDCS controller ref 1	00 = 1							
03.12 DDCS controller ref 2	00 = 1							
03.13 M/F or D2D ref1	00 = 1							
03.14 M/F or D2D ref2	00 = 1							
03.30 FB A reference 1 int32	l = 1							
03.31 FB A reference 2 int32	l = 1							
03.51 IEC application panel real32 -100000.0 100000.0 -	l = 1							
04 Warnings and faults								
04.01 Tripping fault uint16 0000hFFFFh -								
04.02 Active fault 2 <i>uint16</i> 0000hFFFFh -	l = 1							
04.03 Active fault 3 <i>uint16</i> 0000hFFFFh -	= 1   = 1							
04.04 Active fault 4 <i>uint16</i> 0000hFFFFh -								
04.05 Active fault 5 <i>uint16</i> 0000hFFFFh -	l = 1							

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
04.06	Active warning 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.07	Active warning 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.08	Active warning 3	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.09	Active warning 4	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.10	Active warning 5	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.11	Latest fault	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.12	2nd latest fault	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.13	3rd latest fault	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.14	4th latest fault	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.15	5th latest fault	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.16	Latest warning	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.17	2nd latest warning	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.18	3rd latest warning	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.19	4th latest warning	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.20	5th latest warning	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.21	Fault word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.22	Fault word 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	(Parameter 0	4.25 only v	isible with a BCU control unit)	•	
04.25	Faulted modules	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.31	Warning word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.32	Warning word 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.40	Event word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.41	Event word 1 bit 0 code	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.42	Event word 1 bit 0 aux code	uint32	0000 0000h FFFF FFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.43	Event word 1 bit 1 code	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.44	Event word 1 bit 1 aux code	uint32	0000 0000h FFFF FFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.71	Event word 1 bit 15 code	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.72	Event word 1 bit 15 aux code	uint32	0000 0000h FFFF FFFFh	-	1 = 1
04.120	Fault/Warning word compatibility	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
05 Diag	nostics				
05.01	On-time counter	uint16	065535	d	1 = 1 d
05.02	Run-time counter	uint16	065535	d	1 = 1 d
05.04	Fan on-time counter	uint16	065535	d	1 = 1 d
05.09	Time from power-up	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
05.11	Inverter temperature	real32	-40.0 160.0	%	10 = 1%
05.22	Diagnostic word 3	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
05.41	Main fan service counter	real32	0150	%	1 = 1%

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
05.42	Aux. fan service counter	real32	0150	%	1 = 1%
	(Parameters 05.11105.121 on	ly visible w	hen IGBT supply unit control a	activated by	v 95.20)
05.111	Line converter temperature	real32	-40.0 160.0	%	10 = 1%
05.121	MCB closing counter	uint32	04294967295	%	1 = 1
06 Cont	rol and status words				
06.01	Main control word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.02	Application control word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.03	FBA A transparent control word	uint32	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.04	FBA B transparent control word	uint32	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	
06.05	EFB transparent control word	uint32	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	
06.11	Main status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh		1 = 1
06.16	Drive status word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.17	Drive status word 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.18	Start inhibit status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.19	Speed control status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.20	Constant speed status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.21	Drive status word 3	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.25	Drive inhibit status word 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.29	MSW bit 10 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.30	MSW bit 11 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.31	MSW bit 12 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.32	MSW bit 13 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.33	MSW bit 14 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
	(Parameters 06.3606.43 c	only visible	when supply unit control active	ated by 95.	20)
06.36	LSU Status Word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.39	Internal state machine LSU CW	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.40	LSU CW user bit 0 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.41	LSU CW user bit 1 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.42	LSU CW user bit 2 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.43	LSU CW user bit 3 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.45	Follower CW user bit 0 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.46	Follower CW user bit 1 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.47	Follower CW user bit 2 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.48	Follower CW user bit 3 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.50	User status word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.60	User status word 1 bit 0 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32
06.61	User status word 1 bit 1 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.62	User status word 1 bit 2 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.63	User status word 1 bit 3 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.64	User status word 1 bit 4 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.65	User status word 1 bit 5 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.66	User status word 1 bit 6 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.67	User status word 1 bit 7 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.68	User status word 1 bit 8 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.69	User status word 1 bit 9 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.70	User status word 1 bit 10 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.71	User status word 1 bit 11 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.72	User status word 1 bit 12 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.73	User status word 1 bit 13 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.74	User status word 1 bit 14 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.75	User status word 1 bit 15 sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
06.100	User control word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.101	User control word 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	(Parameters 06.11606.118 on	ly visible wi	hen IGBT supply unit control a	activated by	/ 95.20)
06.116	LSU drive status word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
06.118	LSU start inhibit status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
07 Syst	em info				
07.03	Drive rating id	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
07.04	Firmware name	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.05	Firmware version	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.06	Loading package name	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.07	Loading package version	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.08	Bootloader version	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.11	Cpu usage	uint32	0100	%	1 = 1%
07.13	PU logic version number	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
07.15	FPGA logic version number	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	(Parameters 07.2107.24 only	visible wit	h option +N8010 [application	programma	ability])
07.21	Application environment status 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
07.22	Application environment status 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
07.23	Application name	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.24	Application version	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.25	Customization package name	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.26	Customization package version	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
07.30	Adaptive program status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32			
	(Parameters 07.4007.41 only visible with option +N8010 [application programmability])							
07.40	IEC application Cpu usage peak	real32	0.0 100.0	%	10 = 1%			
07.41	IEC application Cpu load average	real32	0.0 100.0	%	10 = 1%			
07.51	Slot 1 option module	uint16	-	-	1 = 1			
07.52	Slot 2 option module	uint16	-	-	1 = 1			
07.53	Slot 3 option module	uint16	-	-	1 = 1			
(Parameters 07.10607.107 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20)								
07.106	LSU loading package name	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
07.107	LSU loading package version	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			

## Parameter groups 10...99

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
10 Stan	dard DI, RO				
10.01	DI status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.02	DI delayed status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.03	DI force selection	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.04	DI force data	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.05	DI1 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.06	DI1 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.07	DI2 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.08	DI2 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.09	DI3 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.10	DI3 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.11	DI4 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.12	DI4 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.13	DI5 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.14	DI5 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.15	DI6 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.16	DI6 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.21	RO status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
10.24	RO1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
10.25	RO1 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.26	RO1 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.27	RO2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
10.28	RO2 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.29	RO2 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
10.30	RO3 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
10.31	RO3 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.32	RO3 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
10.51	DI filter time	uint32	0.3 100.0	ms	10 = 1 ms
10.99	RO/DIO control word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
11 Stan	dard DIO, FI, FO				
11.01	DIO status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
11.02	DIO delayed status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
11.05	DIO1 function	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
11.06	DIO1 output source	uint32	-		1 = 1
11.07	DIO1 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
11.08	DIO1 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	S	10 = 1 s
11.09	DIO2 function	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
11.10	DIO2 output source	uint32	-		1 = 1
11.11	DIO2 ON delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
11.12	DIO2 OFF delay	uint32	0.0 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
11.38	Freq in 1 actual value	real32	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.39	Freq in 1 scaled	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
11.42	Freq in 1 min	real32	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.43	Freq in 1 max	real32	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.44	Freq in 1 at scaled min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
11.45	Freq in 1 at scaled max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
11.54	Freq out 1 actual value	real32	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.55	Freq out 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
11.58	Freq out 1 src min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
11.59	Freq out 1 src max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
11.60	Freq out 1 at src min	real32	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.61	Freq out 1 at src max	real32	016000	Hz	1 = 1 Hz
11.81	DIO filter time	uint32	0.3 100.0	ms	10 = 1 ms
12 Stan	dard Al				
12.01	Al tune	uint16	04	-	
12.03	Al supervision function	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
12.04	Al supervision selection	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
12.05	Al supervision force	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
12.11	Al1 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
12.12	Al1 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.15	Al1 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
12.16	Al1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
12.17	Al1 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.18	Al1 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.19	Al1 scaled at Al1 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.20	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.21	Al2 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.22	Al2 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.25	Al2 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
12.26	Al2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
12.27	Al2 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.28	Al2 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
12.29	Al2 scaled at Al2 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
12.30	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
13 Stan	dard AO				
13.11	AO1 actual value	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.12	AO1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
13.16	AO1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
13.17	AO1 source min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
13.18	AO1 source max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
13.19	AO1 out at AO1 src min	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.20	AO1 out at AO1 src max	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.21	AO2 actual value	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.22	AO2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
13.26	AO2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	S	1000 = 1 s
13.27	AO2 source min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
13.28	AO2 source max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
13.29	AO2 out at AO2 src min	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.30	AO2 out at AO2 src max	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
13.91	AO1 data storage	real32	-327.68 327.67	-	100 = 1
13.92	AO2 data storage	real32	-327.68 327.67	-	100 = 1
14 I/O e	xtension module 1				
14.01	Module 1 type	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
14.02	Module 1 location	uint16	1254	-	1 = 1
14.03	Module 1 status	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
	DIx (	14.01 Modu	ıle 1 type = FDIO-01)		
14.05	DI status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
14.06	DI delayed status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
14.08	DI filter time	real32	0.8 100.0	ms	10 = 1 ms
14.12	DI1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s
14.13	DI1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.17	DI2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s
14.18	DI2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.22	DI3 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.23	DI3 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s
	Common parameters fo	or DIOx (14	1.01 Module 1 type = FIO-01 o	r <i>FIO-11</i> )	
14.05	DIO status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
14.06	DIO delayed status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	DIO1/DIO2 (1	14.01 Modu	le 1 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11)		
14.08	DIO filter time	real32	0.8 100.0	ms	10 = 1 ms
14.09	DIO1 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
14.11	DIO1 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
14.12	DIO1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s
14.13	DIO1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s
14.14	DIO2 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
14.16	DIO2 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
14.17	DIO2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s
14.18	DIO2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32
	DIO3/Di	104 (14.01	Module 1 type = FIO-01)	I.	
14.19	DIO3 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
14.21	DIO3 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
14.22	DIO3 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.23	DIO3 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.24	DIO4 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
14.26	DIO4 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
14.27	DIO4 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.28	DIO4 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
	RO1/RO2 (14	4.01 Module	e 1 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01)		I
14.31	RO status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
14.34	RO1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
14.35	RO1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.36	RO1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.37	RO2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
14.38	RO2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
14.39	RO2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
	Common parameters	for Alx (14.0	01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or	FAIO-01)	
14.19	Al supervision function	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
14.20	Al supervision selection	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
14.21	Al tune	uint16	06 (FIO-11) 04 (FAIO-01)	-	1 = 1
14.22	Al force selection	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	AI1/AI2 (14.	.01 Module	1 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)		
14.26	Al1 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
14.27	Al1 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
14.28	Al1 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
14.29	AI1 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
14.30	Al1 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
14.31	Al1 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
14.32	Al1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
14.33	Al1 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.34	Al1 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.35	Al1 scaled at Al1 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
14.36	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
14.41	Al2 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
14.42	Al2 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
14.43	Al2 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
14.44	AI2 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
14.45	Al2 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32
14.46	Al2 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
14.47	Al2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
14.48	Al2 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.49	Al2 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.50	Al2 scaled at Al2 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
14.51	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
	AI3	(14.01 Mod	lule 1 type = FIO-11)		
14.56	Al3 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
14.57	Al3 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
14.58	Al3 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
14.59	AI3 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
14.60	Al3 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
14.61	Al3 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
14.62	Al3 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
14.63	Al3 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.64	Al3 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
14.65	Al3 scaled at Al3 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
14.66	Al3 scaled at Al3 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
	Common parameters fo	or AOx (14.	01 Module 1 type = FIO-11 or	FAIO-01)	
14.71	AO force selection	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	AO1 (14.0	1 Module 1	<i>type = FIO-11</i> or <i>FAIO-01</i> )		
14.76	AO1 actual value	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
14.77	AO1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
14.78	AO1 force data	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
14.79	AO1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
14.80	AO1 source min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
14.81	AO1 source max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
14.82	AO1 out at AO1 src min	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
14.83	AO1 out at AO1 src max	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
	AO2 (	(14.01 Mod	ule 1 type = FAIO-01)		
14.86	AO2 actual value	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
14.87	AO2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
14.88	AO2 force data	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
14.89	AO2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
14.90	AO2 source min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
14.91	AO2 source max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
14.92	AO2 out at AO2 src min	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
14.93	AO2 out at AO2 src max	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32			
15 I/O extension module 2								
15.01	Module 2 type	uint16	04	-	1 = 1			
15.02	Module 2 location	uint16	1254	-	1 = 1			
15.03	Module 2 status	uint16	02	-	1 = 1			
	Dlx (	15.01 Modu	ule 2 type = FDIO-01)		I.			
15.05	DI status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
15.06	DI delayed status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
15.08	DI filter time	real32	0.8 100.0	ms	10 = 1 ms			
15.12	DI1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.13	DI1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.17	DI2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.18	DI2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.22	DI3 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.23	DI3 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
	Common parameters f	or DIOx (15	5.01 Module 2 type = FIO-01 o	r <i>FIO-11</i> )				
15.05	DIO status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
15.06	DIO delayed status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
	DIO1/DIO2 (	15.01 Modu	ile 2 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11)					
15.08	DIO filter time	real32	0.8 100.0	ms	10 = 1 ms			
15.09	DIO1 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
15.11	DIO1 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
15.12	DIO1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.13	DIO1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
15.14	DIO2 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
15.16	DIO2 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
15.17	DIO2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.18	DIO2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
	DIO3/DI	04 (15.01	Module 2 type = FIO-01)					
15.19	DIO3 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
15.21	DIO3 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
15.22	DIO3 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.23	DIO3 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.24	DIO4 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
15.26	DIO4 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
15.27	DIO4 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
15.28	DIO4 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
	RO1/RO2 (15	5.01 Module	e 2 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01)		•			
15.31	RO status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
15.34	RO1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
15.35	RO1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
15.36	RO1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32		
15.37	RO2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1		
15.38	RO2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s		
15.39	RO2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s		
Common parameters for Alx (15.01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)							
15.19	Al supervision function	uint16	04	-	1 = 1		
15.20	Al supervision selection	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1		
15.21	Al tune	uint16	06 (FIO-11) 04 (FAIO-01)	-	1 = 1		
15.22	Al force selection	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1		
	AI1/AI2 (15.	01 Module	2 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)				
15.26	Al1 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit		
15.27	Al1 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1		
15.28	Al1 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit		
15.29	Al1 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1		
15.30	Al1 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1		
15.31	Al1 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1		
15.32	Al1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	S	1000 = 1 s		
15.33	Al1 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V		
15.34	Al1 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V		
15.35	Al1 scaled at Al1 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1		
15.36	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1		
15.41	Al2 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit		
15.42	Al2 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1		
15.43	Al2 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit		
15.44	AI2 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1		
15.45	Al2 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1		
15.46	Al2 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1		
15.47	Al2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s		
15.48	AI2 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V		
15.49	Al2 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V		
15.50	Al2 scaled at Al2 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1		
15.51	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1		
	AI3	(15.01 Mod	lule 2 type = FIO-11)				
15.56	Al3 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit		
15.57	Al3 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1		
15.58	Al3 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit		
15.59	Al3 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1		
15.60	Al3 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1		
15.61	Al3 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1		

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
15.62	AI3 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	S	1000 = 1 s
15.63	AI3 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
15.64	Al3 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
15.65	Al3 scaled at Al3 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
15.66	Al3 scaled at Al3 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
	Common parameters for	or AOx (15.	01 Module 2 type = FIO-11 or	FAIO-01)	
15.71	AO force selection	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	AO1 (15.0	1 Module 2	type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)		
15.76	AO1 actual value	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
15.77	AO1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
15.78	AO1 force data	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
15.79	AO1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	S	1000 = 1 s
15.80	AO1 source min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
15.81	AO1 source max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
15.82	AO1 out at AO1 src min	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
15.83	AO1 out at AO1 src max	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
	AO2 (	15.01 Mod	lule 2 type = FAIO-01)		
15.86	AO2 actual value	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
15.87	AO2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
15.88	AO2 force data	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
15.89	AO2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	S	1000 = 1 s
15.90	AO2 source min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
15.91	AO2 source max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
15.92	AO2 out at AO2 src min	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
15.93	AO2 out at AO2 src max	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
16 I/O e	xtension module 3				
16.01	Module 3 type	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
16.02	Module 3 location	uint16	1254	-	1 = 1
16.03	Module 3 status	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
	Dlx (	16.01 Modu	ule 3 type = FDIO-01)	-	
16.05	DI status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
16.06	DI delayed status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
16.08	DI filter time	real32	0.8 100.0	ms	10 = 1 ms
16.12	DI1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
16.13	DI1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
16.17	DI2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
16.18	DI2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
16.22	DI3 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s
16.23	DI3 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32			
	Common parameters i	for DIOx (16	6.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 c	or <i>FIO-11</i> )				
16.05	DIO status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
16.06	DIO delayed status	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
DIO1/DIO2 (16.01 Module 3 type = FIO-01 or FIO-11)								
16.08	DIO filter time	real32	0.8 100.0	ms	10 = 1 ms			
16.09	DIO1 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
16.11	DIO1 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
16.12	DIO1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
16.13	DIO1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
16.14	DIO2 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
16.16	DIO2 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
16.17	DIO2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
16.18	DIO2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
	DIO3/D	IO4 (16.01	Module 3 type = FIO-01)	l	I.			
16.19	DIO3 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
16.21	DIO3 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
16.22	DIO3 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
16.23	DIO3 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
16.24	DIO4 function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
16.26	DIO4 output source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
16.27	DIO4 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
16.28	DIO4 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
	RO1/RO2 (1	6.01 Module	e 3 type = FIO-01 or FDIO-01)					
16.31	RO status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
16.34	RO1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
16.35	RO1 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
16.36	RO1 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	S	100 = 1 s			
16.37	RO2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
16.38	RO2 ON delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
16.39	RO2 OFF delay	real32	0.00 3000.00	s	100 = 1 s			
	Common parameters	for Alx (16.0	01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or	FAIO-01)				
16.19	Al supervision function	uint16	04	-	1 = 1			
16.20	Al supervision selection	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
16.21	Al tune	uint16	06 (FIO-11) 04 (FAIO-01)	-	1 = 1			
16.22	Al force selection	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
	AI1/AI2 (16	.01 Module	3 type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)		•			
16.26	Al1 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit			
16.27	Al1 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1			
16.28	Al1 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit			
16.29	Al1 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1			

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
16.30	Al1 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
16.31	Al1 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
16.32	Al1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
16.33	Al1 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
16.34	Al1 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
16.35	Al1 scaled at Al1 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
16.36	Al1 scaled at Al1 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
16.41	Al2 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
16.42	Al2 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
16.43	Al2 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
16.44	AI2 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
16.45	Al2 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
16.46	Al2 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
16.47	Al2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	S	1000 = 1 s
16.48	Al2 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
16.49	Al2 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
16.50	Al2 scaled at Al2 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
16.51	Al2 scaled at Al2 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
	AI3	(16.01 Mod	lule 3 type = FIO-11)	l .	
16.56	Al3 actual value	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
16.57	Al3 scaled value	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
16.58	Al3 force data	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 unit
16.59	AI3 HW switch position	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
16.60	Al3 unit selection	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
16.61	Al3 filter gain	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
16.62	AI3 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	S	1000 = 1 s
16.63	Al3 min	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
16.64	Al3 max	real32	-22.000 22.000	mA or V	1000 = 1 mA or V
16.65	Al3 scaled at Al3 min	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
16.66	Al3 scaled at Al3 max	real32	-32768.000 32767.000	-	1000 = 1
	Common parameters fo	or AOx (16.	01 Module 3 type = FIO-11 or	FAIO-01)	
16.71	AO force selection	uint16	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	AO1 (16.0	1 Module 3	type = FIO-11 or FAIO-01)		
16.76	AO1 actual value	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
16.77	AO1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
16.78	AO1 force data	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
16.79	AO1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
16.80	AO1 source min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
16.81	AO1 source max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
16.82	AO1 out at AO1 src min	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
16.83	AO1 out at AO1 src max	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
	AO2	(16.01 Mod	ule 3 type = FAIO-01)		1
16.86	AO2 actual value	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
16.87	AO2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
16.88	AO2 force data	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
16.89	AO2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
16.90	AO2 source min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
16.91	AO2 source max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
16.92	AO2 out at AO2 src min	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
16.93	AO2 out at AO2 src max	real32	0.000 22.000	mA	1000 = 1 mA
19 Oper	ation mode				
19.01	Actual operation mode	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
19.11	Ext1/Ext2 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
19.12	Ext1 control mode	uint16	17	-	1 = 1
19.14	Ext2 control mode	uint16	17	-	1 = 1
19.16	Local control mode	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
19.17	Local control disable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
19.20	Scalar control reference unit	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
20 Start	/stop/direction				
20.01	Ext1 commands	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
20.02	Ext1 start trigger type	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
20.03	Ext1 in1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.04	Ext1 in2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.05	Ext1 in3 source	uint32	•	-	1 = 1
20.06	Ext2 commands	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
20.07	Ext2 start trigger type	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
20.08	Ext2 in1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.09	Ext2 in2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.10	Ext2 in3 source	uint32	-	_	1 = 1
20.11	Run enable stop mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
20.12	Run enable 1 source	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
20.19	Enable start command	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.23	Positive speed enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.24	Negative speed enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.25	Jogging enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.26	Jogging 1 start source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.27	Jogging 2 start source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
20.29	Local start trigger type	uint16	01	_	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
20.30	Enable signals warning function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
21 Start	/stop mode				
21.01	Start mode	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
21.02	Magnetization time	uint16	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
21.03	Stop mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
21.04	Emergency stop mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
21.05	Emergency stop source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
21.06	Zero speed limit	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
21.07	Zero speed delay	real32	030000	ms	1 = 1 ms
21.08	DC current control	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
21.09	DC hold speed	real32	0.00 1000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
21.10	DC current reference	real32	0.0 100.0	%	10 = 1%
21.11	Post magnetization time	uint32	03000	S	1 = 1 s
21.12	Continuous magnetization command	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
21.13	Autophasing mode	real32	03	-	1 = 1
21.14	Pre-heating input source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
21.16	Pre-heating current	real32	0.0 30.0	%	10 = 1%
21.18	Auto restart time	real32	0.0, 0.1 5.0	s	10 = 1 s
21.19	Scalar start mode	real32	02	-	1 = 1
21.20	Follower force ramp stop	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22 Spee	d reference selection				
22.01	Speed ref unlimited	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.11	Speed ref1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.12	Speed ref2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.13	Speed ref1 function	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
22.14	Speed ref1/2 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.15	Speed additive 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.16	Speed share	real32	-8.000 8.000	-	1000 = 1
22.17	Speed additive 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.21	Constant speed function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
22.22	Constant speed sel1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.23	Constant speed sel2	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.24	Constant speed sel3	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.26	Constant speed 1	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.27	Constant speed 2	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.28	Constant speed 3	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.29	Constant speed 4	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.30	Constant speed 5	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.31	Constant speed 6	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.32	Constant speed 7	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
22.41	Speed ref safe	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.42	Jogging 1 ref	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.43	Jogging 2 ref	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.51	Critical speed function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
22.52	Critical speed 1 low	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.53	Critical speed 1 high	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.54	Critical speed 2 low	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.55	Critical speed 2 high	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.56	Critical speed 3 low	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.57	Critical speed 3 high	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.71	Motor potentiometer function	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
22.72	Motor potentiometer initial value	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
22.73	Motor potentiometer up source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.74	Motor potentiometer down source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
22.75	Motor potentiometer ramp time	real32	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s
22.76	Motor potentiometer min value	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
22.77	Motor potentiometer max value	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
22.80	Motor potentiometer ref act	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
22.81	Speed reference act 1	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.82	Speed reference act 2	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.83	Speed reference act 3	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.84	Speed reference act 4	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.85	Speed reference act 5	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.86	Speed reference act 6	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
22.87	Speed reference act 7	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
23 Spee	ed reference ramp				
23.01	Speed ref ramp input	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
23.02	Speed ref ramp output	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
23.11	Ramp set selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
23.12	Acceleration time 1	real32	0.0001800.000	S	1000 = 1 s
23.13	Deceleration time 1	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.14	Acceleration time 2	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.15	Deceleration time 2	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.16	Shape time acc 1	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.17	Shape time acc 2	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.18	Shape time dec 1	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.19	Shape time dec 2	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.20	Acc time jogging	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
23.21	Dec time jogging	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
23.23	Emergency stop time	real32	0.0001800.000	S	1000 = 1 s
23.24	Speed ramp in zero source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
23.26	Ramp out balancing enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
23.27	Ramp out balancing ref	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
23.28	Variable slope enable	uint32	01	-	1 = 1
23.29	Variable slope rate	real32	230000	ms	1 = 1 ms
23.39	Follower speed correction out	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
23.40	Follower speed correction enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
23.41	Follower speed correction gain	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
23.42	Follower speed corr torq source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
24 Spee	d reference conditioning				
24.01	Used speed reference	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.02	Used speed feedback	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.03	Speed error filtered	real32	-30000.0 30000.0	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.04	Speed error inverted	real32	-30000.0 30000.0	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.11	Speed correction	real32	-10000.00 10000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.12	Speed error filter time	real32	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
24.13	RFE speed filter	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
24.14	Frequency of zero	real32	0.50 500.00	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
24.15	Damping of zero	real32	-1.000 1.000	-	100 = 1
24.16	Frequency of pole	real32	0.50 500.00	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
24.17	Damping of pole	real32	-1.000 1.000	-	100 = 1
24.41	Speed error window control enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
24.42	Speed window control mode	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
24.43	Speed error window high	real32	0.00 3000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.44	Speed error window low	real32	0.00 3000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
24.46	Speed error step	real32	-3000.00 3000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
25 Spee	d control				
25.01	Torque reference speed control	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
25.02	Speed proportional gain	real32	0.00 250.00	-	100 = 1
25.03	Speed integration time	real32	0.00 1000.00	s	100 = 1 s
25.04	Speed derivation time	real32	0.000 10.000	s	1000 = 1 s
25.05	Derivation filter time	real32	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
25.06	Acc comp derivation time	real32	0.00 1000.00	s	100 = 1 s
25.07	Acc comp filter time	real32	0.0 1000.0	ms	10 = 1 ms
25.08	Drooping rate	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
25.09	Speed ctrl balancing enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
25.10	Speed ctrl balancing ref	real32	-300.0 300.0	%	10 = 1%

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
25.11	Speed control min torque	real32	-1600.0 0.0	%	10 = 1%
25.12	Speed control max torque	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
25.13	Min torq sp ctrl em stop	real32	-1600 0	%	10 = 1%
25.14	Max torq sp ctrl em stop	real32	01600	%	10 = 1%
25.15	Proportional gain em stop	real32	1.00 250.00	-	100 = 1
25.18	Speed adapt min limit	real32	030000	rpm	1 = 1 rpm
25.19	Speed adapt max limit	real32	030000	rpm	1 = 1 rpm
25.21	Kp adapt coef at min speed	real32	0.000 10.000	-	1000 = 1
25.22	Ti adapt coef at min speed	real32	0.000 10.000	-	1000 = 1
25.25	Torque adapt max limit	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
25.26	Torque adapt filt time	real32	0.000 100.000	s	1000 = 1 s
25.27	Kp adapt coef at min torque	real32	0.000 10.000	-	1000 = 1
25.30	Flux adaption enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
25.33	Speed controller autotune	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
25.34	Speed controller autotune mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
25.37	Mechanical time constant	real32	0.00 1000.00	s	100 = 1 s
25.38	Autotune torque step	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
25.39	Autotune speed step	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
25.40	Autotune repeat times	uint16	110	-	1 = 1
25.41	Torque reference Autotune2	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
25.42	Integral term enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
25.53	Torque prop reference	real32	-30000.0 30000.0	%	10 = 1%
25.54	Torque integral reference	real32	-30000.0 30000.0	%	10 = 1%
25.55	Torque deriv reference	real32	-30000.0 30000.0	%	10 = 1%
25.56	Torque acc compensation	real32	-30000.0 30000.0	%	10 = 1%
25.57	Torque reference unbalanced	real32	-30000.0 30000.0	%	10 = 1%
26 Torq	ue reference chain				
26.01	Torque reference to TC	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.02	Torque reference used	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.08	Minimum torque ref	real32	-1000.0 0.0	%	10 = 1%
26.09	Maximum torque ref	real32	0.0 1000.0	%	10 = 1%
26.11	Torque ref1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.12	Torque ref2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.13	Torque ref1 function	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
26.14	Torque ref1/2 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.15	Load share	real32	-8.000 8.000	-	1000 = 1
26.16	Torque additive 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.17	Torque ref filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
26.18	Torque ramp up time	real32	0.000 60.000	s	1000 = 1 s
26.19	Torque ramp down time	real32	0.000 60.000	S	1000 = 1 s

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
26.25	Torque additive 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.26	Force torque ref add 2 zero	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.41	Torque step	real32	-300.0 300.0	%	10 = 1%
26.42	Torque step enable	uint32	01	-	1 = 1
26.43	Torque step pointer enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.44	Torque step source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.51	Oscillation damping	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.52	Oscillation damping out enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
26.53	Oscillation compensation input	uint32	01	-	1 = 1
26.55	Oscillation damping frequency	real32	0.1 60.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
26.56	Oscillation damping phase	real32	0360	deg	1 = 1 deg
26.57	Oscillation damping gain	real32	0.0 100.0	%	10 = 1%
26.58	Oscillation damping output	real32	-1600.000 1600.000	%	1000 = 1%
26.70	Torque reference act 1	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.71	Torque reference act 2	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.72	Torque reference act 3	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.73	Torque reference act 4	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.74	Torque ref ramp out	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.75	Torque reference act 5	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.76	Torque reference act 6	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.77	Torque ref add A actual	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.78	Torque ref add B actual	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
26.81	Rush control gain	real32	0.0 10000.0	-	10 = 1
26.82	Rush control integration time	real32	0.0 10.0	s	10 = 1 s
28 Freq	uency reference chain				
28.01	Frequency ref ramp input	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.02	Frequency ref ramp output	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.11	Frequency ref1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.12	Frequency ref2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.13	Frequency ref1 function	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
28.14	Frequency ref1/2 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.21	Constant frequency function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
28.22	Constant frequency sel1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.23	Constant frequency sel2	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.24	Constant frequency sel3	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.26	Constant frequency 1	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.27	Constant frequency 2	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.28	Constant frequency 3	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.29	Constant frequency 4	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.30	Constant frequency 5	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.31	Constant frequency 6	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
28.32	Constant frequency 7	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.41	Frequency ref safe	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.51	Critical frequency function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
28.52	Critical frequency 1 low	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.53	Critical frequency 1 high	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.54	Critical frequency 2 low	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.55	Critical frequency 2 high	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.56	Critical frequency 3 low	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.57	Critical frequency 3 high	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.71	Freq ramp set selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.72	Freq acceleration time 1	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
28.73	Freq deceleration time 1	real32	0.0001800.000	s	1000 = 1 s
28.74	Freq acceleration time 2	real32	0.0001800.000	S	1000 = 1 s
28.75	Freq deceleration time 2	real32	0.0001800.000	S	1000 = 1 s
28.76	Freq ramp in zero source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.77	Freq ramp hold	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.78	Freq ramp output balancing	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.79	Freq ramp out balancing enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
28.90	Frequency ref act 1	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.91	Frequency ref act 2	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.92	Frequency ref act 3	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.96	Frequency ref act 7	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
28.97	Frequency ref unlimited	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
29 Volta	ge reference chain				
	(Group o	only visible	with a BCU control unit)		
29.01	Torque ref DC voltage control	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
29.02	DC voltage ref	real32	02000	V	1 = 1 V
29.03	DC voltage ref used	real32	02000	V	1 = 1 V
29.04	DC voltage ref ramped	real32	02000	V	1 = 1 V
29.05	Filtered DC voltage	real32	02000	V	1 = 1 V
29.06	DC voltage error	real32	-20002000	V	1 = 1 V
29.07	Power reference	real32	-300.00 300.00	%	100 = 1%
29.09	Minimum DC voltage reference	real32	02000	V	1 = 1 V
29.10	Maximum DC voltage reference	real32	02000	V	1 = 1 V
29.11	DC voltage ref1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
29.12	DC voltage ref2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
29.13	DC voltage ref1 function	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
29.14	DC voltage ref1/2 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
29.17	DC voltage filter time	real32	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32			
29.18	DC voltage ramp down speed	real32	030000	V/s	1 = 1 V/s			
29.19	DC voltage ramp up speed	real32	030000	V/s	1 = 1 V/s			
29.20	DC voltage proportional gain	real32	0.00 1000.00	-	100 = 1			
29.21	DC voltage integration time	real32	0.0000 60.0000	s	10000 = 1 s			
29.25	DC capacitance source	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
29.26	Used DC capacitance	real32	0.000 1000.000	mF	1000 = 1 mF			
29.70	Speed data point 1	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
29.71	Torque data point 1	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%			
29.72	Speed data point 2	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
29.73	Torque data point 2	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%			
29.74	Speed data point 3	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
29.75	Torque data point 3	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%			
29.76	Speed data point 4	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
29.77	Torque data point 4	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%			
29.78	Speed data point 5	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
29.79	Torque data point 5	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%			
30 Limits								
30.01	Limit word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
30.02	Torque limit status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
30.11	Minimum speed	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
30.12	Maximum speed	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
30.13	Minimum frequency	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz			
30.14	Maximum frequency	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz			
30.15	Maximum start current enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
30.16	Maximum start current	real32	0.00 30000.00	Α	100 = 1 A			
30.17	Maximum current	real32	0.00 30000.00	Α	100 = 1 A			
30.18	Minimum torque sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
30.19	Minimum torque 1	real32	-1600.0 0.0	%	10 = 1%			
30.20	Maximum torque 1	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%			
30.21	Minimum torque 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
30.22	Maximum torque 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
30.23	Minimum torque 2	real32	-1600.0 0.0	%	10 = 1%			
30.24	Maximum torque 2	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%			
30.25	Maximum torque sel	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
30.26	Power motoring limit	real32	0.00 600.00	%	100 = 1%			
30.27	Power generating limit	real32	-600.00 0.00	%	100 = 1%			
30.30	Overvoltage control	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
30.31	Undervoltage control	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
30.35	Thermal current limitation	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
(Parameters 30.10130.149 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20)								
30.101	LSU limit word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32			
30.102	LSU limit word 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	_	1 = 1			
30.103	LSU limit word 3	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
30.104	LSU limit word 4	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
30.148	LSU minimum power limit	real32	-200.0 0.0	%	10 = 1%			
30.149	LSU maximum power limit	real32	0.0 200.0	%	10 = 1%			
31 Fault functions								
31.01	External event 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
31.02	External event 1 type	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
31.03	External event 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
31.04	External event 2 type	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
31.05	External event 3 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
31.06	External event 3 type	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
31.07	External event 4 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
31.08	External event 4 type	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
31.09	External event 5 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
31.10	External event 5 type	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
31.11	Fault reset selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1			
31.12	Autoreset selection	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
31.13	User selectable fault	uint32	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
31.14	Number of trials	uint32	05	-	1 = 1			
31.15	Total trials time	real32	1.0 600.0	s	10 = 1 s			
31.16	Delay time	real32	0.0 120.0	s	10 = 1 s			
31.19	Motor phase loss	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
31.20	Earth fault	uint16	02	-	1 = 1			
31.22	STO indication run/stop	uint16	05	-	1 = 1			
31.23	Wiring or earth fault	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
31.24	Stall function	uint16	02	-	1 = 1			
31.25	Stall current limit	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%			
31.26	Stall speed limit	real32	0.00 10000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
31.27	Stall frequency limit	real32	0.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz			
31.28	Stall time	real32	03600	s	1 = 1 s			
31.30	Overspeed trip margin	real32	0.00 10000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm			
31.32	Emergency ramp supervision	real32	0300	%	1 = 1%			
31.33	Emergency ramp supervision delay	real32	032767	s	1 = 1 s			
31.35	Main fan fault function	uint16	02	-	1 = 1			
(Parameter 31.36 only visible with a ZCU control unit)								
31.36	Aux fan fault function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
31.37	Ramp stop supervision	real32	0300	%	1 = 1%			
31.38	Ramp stop supervision delay	real32	032767	s	1 = 1 s			
31.40	Disable warning messages	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32				
31.42	Overcurrent fault limit	real32	0.00 30000.00	А	100 = 1 A				
31.54	Fault action	uint16	01	-	1 = 1				
31.55	Ext I/O comm loss event	uint16	02	-	1 = 1				
	(Parameters 31.12031.121 only visible when IGBT supply unit control activated by 95.20)								
31.120	LSU earth fault	uint16	01	-	1 = 1				
31.121	LSU supply phase loss	uint16	01	-	1 = 1				
32 Supe	ervision								
32.01	Supervision status	uint16	000b111b	-	1 = 1				
32.05	Supervision 1 function	uint16	06	-	1 = 1				
32.06	Supervision 1 action	uint16	03	-	1 = 1				
32.07	Supervision 1 signal	uint32	-	-	1 = 1				
32.08	Supervision 1 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	S	1000 = 1 s				
32.09	Supervision 1 low	real32	-21474830.00 21474830.00	-	100 = 1				
32.10	Supervision 1 high	real32	-21474830.00 21474830.00	-	100 = 1				
32.15	Supervision 2 function	uint16	06	-	1 = 1				
32.16	Supervision 2 action	uint16	03	-	1 = 1				
32.17	Supervision 2 signal	uint32	-	-	1 = 1				
32.18	Supervision 2 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s				
32.19	Supervision 2 low	real32	-21474830.00 21474830.00	-	100 = 1				
32.20	Supervision 2 high	real32	-21474830.00 21474830.00	-	100 = 1				
32.25	Supervision 3 function	uint16	06	-	1 = 1				
32.26	Supervision 3 action	uint16	03	-	1 = 1				
32.27	Supervision 3 signal	uint32	-	-	1 = 1				
32.28	Supervision 3 filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s				
32.29	Supervision 3 low	real32	-21474830.00 21474830.00	-	100 = 1				
32.30	Supervision 3 high	real32	-21474830.00 21474830.00	-	100 = 1				
33 Gene	eric timer & counter								
33.01	Counter status	uint16	000000b111111b	-	1 = 1				
33.10	On-time 1 actual	uint32	04294967295	s	1 = 1 s				
33.11	On-time 1 warn limit	uint32	04294967295	s	1 = 1 s				
33.12	On-time 1 function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1				
33.13	On-time 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1				
33.14	On-time 1 warn message	uint32	-	-	1 = 1				
33.20	On-time 2 actual	uint32	04294967295	s	1 = 1 s				
33.21	On-time 2 warn limit	uint32	04294967295	s	1 = 1 s				
33.22	On-time 2 function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1				
33.23	On-time 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1				

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
33.24	On-time 2 warn message	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
33.30	Edge counter 1 actual	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
33.31	Edge counter 1 warn limit	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
33.32	Edge counter 1 function	uint16	0000b1111b	-	1 = 1
33.33	Edge counter 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
33.34	Edge counter 1 divider	uint32	14294967295	-	1 = 1
33.35	Edge counter 1 warn message	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
33.40	Edge counter 2 actual	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
33.41	Edge counter 2 warn limit	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
33.42	Edge counter 2 function	uint16	0000b1111b	-	1 = 1
33.43	Edge counter 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
33.44	Edge counter 2 divider	uint32	14294967295	-	1 = 1
33.45	Edge counter 2 warn message	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
33.50	Value counter 1 actual	real32	-2147483008 2147483008	-	1 = 1
33.51	Value counter 1 warn limit	real32	-2147483008 2147483008	-	1 = 1
33.52	Value counter 1 function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
33.53	Value counter 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
33.54	Value counter 1 divider	real32	0.001 2147483.000	-	1000 = 1
33.55	Value counter 1 warn message	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
33.60	Value counter 2 actual	real32	-2147483008 2147483008	-	1 = 1
33.61	Value counter 2 warn limit	real32	-2147483008 2147483008	-	1 = 1
33.62	Value counter 2 function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
33.63	Value counter 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
33.64	Value counter 2 divider	real32	0.001 2147483.000	-	1000 = 1
33.65	Value counter 2 warn message	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
35 Moto	r thermal protection				
35.01	Motor estimated temperature	real32	-60 1000	°C or °F	1 = 1°
35.02	Measured temperature 1	real32	-60 1000 °C, -76 1832 °F, 05000 ohm	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.03	Measured temperature 2	real32	-60 1000 °C, -76 1832 °F, 05000 ohm	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.04	FPTC status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
35.05	Motor overload level	real32	0.0 300.0	%	10 = 1%
35.11	Temperature 1 source	uint16	011	-	1 = 1
35.12	Temperature 1 fault limit	real32	-60 1000 °C, -76 1832 °F or 05000 ohm	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
35.13	Temperature 1 warning limit	real32	-60 1000 °C, -76 1832 °F or 05000 ohm	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.14	Temperature 1 Al source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
35.21	Temperature 2 source	uint16	011	-	1 = 1
35.22	Temperature 2 fault limit	real32	-60 1000 °C, -76 1832 °F or 05000 ohm	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.23	Temperature 2 warning limit	real32	-60 1000 °C, -76 1832 °F or 05000 ohm	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
35.24	Temperature 2 Al source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
35.30	FPTC configuration word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
35.50	Motor ambient temperature	int16	-60 100 °C or -76 212 °F	°C or °F	1 = 1°
35.51	Motor load curve	uint16	50150	%	1 = 1%
35.52	Zero speed load	uint16	25150	%	1 = 1%
35.53	Break point	uint16	1.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
35.54	Motor nominal temperature rise	uint16	0300 °C or 32572 °F	°C or °F	1 = 1°
35.55	Motor thermal time constant	uint16	10010000	s	1 = 1 s
35.56	Motor overload action	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
35.57	Motor overload class	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
35.60	Cable temperature	real32	0.0 200.0	%	10 = 1%
35.61	Cable nominal current	real32	0.00 10000.0	Α	100 = 1 A
35.62	Cable thermal rise time	uint16	050000	s	1 = 1 s
35.100	DOL starter control source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
35.101	DOL starter on delay	uint32	042949673	s	1 = 1 s
35.102	DOL starter off delay	uint32	0715828	min	1 = 1 min
35.103	DOL starter feedback source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
35.104	DOL starter feedback delay	uint32	042949673	s	1 = 1 s
35.105	DOL starter status word	uint16	0000b1111b	-	1 = 1
35.106	DOL starter event type	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
36 Load	analyzer				
36.01	PVL signal source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
36.02	PVL filter time	real32	0.00 120.00	s	100 = 1 s
36.06	AL2 signal source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
36.07	AL2 signal scaling	real32	0.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
36.08	Logger function	uint16	00b11b	-	1 = 1
36.09	Reset loggers	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
36.10	PVL peak value	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
36.11	PVL peak date	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
36.12	PVL peak time	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
36.13	PVL current at peak	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	Α	100 = 1 A

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
36.14	PVL DC voltage at peak	real32	0.00 2000.00	V	100 = 1 V
36.15	PVL speed at peak	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
36.16	PVL reset date	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
36.17	PVL reset time	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
36.20	AL1 below 10%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.21	AL1 10 to 20%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.22	AL1 20 to 30%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.23	AL1 30 to 40%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.24	AL1 40 to 50%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.25	AL1 50 to 60%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.26	AL1 60 to 70%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.27	AL1 70 to 80%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.28	AL1 80 to 90%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.29	AL1 over 90%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.40	AL2 below 10%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.41	AL2 10 to 20%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.42	AL2 20 to 30%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.43	AL2 30 to 40%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.44	AL2 40 to 50%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.45	AL2 50 to 60%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.46	AL2 60 to 70%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.47	AL2 70 to 80%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.48	AL2 80 to 90%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.49	AL2 over 90%	real32	0.00 100.00	%	100 = 1%
36.50	AL2 reset date	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
36.51	AL2 reset time	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
37 User	load curve				
37.01	ULC output status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
37.02	ULC supervision signal	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
37.03	ULC overload actions	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
37.04	ULC underload actions	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
37.11	ULC speed table point 1	real32	0.0 30000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.12	ULC speed table point 2	real32	0.0 30000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.13	ULC speed table point 3	real32	0.0 30000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.14	ULC speed table point 4	real32	0.0 30000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.15	ULC speed table point 5	real32	0.0 30000.0	rpm	10 = 1 rpm
37.16	ULC frequency table point 1	real32	0.0 500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.17	ULC frequency table point 2	real32	0.0 500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.18	ULC frequency table point 3	real32	0.0 500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.19	ULC frequency table point 4	real32	0.0 500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
37.20	ULC frequency table point 5	real32	0.0 500.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
37.21	ULC underload point 1	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.22	ULC underload point 2	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.23	ULC underload point 3	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.24	ULC underload point 4	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.25	ULC underload point 5	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.31	ULC overload point 1	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.32	ULC overload point 2	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.33	ULC overload point 3	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.34	ULC overload point 4	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.35	ULC overload point 5	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
37.41	ULC overload timer	real32	0.0 10000.0	S	10 = 1 s
37.42	ULC underload timer	real32	0.0 10000.0	S	10 = 1 s
40 Proc	ess PID set 1				
40.01	Process PID output actual	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.02	Process PID feedback actual	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.03	Process PID setpoint actual	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.04	Process PID deviation actual	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.05	Process PID trim output act	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.06	Process PID status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
40.07	Set 1 PID operation mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
40.08	Set 1 feedback 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.09	Set 1 feedback 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.10	Set 1 feedback function	uint16	011	-	1 = 1
40.11	Set 1 feedback filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
40.12	Set 1 unit selection	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
40.14	Set 1 setpoint scaling	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
40.15	Set 1 output scaling	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
40.16	Set 1 setpoint 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.17	Set 1 setpoint 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.18	Set 1 setpoint function	uint16	011	-	1 = 1
40.19	Set 1 internal setpoint sel1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.20	Set 1 internal setpoint sel2	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.21	Set 1 internal setpoint 1	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.22	Set 1 internal setpoint 2	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.23	Set 1 internal setpoint 3	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
40.24	Set 1 internal setpoint 4	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.25	Set 1 setpoint selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.26	Set 1 setpoint min	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
40.27	Set 1 setpoint max	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	-	100 = 1
40.28	Set 1 setpoint increase time	real32	0.0 1800.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.29	Set 1 setpoint decrease time	real32	0.0 1800.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.30	Set 1 setpoint freeze enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.31	Set 1 deviation inversion	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.32	Set 1 gain	real32	0.10 100.00	-	100 = 1
40.33	Set 1 integration time	real32	0.0 32767.0	S	10 = 1 s
40.34	Set 1 derivation time	real32	0.000 10.000	S	1000 = 1 s
40.35	Set 1 derivation filter time	real32	0.0 10.0	S	10 = 1 s
40.36	Set 1 output min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
40.37	Set 1 output max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
40.38	Set 1 output freeze enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.39	Set 1 deadband range	real32	0.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
40.40	Set 1 deadband delay	real32	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.41	Set 1 sleep mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
40.42	Set 1 sleep enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.43	Set 1 sleep level	real32	0.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
40.44	Set 1 sleep delay	real32	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.45	Set 1 sleep boost time	real32	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s
40.46	Set 1 sleep boost step	real32	0.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
40.47	Set 1 wake-up deviation	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
40.48	Set 1 wake-up delay	real32	0.00 60.00	s	100 = 1 s
40.49	Set 1 tracking mode	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.50	Set 1 tracking ref selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.51	Set 1 trim mode	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
40.52	Set 1 trim selection	uint16	13	-	1 = 1
40.53	Set 1 trimmed ref pointer	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.54	Set 1 trim mix	real32	0.000 1.000	-	1000 = 1
40.55	Set 1 trim adjust	real32	-100.000 100.000	-	1000 = 1
40.56	Set 1 trim source	uint16	12	-	1 = 1
40.57	PID set1/set2 selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.60	Set 1 PID activation source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
40.91	Feedback data storage	real32	-327.68 327.67	-	100 = 1
40.92	Setpoint data storage	real32	-327.68 327.67	-	100 = 1
41 Proc	ess PID set 2				
41.07	Set 2 PID operation mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
41.08	Set 2 feedback 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
41.09	Set 2 feedback 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.10	Set 2 feedback function	uint16	011	-	1 = 1
41.11	Set 2 feedback filter time	real32	0.000 30.000	s	1000 = 1 s
41.12	Set 2 unit selection	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
41.14	Set 2 setpoint scaling	real32	-32768 32767	-	100 = 1
41.15	Set 2 output scaling	real32	-32768 32767	-	100 = 1
41.16	Set 2 setpoint 1 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.17	Set 2 setpoint 2 source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.18	Set 2 setpoint function	uint16	011	-	1 = 1
41.19	Set 2 internal setpoint sel1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.20	Set 2 internal setpoint sel2	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.21	Set 2 internal setpoint 1	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
41.22	Set 2 internal setpoint 2	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
41.23	Set 2 internal setpoint 3	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
41.24	Set 2 internal setpoint 4	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz
41.25	Set 2 setpoint selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.26	Set 2 setpoint min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	100 = 1
41.27	Set 2 setpoint max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	100 = 1
41.28	Set 2 setpoint increase time	real32	0.0 1800.0	S	10 = 1 s
41.29	Set 2 setpoint decrease time	real32	0.0 1800.0	S	10 = 1 s
41.30	Set 2 setpoint freeze enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.31	Set 2 deviation inversion	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.32	Set 2 gain	real32	0.1 100.0	-	100 = 1
41.33	Set 2 integration time	real32	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.34	Set 2 derivation time	real32	0.0 10.0	s	1000 = 1 s
41.35	Set 2 derivation filter time	real32	0.0 10.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.36	Set 2 output min	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
41.37	Set 2 output max	real32	-32768.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
41.38	Set 2 output freeze enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.39	Set 2 deadband range	real32	0.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
41.40	Set 2 deadband delay	real32	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s
41.41	Set 2 sleep mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
41.42	Set 2 sleep enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.43	Set 2 sleep level	real32	0.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
41.44	Set 2 sleep delay	real32	0.0 3600.0	S	10 = 1 s
41.45	Set 2 sleep boost time	real32	0.0 3600.0	S	10 = 1 s
41.46	Set 2 sleep boost step	real32	0.0 32767.0	-	10 = 1
41.47	Set 2 wake-up deviation	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm, % or Hz	100 = 1 rpm, % or Hz

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
41.48	Set 2 wake-up delay	real32	0.00 60.00	S	100 = 1 s
41.49	Set 2 tracking mode	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.50	Set 2 tracking ref selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.51	Set 2 trim mode	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
41.52	Set 2 trim selection	uint16	13	-	1 = 1
41.53	Set 2 trimmed ref pointer	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
41.54	Set 2 trim mix	real32	0.000 1.000	-	1000 = 1
41.55	Set 2 trim adjust	real32	-100.000 100.000	-	1000 = 1
41.56	Set 2 trim source	uint16	12	-	1 = 1
41.60	Set 2 PID activation source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
43 Brak	e chopper				
43.01	Braking resistor temperature	real32	0.0 120.0	%	10 = 1%
43.06	Brake chopper function	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
43.07	Brake chopper run enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
43.08	Brake resistor thermal to	real32	010000	S	1 = 1 s
43.09	Brake resistor Pmax cont	real32	0.00 10000.00	kW	100 = 1 kW
43.10	Brake resistance	real32	0.0 1000.0	ohm	10 = 1 ohm
43.11	Brake resistor fault limit	real32	0150	%	1 = 1%
43.12	Brake resistor warning limit	real32	0150	%	1 = 1%
44 Mech	nanical brake control				
44.01	Brake control status	uint16	00000000b11111111b	-	1 = 1
44.02	Brake torque memory	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
44.03	Brake open torque reference	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
44.06	Brake control enable	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
44.07	Brake acknowledge selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
44.08	Brake open delay	real32	0.00 5.00	s	100 = 1 s
44.09	Brake open torque source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
44.10	Brake open torque	real32	-10001000	%	10 = 1%
44.11	Keep brake closed	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
44.12	Brake close request	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
44.13	Brake close delay	real32	0.00 60.00	S	100 = 1 s
44.14	Brake close level	real32	0.0 1000.0	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
44.15	Brake close level delay	real32	0.00 10.00	s	100 = 1 s
44.16	Brake reopen delay	real32	0.00 10.00	s	100 = 1 s
44.17	Brake fault function	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
44.18	Brake fault delay	real32	0.00 60.00	s	100 = 1 s
44.21	Filter time brake torque memory	real32	0 100.00	ms	1 = 1 ms
45 Ener	gy efficiency				
45.01	Saved GW hours	uint16	065535	GWh	1 = 1 GWh
45.02	Saved MW hours	uint16	0999	MWh	1 = 1 MWh

45.03   Saved kW hours	No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32	
45.06   Saved money	45.03	Saved kW hours	uint16	0.0 999.0	kWh	10 = 1 kWh	
45.08   CO2 reduction in kilotons	45.05	Saved money x1000	uint32	04294967295	thousand	1 = 1 thousand	
CO2 reduction in tons	45.06	Saved money	uint32	0.00 999.99	`	100 = 1 unit	
Seed   Seed	45.08	CO2 reduction in kilotons	uint16	065535			
45.12   Energy tariff 1	45.09	CO2 reduction in tons	uint16	0.0 999.9			
45.13   Energy tariff 2	45.11	Energy optimizer	uint16	01	-	1 = 1	
45.14   Tariff selection	45.12	Energy tariff 1	uint32	0.000 4294967.295	`	1000 = 1 unit	
45.17   Tariff currency unit   uint16   100102   -   1 = 1     45.18   CO2 conversion factor   uint16   0.000 65.535   metric ton/MWh   metric ton/MWh     45.19   Comparison power   real32   0.0 100000.0   kW   10 = 1 kW     45.21   Energy calculations reset   uint16   01   -   1 = 1     46 Monitoring/scaling settings   real32   0.10 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.01   Speed scaling   real32   0.10 1000.00   Hz   100 = 1 Hz     46.02   Frequency scaling   real32   0.10 1000.00   Hz   100 = 1 Hz     46.03   Torque scaling   real32   0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp   wor hp   100 = 1 unit     46.04   Power scaling   real32   0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp   wor hp   100 = 1 unit     46.05   Current scaling   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.06   Speed ref zero scaling   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.07   Frequency ref zero scaling   real32   0.00 30000.00   Hz   100 = 1 Hz     46.11   Filter time motor speed   real32   0.0.20000   ms   1 = 1 ms     46.12   Filter time output frequency   real32   0 20000   ms   1 = 1 ms     46.21   At speed hysteresis   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.22   At frequency hysteresis   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.33   Above speed limit   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.34   Above speed limit   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.35   Above frequency limit   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.36   Above frequency limit   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.37   At speed hysteresis   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.38   Above torque limit   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.39   Above frequency limit   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.30   Above frequency limit   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     46.31   Above speed limit   real32   0.00 30000.00   rpm   100 = 1 rpm     4	45.13	Energy tariff 2	uint32	0.000 4294967.295	`	1000 = 1 unit	
45.18         CO2 conversion factor         uint16         0.000 65.535         metric ton/MWh         1000 = 1 metric ton/MWh           45.19         Comparison power         real32         0.0 100000.0         kW         10 = 1 kW           45.21         Energy calculations reset         uint16         0 1         -         1 = 1           46 Monitoring/scaling settings <td a="" comparison="" of="" of<="" rows="" td="" the=""><td>45.14</td><td>Tariff selection</td><td>uint32</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>1 = 1</td></td>	<td>45.14</td> <td>Tariff selection</td> <td>uint32</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1 = 1</td>	45.14	Tariff selection	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
45.19         Comparison power         real32         0.0 100000.0         kW         10 = 1 kW           45.21         Energy calculations reset         uint16         01         -         1 = 1           46.01         Speed scaling         real32         0.10 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.02         Frequency scaling         real32         0.10 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 Hz           46.03         Torque scaling         real32         0.1 1000.0         %         10 = 1%           46.04         Power scaling         real32         0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp         kW or hp         100 = 1 unit           46.05         Current scaling         real32         0.00 30000.0         A         1 = 1 A           46.06         Speed ref zero scaling         real32         0.00 30000.0         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.07         Frequency ref zero scaling         real32         0.00 30000.0         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.11         Filter time motor speed         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.12         Filter time power out         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms	45.17	Tariff currency unit	uint16	100102	-	1 = 1	
45.21         Energy calculations reset         uint16         01         -         1 = 1           46 Monitoring/scaling settings           46.01         Speed scaling         rea/32         0.10 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.02         Frequency scaling         rea/32         0.10 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 Hz           46.03         Torque scaling         rea/32         0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp         100 = 1 unit           46.04         Power scaling         rea/32         030000         A         1 = 1 A           46.05         Current scaling         rea/32         030000         A         1 = 1 A           46.06         Speed ref zero scaling         rea/32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.07         Frequency ref zero scaling         rea/32         0.00 30000.00         Hz         100 = 1 rpm           46.11         Filter time motor speed         rea/32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.12         Filter time output frequency         rea/32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.21         At speed hysteresis         rea/32         0 20000         m	45.18	CO2 conversion factor	uint16	0.000 65.535		metric	
46 Monitoring/scaling settings         real32         0.10 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.01 Speed scaling         real32         0.10 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 rpm           46.02 Frequency scaling         real32         0.1 1000.0         W         10 = 1 Hz           46.03 Torque scaling         real32         0.1 30000.00 kW or 0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp         kW or hp         100 = 1 unit           46.05 Current scaling         real32         0 30000         A         1 = 1 A           46.06 Speed ref zero scaling         real32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.07 Frequency ref zero scaling         real32         0.00 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 rpm           46.11 Filter time motor speed         real32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.12 Filter time output frequency         real32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.13 Filter time motor torque         real32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.14 Filter time power out         real32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.21 At speed hysteresis         real32         0.00 3000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm	45.19	Comparison power	real32	0.0 100000.0	kW	10 = 1 kW	
46.01         Speed scaling         real32         0.10 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.02         Frequency scaling         real32         0.10 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 Hz           46.03         Torque scaling         real32         0.1 1000.0         %         10 = 1%           46.04         Power scaling         real32         0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp         kW or hp         100 = 1 unit           46.05         Current scaling         real32         030000         A         1 = 1 A           46.06         Speed ref zero scaling         real32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.07         Frequency ref zero scaling         real32         0.00 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 rpm           46.11         Filter time motor speed         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.12         Filter time output frequency         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.13         Filter time motor torque         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.21         At speed hysteresis         real32         0.0030000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm	45.21	Energy calculations reset	uint16	01	-	1 = 1	
46.02         Frequency scaling         rea/32         0.10 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 Hz           46.03         Torque scaling         rea/32         0.1 1000.0         %         10 = 1%           46.04         Power scaling         rea/32         0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp         kW or hp         100 = 1 unit           46.05         Current scaling         rea/32         0 30000         A         1 = 1 A           46.06         Speed ref zero scaling         rea/32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.07         Frequency ref zero scaling         rea/32         0.00 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 rpm           46.11         Filter time motor speed         rea/32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.12         Filter time output frequency         rea/32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.13         Filter time power out         rea/32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.21         At speed hysteresis         rea/32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.22         At frequency hysteresis         rea/32         0.00 3000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm	46 Mon	toring/scaling settings					
46.03         Torque scaling         real32         0.1 1000.0         %         10 = 1%           46.04         Power scaling         real32         0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp         kW or hp         100 = 1 unit           46.05         Current scaling         real32         030000         A         1 = 1 A           46.06         Speed ref zero scaling         real32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.07         Frequency ref zero scaling         real32         0.00 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 rpm           46.11         Filter time motor speed         real32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.12         Filter time output frequency         real32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.13         Filter time motor torque         real32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.14         Filter time power out         real32         0 20000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.21         At speed hysteresis         real32         0.00 3000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.22         At frequency hysteresis         real32         0.00 3000.0         Hz         100 = 1 rpm <td>46.01</td> <td>Speed scaling</td> <td>real32</td> <td>0.10 30000.00</td> <td>rpm</td> <td>100 = 1 rpm</td>	46.01	Speed scaling	real32	0.10 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm	
46.04         Power scaling         rea/32         0.10 30000.00 kW or 0.10 40214.48 hp         kW or hp         100 = 1 unit           46.05         Current scaling         rea/32         030000         A         1 = 1 A           46.06         Speed ref zero scaling         rea/32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.07         Frequency ref zero scaling         rea/32         0.00 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 Hz           46.11         Filter time motor speed         rea/32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.12         Filter time output frequency         rea/32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.13         Filter time motor torque         rea/32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.14         Filter time power out         rea/32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.21         At speed hysteresis         rea/32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.22         At frequency hysteresis         rea/32         0.00 3000.00         Hz         100 = 1 rpm           46.31         Above speed limit         rea/32         0.00 3000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm	46.02	Frequency scaling	real32	0.10 1000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz	
46.05       Current scaling       real32       030000       A       1 = 1 A         46.06       Speed ref zero scaling       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.07       Frequency ref zero scaling       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.11       Filter time motor speed       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.12       Filter time output frequency       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.13       Filter time motor torque       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.14       Filter time power out       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.21       At speed hysteresis       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.22       At frequency hysteresis       real32       0.00 3000.0       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.00 3000.0       %       1 = 1%         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.00 3000.0       Ppm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1600.0       %       10	46.03	Torque scaling	real32	0.1 1000.0	%	10 = 1%	
46.06       Speed ref zero scaling       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.07       Frequency ref zero scaling       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.11       Filter time motor speed       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.12       Filter time output frequency       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.13       Filter time motor torque       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.14       Filter time power out       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.21       At speed hysteresis       real32       0.0030000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.22       At frequency hysteresis       real32       0.003000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.03000.00       mpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.03000.00       mpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.001000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.01600.0       % <td>46.04</td> <td>Power scaling</td> <td>real32</td> <td></td> <td>kW or hp</td> <td>100 = 1 unit</td>	46.04	Power scaling	real32		kW or hp	100 = 1 unit	
46.07       Frequency ref zero scaling       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.11       Filter time motor speed       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.12       Filter time output frequency       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.13       Filter time motor torque       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.14       Filter time power out       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.21       At speed hysteresis       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.22       At frequency hysteresis       real32       0.00 3000.0       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.00 3000.0       %       1 = 1%         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1600.0       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       0 2       -       1 = 1	46.05	Current scaling	real32	030000	Α	1 = 1 A	
46.11         Filter time motor speed         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.12         Filter time output frequency         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.13         Filter time motor torque         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.14         Filter time power out         real32         020000         ms         1 = 1 ms           46.21         At speed hysteresis         real32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.22         At frequency hysteresis         real32         0.00 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 Hz           46.23         At torque hysteresis         real32         0.00 3000.0         %         1 = 1%           46.31         Above speed limit         real32         0.00 3000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.32         Above frequency limit         real32         0.00 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 Hz           46.33         Above torque limit         real32         0.0 1600.0         %         10 = 1%           46.42         Torque decimals         uint16         02         -         1 = 1           47.01         Data	46.06	Speed ref zero scaling	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm	
46.12       Filter time output frequency       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.13       Filter time motor torque       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.14       Filter time power out       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.21       At speed hysteresis       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.22       At frequency hysteresis       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.00 3000.0       %       1 = 1%         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage       1 real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.01       Data storage 2 real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.07	Frequency ref zero scaling	real32	0.00 1000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz	
46.13       Filter time motor torque       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.14       Filter time power out       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.21       At speed hysteresis       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.22       At frequency hysteresis       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.00 3000.0       %       1 = 1%         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.11	Filter time motor speed	real32	020000	ms	1 = 1 ms	
46.14       Filter time power out       real32       020000       ms       1 = 1 ms         46.21       At speed hysteresis       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.22       At frequency hysteresis       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.0 300.0       %       1 = 1%         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage       1 real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.12	Filter time output frequency	real32	020000	ms	1 = 1 ms	
46.21       At speed hysteresis       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.22       At frequency hysteresis       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.0 300.0       %       1 = 1%         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage       1 real32       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.13	Filter time motor torque	real32	020000	ms	1 = 1 ms	
46.22       At frequency hysteresis       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.0 300.0       %       1 = 1%         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage         47.01       Data storage 1 real32       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.14	Filter time power out	real32	020000	ms	1 = 1 ms	
46.23       At torque hysteresis       real32       0.0 300.0       %       1 = 1%         46.31       Above speed limit       real32       0.00 30000.00       rpm       100 = 1 rpm         46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage         47.01       Data storage 1 real32       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.21	At speed hysteresis	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm	
46.31         Above speed limit         real32         0.00 30000.00         rpm         100 = 1 rpm           46.32         Above frequency limit         real32         0.00 1000.00         Hz         100 = 1 Hz           46.33         Above torque limit         real32         0.0 1600.0         %         10 = 1%           46.42         Torque decimals         uint16         02         -         1 = 1           47 Data storage         47.01         Data storage 1 real32         real32         Defined by 47.31         -         1000 = 1           47.02         Data storage 2 real32         real32         Defined by 47.32         -         1000 = 1	46.22	At frequency hysteresis	real32	0.00 1000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz	
46.32       Above frequency limit       real32       0.00 1000.00       Hz       100 = 1 Hz         46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage         47.01       Data storage 1 real32       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.23	At torque hysteresis	real32	0.0 300.0	%	1 = 1%	
46.33       Above torque limit       real32       0.0 1600.0       %       10 = 1%         46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage         47.01       Data storage 1 real32       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.31	Above speed limit	real32	0.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm	
46.42       Torque decimals       uint16       02       -       1 = 1         47 Data storage         47.01       Data storage 1 real32       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.32	Above frequency limit	real32	0.00 1000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz	
47 Data storage         47.01       Data storage 1 real32       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.33	Above torque limit	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%	
47.01       Data storage 1 real32       real32       Defined by 47.31       -       1000 = 1         47.02       Data storage 2 real32       real32       Defined by 47.32       -       1000 = 1	46.42	Torque decimals	uint16	02	-	1 = 1	
47.02 Data storage 2 real32	47 Data	storage					
	47.01	Data storage 1 real32	real32	Defined by 47.31	-	1000 = 1	
47.03 Data storage 3 real32	47.02	Data storage 2 real32	real32	Defined by 47.32	-	1000 = 1	
	47.03	Data storage 3 real32	real32	Defined by 47.33	-	1000 = 1	

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
47.04	Data storage 4 real32	real32	Defined by 47.34	-	1000 = 1
47.05	Data storage 5 real32	real32	Defined by 47.35	-	1000 = 1
47.06	Data storage 6 real32	real32	Defined by 47.36	-	1000 = 1
47.07	Data storage 7 real32	real32	Defined by 47.37	-	1000 = 1
47.08	Data storage 8 real32	real32	Defined by 47.38	-	1000 = 1
47.11	Data storage 1 int32	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.12	Data storage 2 int32	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.13	Data storage 3 int32	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.14	Data storage 4 int32	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.15	Data storage 5 int32	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.16	Data storage 6 int32	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.17	Data storage 7 int32	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.18	Data storage 8 int32	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
47.21	Data storage 1 int16	int16	-32768 32767	-	1 = 1
47.22	Data storage 2 int16	int16	-32768 32767	-	1 = 1
47.23	Data storage 3 int16	int16	-32768 32767	-	1 = 1
47.24	Data storage 4 int16	int16	-32768 32767	-	1 = 1
47.25	Data storage 5 int16	int16	-32768 32767	-	1 = 1
47.26	Data storage 6 int16	int16	-32768 32767	-	1 = 1
47.27	Data storage 7 int16	int16	-32768 32767	-	1 = 1
47.28	Data storage 8 int16	int16	-32768 32767	-	1 = 1
47.31	Data storage 1 real32 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
47.32	Data storage 2 real32 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
47.33	Data storage 3 real32 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
47.34	Data storage 4 real32 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
47.35	Data storage 5 real32 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
47.36	Data storage 6 real32 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
47.37	Data storage 7 real32 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
47.38	Data storage 8 real32 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
49 Pane	l port communication				
49.01	Node ID number	uint32	132	-	1 = 1
49.03	Baud rate	uint32	15	-	1 = 1
49.04	Communication loss time	uint32	0.3 3000.0	s	10 = 1 s
49.05	Communication loss action	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
49.06	Refresh settings	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
49.07	Panel comm supervision force	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
49.08	Secondary comm. loss action	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
49.14	Panel speed reference unit	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
49.15	Minimum ext speed ref panel	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
49.16	Maximum ext speed ref panel	real32	-30000.00 30000.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
49.17	Minimum ext frequency ref panel	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
49.18	Maximum ext frequency ref panel	real32	-500.00 500.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
49.24	Panel actual source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
50 Field	bus adapter (FBA)				
50.01	FBA A enable	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
50.02	FBA A comm loss func	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
50.03	FBA A comm loss t out	uint16	0.3 6553.5	s	10 = 1 s
50.04	FBA A ref1 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
50.05	FBA A ref2 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
50.07	FBA A actual 1 type	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
50.08	FBA A actual 2 type	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
50.09	FBA A SW transparent source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
50.10	FBA A act1 transparent source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
50.11	FBA A act2 transparent source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
50.12	FBA A debug mode	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
50.13	FBA A control word	uint32	00000000h FFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
50.14	FBA A reference 1	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.15	FBA A reference 2	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.16	FBA A status word	uint32	00000000h FFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
50.17	FBA A actual value 1	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.18	FBA A actual value 2	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.21	FBA A timelevel sel	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
50.26	FBA A comm supervision force	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
50.31	FBA B enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
50.32	FBA B comm loss func	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
50.33	FBA B comm loss timeout	uint16	0.3 6553.5	S	10 = 1 s
50.34	FBA B ref1 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
50.35	FBA B ref2 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
50.37	FBA B actual 1 type	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
50.38	FBA B actual 2 type	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
50.39	FBA B SW transparent source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
50.40	FBA B act1 transparent source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
50.41	FBA B act2 transparent source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
50.42	FBA B debug mode	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
50.43	FBA B control word	uint32	00000000h FFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
50.44	FBA B reference 1	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.45	FBA B reference 2	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.46	FBA B status word	uint32	00000000h FFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
50.47	FBA B actual value 1	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.48	FBA B actual value 2	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
50.51	FBA B timelevel sel	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
50.56	FBAB comm supervision force	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
51 FBA	A settings				
51.01	FBA A type	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
51.02	FBA A Par2	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
51.26	FBA A Par26	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
51.27	FBAA par refresh	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
51.28	FBAA par table ver	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
51.29	FBAA drive type code	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
51.30	FBAA mapping file ver	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
51.31	D2FBA A comm status	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
51.32	FBAA comm SW ver	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
51.33	FBA A appl SW ver	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
52 FBA	A data in				
52.01	FBA A data in1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
52.12	FBA A data in12	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
53 FBA	A data out				
53.01	FBA A data out1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
53.12	FBA A data out12	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
54 FBA	B settings				
54.01	FBA B type	uint16			
54.02	FBA B Par2	uint16	065535	-	
54.26	FBA B Par26	uint16	065535	-	
54.27	FBA B par refresh	uint16	01	-	
54.28	FBA B par table ver	uint16	065535	-	
54.29	FBA B drive type code	uint16	065535	-	
54.30	FBA B mapping file ver	uint16	065535	-	

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
54.31	D2FBA B comm status	uint16	06	-	
54.32	FBA B comm SW ver	uint16	065535	-	
54.33	FBA B appl SW ver	uint16	065535	-	
55 FBA	B data in	<b>!</b>			
55.01	FBA B data in1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
55.12	FBA B data in12	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
56 FBA	B data out	<u> </u>			
56.01	FBA B data out1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
56.12	FBA B data out12	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58 Emb	edded fieldbus	<u> </u>			
58.01	Protocol enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
58.02	Protocol ID	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.03	Node address	uint16	0255	-	1 = 1
58.04	Baud rate	uint16	27	-	1 = 1
58.05	Parity	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
58.06	Communication control	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
58.07	Communication diagnostics	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.08	Received packets	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.09	Transmitted packets	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.10	All packets	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.11	UART errors	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.12	CRC errors	uint32	04294967295	-	1 = 1
58.14	Communication loss action	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
58.15	Communication loss mode	uint16	12	-	1 = 1
58.16	Communication loss time	uint16	0.0 6000.0	s	10 = 1 s
58.17	Transmit delay	uint16	065535	ms	1 = 1 ms
58.18	EFB control word	uint32	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.19	EFB status word	uint32	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.25	Control profile	uint16	0, 2	-	1 = 1
58.26	EFB ref1 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
58.27	EFB ref2 type	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
58.28	EFB act1 type	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
58.29	EFB act2 type	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
58.30	EFB status word transparent source	uint32	<u>-</u>		1 = 1
58.31	EFB act1 transparent source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.32	EFB act2 transparent source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.33	Addressing mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
58.34	Word order	uint16	01	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
58.36	EFB comm supervision force	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
58.101	Data I/O 1	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.102	Data I/O 2	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.103	Data I/O 3	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.104	Data I/O 4	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.105	Data I/O 5	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.106	Data I/O 6	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.107	Data I/O 7	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
58.124	Data I/O 24	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
60 DDC	S communication				
60.01	M/F communication port	uint16	-	-	-
60.02	M/F node address	uint16	1254	-	-
60.03	M/F mode	uint16	06	-	-
60.05	M/F HW connection	uint16	01	-	-
60.07	M/F link control	uint16	115	-	-
60.08	M/F comm loss timeout	uint16	065535	ms	-
60.09	M/F comm loss function	uint16	03	-	-
60.10	M/F ref1 type	uint16	05	-	-
60.11	M/F ref2 type	uint16	05	-	-
60.12	M/F act1 type	uint16	05	-	-
60.13	M/F act2 type	uint16	05	-	-
60.14	M/F follower selection	uint32	016	-	-
60.15	Force master	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
60.16	Force follower	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
60.17	Follower fault action	uint16	02	-	-
60.18	Follower enable	uint16	06	-	-
60.19	M/F comm supervision sel 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
60.20	M/F comm supervision sel 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
60.23	M/F status supervision sel 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
60.24	M/F status supervision sel 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
60.27	M/F status supv mode sel 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
60.28	M/F status supv mode sel 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
60.31	M/F wake up delay	uint16	0.0 180.0	s	10 = 1 s
60.32	M/F comm supervision force	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
60.41	Extension adapter com port	uint16	-	-	-
60.50	DDCS controller drive type	uint16	01	-	-
60.51	DDCS controller comm port	uint16	-	-	-
60.52	DDCS controller node address	uint16	1254	-	-
60.55	DDCS controller HW connection	uint16	01	-	-

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
60.56	DDCS controller baud rate	uint16	1, 2, 4, 8	-	-
60.57	DDCS controller link control	uint16	115	-	-
60.58	DDCS controller comm loss time	uint16	060000	ms	-
60.59	DDCS controller comm loss function	uint16	05	-	-
60.60	DDCS controller ref1 type	uint16	05	-	-
60.61	DDCS controller ref2 type	uint16	05	-	-
60.62	DDCS controller act1 type	uint16	05	-	-
60.63	DDCS controller act2 type	uint16	05	-	-
60.64	Mailbox dataset selection	uint16	01	-	-
60.65	DDCS controller comm supervision force	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	(Parameters 60.7160.79 c	only visible w	hen supply unit control act	ivated by 95	.20)
60.71	INU-LSU communication port	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
60.77	INU-LSU link control	uint16	115	-	-
60.78	INU-LSU comm loss timeout	uint16	065535	ms	-
60.79	INU-LSU comm loss function	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
61 D2D	and DDCS transmit data				
61.01	M/F data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.02	M/F data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.03	M/F data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.25	M/F data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.26	M/F data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.27	M/F data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.45	Data set 2 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.46	Data set 2 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.47	Data set 2 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.48	Data set 4 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.49	Data set 4 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.50	Data set 4 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.51	Data set 11 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.52	Data set 11 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.53	Data set 11 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.54	Data set 13 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.55	Data set 13 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.56	Data set 13 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.57	Data set 15 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.58	Data set 15 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.59	Data set 15 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.60	Data set 17 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.61	Data set 17 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
61.62	Data set 17 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.63	Data set 19 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.64	Data set 19 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.65	Data set 19 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.66	Data set 21 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.67	Data set 21 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.68	Data set 21 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.69	Data set 23 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.70	Data set 23 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.71	Data set 23 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.72	Data set 25 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.73	Data set 25 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.74	Data set 25 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
61.95	Data set 2 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.96	Data set 2 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.97	Data set 2 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.98	Data set 4 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.99	Data set 4 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.100	Data set 4 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.101	Data set 11 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.102	Data set 11 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.103	Data set 11 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.104	Data set 13 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.105	Data set 13 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.106	Data set 13 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.107	Data set 15 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.108	Data set 15 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.109	Data set 15 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.110	Data set 17 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.111	Data set 17 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.112	Data set 17 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.113	Data set 19 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.114	Data set 19 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.115	Data set 19 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.116	Data set 21 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.117	Data set 21 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.118	Data set 21 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.119	Data set 23 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.120	Data set 23 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.121	Data set 23 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
61.122	Data set 25 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32			
61.123	Data set 25 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
61.124	Data set 25 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
(Parameters 61.15161.203 only visible when supply unit control activated by 95.20)								
61.151	INU-LSU data set 10 data 1 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
61.152	INU-LSU data set 10 data 2 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
61.153	INU-LSU data set 10 data 3 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
61.201	INU-LSU data set 10 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
61.202	INU-LSU data set 10 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
61.203	INU-LSU data set 10 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62 D2D	and DDCS receive data							
62.01	M/F data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-			
62.02	M/F data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-			
62.03	M/F data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-			
62.04	Follower node 2 data 1 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.05	Follower node 2 data 2 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.06	Follower node 2 data 3 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.07	Follower node 3 data 1 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.08	Follower node 3 data 2 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.09	Follower node 3 data 3 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.10	Follower node 4 data 1 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.11	Follower node 4 data 2 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.12	Follower node 4 data 3 sel	uint32	-	-	-			
62.25	MF data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.26	MF data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.27	MF data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.28	Follower node 2 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.29	Follower node 2 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.30	Follower node 2 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.31	Follower node 3 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.32	Follower node 3 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.33	Follower node 3 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.34	Follower node 4 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.35	Follower node 4 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.36	Follower node 4 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-			
62.37	M/F communication status 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
62.38	M/F communication status 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
62.41	M/F follower ready status 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1			
62.38	M/F communication status 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh		1 = 1			

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
62.42	M/F follower ready status 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
62.45	Data set 1 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.46	Data set 1 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.47	Data set 1 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.48	Data set 3 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.49	Data set 3 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.50	Data set 3 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.51	Data set 10 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.52	Data set 10 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.53	Data set 10 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.54	Data set 12 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.55	Data set 12 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.56	Data set 12 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.57	Data set 14 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.58	Data set 14 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.59	Data set 14 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.60	Data set 16 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.61	Data set 16 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.62	Data set 16 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.63	Data set 18 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.64	Data set 18 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.65	Data set 18 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.66	Data set 20 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.67	Data set 20 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.68	Data set 20 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.69	Data set 22 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.70	Data set 22 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.71	Data set 22 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.72	Data set 24 data 1 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.73	Data set 24 data 2 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.74	Data set 24 data 3 selection	uint32	-	-	-
62.95	Data set 1 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.96	Data set 1 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.97	Data set 1 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.98	Data set 3 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.99	Data set 3 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.100	Data set 3 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.101	Data set 10 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.102	Data set 10 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.103	Data set 10 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.104	Data set 12 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32
62.105	Data set 12 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.106	Data set 12 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.107	Data set 14 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.108	Data set 14 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.109	Data set 14 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.110	Data set 16 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.111	Data set 16 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.112	Data set 16 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.113	Data set 18 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.114	Data set 18 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.115	Data set 18 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.116	Data set 20 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.117	Data set 20 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.118	Data set 20 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.119	Data set 22 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.120	Data set 22 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.121	Data set 22 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.122	Data set 24 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.123	Data set 24 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.124	Data set 24 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
	(Parameters 62.15162.203	only visible	e when supply unit control acti	vated by 9	5.20)
62.151	INU-LSU data set 11 data 1 sel	uint32	-	-	-
62.152	INU-LSU data set 11 data 2 sel	uint32	-	-	-
62.153	INU-LSU data set 11 data 3 sel	uint32	-	-	-
62.201	INU-LSU data set 11 data 1 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.202	INU-LSU data set 11 data 2 value	uint16	065535	-	-
62.203	INU-LSU data set 11 data 3 value	uint16	065535	-	-
90 Feed	back selection				
90.01	Motor speed for control	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
90.02	Motor position	real32	0.00000000 1.00000000	rev	100000000 = 1 rev
90.03	Load speed	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
90.04	Load position	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.05	Load position scaled	real32	-2147483.648 2147483.647	-	100000 = 1
90.06	Motor position scaled	int32	-2147483.648 2147483.647	-	1000 = 1
90.07	Load position scaled int	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.10	Encoder 1 speed	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32
90.11	Encoder 1 position	real32	0.00000000 1.00000000	rev	100000000 = 1 rev
90.12	Encoder 1 multiturn revolutions	uint32	016777215	-	1 = 1
90.13	Encoder 1 revolution extension	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.14	Encoder 1 position raw	uint32	016777215	-	1 = 1
90.15	Encoder 1 revolutions raw	uint32	016777215	-	1 = 1
90.20	Encoder 2 speed	real32	-32768.00 32767.00	rpm	100 = 1 rpm
90.21	Encoder 2 position	real32	0.00000000 1.00000000	rev	100000000 = 1 rev
90.22	Encoder 2 multiturn revolutions	uint32	016777215	-	1 = 1
90.23	Encoder 2 revolution extension	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.24	Encoder 2 position raw	uint32	016777215	-	1 = 1
90.25	Encoder 2 revolutions raw	uint32	016777215	-	1 = 1
90.26	Motor revolution extension	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.27	Load revolution extension	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.35	Pos counter status	uint16	0000000b1111111b	-	1 = 1
90.38	Pos counter decimals	uint16	09	-	1 = 1
90.41	Motor feedback selection	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
90.42	Motor speed filter time	real32	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
90.43	Motor gear numerator	int32	-3276832767	-	1 = 1
90.44	Motor gear denominator	int32	-3276832767	-	1 = 1
90.45	Motor feedback fault	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
90.46	Force open loop	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
90.48	Motor position axis mode	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
90.49	Motor position resolution	uint16	031	-	1 = 1
90.51	Load feedback selection	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
90.52	Load speed filter time	real32	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
90.53	Load gear numerator	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.54	Load gear denominator	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.55	Load feedback fault	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
90.56	Load position offset	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	rev	1 = 1 rev
90.57	Load position resolution	uint16	031	-	1 = 1
90.58	Pos counter init value int	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.59	Pos counter init value int source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
90.60	Pos counter error and boot action	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
90.61	Gear numerator	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.62	Gear denominator	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.63	Feed constant numerator	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.64	Feed constant denominator	int32	-2147483648 2147483647	-	1 = 1
90.65	Pos counter init value	real32	-2147483.648 2147483.647	-	1 = 1
90.66	Pos counter init value source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
90.67	Pos counter init cmd source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
90.68	Disable pos counter initialization	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
90.69	Reset pos counter init ready	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
91 Enco	oder module settings				
91.01	FEN DI status	uint16	000000b111111b	-	1 = 1
91.02	Module 1 status	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
91.03	Module 2 status	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
91.04	Module 1 temperature	real32	01000	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
91.06	Module 2 temperature	real32	01000	°C, °F or ohm	1 = 1 unit
91.10	Encoder parameter refresh	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
91.11	Module 1 type	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
91.12	Module 1 location	uint16	1254	-	1 = 1
91.13	Module 2 type	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
91.14	Module 2 location	uint16	1254	-	1 = 1
91.21	Module 1 temp sensor type	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
91.22	Module 1 temp filter time	real32	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
91.24	Module 2 temp sensor type	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
91.25	Module 2 temp filter time	real32	010000	ms	1 = 1 ms
91.31	Module 1 TTL output source	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
91.32	Module 1 emulation pulses/rev	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
91.33	Module 1 emulated Z-pulse offset	real32	0.00000 1.00000	rev	100000 = 1 rev
91.41	Module 2 TTL output source	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
91.42	Module 2 emulation pulses/rev	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
91.43	Module 2 emulated Z-pulse offset	real32	0.00000 1.00000	rev	100000 = 1 rev
92 Enco	oder 1 configuration				
92.01	Encoder 1 type	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
92.02	Encoder 1 source	uint16	12	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32			
Other parameters in this group when a TTL, TTL+ and HTL encoder is selected (92.17, 92.2392.25 visible depending on encoder type selection)								
92.10	Pulses/revolution	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1			
92.11	Pulse encoder type	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
92.12	Speed calculation mode	uint16	05	-	1 = 1			
92.13	Position estimation enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
92.14	Speed estimation enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
92.15	Transient filter	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
92.17	Accepted pulse freq of encoder 1	uint16	0300	kHz	1 = 1 kHz			
92.21	Encoder cable fault mode	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
92.23	Maximum pulse waiting time	real32	1200	ms	1 = 1 ms			
92.24	Pulse edge filtering	uint16	02	-	1 = 1			
92.25	Pulse overfrequency function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
	Other parameters in	this group v	vhen an absolute encoder is	selected				
92.10	Sine/cosine number	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1			
92.11	Absolute position source	uint16	05	-	1 = 1			
92.12	Zero pulse enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
92.13	Position data width	uint16	032	-	1 = 1			
92.14	Revolution data width	uint16	032	-	1 = 1			
92.30	Serial link mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1			
92.31	EnDat max calculation time	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
92.32	SSI cycle time	uint16	05	-	1 = 1			
92.33	SSI clock cycles	uint16	2127	-	1 = 1			
92.34	SSI position msb	uint16	1126	-	1 = 1			
92.35	SSI revolution msb	uint16	1126	•	1 = 1			
92.36	SSI data format	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
92.37	SSI baud rate	uint16	05	-	1 = 1			
92.40	SSI zero phase	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
92.45	Hiperface parity	uint16	01	-	1 = 1			
92.46	Hiperface baud rate	uint16	03	-	1 = 1			
92.47	Hiperface node address	uint16	0255	-	1 = 1			
	Other paramete	ers in this gr	oup when a resolver is sele	cted				
92.10	Excitation signal frequency	uint16	120	kHz	1 = 1 kHz			
92.11	Excitation signal amplitude	uint16	4.0 12.0	V	10 = 1 V			
92.12	Resolver polepairs	uint16	132	-	1 = 1			
93 Enco	der 2 configuration							
93.01	Encoder 2 type	uint16	07	-	1 = 1			
93.02	Encoder 2 source	uint16	12	-	1 = 1			
			a TTL, TTL+ and HTL enco		ed			
93.10	Pulses/revolution	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1			

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
93.11	Pulse encoder type	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
93.12	Speed calculation mode	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
93.13	Position estimation enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
93.14	Speed estimation enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
93.15	Transient filter	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
93.17	Accepted pulse freq of encoder 2	uint16	0300	kHz	1 = 1 kHz
93.21	Encoder cable fault mode	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
93.23	Maximum pulse waiting time	real32	1200	ms	1 = 1 ms
93.24	Pulse edge filtering	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
93.25	Pulse overfrequency function	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
	Other parameters in t	this group v	vhen an absolute encoder is	selected	1
93.10	Sine/cosine number	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
93.11	Absolute position source	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
93.12	Zero pulse enable	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
93.13	Position data width	uint16	032	-	1 = 1
93.14	Revolution data width	uint16	032	-	1 = 1
93.30	Serial link mode	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
93.31	EnDat calc time	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
93.32	SSI cycle time	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
93.33	SSI clock cycles	uint16	2127	-	1 = 1
93.34	SSI position msb	uint16	1126	-	1 = 1
93.35	SSI revolution msb	uint16	1126	-	1 = 1
93.36	SSI data format	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
93.37	SSI baud rate	uint16	05	-	1 = 1
93.40	SSI zero phase	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
93.45	Hiperface parity	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
93.46	Hiperface baud rate	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
93.47	Hiperface node address	uint16	0255	-	1 = 1
	Other paramete	rs in this gr	oup when a resolver is selec	ted	
93.10	Excitation signal frequency	uint16	120	kHz	1 = 1 kHz
93.11	Excitation signal amplitude	uint16	4.0 12.0	V	10 = 1 V
93.12	Resolver polepairs	uint16	132	-	1 = 1
94 LSU	control				
	(Group only visible	when sup	ply unit control activated by 9	95.20)	
94.01	LSU control	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
94.02	LSU panel communication	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
	(Parameter 9	4.04 only vi	isible with certain drive types	)	1
94.04	INU-LSU status word profile	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
94.10	LSU max charging time	uint16	065535	S	1 = 1 s
94.11	LSU stop delay	uint16	0.0 3600.0	s	10 = 1 s

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32
	(Parameters 94.2094.32 only	visible who	en IGBT supply unit control a	ctivated by	95.20)
94.20	DC voltage reference	real32	0.0 2000.0	V	10 = 1 V
94.21	DC voltage ref source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
94.22	User DC voltage reference	real32	0.0 2000.0	V	10 = 1 V
94.30	Reactive power reference	real32	-3276.8 3276.7	kvar	10 = 1 kvar
94.31	Reactive power ref source	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
94.32	User reactive power reference	real32	-3276.8 3276.7	kvar	10 = 1 kvar
	(Parameters 94.40 and 94.41	only visible	when supply unit control act	tivated by 9	5.20)
94.40	Power mot limit on net loss	real32	0.00 600.00	%	100 = 1%
94.41	Power gen limit on net loss	real32	-600.00 0.00	%	100 = 1%
95 HW c	configuration				
95.01	Supply voltage	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
95.02	Adaptive voltage limits	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
95.04	Control board supply	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
	(Parameter 9	5.08 only vi	isible with a ZCU control unit)		ı
95.08	DC switch monitoring	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
	(Parameters 95.09	995.14 or	nly visible with a BCU control	unit)	1
95.09	Switch fuse controller	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
95.13	Reduced run mode	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
95.14	Connected modules	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
95.15	Special HW settings	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
95.16	Router mode	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
95.17	Router channel config	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
95.20	HW options word 1	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
95.21	HW options word 2	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	(Parameters 95.30	095.31 or	nly visible with a BCU control	unit)	
95.30	Parallel type list filter	uint16	15	-	1 = 1
95.31	Parallel type configuration	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
95.40	Transformation ratio	real32	0.000 100.000	-	1000 = 1
96 Syste	em				
96.01	Language	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
96.02	Pass code	uint32	099999999	-	1 = 1
96.03	Access levels active	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.04	Macro select	uint16	06	-	1 = 1
96.05	Macro active	uint16	16	-	1 = 1
96.06	Parameter restore	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
96.07	Parameter save manually	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
96.08	Control board boot	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
96.09	FSO reboot	uint32	-	-	-
96.10	User set status	uint16	-	-	-
96.11	User set save/load	uint16	-	-	-

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
96.12	User set I/O mode in1	uint32	-	-	-
96.13	User set I/O mode in2	uint32	-	-	-
96.16	Unit selection	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.20	Time sync primary source	uint16	09	-	1 = 1
96.23	M/F and D2D clock synchronization	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
96.24	Full days since 1st Jan 1980	uint16	159999	-	1 = 1
96.25	Time in minutes within 24 h	uint16	01439	-	1 = 1
96.26	Time in ms within one minute	uint16	059999	-	1 = 1
96.29	Time sync source status	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.31	Drive ID number	uint16	032767	-	1 = 1
96.39	Power up event logging	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
96.51	Clear fault and event logger	uint16	065535	-	1 = 1
96.53	Actual checksum	uint32	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.54	Checksum action	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
96.55	Checksum control word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.56	Approved checksum 1	uint32	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.57	Approved checksum 2	uint32	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.58	Approved checksum 3	uint32	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.59	Approved checksum 4	uint32	00000000hFFFFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.61	User data logger status word	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
96.63	User data logger trigger	uint32	-	-	-
96.64	User data logger start	uint32	-	-	-
96.65	Factory data logger time level	uint16	-	-	1 = 1
96.70	Disable adaptive program	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
	(Parameters 96.10096	.102 only v	isible when enabled by param	eter 96.02)	
96.100	Change user pass code	uint32	1000000099999999	-	1 = 1
96.101	Confirm user pass code	uint32	1000000099999999	-	1 = 1
96.102	User lock functionality	uint16	0000hFFFFh	-	1 = 1
	(Parameter 96.108 only visi	ible when I	GBT supply unit control activa	ted by 95.2	20)
96.108	LSU control board boot	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
97 Motor control					
97.01	Switching frequency reference	real32	0.000 24.000	kHz	1000 = 1%
97.02	Minimum switching frequency	real32	0.000 24.000	kHz	1000 = 1%
97.03	Slip gain	real32	0200	%	1 = 1%
97.04	Voltage reserve	real32	-450	%	1 = 1%
97.05	Flux braking	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
97.06	Flux reference select	uint32	-	-	1 = 1
97.07	User flux reference	real32	0.00 200.00	%	100 = 1%
97.08	Optimizer minimum torque	real32	0.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
97.09	Switching freq mode	uint16	03	-	1 = 1

No.	Name	Туре	Range	Unit	FbEq32
97.10	Signal injection	uint16	04	-	1 = 1
97.11	TR tuning	real32	25400	%	1 = 1%
97.12	IR comp step-up frequency	real32	0.0 50.0	Hz	10 = 1 Hz
97.13	IR compensation	real32	0.00 50.00	%	100 = 1%
97.15	Motor model temperature adaptation	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
97.18	Hexagonal field weakening	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
97.19	Hexagonal field weakening point	real32	0.0 500.0	%	10 = 1%
97.32	Motor torque unfiltered	real32	-1600.0 1600.0	%	10 = 1%
97.33	Speed estimate filter time	real32	0.00 100.00	ms	100 = 1 ms
98 User	motor parameters				
98.01	User motor model mode	uint16	03	-	1 = 1
98.02	Rs user	real32	0.0000 0.50000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.03	Rr user	real32	0.0000 0.50000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.04	Lm user	real32	0.00000 10.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.05	SigmaL user	real32	0.00000 1.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.06	Ld user	real32	0.00000 10.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.07	Lq user	real32	0.00000 10.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.08	PM flux user	real32	0.00000 2.00000	p.u.	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.09	Rs user SI	real32	0.00000 100.00000	ohm	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.10	Rr user SI	real32	0.00000 100.00000	ohm	100000 = 1 p.u.
98.11	Lm user SI	real32	0.00 100000.00	mH	100 = 1 mH
98.12	SigmaL user SI	real32	0.00 100000.00	mH	100 = 1 mH
98.13	Ld user SI	real32	0.00 100000.00	mH	100 = 1 mH
98.14	Lq user SI	real32	0.00 100000.00	mH	100 = 1 mH
98.15	Position offset user	real32	0360	degrees electrical	1 = 1 deg
99 Motor data					
99.03	Motor type	uint16	02	-	1 = 1
99.04	Motor control mode	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
99.06	Motor nominal current	real32	0.0 6400.0	Α	10 = 1 A
99.07	Motor nominal voltage	real32	0.0 800.0	V	10 = 1 V
99.08	Motor nominal frequency	real32	0.00 1000.00	Hz	100 = 1 Hz
99.09	Motor nominal speed	real32	0 30000	rpm	1 = 1 rpm

No.	Name	Type	Range	Unit	FbEq32
99.10	Motor nominal power	real32	0.00 10000.00 kW or 0.00 13404.83 hp	kW or hp	100 = 1 unit
99.11	Motor nominal cos Φ	real32	0.00 1.00	-	100 = 1
99.12	Motor nominal torque	uint32	0.000 4000000.000	N·m or lb·ft	1000 = 1 unit
99.13	ID run requested	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
99.14	Last ID run performed	uint16	07	-	1 = 1
99.15	Motor polepairs calculated	uint16	01000	-	1 = 1
99.16	Motor phase order	uint16	01	-	1 = 1
99.18	Sine filter inductance	real32	0.000 100000.000	mH	1000 = 1 mH
99.19	Sine filter capacitance	real32	0.00 100000.00	μF	100 = 1 μF

#### 200 Safety

This group contains parameters related to the optional FSO-xx safety functions module. For details, refer to the documentation of the FSO-xx module.

206 I/O bus configuration

207 I/O bus service

208 I/O bus diagnostics

209 I/O bus fan identification

(Groups only visible with a BCU control unit) These groups contain parameters related to the distributed I/O bus, which is used with some drives for monitoring the cooling fans of the cabinet system. For details, refer to ACS880 distributed I/O bus supplement (3AXD50000126880 [English]).

# Fault tracing

## What this chapter contains

The chapter lists the warning and fault messages including possible causes and corrective actions. The causes of most warnings and faults can be identified and corrected using the information in this chapter. If not, an ABB service representative should be contacted.

Warnings and faults are listed below in separate tables. Each table is sorted by warning/fault code.

## Safety



**WARNING!** Only qualified electricians are allowed to service the drive. Read the Safety instructions on the first pages of the Hardware manual before working on the drive.

## **Indications**

## Warnings and faults

Warnings and faults indicate an abnormal drive status. The codes and names of active warnings/faults are displayed on the control panel of the drive as well as the Drive composer PC tool. Only the codes of warnings/faults are available over fieldbus.

Warnings do not need to be reset; they stop showing when the cause of the warning ceases. Warnings do not latch and the drive will continue to operate the motor.

Faults do latch inside the drive and cause the drive to trip, and the motor stops. After the cause of a fault has been removed, the fault can be reset from a selectable

source (see parameter 31.11 Fault reset selection) such as the control panel, Drive composer PC tool, the digital inputs of the drive, or fieldbus. After the fault is reset, the drive can be restarted. Note that some faults require a reboot of the control unit either by switching the power off and on, or using parameter 96.08 Control board boot – this is mentioned in the fault listing wherever appropriate.

Warning and fault indications can be directed to a relay output or a digital input/output by selecting *Warning*, *Fault* or *Fault* (-1) in the source selection parameter. See sections

- Programmable digital inputs and outputs (page 28)
- Programmable relay outputs (page 29), and
- Programmable I/O extensions (page 29).

#### Pure events

In addition to warnings and faults, there are pure events that are only recorded in the event logs of the drive. The codes of these events are included in the *Warning messages* table.

#### Editable messages

For some warnings and faults, the message text can be edited and instructions and contact information added. To edit these messages, choose **Menu - Settings - Edit texts** on the control panel, or use the Localization editor in Drive composer pro.

## Warning/fault history and analysis

## Event logs

The drive has two event logs. One log contains faults and fault resets; the other contains warnings, pure events, and clearing entries. Each log contains the 64 most recent events with a time stamp and other information.

The logs can be accessed separately from the main Menu on the control panel. The logs are displayed as a single list when viewed using the Drive composer PC tool.

The logs can be cleared using parameter 96.51 Clear fault and event logger.

#### **Auxiliary codes**

Some events generate an auxiliary code that often helps in pinpointing the problem. The auxiliary code is displayed on the control panel together with the message. It is also stored in the event log details. In the Drive composer PC tool, the auxiliary code (if any) is shown in the event listing.

#### Factory data logger

The drive has a data logger that samples preselected drive values at 500-microsecond (default; see parameter 96.65 Factory data logger time level) intervals.

By default, approximately 700 samples recorded immediately before and after a fault are saved to the memory unit of the drive. The fault data of the last five faults is accessible in the event log when viewed in the Drive composer pro PC tool. (The fault data is not accessible through the control panel.)

The values that are recorded in the factory data log are 01.07 Motor current, 01.10 Motor torque, 01.11 DC voltage, 01.24 Flux actual %, 06.01 Main control word, 06.11 Main status word, 24.01 Used speed reference, 30.01 Limit word 1, 30.02 Torque limit status and 90.01 Motor speed for control. The selection of parameters cannot be changed by the user.

#### Other data loggers

#### User data logger

A custom data logger can be configured using the Drive composer pro PC tool. This functionality enables the free selection of up to eight drive parameters to be sampled at selectable intervals. The triggering conditions and the length of the monitoring period can also be defined by the user within the limit of approximately 8000 samples. In addition to the PC tool, the status of the logger is shown by drive parameter 96.61 User data logger status word. The triggering sources can be selected by parameters 96.63 User data logger trigger and 96.64 User data logger start). The configuration, status and collected data is saved to the memory unit for later analysis.

#### PSL2 data logger

The BCU control unit used with certain drive types (especially those with parallelconnected inverter modules) contains a data logger that collects data from the inverter modules to help fault tracing and analysis. The data is saved onto the SD card attached to the BCU, and can be analyzed by ABB service personnel.

## Parameters that contain warning/fault information

The drive is able to store a list of the active faults actually causing the drive to trip at the present time. The faults are displayed in parameter group *04 Warnings and faults* (page 123). The parameter group also displays a list of faults and warnings that have previously occurred.

#### Event word (parameters 04.40...04.72)

Parameter 04.40 Event word 1 can be configured by the user to indicate the status of 16 selectable events (ie. faults, warnings or pure events). It is possible to specify an auxiliary code for each event to filter out other auxiliary codes.

## QR Code generation for mobile service application

A QR Code (or a series of QR Codes) can be generated by the drive for display on the control panel. The QR Code contains drive identification data, information on the latest events, and values of status and counter parameters. The code can be read with a mobile device containing the ABB service application, which then sends the data to ABB for analysis. For more information on the application, contact your local ABB service representative.

The QR Code can be generated by choosing **Menu - Assistants - QR code** on the control panel.

## Warning messages

Note: The list also contains events that only appear in the Event log.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A2A1	Current calibration	Current offset and gain measurement calibration will occur at next start.	Informative warning. (See parameter 99.13 ID run requested.)
A2B3	Earth leakage Programmable fault: 31.20 Earth fault	Drive has detected load unbalance typically due to earth fault in motor or motor cable.	Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable. Check for an earth fault in motor or motor cables by measuring the insulation resistances of motor and motor cable. Try running the motor in scalar control mode if allowed. (See parameter 99.04 Motor control mode.) If no earth fault can be detected, contact your local ABB representative.
A2B4	Short circuit	Short-circuit in motor cable(s) or motor.	Check motor and motor cable for cabling errors. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable.
A2BA	IGBT overload	Excessive IGBT junction to case temperature. This warning protects the IGBT(s) and can be activated by a short circuit in the motor cable.	Check motor cable. Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
A3A1	DC link overvoltage	Intermediate circuit DC voltage too high (when the drive is stopped).	Check the supply voltage setting (parameter 95.01 Supply voltage). Note that the wrong setting of the parameter
A3A2	DC link undervoltage	Intermediate circuit DC voltage too low (when the drive is stopped).	may cause the motor to rush uncontrollably, or may overload the brake chopper or resistor. Check the supply voltage.
АЗАА	DC not charged	The voltage of the intermediate DC circuit has not yet risen to operating level.	If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
A480	Motor cable overload	Calculated motor cable temperature has exceeded warning limit.	Check the settings of parameters 35.61 and 35.62. Check the dimensioning of the motor cable in regard to required load.
A490	Incorrect temperature sensor setup	Problem with motor temperature measurement.	Check the auxiliary code (format 0XYY ZZZZ).  "X" identifies the affected temperature monitoring function (1 = parameter 35.11, 2 = parameter 35.21).  "YY" indicates the selected temperature source, ie. the setting of the selection parameter in hexadecimal.  "ZZZZ" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0001	Sensor type mismatch	Check parameters 35.11/35.21 against 91.21/91.24.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do	
	0002	Temperature under limit	Check parameters	
	0003	Short circuit	35.1135.14/35.2135.24 (and 91.21/91.24 if sensor is connected to an	
	0004	Open circuit	encoder interface). Check the sensor and its wiring.	
A491	External temperature 1 (Editable message text)	Measured temperature 1 has exceeded warning limit.	Check the value of parameter 35.02  Measured temperature 1.  Check the cooling of the motor (or other equipment whose temperature is being measured).  Check the value of 35.13 Temperature 1 warning limit.	
A492	External temperature 2 (Editable message text)	Measured temperature 2 has exceeded warning limit.	Check the value of parameter 35.03  Measured temperature 2.  Check the cooling of the motor (or other equipment whose temperature is being measured).  Check the value of 35.23 Temperature 2 warning limit.	
A497	Motor temperature 1 (Editable message text)	The thermistor protection module installed in slot 1 indicates overtemperature.	Check the cooling of the motor. Check the motor load and drive ratings Check the wiring of the temperature	
A498	Motor temperature 2 (Editable message text)	The thermistor protection module installed in slot 2 indicates overtemperature.	sensor. Repair wiring if faulty.  Measure the resistance of the sensor.  Replace sensor if faulty.	
A499	Motor temperature 3 (Editable message text)	The thermistor protection module installed in slot 3 indicates overtemperature.		
A4A0	Control board temperature	Control unit temperature is excessive.	Check the auxiliary code. See actions for each code below.	
	(none)	Temperature above warning limit	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up.	
	1	Thermistor broken	Contact an ABB service representative for control unit replacement.	
A4A9	Cooling	Drive module temperature is excessive.	Check ambient temperature. If it exceeds 40 °C (104 °F), ensure that load current does not exceed derated load capacity of drive. See appropriate <i>Hardware manual</i> . Check drive module cooling air flow and fan operation.  Check inside of cabinet and heatsink of drive module for dust pick-up. Clean whenever necessary.	
A4B0	Excess temperature	Power unit temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check the setting of 31.36 Aux fan fault function (if present). Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power. See A5EA Measurement circuit temperature (page 504).	

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A4B1	Excess temperature difference	High temperature difference between the IGBTs of different phases.	Check the motor cabling. Check cooling of drive module(s). Check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). "XXX" indicates the source of difference (0: Single module, difference between phase IGBTs, 1: parallel-connected modules, minimum-maximum difference between all IGBTs of all modules, 2: parallel-connected modules, minimum-maximum difference between auxiliary power supply boards). With parallel-connected modules, "Y YY" specifies through which BCU control unit channel the highest temperature was measured. "ZZ" specifies the phase (0: single module, 1: U-phase [parallel connection], 2: V-phase [parallel connection], 3: W-phase [parallel connection]).
A4B2	PCB space cooling	Temperature difference between ambient and drive module PCB space is excessive.	Check the cooling fan inside the PCB space. With parallel-connected modules, check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). "Y YY" specifies through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received.
A4F6	IGBT temperature	Drive IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
A580	PU communication	Communication errors detected between the drive control unit and the power unit.	Check the connections between the drive control unit and the power unit. Check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). With parallel-connected modules, "Y YY" specifies the affected BCU control unit channel (0: broadcast). "ZZ" specifies the error source (8: Transmission errors in PSL link [see "XXX"], 9: Transmitter FIFO warning limit hit). "XXX" specifies the transmission error direction and detailed warning code (0: Rx/communication error, 1: Tx/Reed-Solomon symbol error, 2: Tx/no synchronization error, 3: Tx/Reed-Solomon decoder failures, 4: Tx/Manchester coding errors). Read the PSL2 data log. In Drive composer pro, check the time stamp of the A580 fault. Load the log with the same date and time. When the file opens, click "Show fault log". Check the power unit hardware.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A581	Fan Programmable warning: 31.35 Main fan fault function	Cooling fan feedback missing.	Check the setting of parameter 95.20 HW options word 1, bit 14.  Check the auxiliary code to identify the fan. Code 0 denotes main fan 1. Other codes (format XYZ): "X" specifies state code (1: ID run, 2: normal). "Y" specifies the index of the inverter module connected to BCU (0n, always 0 for ZCU control units). "Z" specifies the index of the fan (1: Main fan 1, 2: Main fan 2, 3: Main fan 3).  Note that modules are coded starting from 0. For example, the code 101 means that Main fan 1 of module 1 (connected to BCU channel V1T/V1R) has faulted during its ID run.  Check fan operation and connection.  Replace fan if faulty.
A582	Auxiliary fan not running Programmable warning: 31.36 Aux fan fault function	An auxiliary cooling fan (connected to the fan connectors on the control unit) is stuck or disconnected.	The auxiliary code identifies the fan (1: Auxiliary fan 1, 2: Auxiliary fan 2). Check that the auxiliary fan supervision selection in parameter 95.21 HW options word 2 matches the hardware. Make sure the front cover of the drive module is in place and tightened. Check auxiliary fan(s) and connection(s). Replace faulty fan.
A5A0	Safe torque off Programmable warning: 31.22 STO indication run/stop	Safe torque off function is active, i.e. safety circuit signal(s) connected to connector XSTO is lost.	Check safety circuit connections. For more information, see appropriate drive hardware manual and description of parameter 31.22 STO indication run/stop (page 275).
A5EA	Measurement circuit temperature	Problem with internal temperature measurement of the drive.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). "Y YY" specifies through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received ("0 00" with a ZCU control unit). "ZZ" specifies the location:  With control program version 2.8x and later: 1: U-phase IGBT, 2: V-phase IGBT, 3: W-phase IGBT, 4: Power supply board, 5: Power unit xINT board, 6: Brake chopper, 7: Air inlet (TEMP3, X10), 8: du/dt filter (TEMP2, X7), 9: TEMP1 (X6).  With control program version up to and including 2.7x: 1: U-phase IGBT, 2: V-phase IGBT, 3: W-phase IGBT, 4: Power unit INT board, 5: Brake chopper, 6: Air inlet, 7: Power supply board, 8: du/dt filter, FAh: Air in temp.
A5EB	PU board powerfail	Power unit power supply failure.	Contact your local ABB representative.
A5EC	PU communication internal	Communication errors detected between the drive control unit and the power unit.	Check the connections between the drive control unit and the power unit.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A5ED	Measurement circuit ADC	Problem with measurement circuit of power unit (analog to digital converter)	Contact your local ABB representative.
A5EE	Measurement circuit DFF	Problem with current or voltage measurement of power unit	Contact your local ABB representative.
A5EF	PU state feedback	State feedback from output phases does not match control signals.	Contact your local ABB representative.
A5F0	Charging feedback	Charging in progress	Informative warning. Wait until charging finishes before starting the inverter unit.
A5F3	Switching frequency below requested	Adequate motor control at requested output frequency cannot be reached because of limited switching frequency (eg. by parameter 95.15).	Informative warning.
A5F4	Control unit battery	The battery of the control unit is low.	Replace control unit battery.  This warning can be suppressed using parameter <i>31.40</i> .
A682	Flash erase speed exceeded	The flash memory (in the memory unit) has been erased too frequently, compromising the lifetime of the memory.	Avoid forcing unnecessary parameter saves by parameter 96.07 or cyclic parameter writes (such as user logger triggering through parameters).  Check the auxiliary code (format XYYY YZZZ). "X" specifies the source of warning (1: generic flash erase supervision). "ZZZ" specifies the flash subsector number that generated the warning.
A683	Data saving to power unit	An error in saving data to the power unit.	Check the auxiliary code. See actions for each code below.
	0	An error is preventing saving from initializing.	Cycle the power to the drive. If the control unit is externally powered, also reboot the control unit (using parameter
	2	Write error.	96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling its power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
A684	SD card	Error related to SD card used to store data (BCU control unit only).	Check the auxiliary code. See actions for each code below.
	1	No SD card	Insert a compatible, writable SD card into
	2	SD card write-protected	the SD CARD slot of the BCU control unit.
	3	SD card unreadable	
A685	Power fail saving	Power fail saving is requested too frequently. Because of the limited saving interval, some of the requests do not trigger the saving and power fail data may be lost. This may be caused by DC voltage oscillation.	Check the supply voltage.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A686	Checksum mismatch Programmable warning: 96.54 Checksum action	The calculated parameter checksum does not match any enabled reference checksum.	Check that all necessary approved (reference) checksums (96.5696.59) are enabled in 96.55 Checksum control word.  Check the parameter configuration.  Using 96.55 Checksum control word, enable a checksum parameter and copy the actual checksum into that parameter.
A687	Checksum configuration	An action has been defined for a parameter checksum mismatch but the feature has not been configured.	Contact your local ABB representative for configuring the feature, or disable the feature in 96.54 Checksum action.
A688	Parameter map configuration	Too much data in parameter mapping table created in Drive customizer.	See the <i>Drive customizer PC tool user's manual</i> (3AUA0000104167 [English]).
A689	Mapped parameter value cut	Parameter value saturated eg. by the scaling specified in parameter mapping table (created in Drive customizer).	Check parameter scaling and format in parameter mapping table. See the <i>Drive customizer PC tool user's manual</i> (3AUA0000104167 [English]).
A6A4	Motor nominal value	The motor parameters are set incorrectly.	Check the auxiliary code. See actions for each code below.
		The drive is not dimensioned correctly.	
	1	Slip frequency is too small	Check the settings of the motor
	2	Synchronous and nominal speeds differ too much	configuration parameters in groups 98 and 99.  Check that the drive is sized correctly for
	3	Nominal speed is higher than synchronous speed with 1 pole pair	the motor.
	4	Nominal current is outside limits	
	5	Nominal voltage is outside limits	
	6	Nominal power is higher than apparent power	
	7	Nominal power not consistent with nominal speed and torque	
A6A5	No motor data	Parameters in group 99 have not been set.	Check that all the required parameters in group 99 have been set.  Note: It is normal for this warning to appear during the start-up and continue until the motor data is entered.
A6A6	Supply voltage unselected	The supply voltage has not been defined.	Set supply voltage in parameter 95.01 Supply voltage.
A6B0	User lock is open	The user lock is open, ie. user lock configuration parameters 96.10096.102 are visible.	Close the user lock by entering an invalid pass code in parameter 96.02 Pass code. See section User lock (page 92).
A6B1	User pass code not confirmed	A new user pass code has been entered in parameter 96.100 but not confirmed in 96.101.	Confirm the new pass code by entering the same code in <i>96.101</i> . To cancel, close the user lock without confirming the new code. See section <i>User lock</i> (page <i>92</i> ).

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A6D1	FBAA parameter conflict	The drive does not have a functionality requested by a PLC, or requested functionality has not been activated.	Check PLC programming. Check settings of parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA) and 51 FBA A settings.
A6D2	FBA B parameter conflict	The drive does not have a functionality requested by a PLC, or requested functionality has not been activated.	Check PLC programming. Check settings of parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA) and 54 FBA B settings.
A6DA	Reference source parametrization	A reference source is simultaneously connected to multiple parameters with different units.	Check the reference source selection parameters. Check the auxiliary code (format XXYY 00ZZ). "XX" and "YY" specify the two sets of parameters where the source was connected to (01 = speed reference chain [22.11, 22.12, 22.15, 22.17], 02 = frequency reference chain [28.11, 28.12], 03 = torque reference chain [26.11, 26.12, 26.16], 04 = other torque-related parameters [26.25, 30.21, 30.22, 44.09], 05 = process PID control parameters [40.16, 40.17, 40.50, 41.16, 41.17, 41.50]). "ZZ" indicates the conflicting reference source (010E = index in parameter group 3, 33 = process PID control, 3D = motor potentiometer, 65 = AI1, 66 = AI2, 6F = frequency input).
A6E5	Al parametrization	The current/voltage hardware setting of an analog input does not correspond to parameter settings.	Check the auxiliary code. The code identifies the analog input whose settings are in conflict.  Adjust either the hardware setting (on the drive control unit) or parameter 12.15/12.25.  Note: Control board reboot (either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08 Control board boot) is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.
A6E6	ULC configuration	User load curve configuration error.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXXX ZZZZ). "ZZZZ" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0000	Speed points inconsistent.	Check that each speed point (parameters 37.1137.15) has a higher value than the previous point.
	0001	Frequency points inconsistent.	Check that each frequency point (37.1637.20) has a higher value than the previous point.
	0002	Underload point above overload point.	Check that each overload point (37.3137.35) has a higher value than
	0003	Overload point below underload point.	the corresponding underload point (37.2137.25).
A780	Motor stall Programmable warning: 31.24 Stall function	Motor is operating in stall region because of e.g. excessive load or insufficient motor power.	Check motor load and drive ratings. Check fault function parameters.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A781	Motor fan Programmable warning: 35.106 DOL starter event type	No feedback received from external fan.	Check external fan (or other equipment controlled) by the logic. Check settings of parameters 35.10035.106.
A782	FEN temperature	Error in temperature measurement when temperature sensor (KTY or PTC) connected to encoder interface FEN-xx is used.	Check that parameter 35.11 Temperature 1 source / 35.21 Temperature 2 source setting corresponds to actual encoder interface installation.  Check the settings of parameters 91.21 and 91.24. Check that the corresponding module is activated in parameters 91.1191.14. Use parameter 91.10 Encoder parameter refresh to validate any changes in the settings.
		Error in temperature measurement when KTY sensor connected to encoder interface FEN-01 is used.	FEN-01 does not support temperature measurement with KTY sensor. Use PTC sensor or other encoder interface module.
A783	Motor overload Programmable warning: 35.56 Motor overload action	Motor current is too high.	Check for overloaded motor. Adjust the parameters used for the motor overload function (35.5135.53) and 35.5535.56.
A791	Brake resistor	Brake resistor broken or not connected.	Check that a brake resistor has been connected. Check the condition of the brake resistor.
A793	BR excess temperature	Brake resistor temperature has exceeded warning limit defined by parameter 43.12 Brake resistor warning limit.	Stop drive. Let resistor cool down. Check resistor overload protection function settings (parameter group 43 Brake chopper). Check warning limit setting, parameter 43.12 Brake resistor warning limit. Check that the resistor has been dimensioned correctly. Check that braking cycle meets allowed limits.
A794	BR data	Brake resistor data has not been given.	One or more of the resistor data settings (parameters 43.0843.10) is incorrect. The parameter is specified by the auxiliary code.
	0000 0001	Resistance value too low.	Check value of 43.10.
	0000 0002	Thermal time constant not given.	Check value of 43.08.
	0000 0003	Maximum continuous power not given.	Check value of 43.09.
A797	Speed feedback configuration	Speed feedback configuration has changed.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXYY ZZZZ). "XX" specifies the number of the encoder interface module (01: 91.11/91.12, 02: 91.13/91.14), "YY" specifies the encoder (01: 92 Encoder 1 configuration, 02: 93 Encoder 2 configuration). "ZZZZ" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
	0001	Adapter not found in specified slot.	Check module location (91.12 or 91.14).
	0002	Detected type of interface module does not match parameter setting.	Check the module type (91.11 or 91.13) against status (91.02 or 91.03).
	0003	Logic version too old.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0004	Software version too old.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0006	Encoder type incompatible with interface module type.	Check module type (91.11 or 91.13) against encoder type (92.01 or 93.01).
	0007	Adapter not configured.	Check module location (91.12 or 91.14).
	0008	Speed feedback configuration has changed.	Use parameter 91.10 Encoder parameter refresh to validate any changes in the settings.
	0009	No encoders configured to encoder module	Configure the encoder in group 92 Encoder 1 configuration or 93 Encoder 2 configuration.
	000A	Non-existing emulation input.	Check input selection (91.31 or 91.41).
	000B	Echo not supported by selected input (for example, resolver or absolute encoder).	Check input selection (91.31 or 91.41), interface module type, and encoder type.
	000C	Emulation in continuous mode not supported.	Check input selection (91.31 or 91.41) and serial link mode (92.30 or 93.30) settings.
A798	Encoder option comm loss	Encoder feedback not used as actual feedback, or measured motor feedback lost (and parameter 90.45/90.55 is set to Warning).	Check that the encoder is selected as feedback source in parameter 90.41 or 90.51.  Check that the encoder interface module is properly seated in its slot.  Check that the encoder interface module or slot connectors are not damaged. To pinpoint the problem, try installing the module into a different slot.  If the module is installed on an FEA-03 extension adapter, check the fiber optic connections.  Check the auxiliary code (format XXXX YYYY). "YYYY" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0001	Failed answer to encoder configuration message.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0002	Failed answer to adapter watchdog disable message.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0003	Failed answer to adapter watchdog enable message.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0004	Failed answer to adapter configuration message.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0005	Too many failed answers inline to speed and position messages.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0006	DDCS driver failed.	Contact your local ABB representative.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A799	Ext I/O comm loss Programmable warning: 31.55 Ext I/O comm loss event	The I/O extension module types specified by parameters do not match the detected configuration.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXYY YYYY). "XX" specifies the number of the I/O extension module (01: parameter group 14 I/O extension module 1, 02: 15 I/O extension module 2, 03: 16 I/O extension module 3). "YY YYYY" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	00 0001	Communication with module failed.	Check that the module is properly seated in its slot. Check that the module and the slot connector is not damaged. Try installing the module into another slot.
	00 0002	Module not found.	Check the type and location settings of
	00 0003	Configuration of module failed.	the modules (parameters 14.01/14.02, 15.01/15.02 or 16.01/16.02).
	00 0004	Configuration of module failed.	Check that the module is properly seated in its slot. Check that the module and the slot connector is not damaged. Try installing the module into another slot.
A79B	BC short circuit	Short circuit in brake chopper IGBT	Replace brake chopper if external. Drives with internal choppers will need to be returned to ABB. Ensure brake resistor is connected and not damaged.
A79C	BC IGBT excess temperature	Brake chopper IGBT temperature has exceeded internal warning limit.	Let chopper cool down. Check for excessive ambient temperature. Check for cooling fan failure. Check for obstructions in the air flow. Check the dimensioning and cooling of the cabinet. Check resistor overload protection function settings (parameters 43.0643.10). Check minimum allowed resistor value for the chopper being used. Check that braking cycle meets allowed limits. Check that drive supply AC voltage is not excessive.
A7A1	Mechanical brake closing failed Programmable warning: 44.17 Brake fault function	Status of mechanical brake acknowledgement is not as expected during brake close.	Check mechanical brake connection. Check mechanical brake settings in parameter group 44 Mechanical brake control. Check that acknowledgement signal matches actual status of brake.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A7A2	Mechanical brake opening failed Programmable warning: 44.17 Brake fault function	Status of mechanical brake acknowledgement is not as expected during brake open.	Check mechanical brake connection. Check mechanical brake settings in parameter group 44 Mechanical brake control. Check that acknowledgement signal matches actual status of brake.
A7A5	Mechanical brake opening not allowed Programmable warning: 44.17 Brake fault function	Open conditions of mechanical brake cannot be fulfilled (for example, brake has been prevented from opening by parameter 44.11 Keep brake closed).	Check mechanical brake settings in parameter group 44 Mechanical brake control (especially 44.11 Keep brake closed).  Check that acknowledgement signal (if used) matches actual status of brake.
A7AA	Extension Al parameterization	The hardware current/voltage setting of an analog input (on an I/O extension module) does not correspond to parameter settings.	Check the auxiliary code (format XX00 00YY). "XX" specifies the number of the I/O extension module (01: parameter group 14 I/O extension module 2, 03: 16 I/O extension module 3). "YY" specifies the analog input on the module. For example, in case of I/O extension module 1, analog input Al1 (auxiliary code 0000 0101), the hardware current/voltage setting on the module is shown by parameter 14.29. The corresponding parameter setting is 14.30. Adjust either the hardware setting on the module or the parameter to solve the mismatch.  Note: Control board reboot (either by cycling the power or through parameter 96.08 Control board boot) is required to validate any changes in the hardware settings.
A7AB	Extension I/O configuration failure	The I/O extension module types and locations specified by parameters do not match the detected configuration.	Check the type and location settings of the modules (parameters 14.01, 14.02, 15.01, 15.02, 16.01 and 16.02). Check that the modules are properly installed. Check the auxiliary code. See <i>Drive application programming manual (IEC 61131-3)</i> (3AUA0000127808 [English]).
A7B0	Motor speed feedback Programmable warning: 90.45 Motor feedback fault	No motor speed feedback is received.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXYY ZZZZ). "XX" specifies the number of the encoder interface module (01: 91.11/91.12, 02: 91.13/91.14), "YY" specifies the encoder (01: 92 Encoder 1 configuration, 02: 93 Encoder 2 configuration). "ZZZZ" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0001	Motor gear definition invalid or outside limits.	Check motor gear settings (90.43 and 90.44).

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
	0002	Encoder not configured.	Check encoder settings (92 Encoder 1 configuration or 93 Encoder 2 configuration).  Use parameter 91.10 Encoder parameter refresh) to validate any changes in the settings.
	0003	Encoder stopped working.	Check encoder status.
	0004	Encoder drift detected.	Check for slippage between encoder and motor.
A7B1	Load speed feedback Programmable warning: 90.55 Load feedback fault	No load speed feedback is received.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXYY ZZZZ). "XX" specifies the number of the encoder interface module (01: 91.11/91.12, 02: 91.13/91.14), "YY" specifies the encoder (01: 92 Encoder 1 configuration, 02: 93 Encoder 2 configuration). "ZZZZ" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0001	Load gear definition invalid or outside limits.	Check load gear settings (90.53 and 90.54).
	0002	Feed constant definition invalid or outside limits.	Check feed constant settings (90.63 and 90.64).
	0003	Encoder stopped working.	Check encoder status.
A7C1	FBA A communication Programmable warning: 50.02 FBA A comm loss func	Cyclical communication between drive and fieldbus adapter module A or between PLC and fieldbus adapter module A is lost.	Check status of fieldbus communication. See user documentation of fieldbus interface. Check settings of parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA), 51 FBA A settings, 52 FBA A data in and 53 FBA A data out. Check cable connections. Check if communication master is able to communicate.
A7C2	FBA B communication Programmable warning: 50.32 FBA B comm loss func	Cyclical communication between drive and fieldbus adapter module B or between PLC and fieldbus adapter module B is lost.	Check status of fieldbus communication. See user documentation of fieldbus interface. Check settings of parameter group 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA). Check cable connections. Check if communication master is able to communicate.
A7CA	DDCS controller comm loss Programmable warning: 60.59 DDCS controller comm loss function	DDCS (fiber optic) communication between drive and external controller is lost.	Check status of controller. See user documentation of controller. Check settings of parameter group 60 DDCS communication. Check cable connections. If necessary, replace cables.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
	000E	Encoder reported a position counter error	See the documentation of the encoder.
	000F	Encoder reported an internal error	See the documentation of the encoder.
A7EE	Control panel loss Programmable warning: 49.05 Communication loss action	Control panel (or PC tool) has stopped communicating.	Check PC tool or control panel connection. Check control panel connector. Check mounting platform if being used. Disconnect and reconnect the control panel.
A880	Motor bearing Programmable warnings: 33.14 On-time 1 warn message 33.24 On-time 2 warn message 33.55 Value counter 1 warn message 33.65 Value counter 2 warn message	Warning generated by an ontime timer or a value counter.	Check the auxiliary code. Check the source of the warning corresponding to the code:  0: 33.13 On-time 1 source 1: 33.23 On-time 2 source 4: 33.53 Value counter 1 source 5: 33.63 Value counter 2 source.
A881	Output relay	Warning generated by an edge	Check the auxiliary code. Check the
A882	Motor starts	counter.  Programmable warnings:	source of the warning corresponding to the code:
A883	Power ups	33.35 Edge counter 1 warn message 33.45 Edge counter 2 warn	2: 33.33 Edge counter 1 source
A884	Main contactor		3: 33.43 Edge counter 2 source.
A885	DC charge	message	
A886	On-time 1 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 33.14 On-time 1 warn message	Warning generated by on-time timer 1.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 33.13 On-time 1 source).
A887	On-time 2 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 33.24 On-time 2 warn message	Warning generated by on-time timer 2.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 33.23 On-time 2 source).
A888	Edge counter 1 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 33.35 Edge counter 1 warn message	Warning generated by edge counter 1.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 33.33 Edge counter 1 source).
A889	Edge counter 2 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 33.45 Edge counter 2 warn message	Warning generated by edge counter 2.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 33.43 Edge counter 2 source).
A88A	Value counter 1 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 33.55 Value counter 1 warn message	Warning generated by value counter 1.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 33.53 Value counter 1 source).
A88B	Value counter 2 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 33.65 Value counter 2 warn message	Warning generated by value counter 2.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 33.63 Value counter 2 source).

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A88C	Device clean	Warning generated by an ontime timer.	Check the auxiliary code. Check the source of the warning corresponding to the code:  0: 33.13 On-time 1 source 1: 33.23 On-time 2 source
A88D	DC capacitor		
A88E	Cabinet fan	Programmable warnings: 33.14 On-time 1 warn message	
A88F	Cooling fan	33.24 On-time 2 warn message	
A890	Additional cooling		10: 05.04 Fan on-time counter.
A8A0	Al supervision Programmable warning: 12.03 Al supervision function	An analog signal is outside the limits specified for the analog input.	Check the auxiliary code (format XYY). "X" specifies the location of the input (0: Al on control unit; 1: I/O extension module 1, etc.), "YY" specifies the input and limit (01: Al1 under minimum, 02: Al1 over maximum, 03: Al2 under minimum, 04: Al2 over maximum). Check signal level at the analog input. Check the wiring connected to the input. Check the minimum and maximum limits of the input in parameter group 12 Standard AI, 14 I/O extension module 1, 15 I/O extension module 2 or 16 I/O extension module 3.
A8B0	Signal supervision (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.06 Supervision 1 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision 1 function.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 32.07 Supervision 1 signal).
A8B1	Signal supervision 2 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.16 Supervision 2 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision 2 function.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 32.17 Supervision 2 signal).
A8B2	Signal supervision 3 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 32.26 Supervision 3 action	Warning generated by the signal supervision 3 function.	Check the source of the warning (parameter 32.27 Supervision 3 signal).
A8BE	ULC overload warning Programmable fault: 37.03 ULC overload actions	Selected signal has exceeded the user overload curve.	Check for any operating conditions increasing the monitored signal (for example, the loading of the motor if the torque or current is being monitored). Check the definition of the load curve (parameter group 37 User load curve).
A8BF	ULC underload warning Programmable fault: 37.04 ULC underload actions	Selected signal has fallen below the user underload curve.	Check for any operating conditions decreasing the monitored signal (for example, loss of load if the torque or current is being monitored).  Check the definition of the load curve (parameter group 37 User load curve).
A8C0	Fan service counter	A cooling fan has reached the end of its estimated lifetime. See parameters 05.41 and 05.42.	Check the auxiliary code. The code indicates which fan is to be replaced.  0: Main cooling fan  1: Auxiliary cooling fan  2: Auxiliary cooling fan 2  3: Cabinet cooling fan  4: PCB compartment fan Refer to the hardware manual of the drive for fan replacement instructions.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
A981	External warning 1 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.01 External event 1 source 31.02 External event 1 type	Fault in external device 1.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.
A982	External warning 2 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.03 External event 2 source 31.04 External event 2 type	Fault in external device 2.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.03 External event 2 source.
A983	External warning 3 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.05 External event 3 source 31.06 External event 3 type	Fault in external device 3.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.05 External event 3 source.
A984	External warning 4 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.07 External event 4 source 31.08 External event 4 type	Fault in external device 4.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.07 External event 4 source.
A985	External warning 5 (Editable message text) Programmable warning: 31.09 External event 5 source 31.10 External event 5 type	Fault in external device 5.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.09 External event 5 source.
AF80	INU-LSU comm loss Programmable warning: 60.79 INU-LSU comm loss function	DDCS (fiber optic) communication between converters (for example, the inverter unit and the supply unit) is lost. Note that the inverter unit will continue operating based on the status information that was last received from the other converter.	Check status of other converter (parameters 06.36 and 06.39). Check settings of parameter group 60 DDCS communication. Check the corresponding settings in the control program of the other converter. Check cable connections. If necessary, replace cables.
AF85	Line side unit warning	The supply unit (or other converter) has generated a warning.	The auxiliary code specifies the original warning code in the supply unit control program. See section <i>Auxiliary codes for line-side converter warnings</i> (page 539).
AF8C	Process PID sleep mode	The drive is entering sleep mode.	Informative warning. See section <i>Sleep function for process PID control</i> (page 67), and parameters 40.4140.48.
AF90	Speed controller autotuning	The speed controller autotune routine did not complete successfully.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXXX YYYY). "YYYY" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0000	The drive was stopped before the autotune routine finished.	Repeat autotune until successful.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
	0001	The drive was started but was not ready to follow the autotune command.	Make sure the prerequisites of the autotune run are fulfilled. See section Before activating the autotune routine (page 44).
	0002	Required torque reference could not be reached before the drive reached maximum speed.	Decrease torque step (parameter 25.38) or increase speed step (25.39).
	0003	Motor could not accelerate/decelerate to maximum/minimum speed.	Increase torque step (parameter 25.38) or decrease speed step (25.39).
	0005	Motor could not decelerate with full autotune torque.	Decrease torque step (parameter 25.38) or speed step (25.39).
AFAA	Autoreset	A fault is about to be autoreset.	Informative warning. See the settings in parameter group 31 Fault functions.
AFE1	Emergency stop (off2)	Drive has received an emergency stop (mode selection off2) command.	Check that it is safe to continue operation. Reset the source of the emergency stop signal (such as an emergency stop push button). Restart drive.  If the emergency stop was unintentional, check the source of the stop signal (for example, 21.05 Emergency stop source, or control word received from an external control system).
		(Follower drive in a master/follower configuration) Drive has received a stop command from the master.	Informative warning. After stopping on a ramp stop (Off1 or Off3) command, the master sends a short, 10-millisecond coast stop (Off2) command to the follower(s). The Off2 stop is stored in the event log of the follower.
AFE2	Emergency stop (off1 or off3)	Drive has received an emergency stop (mode selection Off1 or Off3) command.	Check that it is safe to continue operation. Reset the source of the emergency stop signal (such as an emergency stop push button). Restart drive.  If the emergency stop was unintentional, check the source of the stop signal (for example, 21.05 Emergency stop source, or control word received from an external control system).
AFE7	Follower	A follower drive has tripped.	Check the auxiliary code. Add 2 to the code to find out the node address of the faulted drive.  Correct the fault in the follower drive.
AFEA	Enable start signal missing (Editable message text)	No enable start signal received.	Check the setting of (and the source selected by) parameter 20.19 Enable start command.
AFEB	Run enable missing (Editable message text)	No run enable signal is received.	Check setting of parameter 20.12 Run enable 1 source. Switch signal on (e.g. in the fieldbus Control Word) or check wiring of selected source.

Code (hex)	Warning	Cause	What to do
AFEC	External power signal missing	95.04 Control board supply is set to External 24V but no voltage is connected to the XPOW connector of the control unit.	Check the external 24 V DC power supply to the control unit, or change the setting of parameter 95.04.
AFF6	Identification run	Motor ID run will occur at next start, or is in progress.	Informative warning.
AFF7	Autophasing	Autophasing will occur at next start.	Informative warning.
B5A0	STO event Programmable event: 31.22 STO indication run/stop	Safe torque off function is active, i.e. safety circuit signal(s) connected to connector XSTO is lost.	Check safety circuit connections. For more information, see appropriate drive hardware manual and description of parameter 31.22 STO indication run/stop (page 275).
B5A2	Power up Programmable event: 96.39 Power up event logging	The drive has been powered up.	Informative event.
B5A4	SW internal diagnostics	Control unit rebooted unexpectedly.	Informative event.
B5F6	ID run done	ID run completed.	Informative event. The auxiliary code specifies the type of ID run. 0: None 1: Normal 2: Reduced 3: Standstill 4: Autophasing 5: Current measurement calibration 6: Advanced 7: Advanced standstill
B680	SW internal diagnostics	SW internal malfunction.	Contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code. If the Drive composer tool is available, also create and send a 'support package' (see Drive composer manual for instructions).
B686	Checksum mismatch Programmable event: 96.54 Checksum action	The calculated parameter checksum does not match any enabled reference checksum.	See A686 Checksum mismatch (page 506).

## Fault messages

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
2281	Calibration	Measured offset of output phase current measurement or difference between output phase U2 and W2 current measurement is too great (the values are updated during current calibration).	Try performing the current calibration again (select <i>Current measurement calibration</i> at parameter <i>99.13</i> ). If the fault persists, contact your local ABB representative.
2310	Overcurrent	Output current has exceeded internal fault limit.	Check motor load.  If the control unit is externally powered, check the setting of parameter 95.04  Control board supply.  Check acceleration times in parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp (speed control), 26 Torque reference chain (torque control) or 28 Frequency reference chain (frequency control). Also check parameters 46.01 Speed scaling, 46.02 Frequency scaling and 46.03  Torque scaling.  Check motor and motor cable (including phasing and delta/star connection).  Check there are no contactors opening and closing in motor cable.  Check that the start-up data in parameter group 99 corresponds to the motor rating plate.  Check that there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable.  Check encoder cable (including phasing).  Check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). With parallel-connected inverter modules, "Y YY" specifies through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received. "ZZ" indicates the phase that triggered the fault (0: No detailed information available, 1: U-phase, 2: V-phase, 4: W-phase, 3/5/6/7: multiple phases).

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
2330	Earth leakage Programmable fault: 31.20 Earth fault	Drive has detected load unbalance typically due to earth fault in motor or motor cable.	If the control unit is externally powered, check the setting of parameter 95.04 Control board supply.  Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable.  Check for an earth fault in motor or motor cables by measuring the insulation resistances of motor and motor cable.  Try running the motor in scalar control mode if allowed. (See parameter 99.04 Motor control mode.)  With parallel-connected modules, check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). "Y YY" specifies through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received.  If no earth fault can be detected, contact your local ABB representative.
2340	Short circuit	Short-circuit in motor cable(s) or motor	Check motor and motor cable for cabling errors.  If the control unit is externally powered, check the setting of parameter 95.04  Control board supply.  Check that parameter 99.10 Motor nominal power has been set correctly.  Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable.  Check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). With parallel-connected inverter modules, "Y YY" specifies through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received. "ZZ" indicates the location of the short circuit (0: No detailed information available, 1: Upper branch of U-phase, 2: Lower branch of U-phase, 4: Upper branch of V-phase, 8: Lower branch of V-phase, 10: Upper branch of W-phase, 20: Lower branch of W-phase, other: combinations of the above).  After correcting the cause of the fault, reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power.
2381	IGBT overload	Excessive IGBT junction to case temperature. This fault protects the IGBT(s) and can be activated by a short circuit in the motor cable.	Check motor cable. Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
2391	BU current difference	AC phase current difference between parallel-connected inverter modules is excessive.	Check motor cabling. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable. Check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). "XXX" specifies the source of the first error (see "YYY"). "YYY" specifies the module through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received (1: Channel 1, 2: Channel 2, 4: Channel 3, 8: Channel 4,, 800: Channel 12, other: combinations of the above). "ZZ" indicates the phase (1: U, 2: V, 3: W).
2392	BU earth leakage	Total earth leakage of inverter modules is excessive.	Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable.  Measure insulation resistances of motor cables and motor.  Contact your local ABB representative.
3000	Invalid voltage chain datapoints	Parametrization of the speed/torque limitation curve (in the DC voltage reference chain) are inconsistent.	Check that the speed points of the curve (defined by 29.7029.79) are in increasing order.
3130	Input phase loss	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is oscillating due to missing input power line phase or blown fuse.	Check input power line fuses. Check for loose power cable connections. Check for input power supply imbalance.
3180	Charge relay lost	No acknowledgement received from charge relay.	Contact your local ABB representative.
3181	Wiring or earth fault Programmable fault: 31.23	The drive hardware is supplied from a common DC bus.	Switch off the protection in parameter 31.23.
	Wiring or earth fault	Incorrect input power and motor cable connection (i.e. input power cable is connected to the motor connection).	Check the power connections. Check the input fuses.
		Drive has detected load unbalance typically due to earth fault in motor or motor cable.	Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in motor cable.  Check for an earth fault in motor or motor cables by measuring the insulation resistances of motor and motor cable.  Try running the motor in scalar control mode if allowed. (See parameter 99.04 Motor control mode.)

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
3210	DC link overvoltage	Excessive intermediate circuit DC voltage.	Check that overvoltage control is on (parameter 30.30 Overvoltage control). Check that the supply voltage matches the nominal input voltage of the drive. Check the supply line for static or transient overvoltage. Check brake chopper and resistor (if present). Check deceleration time. Use coast-to-stop function (if applicable). Retrofit drive with brake chopper and brake resistor. With parallel-connected modules, check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). "Y YY" specifies through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received.
3220	DC link undervoltage	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is not sufficient because of a missing supply phase, blown fuse or fault in the rectifier bridge.	Check supply cabling, fuses and switchgear. With parallel-connected modules, check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). "Y YY" specifies through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received.
3280	Standby timeout	Automatic restart failed (see section <i>Automatic restart</i> on page 76).	Check the condition of the supply (voltage, cabling, fuses, switchgear).
3291	BU DC link difference	Difference in DC voltages between parallel-connected inverter modules.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). "XXX" specifies the source of the first error (see "YYY"). "YYY" specifies the module through which BCU control unit channel the fault was received (1: Channel 1, 2: Channel 2, 4: Channel 3, 8: Channel 4,, 800: Channel 12).
3381	Output phase loss Programmable fault: 31.19 Motor phase loss	Motor circuit fault due to missing motor connection (all three phases are not connected).	Connect motor cable.
3385	Autophasing	Autophasing routine (see section <i>Autophasing</i> on page 59) has failed.	For more information, check the auxiliary code. Check that the motor ID run has been successfully completed. Clear parameter 98.15 Position offset user. Check the setting of parameter 99.03 Motor type.
	0001	Estimated and measured positions have opposite signs.	Check the signs of measured and estimated speeds. Reverse encoder cable phasing or edit parameter 99.16. Check that the load torque is not too high for the Turning mode (must be less than 5%).

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
	0002	Motor is rotating during autophasing.	Check that the motor is not already rotating when the autophasing routine starts.
	0003	Too much difference between measured and estimated positions	Check that encoder is not slipping. Check parameter <i>98.15</i> several times to verify that the autophasing routine gives consistent results. Check the motor model parameters.
	0004	Rotor did not rotate as expected between zero pulses.	Check that the zero pulses are given correctly.
	0005	Position estimate did not stabilize.	Check that the selected mode (parameter <i>21.13</i> ) is appropriate for the motor.
	0006	Measured position status information changed.	Check that parameter 90.41 is not changed to Estimate during the routine.
	0007	General autophasing failure	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0008	Selected mode not supported.	Check that the selected mode (parameter <i>21.13</i> ) is supported by the motor type.
	0009	(LV-Synchro) Standstill failure.	Contact your local ABB representative.
4000	Motor cable overload	Calculated motor cable temperature has exceeded warning limit.	Check the settings of parameters 35.61 and 35.62. Check the dimensioning of the motor cable in regard to required load.
4210	IGBT overtemperature	Estimated drive IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
4290	Cooling	Drive module temperature is excessive.	Check ambient temperature. If it exceeds 40 °C (104 °F), ensure that load current does not exceed derated load capacity of drive. See appropriate <i>Hardware manual</i> . Check drive module cooling air flow and fan operation.  Check inside of cabinet and heatsink of drive module for dust pick-up. Clean whenever necessary.
42F1	IGBT temperature	Drive IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against drive power.
4310	Excess temperature	Power unit module temperature is excessive.	See A4B0 Excess temperature (page 502).
4380	Excess temperature difference	High temperature difference between the IGBTs of different phases.	See A4B1 Excess temperature difference (page 503).

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
4981	External temperature 1 (Editable message text)	Measured temperature 1 has exceeded fault limit.	Check the value of parameter 35.02  Measured temperature 1.  Check the cooling of the motor (or other equipment whose temperature is being measured).  Check the value of parameter 35.12  Temperature 1 fault limit.
4982	External temperature 2 (Editable message text)	Measured temperature 2 has exceeded fault limit.	Check the value of parameter 35.03  Measured temperature 2.  Check the cooling of the motor (or other equipment whose temperature is being measured).  Check the value of parameter 35.22  Temperature 2 fault limit.
4990	FPTC not found	A thermistor protection module has been activated by parameter 35.30 but cannot be detected.	Power down the control unit and make sure that the module is properly inserted in the correct slot.  The last digit of the auxiliary code identifies the slot.
4991	Safe motor temperature 1 (Editable message text)	The thermistor protection module installed in slot 1 indicates overtemperature.	Check the cooling of the motor. Check the motor load and drive ratings. Check the wiring of the temperature
4992	Safe motor temperature 2 (Editable message text)	The thermistor protection module installed in slot 2 indicates overtemperature.	sensor. Repair wiring if faulty.  Measure the resistance of the sensor.  Replace sensor if faulty.
4993	Safe motor temperature 3 (Editable message text)	The thermistor protection module installed in slot 3 indicates overtemperature.	
5080	Fan Programmable fault: 31.35 Main fan fault function	Cooling fan feedback missing.	See <i>A581 Fan</i> (page <i>504</i> ).
5081	Auxiliary fan not running Programmable fault: 31.36 Aux fan fault function	An auxiliary cooling fan (connected to the fan connectors on the control unit) is stuck or disconnected.	See A582 Auxiliary fan not running (page 504).
5090	STO hardware failure	Safe torque off hardware failure.	Contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code. The code contains location information, especially with parallel-connected inverter modules. When converted into a 32-bit binary number, the bits of the code indicate the following:  3128: Number of faulty inverter module (011 decimal). 1111: STO_ACT states of control unit and inverter modules in conflict  27: STO_ACT state of inverter modules 26: STO_ACT state of control unit 25: STO1 of control unit  24: STO2 of control unit  2312: STO1 of inverter modules 121 (Bits of non-existing modules set to 1)  110: STO2 of inverter modules set to 1)

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
5091	Safe torque off Programmable fault: 31.22 STO indication run/stop	Safe torque off function is active, i.e. safety circuit signal(s) connected to connector XSTO is broken during start or run.	Check safe torque off circuit connections. For more information, see appropriate drive hardware manual and description of parameter 31.22 STO indication run/stop (page 275).
5092	PU logic error	Power unit memory has cleared.	Cycle the power to the drive. If the control unit is externally powered, also reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling its power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
5093	Rating ID mismatch	The hardware of the drive does not match the information stored in the memory unit. This may occur eg. after a firmware update or memory unit replacement.	Cycle the power to the drive. Check the auxiliary code. The auxiliary code categories are as follows:  1 = PU and CU ratings not the same. Rating ID has changed.  2 = Parallel connection rating ID has changed.  3 = PU types not the same in all power units.  4 = Parallel connection rating ID is active in a single power unit setup.  5 = It is not possible to implement the selected rating with the current PUs.  6 = PU rating ID is 0.  7 = Reading PU rating ID or PU type failed on PU connection.  8 = PU not supported (illegal rating ID).  9 = Incompatible module current rating (unit contains a module with too low a current rating).  10 = Selected parallel rating ID not found from database.  With parallel connection faults (BCU control unit), the format of the auxiliary code is 0X0Y. "Y" indicates the auxiliary code category, "X" indicates the first faulty PU channel in hexadecimal (1C). (With a ZCU control unit, "X" can be 1 or 2 but this is irrelevant to the fault.)
5094	Measurement circuit temperature	Problem with internal temperature measurement of the drive.	See A5EA Measurement circuit temperature (page 504).

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
5681	PU communication	The way the control unit is powered does not correspond to parameter setting.	Check setting of 95.04 Control board supply.
		Communication errors detected between the drive control unit and the power unit.	Check the connection between the control unit and the power unit.  Check the auxiliary code (format XXXY YYZZ). With parallel-connected modules, "Y YY" specifies the affected BCU control unit channel (0: broadcast). "ZZ" specifies the error source (1: Transmitter side [link error], 2: Transmitter side [no communication], 3: Receiver side [link error], 4: Receiver side [no communication], 5: Transmitter FIFO error [see "XXX"], 6: Module [xINT board] not found, 7: BAMU board not found). "XXX" specifies the transmitter FIFO error code (1: Internal error [invalid call parameter], 2: Internal error [configuration not supported], 3: Transmission buffer full).
5682	Power unit lost	Connection between the drive control unit and the power unit is lost.	Check the connection between the control unit and the power unit.
5690	PU communication internal	Internal communication error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5691	Measurement circuit ADC	Measurement circuit fault.	If the control unit is externally powered, check the setting of parameter 95.04  Control board supply.  If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code.
5692	PU board powerfail	Power unit power supply failure.	Check the auxiliary code (format ZZZY YYXX). "YY Y" specifies the affected inverter module (0C, always 0 for ZCU control units). "XX" specifies the affected power supply (1: Power supply 1, 2: Power supply 2, 3: both supplies).
5693	Measurement circuit DFF	Measurement circuit fault.	Contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code.
5694	PU communication configuration	Number of connected power modules differs from expected.	Check setting of 95.31 Parallel type configuration. Cycle the power to the drive. If the control unit is externally powered, also reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling its power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
5695	Reduced run	Number of inverter modules detected does not match the value of parameter 95.13 Reduced run mode.	Check that the value of 95.13 Reduced run mode corresponds to the number of inverter modules present. Check that the modules present are powered from the DC bus and connected by fiber optic cables to the BCU control unit.  If all modules of the inverter unit are in fact available (eg. maintenance work has been completed), check that parameter 95.13 is set to 0 (reduced run function disabled).
5696	PU state feedback	State feedback from output phases does not match control signals.	Contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code.
5697	Charging feedback	Incorrect parameter setting.	Check the setting of 95.09 Switch fuse controller. The parameter should be enabled only if an xSFC charging controller is installed.
		The charging switch and DC switch were operated out of sequence, or a start command was issued before the unit was ready.	<ol> <li>The normal power-up sequence is:</li> <li>Close charging switch.</li> <li>After charging finishes (charging OK lamp lights), close DC switch.</li> <li>Open charging switch.</li> </ol>
		Charging circuit fault.	Check the charging circuit. With a frame R6i/R7i inverter module, the auxiliary code "FA" indicates that the charging contactor status feedback does not match the control signal. With parallel-connected frame R8i modules, the auxiliary code (format XX00), "XX" specifies the affected BCU control unit channel.
		Brake circuit fault.	Check the wiring and condition of brake resistor.
5698	Unknown power unit fault	Unidentified power unit logic fault.	Check power unit logic and firmware compatibility. Contact your local ABB representative.
6000	Internal SW error	Internal error.	Contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code.
6181	FPGA version incompatible	Firmware and FPGA file version in the power unit are incompatible.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
		Update of power unit logic failed.	Retry.
6200	Checksum mismatch Programmable fault: 96.54 Checksum action	The calculated parameter checksum does not match any enabled reference checksum.	See A686 Checksum mismatch (page 506).
6306	FBA A mapping file	Fieldbus adapter A mapping file read error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
6307	FBA B mapping file	Fieldbus adapter B mapping file read error.	Contact your local ABB representative.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
6481	Task overload	Internal fault.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
6487	Stack overflow	Internal fault.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
64A1	Internal file load	File read error.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
64A2	Internal record load	Internal record load error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
64A3	Application loading	Application file incompatible or corrupted.	Check the auxiliary code. See actions for each code below.
	8006	Not enough memory for the application.	Reduce the size of the application. Reduce the number of parameter mappings. See the drive-specific log generated by Automation Builder.
	8007	The application contains the wrong system library version.	Update the system library or reinstall Automation Builder. See the drive-specific log generated by Automation Builder.
	8008	The application is empty.	In Automation Builder, give a "Clean" command and reload the application.
	8009	The application contains invalid tasks.	In Automation Builder, check application task configuration, give a "Clean all" command, and reload the application.
	800A	The application contains an unknown target (system) library function.	Update the system library or reinstall Automation Builder. See the drive-specific log generated by Automation Builder.
64A5	Licensing fault	Running the control program is prevented either because a restrictive license exists, or because a required license is missing.	Record the auxiliary codes of all active licensing faults and contact your product vendor for further instructions.
64A6	Adaptive program	Error running the adaptive program.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXXX YYYY). "XXXX" specifies the number of the function block ( <b>0000</b> = generic error). "YYYY" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	000A	Program corrupted or block non-existent	Restore the template program or download the program to the drive.
	000C	Required block input missing	Check the inputs of the block.
	000E	Program corrupted or block non-existent	Restore the template program or download the program to the drive.
	0011	Program too large.	Remove blocks until the error stops.
	0012	Program is empty.	Correct the program and download it to the drive.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
	001C	A nonexisting parameter or block is used in the program.	Edit the program to correct the parameter reference, or to use an existing block.
	001D	Parameter type invalid for selected pin.	Edit the program to correct the parameter reference.
	001E	Output to parameter failed because the parameter was write-protected.	Check the parameter reference in the program. Check for other sources affecting the target parameter.
	0023	Program file incompatible with	Adapt the program to current block
	0024	current firmware version.	library and firmware version.
	002A	Too many blocks.	Edit the program to reduce the number of blocks.
	Other		Contact your local ABB representative, quoting the auxiliary code.
64B0	Memory unit detached	The memory unit was detached when the control unit was powered.	Switch off the power to the control unit and reinstall the memory unit.  In case the memory unit was not actually removed when the fault occurred, check that the memory unit is properly inserted into its connector and its mounting screw is tight. Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
64B1	Internal SSW fault	Internal fault.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
64B2	User set fault	Loading of user parameter set failed because  set is not compatible with control program  drive was switched off during loading.	Ensure that a valid user parameter set exists. Reload if uncertain.
64E1	Kernel overload	Operating system error.	Reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
64FF	Fault reset	Informative fault.	An active fault has been reset.
6581	Parameter system	Parameter load or save failed.	Try forcing a save using parameter 96.07  Parameter save manually. Retry.
65A1	FBA A parameter conflict	The drive does not have a functionality requested by PLC, or requested functionality has not been activated.	Check PLC programming. Check settings of parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA) and 51 FBA A settings.
65A2	FBA B parameter conflict	The drive does not have a functionality requested by PLC, or requested functionality has not been activated.	Check PLC programming. Check settings of parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA) and 54 FBA B settings.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
65B1	Reference source parametrization	A reference source is simultaneously connected to multiple parameters with different units.	See A6DA Reference source parametrization (page 507).
6681	EFB comm loss Programmable fault: 58.14 Communication loss action	Communication break in embedded fieldbus (EFB) communication.	Check the status of the fieldbus master (online/offline/error etc.). Check cable connections to the XD2D connector on the control unit.
6682	EFB config file	Embedded fieldbus (EFB) configuration file could not be read.	Contact your local ABB representative.
6683	EFB invalid parameterization	Embedded fieldbus (EFB) parameter settings inconsistent or not compatible with selected protocol.	Check the settings in parameter group 58 Embedded fieldbus.
6684	EFB load fault	Embedded fieldbus (EFB) protocol firmware could not be loaded.	Contact your local ABB representative.
		Version mismatch between EFB protocol firmware and drive firmware.	
6881	Text data overflow	Internal fault.	Reset the fault. Contact your local ABB representative if the fault persists.
6882	Text 32-bit table overflow	Internal fault.	Reset the fault. Contact your local ABB representative if the fault persists.
6883	Text 64-bit table overflow	Internal fault.	Reset the fault. Contact your local ABB representative if the fault persists.
6885	Text file overflow	Internal fault.	Reset the fault. Contact your local ABB representative if the fault persists.
7080	Option module comm loss	Communication between drive and an option module is lost.	See A798 Encoder option comm loss (page 509).
7081	Control panel loss Programmable fault: 49.05 Communication loss action	Control panel (or PC tool) has stopped communicating.	Check PC tool or control panel connection. Check control panel connector. Disconnect and reconnect the control panel. Check the auxiliary code. The code specifies the I/O port used as follows: 0: Panel, 1: Fieldbus interface A, 2: Fieldbus interface B, 3: Ethernet, 4: D2D/EFB port).
7082	Ext I/O comm loss Programmable fault: 31.55 Ext I/O comm loss event	The I/O extension module types specified by parameters do not match the detected configuration.	See A799 Ext I/O comm loss (page 510).
7083	Panel reference conflict	Use of saved control panel reference in multiple control modes attempted.	The control panel reference can only be saved for one reference type at a time. Consider the possibility of using a copied reference instead of saved reference (see the reference selection parameter).

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
7084	Panel/PC tool version conflict	The current version of the control panel and/or PC tool does not support a function. (For example, older panel versions cannot be used as a source of external reference.)	Update control panel and/or PC tool. Contact your local ABB representative if necessary.
7085	Incompatible option module	Option module not supported. (For example, type Fxxx-xx-M fieldbus adapter modules are not supported.)	Check the auxiliary code. The code specifies the interface to which the unsupported module is connected:  1: Fieldbus interface A, 2: Fieldbus interface B.  Replace the module with a supported type.
7121	Motor stall Programmable fault: 31.24 Stall function	Motor is operating in stall region because of e.g. excessive load or insufficient motor power.	Check motor load and drive ratings. Check fault function parameters.
7122	Motor overload Programmable fault: 35.56 Motor overload action	Motor current is too high.	Check for overloaded motor. Adjust the parameters used for the motor overload function (35.5135.53) and 35.5535.56.
7181	Brake resistor	DC overvoltage detected during braking.	Check that a brake resistor has been connected. Check the condition of the brake resistor. Check the dimensioning of the brake chopper and resistor.
7183	BR excess temperature	Brake resistor temperature has exceeded fault limit defined by parameter 43.11 Brake resistor fault limit.	Stop drive. Let resistor cool down. Check resistor overload protection function settings (parameter group 43 Brake chopper). Check fault limit setting, parameter 43.11 Brake resistor fault limit. Check that braking cycle meets allowed limits.
7184	Brake resistor wiring	Brake resistor short circuit or brake chopper control fault.	Check brake chopper and brake resistor connection. Ensure brake resistor is not damaged. After correcting the cause of the fault, reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power.
7191	BC short circuit	Short circuit in brake chopper IGBT.	Ensure brake resistor is connected and not damaged. Check the electrical specifications of the brake resistor against the <i>Hardware manual</i> . Replace brake chopper (if replaceable). After correcting the cause of the fault, reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
7192	BC IGBT excess temperature	Brake chopper IGBT temperature has exceeded internal fault limit.	Let chopper cool down. Check for excessive ambient temperature. Check for cooling fan failure. Check for obstructions in the air flow. Check the dimensioning and cooling of the cabinet. Check resistor overload protection function settings (parameter group 43 Brake chopper). Check that braking cycle meets allowed limits. Check that drive supply AC voltage is not excessive.
71A2	Mechanical brake closing failed Programmable fault: 44.17 Brake fault function	Mechanical brake control fault. Activated eg. if brake acknowledgement is not as expected during brake closing.	Check mechanical brake connection. Check mechanical brake settings in parameter group 44 Mechanical brake control. Check that acknowledgement signal matches actual status of brake.
71A3	Mechanical brake opening failed Programmable fault: 44.17 Brake fault function	Mechanical brake control fault. Activated eg. if brake acknowledgement is not as expected during brake opening.	Check mechanical brake connection. Check mechanical brake settings in parameter group 44 Mechanical brake control. Check that acknowledgement signal matches actual status of brake.
71A5	Mechanical brake opening not allowed Programmable fault: 44.17 Brake fault function	Open conditions of mechanical brake cannot be fulfilled (for example, brake has been prevented from opening by parameter 44.11 Keep brake closed).	Check mechanical brake settings in parameter group 44 Mechanical brake control (especially 44.11 Keep brake closed).  Check that acknowledgement signal (if used) matches actual status of brake.
		In an encoderless application, the brake is kept closed by a brake close request (either from parameter 44.12 Brake close request or from an FSO-xx safety functions module) against a modulating drive for longer than 5 seconds.	Check the source signal selected by parameter 44.12 Brake close request. Check the safety circuits connected to the FSO-xx safety functions module.
71B1	Motor fan Programmable fault: 35.106 DOL starter event type	No feedback received from external fan.	Check external fan (or other equipment controlled) by the logic. Check settings of parameters 35.10035.106.
7301	Motor speed feedback Programmable fault: 90.45 Motor feedback fault	No motor speed feedback received.	See A7B0 Motor speed feedback (page 511).

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
7310	Overspeed	Motor is turning faster than highest allowed speed due to incorrectly set minimum/maximum speed, insufficient braking torque or changes in load when using torque reference.	Check minimum/maximum speed settings, parameters 30.11 Minimum speed, 30.12 Maximum speed and 31.30 Overspeed trip margin. Check adequacy of motor braking torque. Check applicability of torque control. Check need for brake chopper and resistor(s).
		Incorrect estimated speed.	Check the status of motor current measurement.  Perform a Normal, Advanced or Advanced Standstill ID run instead of, for example, a Reduced or Standstill ID run. See parameter 99.13 ID run requested (page 438).
7380	Encoder internal	Internal fault.	Contact your local ABB representative.
7381	Encoder Programmable fault: 90.45 Motor feedback fault	Encoder feedback fault.	See A7E1 Encoder (page 513).
73A0	Speed feedback configuration	Speed feedback configuration incorrect.	See A797 Speed feedback configuration (page 508).
73A1	Load position feedback Programmable fault: 90.55 Load feedback fault	No load position feedback received.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXYY ZZZZ). "XX" specifies the number of the encoder interface module (01: 91.11/91.12, 02: 91.13/91.14), "YY" specifies the encoder (01: 92 Encoder 1 configuration, 02: 93 Encoder 2 configuration). "ZZZZ" indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0001	Load gear definition invalid or outside limits.	Check load gear settings (90.53 and 90.54).
	0002	Feed constant definition invalid or outside limits.	Check feed constant settings (90.63 and 90.64).
	0003	Motor/load gear definition invalid or outside limits.	Check motor/load gear settings (90.61 and 90.62).
	0004	Encoder not configured.	Check encoder settings (92 Encoder 1 configuration or 93 Encoder 2 configuration).  Use parameter 91.10 Encoder parameter refresh) to validate any changes in the settings.
	0005	Encoder stopped working.	Check encoder status.
73B0	Emergency ramp failed	Emergency stop did not finish within expected time.	Check the settings of parameters 31.32 Emergency ramp supervision and 31.33 Emergency ramp supervision delay. Check the predefined ramp times (23.1123.19 for mode Off1, 23.23 for mode Off3).

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
73B1	Stop failed	Ramp stop did not finish within expected time.	Check the settings of parameters 31.37 Ramp stop supervision and 31.38 Ramp stop supervision delay. Check the predefined ramp times in parameter group 23 Speed reference ramp.
73F0	Overfrequency	Maximum allowed output frequency exceeded.	Without a dual-use license, the fault limit is 598 Hz. Contact your local ABB representative for dual-use licensing information.
7510	FBA A communication Programmable fault: 50.02 FBA A comm loss func	Cyclical communication between drive and fieldbus adapter module A or between PLC and fieldbus adapter module A is lost.	Check status of fieldbus communication. See user documentation of fieldbus interface. Check settings of parameter groups 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA), 51 FBA A settings, 52 FBA A data in and 53 FBA A data out. Check cable connections. Check if communication master is able to communicate.
7520	FBA B communication Programmable fault: 50.32 FBA B comm loss func	Cyclical communication between drive and fieldbus adapter module B or between PLC and fieldbus adapter module B is lost.	Check status of fieldbus communication. See user documentation of fieldbus interface. Check settings of parameter group 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA). Check cable connections. Check if communication master is able to communicate.
7580	INU-LSU comm loss Programmable fault: 60.79 INU-LSU comm loss function	DDCS (fiber optic) communication between converters (for example, the inverter unit and the supply unit) is lost.	Check status of other converter (parameter group 06 Control and status words).  Check settings of parameter group 60 DDCS communication. Check the corresponding settings in the control program of the other converter.  Check cable connections. If necessary, replace cables.
7581	DDCS controller comm loss Programmable fault: 60.59 DDCS controller comm loss function	DDCS (fiber optic) communication between drive and external controller is lost.	Check status of controller. See user documentation of controller. Check settings of parameter group 60 DDCS communication. Check cable connections. If necessary, replace cables.
7582	MF comm loss Programmable fault: 60.09 M/F comm loss function	Master/follower communication is lost.	See A7CB MF comm loss (page 513).
7583	Line side unit faulted	The supply unit (or other converter) connected to the inverter unit has generated a fault.	The auxiliary code specifies the original fault code in the supply unit control program. See section Auxiliary codes for line-side converter faults (page 541).

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
7584	LSU charge failed	The supply unit was not ready (ie. the main contactor/breaker could not be closed) within expected time.	Check that communication to the supply unit has been activated by 95.20 HW options word 1.  Check setting of parameter 94.10 LSU max charging time.  Check that the supply unit is enabled, allowed to start, and can be controlled by the inverter unit (eg. not in local control mode).
8001	ULC underload fault Programmable fault: 37.04 ULC underload actions	Selected signal has fallen below the user underload curve.	See A8BF ULC underload warning (page 515).
8002	ULC overload fault Programmable fault: 37.03 ULC overload actions	Selected signal has exceeded the user overload curve.	See A8BE ULC overload warning (page 515).
80A0	Al supervision Programmable fault: 12.03 Al supervision function	An analog signal is outside the limits specified for the analog input.	Check the auxiliary code (format XXXX XYZZ). "Y" specifies the location of the input (0: Control unit, 1: I/O extension module 1, 2: I/O extension module 2, 3: I/O extension module 3). "ZZ" specifies the limit (01: Al1 under minimum, 02: Al1 above maximum, 03: Al2 under minimum, 04: Al2 above maximum). Check signal level at the analog input. Check the wiring connected to the input. Check the minimum and maximum limits of the input in parameter group 12 Standard AI.
80B0	Signal supervision (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.06 Supervision 1 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision 1 function.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.07 Supervision 1 signal).
80B1	Signal supervision 2 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.16 Supervision 2 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision 2 function.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.17 Supervision 2 signal).
80B2	Signal supervision 3 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 32.26 Supervision 3 action	Fault generated by the signal supervision 3 function.	Check the source of the fault (parameter 32.27 Supervision 3 signal).
9081	External fault 1 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.01 External event 1 source 31.02 External event 1 type	Fault in external device 1.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.01 External event 1 source.
9082	External fault 2 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.03 External event 2 source 31.04 External event 2 type	Fault in external device 2.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.03 External event 2 source.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
9083	External fault 3 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.05 External event 3 source 31.06 External event 3 type	Fault in external device 3.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.05 External event 3 source.
9084	External fault 4 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.07 External event 4 source 31.08 External event 4 type	Fault in external device 4.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.07 External event 4 source.
9085	External fault 5 (Editable message text) Programmable fault: 31.09 External event 5 source 31.10 External event 5 type	Fault in external device 5.	Check the external device. Check setting of parameter 31.09 External event 5 source.
FA81	Safe torque off 1 loss	Safe torque off function is active, ie. STO circuit 1 is broken.	Check safety circuit connections. For more information, see appropriate drive hardware manual and description of
FA82	Safe torque off 2 loss	Safe torque off function is active, ie. STO circuit 2 is broken.	parameter 31.22 STO indication run/stop (page 275). Check the auxiliary code, The code contains location information, especially with parallel-connected inverter modules. When converted into a 32-bit binary number, the bits of the code indicate the following: 3128: Number of faulty inverter module (011 decimal). 1111: STO_ACT states of control unit and inverter modules in conflict 27: STO_ACT state of inverter modules 26: STO_ACT state of control unit 25: STO1 of control unit 24: STO2 of control unit (Bits of non-existing modules set to 1) 110: STO2 of inverter modules 121 (Bits of non-existing modules set to 1)
FA90	STO diagnostics failure	SW internal malfunction.	Contact your local ABB representative.
FB11	Memory unit missing	No memory unit is attached to the control unit.	Power down the control unit. Check that the memory unit is properly inserted into the control unit.
		The memory unit attached to the control unit is empty.	Power down the control unit. Attach a memory unit (with the appropriate firmware) to the control unit.
FB12	Memory unit incompatible	The memory unit attached to the control unit is incompatible.	Power down the control unit. Attach a compatible memory unit.
FB13	Memory unit FW incompatible	The firmware on the attached memory unit is incompatible with the drive.	Power down the control unit. Attach a memory unit with compatible firmware.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
FB14	Memory unit FW load failed	The memory unit is empty, or contains incompatible or corrupted firmware.	Recycle the power to the control unit. Check the sticker on the memory unit to confirm that the firmware is compatible with the control unit (ZCU-1x/BCU-x2). Connect Drive composer PC tool (version 2.3 or later) to the drive. Select Tools - Recover drive. If the problem persists, replace the memory unit.
FF61	ID run	Motor ID run was not completed successfully.	Check the nominal motor values in parameter group 99 Motor data. Check that no external control system is connected to the drive. Cycle the power to the drive (and its control unit, if powered separately). Check that the motor shaft is not locked. Check the auxiliary code. The second number of the code indicates the problem (see actions for each code below).
	0001	Maximum current limit too low.	Check settings of parameters 99.06  Motor nominal current and 30.17  Maximum current. Make sure that 30.17 > 99.06.  Check that the drive is dimensioned correctly according to the motor.
	0002	Maximum speed limit or calculated field weakening point too low.	Check settings of parameters  • 30.11 Minimum speed  • 30.12 Maximum speed  • 99.07 Motor nominal voltage  • 99.08 Motor nominal frequency  • 99.09 Motor nominal speed.  Make sure that  • 30.12 > (0.55 × 99.09) > (0.50 × synchronous speed)  • 30.11 ≤ 0, and  • supply voltage ≥ (0.66 × 99.07).
	0003	Maximum torque limit too low.	Check settings of parameter 99.12 Motor nominal torque, and the torque limits in group 30 Limits.  Make sure that the maximum torque limit in force is greater than 100%.
	0004	Current measurement calibration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	00050008	Internal error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	0009	(Asynchronous motors only) Acceleration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	000A	(Asynchronous motors only) Deceleration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.

Code (hex)	Fault	Cause	What to do
	000B	(Asynchronous motors only) Speed dropped to zero during ID run.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	000C	(Permanent magnet motors only) First acceleration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	000D	(Permanent magnet motors only) Second acceleration did not finish within reasonable time.	Contact your local ABB representative.
	000E0010	Internal error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
FF7E	Follower	A follower drive has tripped.	Check the auxiliary code. Add 2 to the code to find out the node address of the faulted drive.  Correct the fault in the follower drive.
FF81	FB A force trip	A fault trip command has been received through fieldbus adapter A.	Check the fault information provided by the PLC.
FF82	FB B force trip	A fault trip command has been received through fieldbus adapter B.	Check the fault information provided by the PLC.
FF8E	EFB force trip	A fault trip command has been received through the embedded fieldbus interface.	Check the fault information provided by the Modbus controller.

## Auxiliary codes for line-side converter warnings

The table below lists the auxiliary codes of AF85 Line side unit warning. For advanced troubleshooting, see the firmware manual of the line converter.

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
AE01	Overcurrent	Output current has exceeded internal fault limit.	Check supply voltage. Check that there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in supply cable. Check motor load and acceleration times. Check power semiconductors (IGBTs) and current transducers.
AE02	Earth leakage Programmable warning: 31.120 LSU earth fault	IGBT supply has detected load unbalance.	Check AC fuses. Check for earth leakages. Check supply cabling. Check power modules. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in supply cable.
AE04	IGBT overload	Excessive IGBT junction to case temperature.	Check supply cable.
AE05	BU current difference	Current difference detected by the branching unit (BU).	Check converter fuses. Check converter(s). Check inverter(s). Check LCL filter.
AE06	BU earth leakage	Earth leakage detected by the branching unit: sum of all currents exceeds the level.	Check AC fuses. Check for earth leakages. Check supply cabling. Check power modules. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in supply cable.
AE09	DC link overvoltage	Excessive intermediate circuit DC voltage.  Note: This warning can be shown only when the IGBT supply unit is not modulating.	Check that parameter 95.01 Supply voltage is set according to the supply voltage in use.
AE0A	DC link undervoltage	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is not sufficient due to missing phase in supply voltage, blown fuse or rectifier bridge internal fault.  Note: This warning can be shown only when the IGBT supply unit is not modulating.	Check supply and fuses. Check that parameter 95.01 Supply voltage is set according to the supply voltage in use.
AE0B	DC not charged	The voltage of the intermediate DC circuit has not yet risen to operating level.	Check the input voltage setting in parameter 95.01 Supply voltage. Check the input voltage. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.

Code (hex)	Warning / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
AE0C	BU DC link difference	DC link voltage difference detected by the branching unit.	Check DC fuses. Check converter module connections to DC link.
AE0D	BU voltage difference	Main voltage difference detected by the branching unit.	Check AC fuses. Check supply cable.
AE14	Excess temperature	Power unit module temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against IGBT supply unit power.
AE15	Excess temperature difference	High temperature difference between the IGBTs of different phases.	Check the cabling. Check cooling of power module(s).
AE16	IGBT temperature	IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against IGBT supply unit power.
AE24	Voltage category unselected	The supply voltage range has not been defined.	Define the supply voltage range (parameter 95.01 Supply voltage).
AE5F	Temperature Warning	Supply module temperature is excessive due to eg, module overload or fan failure.	Check module cooling air flow and fan operation. Check ambient temperature. If it exceeds 40 °C (104 °F), ensure that load current does not exceed derated load capacity. See appropriate hardware manual. Check inside of cabinet and heatsink of supply module for dust pick-up. Clean whenever necessary.
AE73	Fan	Cooling fan is stuck or disconnected.	Check the auxiliary code in the line-side converter program to identify the fan. Check fan operation and connection. Replace fan if faulty.
AE78	Net lost	Net lost is detected.	Resynchronize the IGBT supply unit to the grid after net lost.
AE85	Charging count	There are too many DC link charging attempts.	Two attempts in five minutes is allowed to prevent charging circuit overheating.

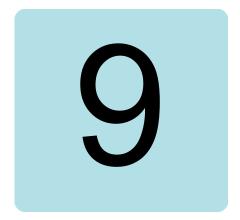
# Auxiliary codes for line-side converter faults

The table below lists the auxiliary codes of 7583 Line side unit faulted. For advanced troubleshooting, see the firmware manual of the line converter.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
2E00	Overcurrent	Output current has exceeded internal fault limit.	Check supply voltage. Check that there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in supply cable. Check motor load and acceleration times. Check power semiconductors (IGBTs) and current transducers.
2E01	Earth leakage Programmable fault: 31.120 LSU earth fault	IGBT supply unit has detected an earth fault.	Check AC fuses. Check for earth leakages. Check supply cabling. Check power modules. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in supply cable. If no earth fault can be detected, contact your local ABB representative.
2E02	Short circuit	IGBT supply unit has detected short circuit.	Check supply cable. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in supply cable. After correcting the cause of the fault, reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.08 Control board boot) or by cycling power.
2E04	IGBT overload	Excessive IGBT junction to case temperature.	Check the load.
2E05	BU current difference	Current difference detected by the branching unit (BU).	Check converter fuses. Check converter(s). Check inverter(s). Check LCL filter. Power off all boards. If the fault persists, contact your local ABB representative.
2E06	BU earth leakage	Earth leakage detected by the branching unit: sum of all currents exceeds the level.	Check AC fuses. Check for earth leakages. Check supply cabling. Check power modules. Check there are no power factor correction capacitors or surge absorbers in supply cable. If no earth fault can be detected, contact your local ABB representative.

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
3E00	Input phase loss Programmable fault: 31.121 LSU supply phase loss	Input phase loss detected by the IGBT bridge.	Check the auxiliary code. Check the source of the fault corresponding to the code:  1: Phase A 2: Phase B 4: Phase C 8: Phase cannot be detected Check the AC fuses. Check for input power supply imbalance.
3E04	DC link overvoltage	Excessive intermediate circuit DC voltage.	Check that parameter 95.01 Supply voltage is set according to the supply voltage in use.
3E05	DC link undervoltage	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is not sufficient because of a missing supply phase or blown fuse.	Check supply cabling, fuses and switchgear. Check that parameter 95.01 Supply voltage is set according to the supply voltage in use.
3E06	BU DC link difference	Difference in DC voltages between parallel-connected supply modules.	Check the DC fuses. Check the connection to the DC bus. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
3E07	BU voltage difference	Difference in main voltages between parallel-connected supply modules.	Check the supply network connections. Check the AC fuses. If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
3E08	LSU charging	DC link voltage is not high enough after charging.	Check parameter 95.01 Supply voltage. Check supply voltage and fuses. Check the connection from the relay output to the charging contactor. Check that the DC voltage measuring circuit is working correctly.
4E01	Cooling	Power module temperature is excessive.	Check ambient temperature. If it exceeds 40 °C (104 °F), ensure that load current does not exceed derated load capacity. See appropriate hardware manual. Check power module cooling air flow and fan operation.  Check inside of cabinet and heatsink of power module for dust pick-up. Clean whenever necessary.
4E02	IGBT temperature	IGBT temperature is excessive.	Check ambient conditions. Check air flow and fan operation. Check heatsink fins for dust pick-up. Check motor power against IGBT supply unit power.
4E03	Excess temperature	Power unit module temperature is excessive.	See AE14 Excess temperature (page 540).
4E04	Excess temperature difference	High temperature difference between the IGBTs of different phases. The amount of available temperatures depends on the frame size.	See AE15 Excess temperature difference (page 540).

Code (hex)	Fault / Aux. code	Cause	What to do
4E06	Cabinet or LCL overtemperature	Overtemperature detected either in cabinet, LCL filter or auxiliary transformer.	Check the cooling of the cabinet, LCL filter and auxiliary transformer.
5E05	Rating ID mismatch	The hardware of the supply unit does not match the information stored in the memory unit. This may occur eg, after a firmware update or memory unit replacement.	Cycle the power to the supply unit. If the control unit is externally powered, reboot the control unit (using parameter 96.108 LSU control board boot) or by cycling its power.  If the problem persists, contact your local ABB representative.
5E06	Main contactor Fault	Control program does not receive main contactor on (1) acknowledgement through digital input even control program has closed the contactor control circuit with relay output.  Main contactor / main breaker is not functioning properly, or there is a loose / bad connection.	Check main contactor / main breaker control circuit wiring. Check the status of other switches connected to contactor control circuit. See the delivery-specific circuit diagrams. Check main contactor operating voltage level (should be 230 V). Check digital input DI3 connections.
6E19	Synchronization fault	Synchronization to supply network has failed.	Monitor possible network transients.
6E1A	Rating ID fault	Rating ID load error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
6E1F	Licensing fault	There are two types of licenses being used in ACS880 drives: licenses that need to be found from the unit which allow the firmware to be executed, and licenses that prevent the firmware from running. The license is indicated by the value of the auxiliary code field. The license is Nxxxx, where xxxx is indicated by the 4-digit value of the auxiliary code field.	Check the line-converter control program. Record the auxiliary codes of all active licensing faults and contact your product vendor for further instructions. This fault requires a reboot of the control unit either by switching the power off and on, or using parameter 96.108 LSU control board boot.
	8201	A restrictive license is found from the unit. The firmware on this inverter unit cannot be executed because a Low harmonic license is found from the unit. This unit is meant to be used with IGBT supply control program (2Q) only.	Contact your product vendor for further instructions.
7E01	Panel loss	Control panel or PC tool selected as active control location has ceased communicating.	Check PC tool or control panel connection. Check control panel connector. Replace control panel in mounting platform.
8E07	Net lost	Net lost is detected. Duration of net lost is too long.	Resynchronize the IGBT supply unit to the grid after net lost.



# Fieldbus control through the embedded fieldbus interface (EFB)

## What this chapter contains

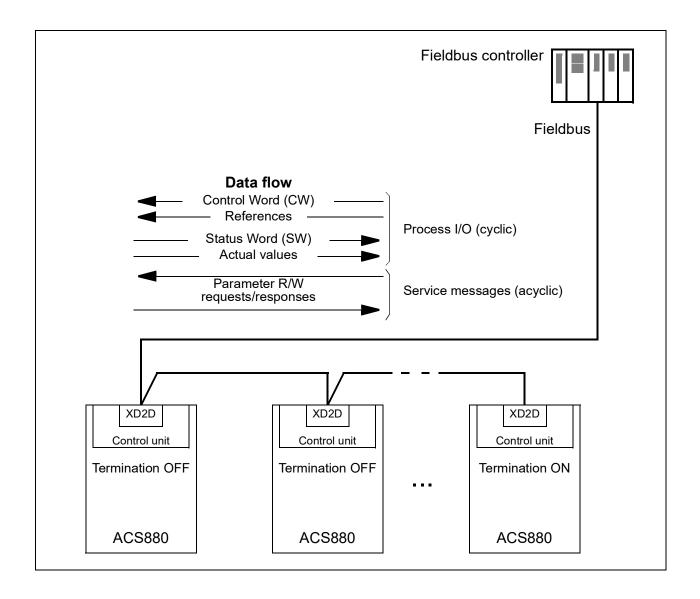
The chapter describes how the drive can be controlled by external devices over a communication network (fieldbus) using the embedded fieldbus interface.

## System overview

The drive can be connected to an external control system through a communication link using either a fieldbus adapter or the embedded fieldbus interface.

The embedded fieldbus interface supports the Modbus RTU protocol. The drive control program can handle 10 Modbus registers in a 10-millisecond time level. For example, if the drive receives a request to read 20 registers, it will start its response within 22 ms of receiving the request – 20 ms for processing the request and 2 ms overhead for handling the bus. The actual response time depends on other factors as well, such as the baud rate (a parameter setting in the drive).

The drive can be set to receive all of its control information through the fieldbus interface, or the control can be distributed between the embedded fieldbus interface and other available sources, for example, digital and analog inputs.



# Connecting the fieldbus to the drive

Connect the fieldbus to terminal XD2D on the control unit of the drive. See the appropriate Hardware Manual for more information on the connection, chaining and termination of the link.

Note: If the XD2D connector is reserved by the embedded fieldbus interface (parameter 58.01 Protocol enable is set to Modbus RTU), the drive-to-drive link functionality is automatically disabled.

# Setting up the embedded fieldbus interface

Set the drive up for the embedded fieldbus communication with the parameters shown in the table below. The Setting for fieldbus control column gives either the value to use or the default value. The Function/Information column gives a description of the parameter.

Parameter		Setting for fieldbus control	Function/Information	
COMM	UNICATION INITIA	LIZATION		
58.01	Protocol enable	Modbus RTU	Initializes embedded fieldbus communication. Drive-to-drive link operation is automatically disabled.	
EMBE	DDED MODBUS CO	ONFIGURATION		
58.03	Node address	1 (default)	Node address. There must be no two nodes with the same node address online.	
58.04	Baud rate	19.2 kbps (default)	Defines the communication speed of the link. Use the same setting as in the master station.	
58.05	Parity	8 EVEN 1 (default)	Selects the parity and stop bit setting. Use the same setting as in the master station.	
58.14	Communication loss action	Fault (default)	Defines the action taken when a communication loss is detected.	
58.15	Communication loss mode	Cw / Ref1 / Ref2 (default)	Enables/disables communication loss monitoring and defines the means for resetting the counter of the communication loss delay.	
58.16	Communication loss time	3.0 s (default)	Defines the timeout limit for the communication monitoring.	
58.17	Transmit delay	0 ms (default)	Defines a response delay for the drive.	
58.25	Control profile	ABB Drives (default), Transparent	Selects the control profile used by the drive. See section <i>Basics of the embedded fieldbus interface</i> (page <i>551</i> ).	
58.26  58.29	EFB ref1 type EFB act2 type	Auto, Transparent, General, Torque, Speed, Frequency	Selects the reference and actual value types. With the <i>Auto</i> setting, the type is selected automatically according to the currently active drive control mode.	
58.30	EFB status word transparent source	Other	Defines the source of status word when 58.25 Control profile = Transparent.	
58.31	EFB act1 transparent source	Other	Defines the source of actual value 1 when 58.28 EFB act1 type = Transparent or General.	
58.32	EFB act2 transparent	Other	Defines the source of actual value 2 when 58.29 EFB act2 type = Transparent or	

General.

source

Parame	eter	Setting for fieldbus control	Function/Information
58.33	Addressing mode	eg. <i>Mode 0</i> (default)	Defines the mapping between parameters and holding registers in the 400001465536 (10065535) Modbus register range.
58.34	Word order	LO-HI (default)	Defines the order of the data words in the Modbus message frame.
	Data I/O 1 Data I/O 24	For example, the default settings (I/Os 16 contain the control word, the status word, two references and two actual values)	Define the address of the drive parameter which the Modbus master accesses when it reads from or writes to the register address corresponding to Modbus In/Out parameters. Select the parameters that you want to read or write through the Modbus I/O words.
		RO/DIO control word, AO1 data storage, AO2 data storage, Feedback data storage, Setpoint data storage	These settings write the incoming data into storage parameters 10.99 RO/DIO control word, 13.91 AO1 data storage, 13.92 AO2 data storage, 40.91 Feedback data storage or 40.92 Setpoint data storage.
58.06	Communication control	Refresh settings	Validates the settings of the configuration parameters.

The new settings will take effect when the drive is powered up the next time, or when they are validated by parameter 58.06 Communication control.

# **Setting the drive control parameters**

After the embedded fieldbus interface has been set up, check and adjust the drive control parameters listed in the table below. The Setting for fieldbus control column gives the value or values to use when the embedded fieldbus signal is the desired source or destination for that particular drive control signal. The Function/Information column gives a description of the parameter.

Parameter	Setting for fieldbus control	Function/Information	
CONTROL COMMAND	SOURCE SELECTION		
20.01 Ext1 commands	Embedded fieldbus	Selects fieldbus as the source for the start and stop commands when EXT1 is selected as the active control location.	
20.02 Ext2 commands	Embedded fieldbus	Selects fieldbus as the source for the start and stop commands when EXT2 is selected as the active control location.	
SPEED REFERENCE SELECTION			
22.11 Speed ref1 source	EFB ref1 or EFB ref2	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as speed reference 1.	

Parameter	Setting for fieldbus control	Function/Information	
22.12 Speed ref2 source	EFB ref1 or EFB ref2	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as speed reference 2.	
TORQUE REFERENCE SELECTION			

TORQUE REFERENCE SELECTION			
26.11 Torque ref1 source	EFB ref1 or EFB ref2	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as torque reference 1.	
26.12 Torque ref2 source	EFB ref1 or EFB ref2	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as torque reference 2.	

FREQUENCY REFERENCE SELECTION			
28.11 Frequency ref1 source	EFB ref1 or EFB ref2	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as frequency reference 1.	
28.12 Frequency ref2 source	EFB ref1 or EFB ref2	Selects a reference received through the embedded fieldbus interface as frequency reference 2.	

### OTHER SELECTIONS

EFB references can be selected as the source at virtually any signal selector parameter by selecting *Other*, then either *03.09 EFB reference 1* or *03.10 EFB reference 2*.

CONTROL OF RELAY OUTPUTS, ANALOG OUTPUTS AND DIGITAL INPUT/OUTPUTS			
10.24 RO1 source	RO/DIO control word bit0	Connects bit 0 of storage parameter 10.99  RO/DIO control word to relay output RO1.	
10.27 RO2 source	RO/DIO control word bit1	Connects bit 1 of storage parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word to relay output RO2.	
10.30 RO3 source	RO/DIO control word bit2	Connects bit 2 of storage parameter 10.99 RO/DIO control word to relay output RO3.	
11.05 DIO1 function 11.09 DIO2 function	Output (default)	Sets the digital input/output to output mode.	
11.06 DIO1 output source	RO/DIO control word bit8	Connects bit 8 of storage parameter 10.99  RO/DIO control word to digital input/output DIO1.	
11.10 DIO2 output source	RO/DIO control word bit9	Connects bit 9 of storage parameter 10.99  RO/DIO control word to digital input/output DIO2.	
13.12 AO1 source	AO1 data storage	Connects storage parameter 13.91 AO1 data storage to analog output AO1.	
13.22 AO2 source	AO2 data storage	Connects storage parameter 13.92 AO2 data storage to analog output AO2.	

Parameter Setting for fieldbus control		Function/Information		
PROCESS PID FEEDE	PROCESS PID FEEDBACK AND SETPOINT			
40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source	Feedback data storage	Connect the bits of the storage parameter (10.99 RO/DIO control word) to the digital		
40.16 Set 1 setpoint 1 source	Setpoint data storage	input/outputs of the drive.		
SYSTEM CONTROL INPUTS				
96.07 Parameter save manually	Save (reverts to Done)	Saves parameter value changes (including those made through fieldbus control) to permanent memory.		

table

### Basics of the embedded fieldbus interface

The cyclic communication between a fieldbus system and the drive consists of 16-bit data words or 32-bit data words (with the transparent control profiles).

The diagram below illustrates the operation of the embedded fieldbus interface. The signals transferred in the cyclic communication are explained further below the diagram.

Fieldbus network 1) EXT1/2 EFB profile Cyclic communication Start commands **SEL** EFB CW 3) CW 03.09 EFB reference 2) REF1 20.01 REF2 2 03.10 EFB reference 20.06 2 Reference selection EFB SW 3) SW 2) Actual 1 3) ACT1 Actual 2 3) ACT2 58.25 Groups Data I/O 22/26/28/40 etc. selection I/O 1 I/O 2 Reference selection I/O 3 Par. 01.01...255.255 I/O 24 58.101 58.124 Groups 22/26/28/40 etc. Parameter Acyclic communication

- 1. See also other parameters which can be controlled through fieldbus.
- 2. Data conversion if parameter 58.25 Control profile is set to ABB Drives. See section About the control profiles (page 554).
- 3. If parameter 58.25 Control profile is set to Transparent,
- the sources of the status word and actual values are selected by parameters 58.30...58.32 (otherwise, actual values 1 and 2 are automatically selected according to reference type), and
- the control word is displayed by 06.05 EFB transparent control word.

#### Control word and Status word

The Control Word (CW) is a 16-bit or 32-bit packed boolean word. It is the principal means of controlling the drive from a fieldbus system. The CW is sent by the fieldbus controller to the drive. By drive parameters, the user selects the EFB CW as the source of drive control commands (such as start/stop, emergency stop, selection between external control locations 1/2, or fault reset). The drive switches between its states according to the bit-coded instructions of the CW.

The fieldbus CW is either written to the drive as it is (see parameter 06.05 EFB transparent control word), or the data is converted. See section About the control profiles (page 554).

The fieldbus Status Word (SW) is a 16-bit or 32-bit packed boolean word. It contains status information from the drive to the fieldbus controller. The drive SW is either written to the fieldbus SW as it is or the data is converted. See section *About the control profiles* (page *554*).

### References

EFB references 1 and 2 are 16-bit or 32-bit signed integers. The contents of each reference word can be used as the source of virtually any signal, such as the speed, frequency, torque or process reference. In embedded fieldbus communication, references 1 and 2 are displayed by 03.09 EFB reference 1 and 03.10 EFB reference 2 respectively. Whether the references are scaled or not depends on the settings of 58.26 EFB ref1 type and 58.27 EFB ref2 type. See section About the control profiles (page 554).

#### Actual values

Fieldbus actual signals (ACT1 and ACT2) are 16-bit or 32-bit signed integers. They convey selected drive parameter values from the drive to the master. Whether the actual values are scaled or not depends on the settings of 58.28 EFB act1 type and 58.29 EFB act2 type. See section About the control profiles (page 554).

### Data input/outputs

Data input/outputs are 16-bit or 32-bit words containing selected drive parameter values. Parameters 58.101 Data I/O 1 ... 58.124 Data I/O 24 define the addresses from which the master either reads data (input) or to which it writes data (output).

### Control of drive outputs through EFB

The address selection parameters of the data input/outputs have a setting with which the data can be written into a storage parameter in the drive. These storage parameters are readily selectable as signal sources of the drive outputs.

The desired values of the relay outputs (RO) and digital input/outputs (DIO) can be written in a 16-bit word into 10.99 RO/DIO control word, which is then selected as the source of those outputs. Each of the analog outputs (AO) of the drive have a

dedicated storage parameter (13.91 AO1 data storage and 13.92 AO2 data storage), which are available in the source selection parameters 13.12 AO1 source and 13.22 AO2 source.

### Sending process PID feedback and setpoint values through EFB

The drive also has storage parameters for incoming process PID feedback (40.91 Feedback data storage) as well as a process PID setpoint (40.92 Setpoint data storage). The feedback storage parameter is selectable in the source selection parameters 40.08 Set 1 feedback 1 source and 40.09 Set 1 feedback 2 source.

The corresponding parameters in process PID control set 2 (group 41 Process PID set 2) have the same selections.

### Register addressing

The address field of Modbus requests for accessing holding registers is 16 bits. This allows the Modbus protocol to support addressing of 65536 holding registers.

Historically, Modbus master devices used 5-digit decimal addresses from 40001 to 49999 to represent holding register addresses. The 5-digit decimal addressing limited to 9999 the number of holding registers that could be addressed.

Modern Modbus master devices typically provide a means to access the full range of 65536 Modbus holding registers. One of these methods is to use 6-digit decimal addresses from 400001 to 465536. This manual uses 6-digit decimal addressing to represent Modbus holding register addresses.

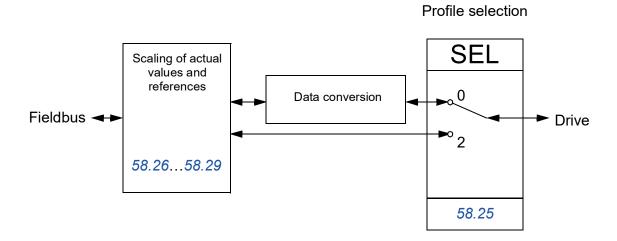
Modbus master devices that are limited to the 5-digit decimal addressing may still access registers 400001 to 409999 by using 5-digit decimal addresses 40001 to 49999. Registers 410000 to 465536 are inaccessible to these masters.

Note: Register addresses of 32-bit parameters cannot be accessed by using 5-digit register numbers.

A control profile defines the rules for data transfer between the drive and the fieldbus master, for example:

- if packed boolean words are converted and how
- how drive register addresses are mapped for the fieldbus master.

You can configure the drive to receive and send messages according to the ABB Drives profile or the Transparent profile. With the ABB Drives profile, the embedded fieldbus interface of the drive converts the control word and status word to and from the native data used in the drive. The Transparent profile involves no data conversion. The figure below illustrates the effect of the profile selection.



Control profile selection with parameter 58.25 Control profile:

- (0) ABB Drives
- (2) Transparent

Note that scaling of references and actual values can be selected independent of the profile selection by parameters 58.26...58.29.

# The ABB Drives profile

#### **Control Word**

The table below shows the contents of the fieldbus Control Word for the ABB Drives control profile. The embedded fieldbus interface converts this word to the form in which it is used in the drive. The upper case boldface text refers to the states shown in State transition diagram on page 558.

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
0	OFF1_	1	Proceed to READY TO OPERATE.
	CONTROL	0	Stop along currently active deceleration ramp. Proceed to <b>OFF1 ACTIVE</b> ; proceed to <b>READY TO SWITCH ON</b> unless other interlocks (OFF2, OFF3) are active.
1	OFF2_	1	Continue operation (OFF2 inactive).
	CONTROL	0	Emergency OFF, coast to stop. Proceed to <b>OFF2 ACTIVE</b> , proceed to <b>SWITCH-ON INHIBITED</b> .
2	OFF3_	1	Continue operation (OFF3 inactive).
	CONTROL	0	Emergency stop, stop within time defined by drive parameter. Proceed to OFF3 ACTIVE; proceed to SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.
			Warning: Ensure that the motor and driven machine can be stopped using this stop mode.
3	INHIBIT_	1	Proceed to OPERATION ENABLED.
	OPERATION		<b>Note:</b> Run enable signal must be active; see the drive documentation. If the drive is set to receive the Run enable signal from the fieldbus, this bit activates the signal.
		0	Inhibit operation. Proceed to <b>OPERATION INHIBITED</b> .
4	RAMP_OUT_ ZERO	1	Normal operation. Proceed to RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: OUTPUT ENABLED.
		0	Force Ramp Function Generator output to zero. Drive ramps to stop (current and DC voltage limits in force).
5	RAMP_HOLD	1	Enable ramp function.
			Proceed to RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: ACCELERATOR ENABLED.
		0	Halt ramping (Ramp Function Generator output held).
6	RAMP_IN_	1	Normal operation. Proceed to <b>OPERATING</b> .
	ZERO		<b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source for this signal by drive parameters.
		0	Force Ramp Function Generator input to zero.
7	RESET	0=>1	Fault reset if an active fault exists. Proceed to <b>SWITCH-ON INHIBITED</b> .
			<b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source for this signal by drive parameters.
		0	Continue normal operation.

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
8 JOGGING_1	1	Accelerate to jogging 1 reference.  Notes: Bits 46 must be 0. See also section <i>Jogging</i> (page 55).	
		0	Jogging 1 disabled.
9	JOGGING_2	1	Accelerate to jogging 2 reference. See notes at bit 8.
		0	Jogging 2 disabled.
10	REMOTE_	1	Fieldbus control enabled.
	CMD	0	Control word and reference will not get through to the drive, except for CW bits OFF1, OFF2 and OFF3.
11	11 EXT_CTRL_ LOC	1	Select External Control Location EXT2. Effective if the control location is parameterized to be selected from the fieldbus.
		0	Select External Control Location EXT1. Effective if the control location is parameterized to be selected from the fieldbus.
1215	Reserved		

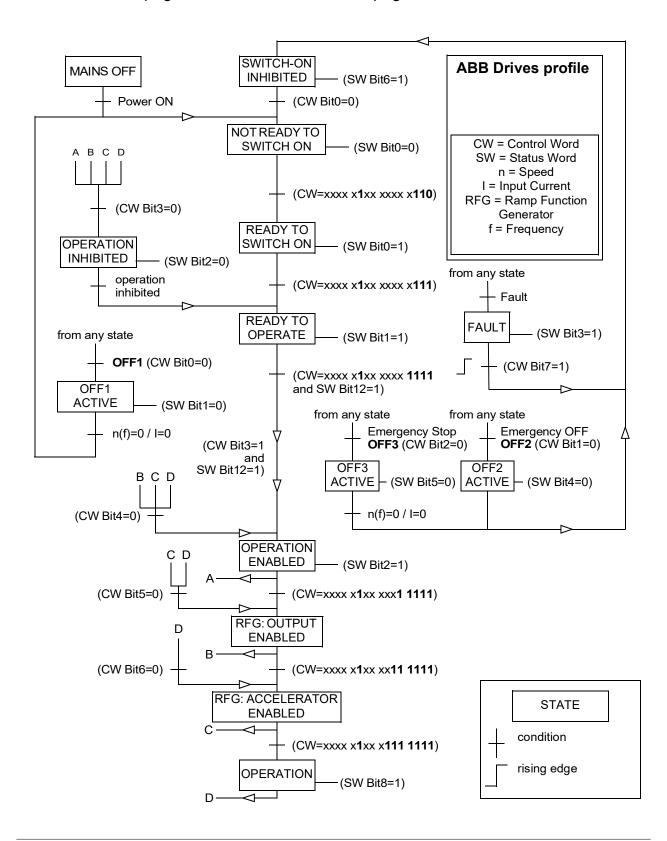
### Status Word

The table below shows the fieldbus Status Word for the ABB Drives control profile. The embedded fieldbus interface converts the drive Status Word into this form for the fieldbus. The upper case boldface text refers to the states shown in State transition diagram on page 558.

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
0	0 RDY_ON	1	READY TO SWITCH ON.
		0	NOT READY TO SWITCH ON.
1	RDY_RUN	1	READY TO OPERATE.
		0	OFF1 ACTIVE.
2	RDY_REF	1	OPERATION ENABLED.
		0	OPERATION INHIBITED.
3	TRIPPED	1	FAULT.
		0	No fault.
4	OFF_2_STA	1	OFF2 inactive.
		0	OFF2 ACTIVE.
5	OFF_3_STA	1	OFF3 inactive.
		0	OFF3 ACTIVE.
6	SWC_ON_	1	SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.
	INHIB	0	_
7	ALARM	1	Warning/Alarm.
		0	No warning/alarm.
8	AT_ SETPOINT	1	OPERATING. Actual value equals Reference = is within tolerance limits, i.e. in speed control, speed error is 10% max. of nominal motor speed.
		0	Actual value differs from Reference = is outside tolerance limits.
9	REMOTE	1	Drive control location: REMOTE (EXT1 or EXT2).
		0	Drive control location: LOCAL.
10	ABOVE_ LIMIT	1	Actual frequency or speed equals or exceeds supervision limit (set by drive parameter). Valid in both directions of rotation.
		0	Actual frequency or speed within supervision limit.
11	USER_0		S
12	EXT_RUN_	1	External Run enable signal received.
	ENABLE	0	No external Run enable signal received.
1315	Reserved		

### State transition diagram

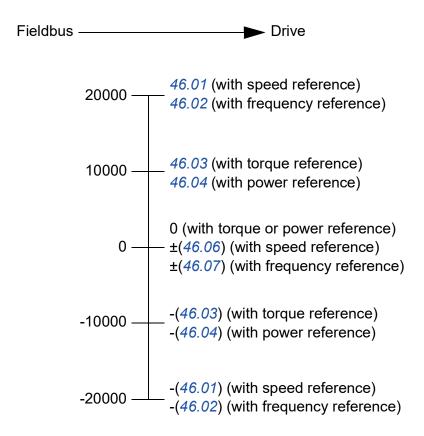
The diagram below shows the state transitions in the drive when the drive is using the ABB Drives profile, and configured to follow the commands of the control word from the embedded fieldbus interface. The upper case texts refer to the states which are used in the tables representing the fieldbus Control and Status words. See sections *Control Word* on page *555* and *Status Word* on page *557*.



#### References

The ABB drives profile supports the use of two references, EFB reference 1 and EFB reference 2. The references are 16-bit words each containing a sign bit and a 15-bit integer. A negative reference is formed by calculating the two's complement from the corresponding positive reference.

The references are scaled as defined by parameters 46.01...46.07; which scaling is in use depends on the setting of 58.26 EFB ref1 type and 58.27 EFB ref2 type (see page 360).

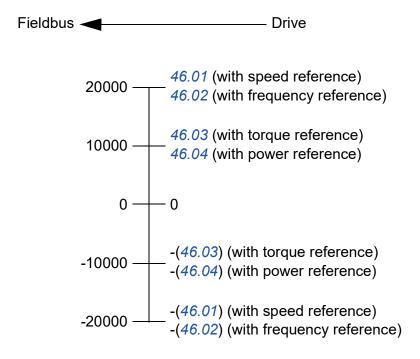


The scaled references are shown by parameters 03.09 EFB reference 1 and 03.10 EFB reference 2.

### Actual values

The ABB Drives profile supports the use of two fieldbus actual values, ACT1 and ACT2. The actual values are 16-bit words each containing a sign bit and a 15-bit integer. A negative value is formed by calculating the two's complement from the corresponding positive value.

The actual values are scaled as defined by parameters 46.01...46.04; which scaling is in use depends on the setting of parameters 58.28 EFB act1 type and 58.29 EFB act2 type (see page 361).



## Modbus holding register addresses

The table below shows the default Modbus holding register addresses for drive data. This profile provides a converted 16-bit access to the data.

Register address	Register data (16-bit words)
400001	Control word. See section Control Word (page 555).
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.101 Data I/O 1.
400002	Reference 1 (REF1).
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.102 Data I/O 2.
400003	Reference 2 (REF2).
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.103 Data I/O 3.
400004	Status Word (SW). See section Status Word (page 557).
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.104 Data I/O 4.
400005	Actual value 1 (ACT1).
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.105 Data I/O 5.
400006	Actual value 2 (ACT2).
	The selection can be changed using parameter 58.106 Data I/O 6.
400007400024	Data in/out 724.
	Selected by parameters 58.107 Data I/O 7 58.124 Data I/O 24.
400025400089	Unused
400090400100	Error code access. See section <i>Error code registers (holding registers 400090400100)</i> (page <i>568</i> ).
400101465536	Parameter read/write.
	Parameters are mapped to register addresses according to parameter 58.33 Addressing mode.

### The Transparent profile

The Transparent profile enables a customizable access to the drive.

The contents of the control word are user-definable. The control word received from the fieldbus is visible in parameter 06.05 EFB transparent control word, and can be used to control the drive using pointer parameters and/or application programming.

The status word to be sent to the fieldbus controller is selected by parameter 58.30 EFB status word transparent source. This can be, for example, the user-configurable status word in 06.50 User status word 1.

The Transparent profile involves no data conversion of the control or status word. Whether references or actual values are scaled depends on the setting of parameters 58.26...58.29. The references received from the fieldbus are visible in parameters 03.09 EFB reference 1 and 03.10 EFB reference 2.

The Modbus holding register addresses for the Transparent profile are as with the ABB Drives profile (see page 561).

# **Modbus function codes**

The table below shows the Modbus function codes supported by the embedded fieldbus interface.

Code	Function name	Description
01h	Read Coils	Reads the 0/1 status of coils (0X references).
02h	Read Discrete Inputs	Reads the 0/1 status of discrete inputs (1X references).
03h	Read Holding Registers	Reads the binary contents of holding registers (4X references).
05h	Write Single Coil	Forces a single coil (0X reference) to 0 or 1.
06h	Write Single Register	Writes a single holding register (4X reference).
08h	Diagnostics	Provides a series of tests for checking the communication, or for checking various internal error conditions.
		Supported subcodes:
		<ul> <li>00h Return Query Data: Echo/loopback test.</li> <li>01h Restart Comm Option: Restarts and initializes the EFB, clears communications event counters.</li> <li>04h Force Listen Only Mode</li> </ul>
		OAh Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register
		0Bh Return Bus Message Count
		OCh Return Bus Comm. Error Count
		ODh Return Bus Exception Error Count
		0Eh Return Slave Message Count
		OFh Return Slave No Response Count
		<ul> <li>10h Return Slave NAK (negative acknowledge) Count</li> </ul>
		11h Return Slave Busy Count
		12h Return Bus Character Overrun Count
		14h Clear Overrun Counter and Flag
0Bh	Get Comm Event Counter	Returns a status word and an event count.
0Fh	Write Multiple Coils	Forces a sequence of coils (0X references) to 0 or 1.
10h	Write Multiple Registers	Writes the contents of a contiguous block of holding registers (4X references).
16h	Mask Write Register	Modifies the contents of a 4X register using a combination of an AND mask, an OR mask, and the register's current contents.
17h	Read/Write Multiple Registers	Writes the contents of a contiguous block of 4X registers, then reads the contents of another group of registers (the same or different than those written) in a server device.

Code	Function name	Description
2Bh / 0Eh	Encapsulated Interface	Supported subcodes:
	Transport	0Eh Read Device Identification: Allows reading the identification and other information.
		Supported ID codes (access type):
		00h: Request to get the basic device identification (stream access)
		04h: Request to get one specific identification object (individual access)
		Supported Object IDs:
		00h: Vendor Name ("ABB")
		01h: Product Code (for example, "AINFX")
		02h: Major Minor Revision (combination of contents of parameters 07.05 Firmware version and 58.02 Protocol ID).
		03h: Vendor URL ("www.abb.com")
		04h: Product name (for example, "ACS880")

# **Exception codes**

The table below shows the Modbus exception codes supported by the embedded fieldbus interface.

Code	Name	Description
01h	ILLEGAL FUNCTION	The function code received in the query is not an allowable action for the server.
02h	ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS	The data address received in the query is not an allowable address for the server.
03h	ILLEGAL DATA VALUE	The requested Quantity of Registers is larger than the drive can handle.
		<b>Note:</b> This error does not mean that a value written to a drive parameter is outside the valid range.
04h	SLAVE DEVICE FAILURE	The value written to a drive parameter is outside the valid range. See section <i>Error code registers (holding registers 400090400100)</i> on page <i>568</i> .
06h	SLAVE DEVICE BUSY	The server is engaged in processing a long-duration program command.

# Coils (0xxxx reference set)

Coils are 1-bit read/write values. Control Word bits are exposed with this data type. The table below summarizes the Modbus coils (0xxxx reference set).

Reference	ABB drives profile	Transparent profile
00001	OFF1_CONTROL	Control Word bit 0
00002	OFF2_CONTROL	Control Word bit 1
00003	OFF3_CONTROL	Control Word bit 2
00004	INHIBIT_OPERATION	Control Word bit 3
00005	RAMP_OUT_ZERO	Control Word bit 4
00006	RAMP_HOLD	Control Word bit 5
00007	RAMP_IN_ZERO	Control Word bit 6
80000	RESET	Control Word bit 7
00009	JOGGING_1	Control Word bit 8
00010	JOGGING_2	Control Word bit 9
00011	REMOTE_CMD	Control Word bit 10
00012	EXT_CTRL_LOC	Control Word bit 11
00013	User-defined (0)	Control Word bit 12
00014	User-defined (1)	Control Word bit 13
00015	User-defined (2)	Control Word bit 14
00016	User-defined (3)	Control Word bit 15
00017	Reserved	Control Word bit 16
00018	Reserved	Control Word bit 17
00019	Reserved	Control Word bit 18
00020	Reserved	Control Word bit 19
00021	Reserved	Control Word bit 20
00022	Reserved	Control Word bit 21
00023	Reserved	Control Word bit 22
00024	Reserved	Control Word bit 23
00025	Reserved	Control Word bit 24
00026	Reserved	Control Word bit 25
00027	Reserved	Control Word bit 26
00028	Reserved	Control Word bit 27
00029	Reserved	Control Word bit 28
00030	Reserved	Control Word bit 29
00031	Reserved	Control Word bit 30
00032	Reserved	Control Word bit 31
00033	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 0
00034	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 1

Reference	ABB drives profile	Transparent profile
00035	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 2
00036	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 3
00037	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 4
00038	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 5
00039	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 6
00040	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 7
00041	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 8
00042	Reserved	10.99 RO/DIO control word, bit 9

# Discrete inputs (1xxxx reference set)

Discrete inputs are 1-bit read-only values. Status Word bits are exposed with this data type. The table below summarizes the Modbus discrete inputs (1xxxx reference set).

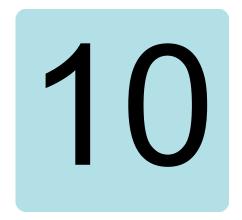
Reference	ABB drives profile	Transparent profile
10001	RDY_ON	Status Word bit 0
10002	RDY_RUN	Status Word bit 1
10003	RDY_REF	Status Word bit 2
10004	TRIPPED	Status Word bit 3
10005	OFF_2_STA	Status Word bit 4
10006	OFF_3_STA	Status Word bit 5
10007	SWC_ON_INHIB	Status Word bit 6
10008	ALARM	Status Word bit 7
10009	AT_SETPOINT	Status Word bit 8
10010	REMOTE	Status Word bit 9
10011	ABOVE_LIMIT	Status Word bit 10
10012	User-defined (0)	Status Word bit 11
10013	User-defined (1)	Status Word bit 12
10014	User-defined (2)	Status Word bit 13
10015	User-defined (3)	Status Word bit 14
10016	Reserved	Status Word bit 15
10017	Reserved	Status Word bit 16
10018	Reserved	Status Word bit 17
10019	Reserved	Status Word bit 18
10020	Reserved	Status Word bit 19
10021	Reserved	Status Word bit 20
10022	Reserved	Status Word bit 21
10023	Reserved	Status Word bit 22
10024	Reserved	Status Word bit 23

Reference	ABB drives profile	Transparent profile
10025	Reserved	Status Word bit 24
10026	Reserved	Status Word bit 25
10027	Reserved	Status Word bit 26
10028	Reserved	Status Word bit 27
10029	Reserved	Status Word bit 28
10030	Reserved	Status Word bit 29
10031	Reserved	Status Word bit 30
10032	Reserved	Status Word bit 31
10033	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 0
10034	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 1
10035	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 2
10036	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 3
10037	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 4
10038	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 5
10039	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 6
10040	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 7
10041	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 8
10042	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 9
10043	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 10
10044	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 11
10045	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 12
10046	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 13
10047	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 14
10048	Reserved	10.02 DI delayed status, bit 15

# Error code registers (holding registers 400090...400100)

These registers contain information about the last query. The error register is cleared when a query has finished successfully.

Reference	Name	Description
90	Reset Error Registers	1 = Reset internal error registers (9195).
91	Error Function Code	Function code of the failed query.
92	Error Code	Set when exception code 04h is generated (see table above).  • 00h No error  • 02h Low/High limit exceeded  • 03h Faulty Index: Unavailable index of an array parameter  • 05h Incorrect Data Type: Value does not match the data type of the parameter  • 65h General Error: Undefined error when handling query
93	Failed Register	The last register (discrete input, coil, or holding register) that failed to be read or written.
94	Last Register Written Successfully	The last register that was written successfully.
95	Last Register Read Successfully	The last register that was read successfully.



# Fieldbus control through a fieldbus adapter

### What this chapter contains

This chapter describes how the drive can be controlled by external devices over a communication network (fieldbus) through an optional fieldbus adapter module.

The fieldbus control interface of the drive is described first, followed by a configuration example.

## System overview

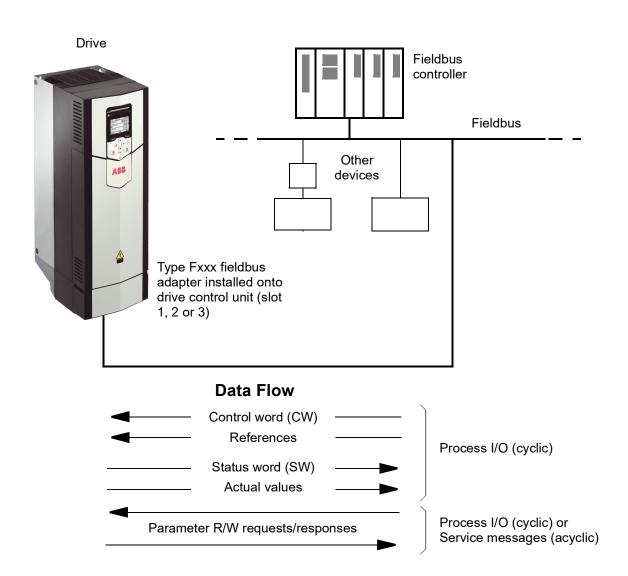
The drive can be connected to an external control system through an optional fieldbus adapter mounted onto the control unit of the drive. The drive actually has two independent interfaces for fieldbus connection, called "fieldbus adapter A" (FBA A) and "fieldbus adapter B" (FBA B). The drive can be configured to receive all of its control information through the fieldbus interface(s), or the control can be distributed between the fieldbus interface(s) and other available sources such as digital and analog inputs, depending on how control locations EXT1 and EXT2 are configured.

Note: The text and examples in this chapter describe the configuration of one fieldbus adapter (FBAA) by parameters 50.01...50.21 and parameter groups 51...53. The second adapter (FBA B), if present, is configured in a similar fashion by parameters 50.31...50.51 and parameter groups 54...56. It is recommended that the FBA B interface is only used for monitoring.

Fieldbus adapters are available for various communication systems and protocols, for example

- CANopen (FCAN-01 adapter)
- ControlNet (FCNA-01 adapter)
- DeviceNet (FDNA-01 adapter)
- EtherCAT® (FECA-01 adapter)
- EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> (FENA-11 or FENA-21 adapter)
- Modbus/RTU (FSCA-01 adapter)
- Modbus/TCP (FENA-11 or FENA-21 adapter)
- POWERLINK (FEPL-02 adapter)
- PROFIBUS DP (FPBA-01 adapter)
- PROFINET IO (FENA-11 or FENA-21 adapter).

Note: Fieldbus adapters with the suffix "M" (eg. FPBA-01-M) are not supported.

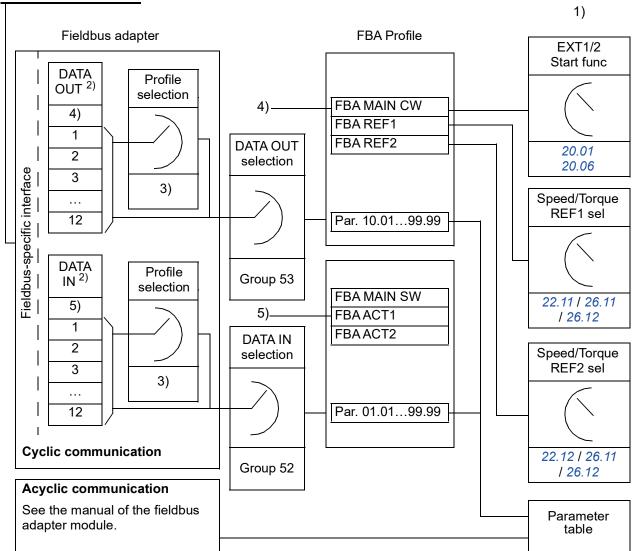


### Basics of the fieldbus control interface

The cyclic communication between a fieldbus system and the drive consists of 16- or 32-bit input and output data words. The drive is able to support a maximum of 12 data words (16 bits) in each direction.

Data transmitted from the drive to the fieldbus controller is defined by parameters 52.01 FBA A data in1 ... 52.12 FBA A data in12. The data transmitted from the fieldbus controller to the drive is defined by parameters 53.01 FBA A data out1 ... 53.12 FBA A data out12.

# Fieldbus network



- 1) See also other parameters which can be controlled from fieldbus.
- 2) The maximum number of data words used is protocol-dependent.
- 3) Profile/instance selection parameters. Fieldbus module specific parameters. For more information, see the *User's Manual* of the appropriate fieldbus adapter module.
- 4) With DeviceNet, the control part is transmitted directly.
- 5) With DeviceNet, the actual value part is transmitted directly.

#### Control word and Status word

The Control word is the principal means for controlling the drive from a fieldbus system. It is sent by the fieldbus master station to the drive through the adapter module. The drive switches between its states according to the bit-coded instructions in the Control word, and returns status information to the master in the Status word.

For the ABB Drives communication profile, the contents of the Control word and the Status word are detailed on pages 575 and 576 respectively. The drive states are presented in the state diagram (page 577).

When a transparent communication profile is selected eg. by parameter group *51 FBA A settings*, the control word received from the PLC is available in *06.03 FBA A transparent control word*. The individual bits of the word can then be used for drive control through bit pointer parameters. The source of the status word, for example *06.50 User status word 1*, can be selected in *50.09 FBA A SW transparent source*.

### Debugging the network words

If parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode is set to Fast, the Control word received from the fieldbus is shown by parameter 50.13 FBA A control word, and the Status word transmitted to the fieldbus network by 50.16 FBA A status word. This "raw" data is very useful to determine if the fieldbus master is transmitting the correct data before handing control to the fieldbus network.

#### References

References are 16-bit words containing a sign bit and a 15-bit integer. A negative reference (indicating reversed direction of rotation) is formed by calculating the two's complement from the corresponding positive reference.

ABB drives can receive control information from multiple sources including analog and digital inputs, the drive control panel and a fieldbus adapter module. In order to have the drive controlled through the fieldbus, the module must be defined as the source for control information such as reference. This is done using the source selection parameters in groups 22 Speed reference selection, 26 Torque reference chain and 28 Frequency reference chain.

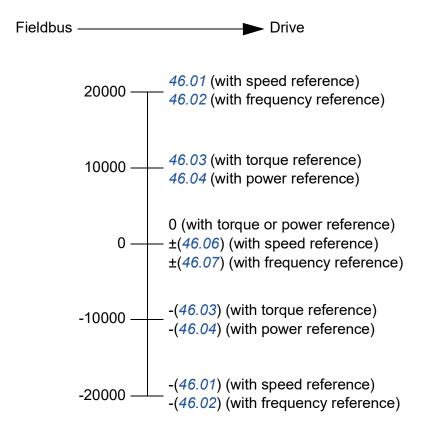
#### Debugging the network words

If parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode is set to Fast, the references received from the fieldbus are displayed by 50.14 FBA A reference 1 and 50.15 FBA A reference 2.

### Scaling of references

**Note:** The scalings described below are for the ABB Drives communication profile. Fieldbus-specific communication profiles may use different scalings. For more information, see the manual of the fieldbus adapter.

The references are scaled as defined by parameters 46.01...46.07; which scaling is in use depends on the setting of 50.04 FBA A ref1 type and 50.05 FBA A ref2 type.



The scaled references are shown by parameters 03.05 FB A reference 1 and 03.06 FB A reference 2.

#### Actual values

Actual values are 16-bit words containing information on the operation of the drive. The types of the monitored signals are selected by parameters 50.07 FBA A actual 1 type and 50.08 FBA A actual 2 type.

#### Debugging the network words

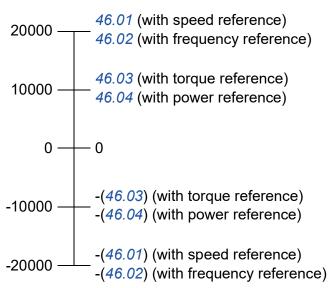
If parameter 50.12 FBA A debug mode is set to Fast, the actual values sent to the fieldbus are displayed by 50.17 FBA A actual value 1 and 50.18 FBA A actual value 2.

#### Scaling of actual values

Note: The scalings described below are for the ABB Drives communication profile. Fieldbus-specific communication profiles may use different scalings. For more information, see the manual of the fieldbus adapter.

The actual values are scaled as defined by parameters 46.01...46.04; which scaling is in use depends on the setting of parameters 50.07 FBA A actual 1 type and 50.08 FBA A actual 2 type.





# ■ Contents of the fieldbus Control word (ABB Drives profile)

The upper case boldface text refers to the states shown in the state diagram (page *577*).

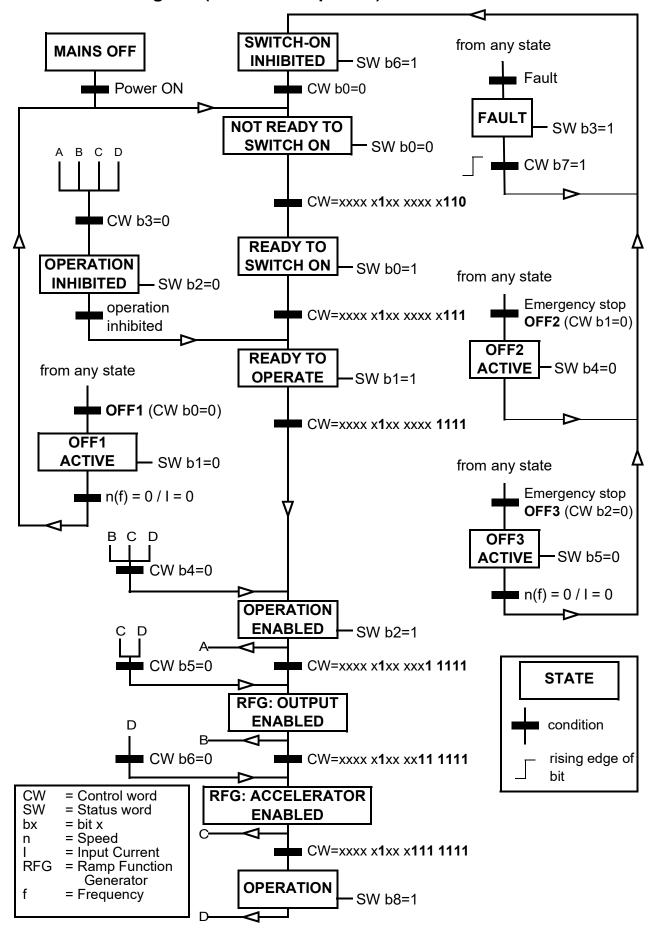
Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
0	Off1 control	1	Proceed to READY TO OPERATE.
		0	Stop along currently active deceleration ramp. Proceed to <b>OFF1 ACTIVE</b> ; proceed to <b>READY TO SWITCH ON</b> unless other interlocks (OFF2, OFF3) are active.
1	Off2 control	1	Continue operation (OFF2 inactive).
		0	Emergency OFF, coast to a stop. Proceed to <b>OFF2 ACTIVE</b> , proceed to <b>SWITCH-ON INHIBITED</b> .
2	Off3 control	1	Continue operation (OFF3 inactive).
		0	Emergency stop, stop within time defined by drive parameter. Proceed to OFF3 ACTIVE; proceed to SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.  WARNING: Ensure motor and driven machine can be stopped using this stop mode.
3	Run	1	Proceed to OPERATION ENABLED.  Note: Run enable signal must be active. If the drive is set to receive the Run enable signal from the fieldbus, this bit activates the signal. See also parameters 06.18 Start inhibit status word and 06.25 Drive inhibit status word 2.
4	Domp out zoro	0	Inhibit operation. Proceed to OPERATION INHIBITED.
4	Ramp out zero	1	Normal operation. Proceed to RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: OUTPUT ENABLED.
		0	Force Ramp function generator output to zero. The drive will immediately decelerate to zero speed (observing the torque limits).
5	Ramp hold	1	Enable ramp function. Proceed to RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: ACCELERATOR ENABLED.
		0	Halt ramping (Ramp Function Generator output held).
6	Ramp in zero	1	Normal operation. Proceed to <b>OPERATING</b> . <b>Note:</b> This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source for this signal by drive parameters.
		0	Force Ramp function generator input to zero.
7	Reset	0=>1	Fault reset if an active fault exists. Proceed to SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.  Note: This bit is effective only if the fieldbus interface is set as the source of the reset signal by drive parameters.
		0	Continue normal operation.
8	Inching 1	0	Accelerate to inching (jogging) setpoint 1.  Notes:  Bits 46 must be 0.  See also section Jogging (page 55).  Inching (jogging) 1 disabled.
9	Inching 2	1	Accelerate to inching (jogging) setpoint 2.
	]		See notes at bit 8.
		0	Inching (jogging) 2 disabled.
10	Remote cmd	1	Fieldbus control enabled.
		0	Control word and reference not getting through to the drive, except for bits 02.
11	Ext ctrl loc	1	Select External Control Location EXT2. Effective if control location is parameterized to be selected from fieldbus.
		0	Select External Control Location EXT1. Effective if control location is parameterized to be selected from fieldbus.
12 to 1	5 Reserved.	•	

## Contents of the fieldbus Status word (ABB Drives profile)

The upper case boldface text refers to the states shown in the state diagram (page 577).

Bit	Name	Value	STATE/Description
0	Ready to switch ON	1	READY TO SWITCH ON.
		0	NOT READY TO SWITCH ON.
1	Ready run	1	READY TO OPERATE.
		0	OFF1 ACTIVE.
2	Ready ref	1	OPERATION ENABLED.
		0	<b>OPERATION INHIBITED</b> . See parameters 06.18 Start inhibit status word and 06.25 Drive inhibit status word 2 for the inhibiting condition.
3	Tripped	1	FAULT.
		0	No fault.
4	Off 2 inactive	1	OFF2 inactive.
		0	OFF2 ACTIVE.
5	Off 3 inactive	1	OFF3 inactive.
		0	OFF3 ACTIVE.
6	Switch-on inhibited	1	SWITCH-ON INHIBITED.
		0	-
7	Warning	1	Warning active.
		0	No warning active.
8	At setpoint	1	<b>OPERATING</b> . Actual value equals reference = is within tolerance limits (see parameters 46.2146.23).
		0	Actual value differs from reference = is outside tolerance limits.
9	Remote	1	Drive control location: REMOTE (EXT1 or EXT2).
		0	Drive control location: LOCAL.
10	Above limit	-	See parameter 06.29 MSW bit 10 sel.
11	User bit 0	-	See parameter 06.30 MSW bit 11 sel.
12	User bit 1	-	See parameter 06.31 MSW bit 12 sel.
13	User bit 2	-	See parameter 06.32 MSW bit 13 sel.
14	User bit 3	-	See parameter 06.33 MSW bit 14 sel.
15	Reserved	•	

#### The state diagram (ABB Drives profile)



#### Setting up the drive for fieldbus control

- 1. Install the fieldbus adapter module mechanically and electrically according to the instructions given in the *User's manual* of the module.
- 2. Power up the drive.
- 3. Enable the communication between the drive and the fieldbus adapter module with parameter 50.01 FBA A enable.
- 4. With 50.02 FBA A comm loss func, select how the drive should react to a fieldbus communication break.

Note: This function monitors both the communication between the fieldbus master and the adapter module and the communication between the adapter module and the drive.

- 5. With 50.03 FBA A comm loss t out, define the time between communication break detection and the selected action.
- 6. Select application-specific values for the rest of the parameters in group 50 Fieldbus adapter (FBA), starting from 50.04. Examples of appropriate values are shown in the tables below.
- 7. Set the fieldbus adapter module configuration parameters in group 51 FBA A settings. As a minimum, set the required node address and the control profile.
- 8. Define the process data transferred to and from the drive in parameter groups 52 FBA A data in and 53 FBA A data out.

Note: Depending on the communication protocol and profile being used, the Control word and Status word may already be configured to be sent/received by the communication system.

- 9. Save the valid parameter values to permanent memory by setting parameter 96.07 Parameter save manually to Save.
- 10. Validate the settings made in parameter groups 51, 52 and 53 by setting parameter 51.27 FBA A par refresh to Refresh.
- 11. Configure control locations EXT1 and EXT2 to allow control and reference signals to come from the fieldbus. Examples of appropriate values are shown in the tables below.

#### Parameter setting example: FPBA (PROFIBUS DP)

This example shows how to configure a basic speed control application that uses the PROFIdrive communication profile with PPO Type 2. The start/stop commands and reference are according to the PROFIdrive profile, speed control mode.

The reference values sent over the fieldbus have to be scaled within the drive so they have the desired effect. The reference value ±16384 (4000h) corresponds to the range of speed set in parameter 46.01 Speed scaling (both forward and reverse directions). For example, if 46.01 is set to 480 rpm, then 4000h sent over fieldbus will request 480 rpm.

Direction	PZD1	PZD2	PZD3	PZD4	PZD5	PZD6
Out	Control word	Speed reference	Acc time 1		Dec time 1	
In	Status word	Speed actual value	Motor current DC voltage		ge	

The table below gives the recommended drive parameter settings.

Drive parameter	Setting for ACS880 drives	Description		
50.01 FBA A enable	13 = [slot number]	Enables communication between the drive and the fieldbus adapter module.		
50.04 FBA A ref1 type	4 = Speed	Selects the fieldbus A reference 1 type and scaling.		
50.07 FBA A actual 1 type	0 = Auto	Selects the actual value type/source and scaling according to the currently active control mode (as displayed by parameter 19.01).		
51.01 FBA A type	<b>1</b> = FPBA <sup>1)</sup>	Displays the type of the fieldbus adapter module.		
51.02 Node address	3 <sup>2)</sup>	Defines the PROFIBUS node address of the fieldbus adapter module.		
51.03 Baud rate	12000 <sup>1)</sup>	Displays the current baud rate on the PROFIBUS network in kbit/s.		
51.04 MSG type	<b>1</b> = PPO1 <sup>1)</sup>	Displays the telegram type selected by the PLC configuration tool.		
51.05 Profile	0 = PROFIdrive	Selects the Control word according to the PROFIdrive profile (speed control mode).		
51.07 RPBA mode	0 = Disabled	Disables the RPBA emulation mode.		
52.01 FBA data in1	<b>4</b> = SW 16bit <sup>1)</sup>	Status word		
52.02 FBA data in2	<b>5</b> = Act1 16bit	Actual value 1		
52.03 FBA data in3	01.07 <sup>2)</sup>	Motor current		
52.05 FBA data in5	01.11 <sup>2)</sup>	DC voltage		
53.01 FBA data out1	<b>1</b> = CW 16bit <sup>1)</sup>	Control word		
53.02 FBA data out2	2 = Ref1 16bit	Reference 1 (speed)		

Drive parameter	Setting for ACS880 drives	Description
53.03 FBA data out3	23.12 <sup>2)</sup>	Acceleration time 1
53.05 FBA data out5	23.13 <sup>2)</sup>	Deceleration time 1
51.27 FBA A par refresh	1 = Refresh	Validates the configuration parameter settings.
19.12 Ext1 control mode	2 = Speed	Selects speed control as the control mode 1 for external control location EXT1.
20.01 Ext1 commands	12 = Fieldbus A	Selects fieldbus adapter A as the source of the start and stop commands for external control location EXT1.
20.02 Ext1 start trigger type	1 = Level	Selects a level-triggered start signal for external control location EXT1.
22.11 Speed ref1 source	<b>4</b> = FB A ref1	Selects fieldbus A reference 1 as the source for speed reference 1.

<sup>1)</sup> Read-only or automatically detected/set

The start sequence for the parameter example above is given below.

#### Control word

- after power-on, fault or emergency stop:
  - 476h (1142 decimal) -> NOT READY TO SWITCH ON
- in normal operation:
  - 477h (1143 decimal) -> READY TO SWITCH ON (stopped)
  - 47Fh (1151 decimal) -> OPERATING (running)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Example

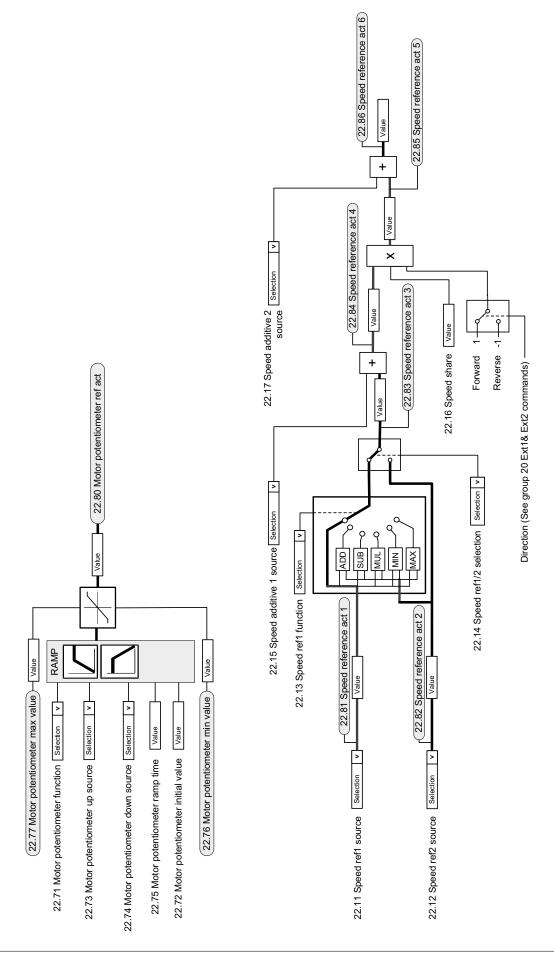
# **Control chain diagrams**

#### What this chapter contains

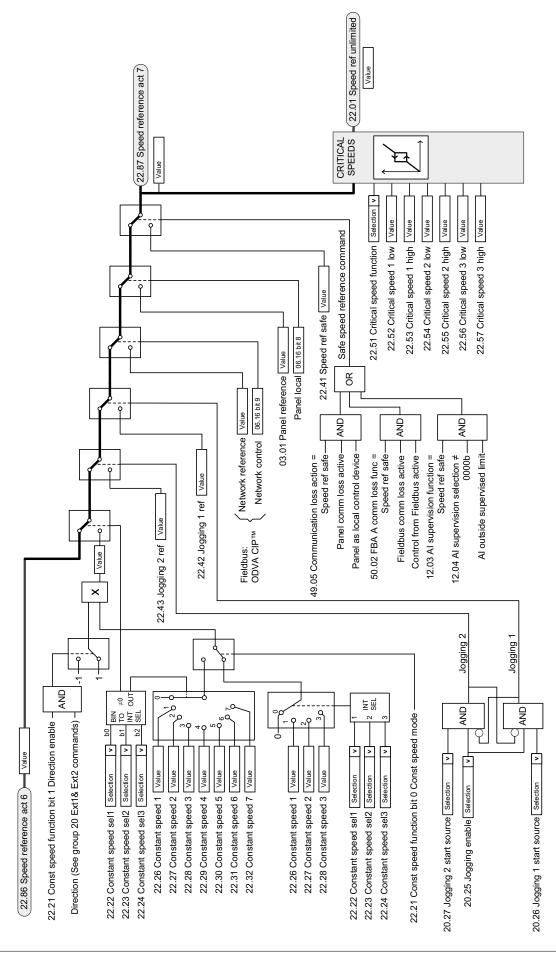
The chapter presents the reference chains of the drive. The control chain diagrams can be used to trace how parameters interact and where parameters have an effect within the drive parameter system.

For a more general diagram, see section *Operating modes of the drive* (page 22).

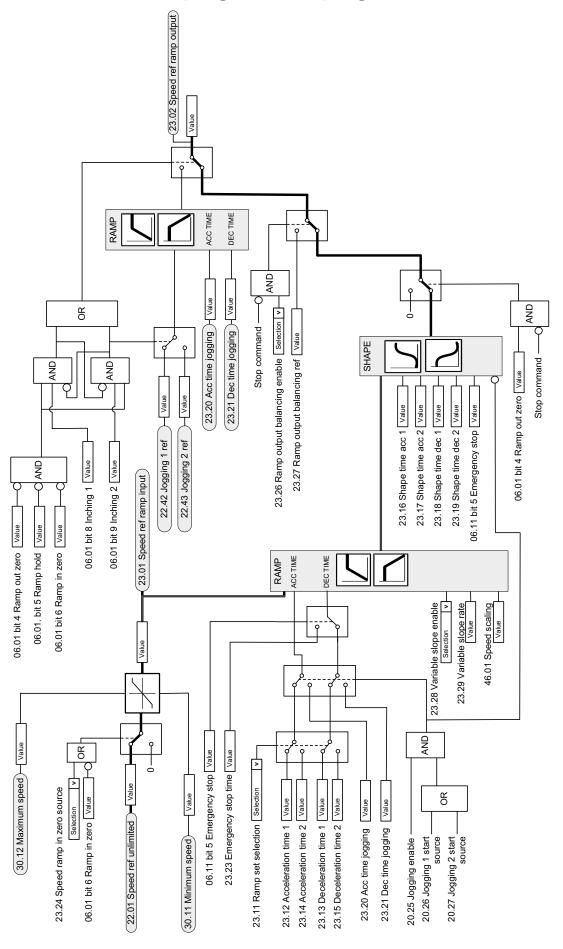
# Speed reference source selection I



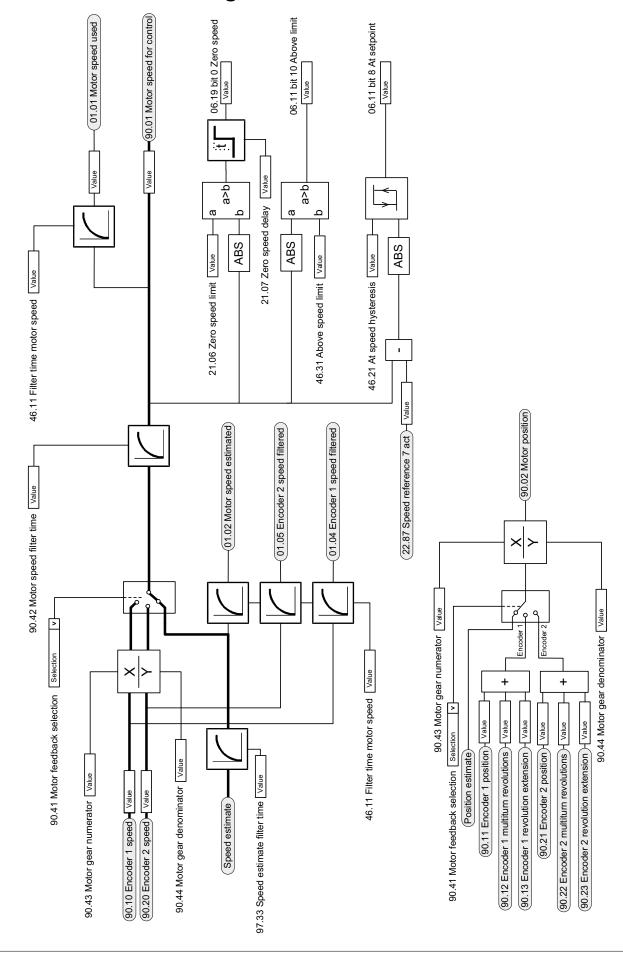
#### Speed reference source selection II



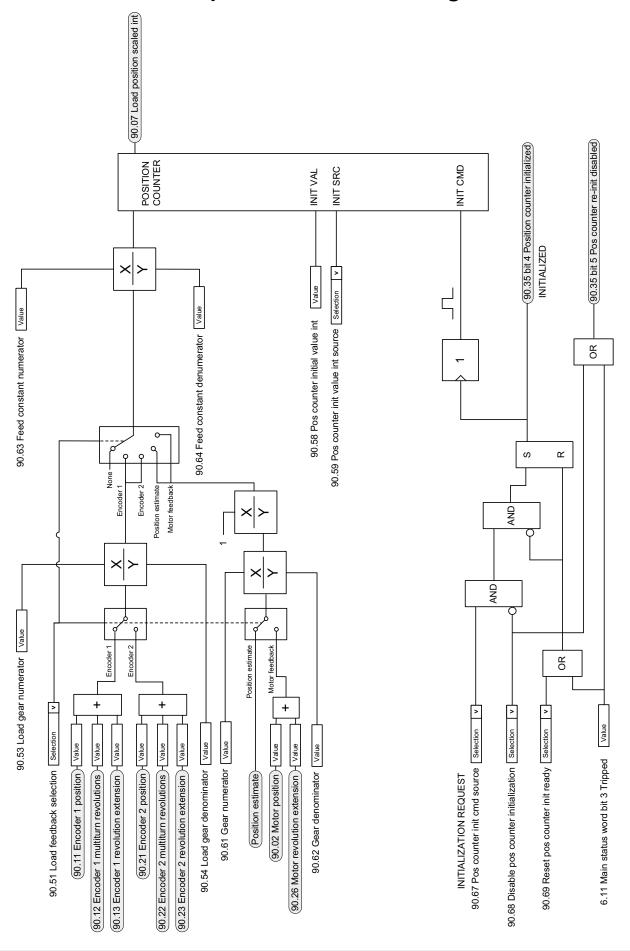
### Speed reference ramping and shaping



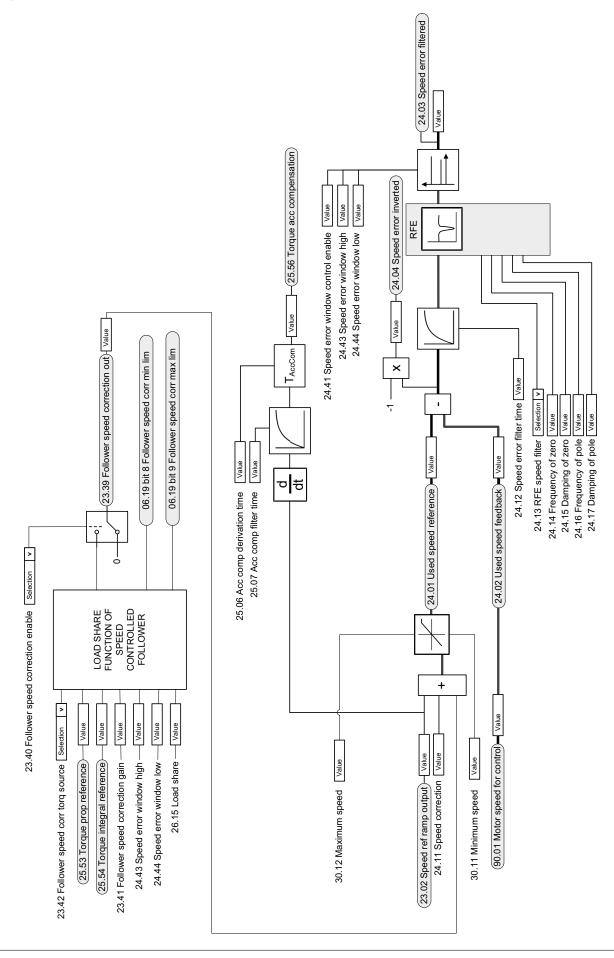
### Motor feedback configuration



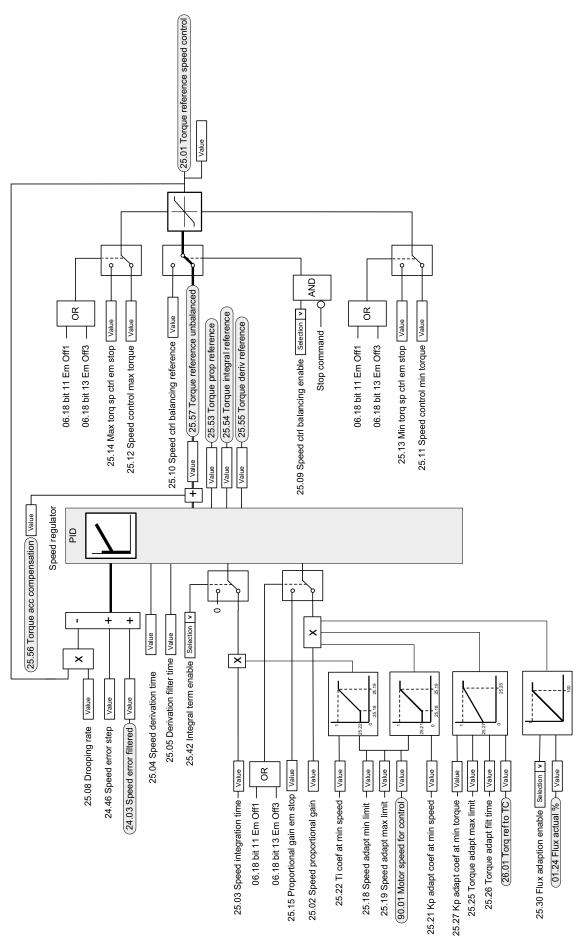
# Load feedback and position counter configuration



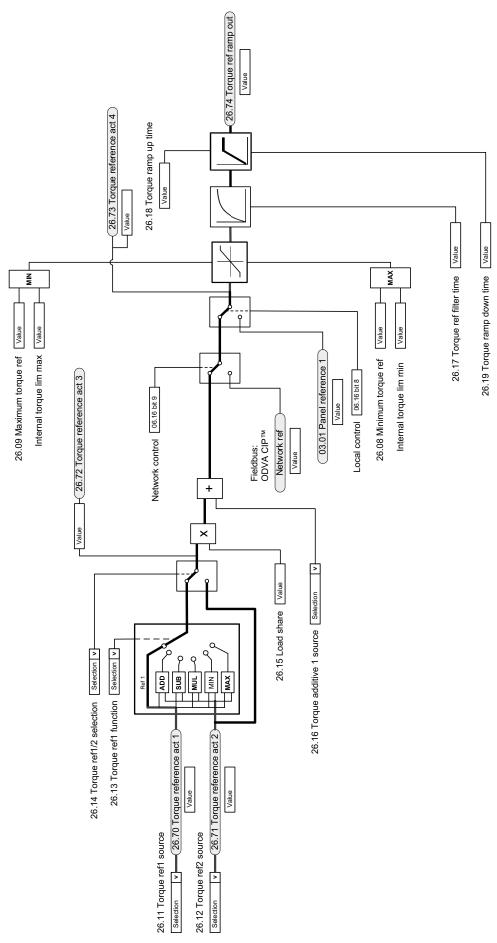
## Speed error calculation



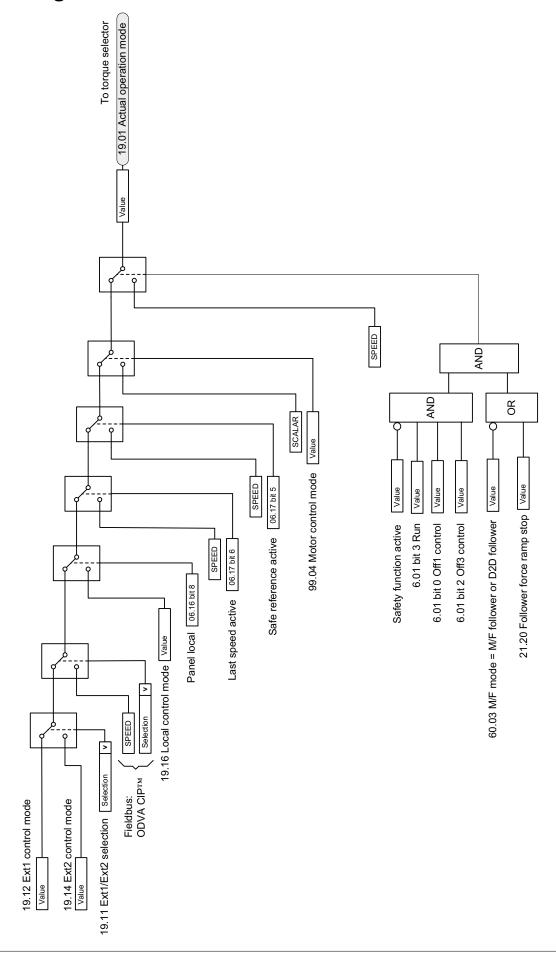
#### **Speed controller**



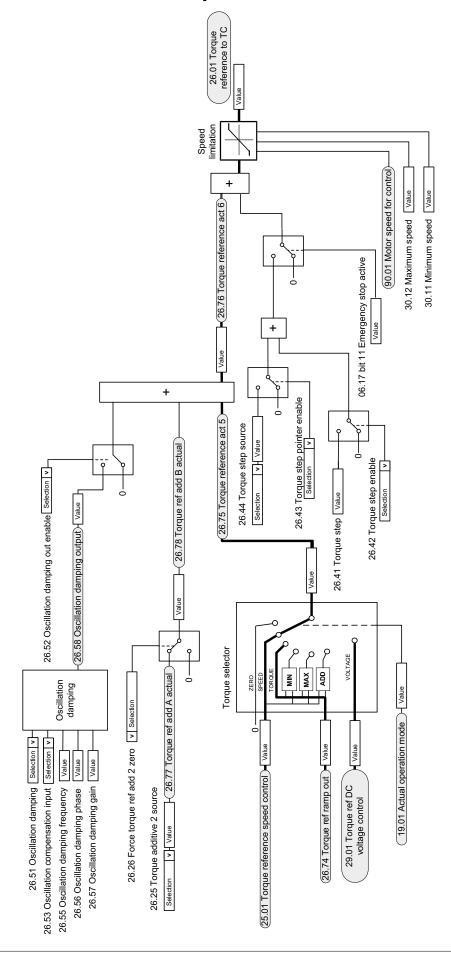
### Torque reference source selection and modification



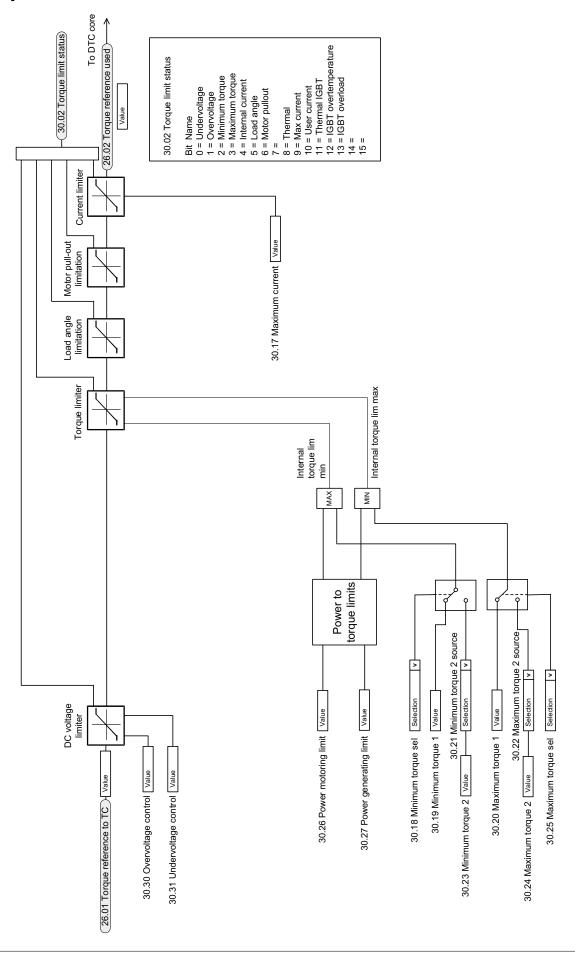
# Operating mode selection



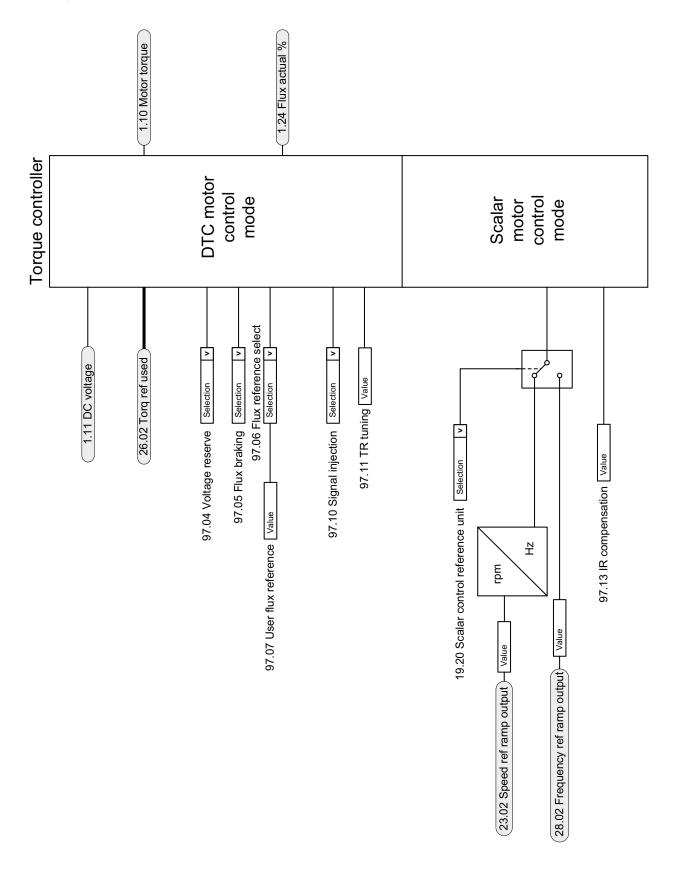
#### Reference selection for torque controller



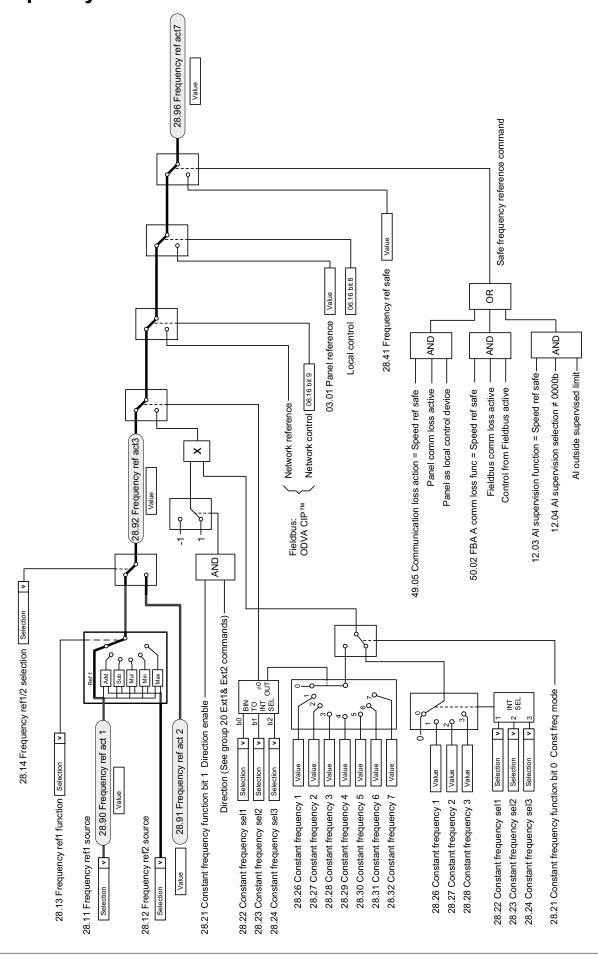
## **Torque limitation**



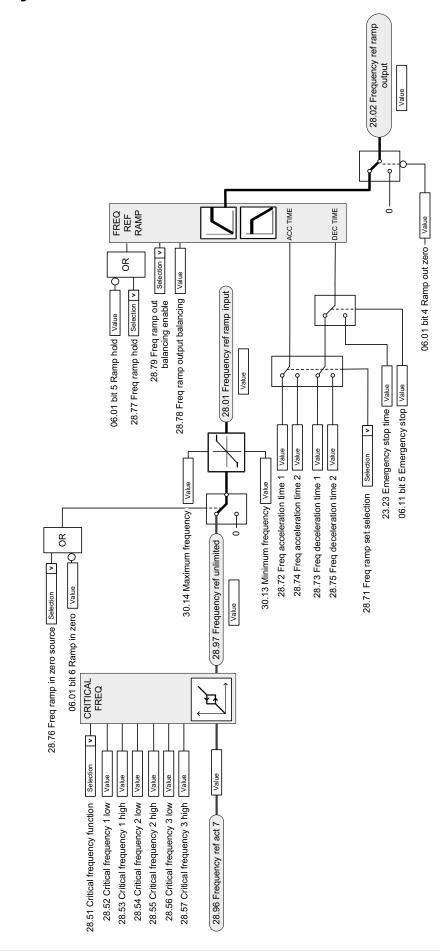
# **Torque controller**



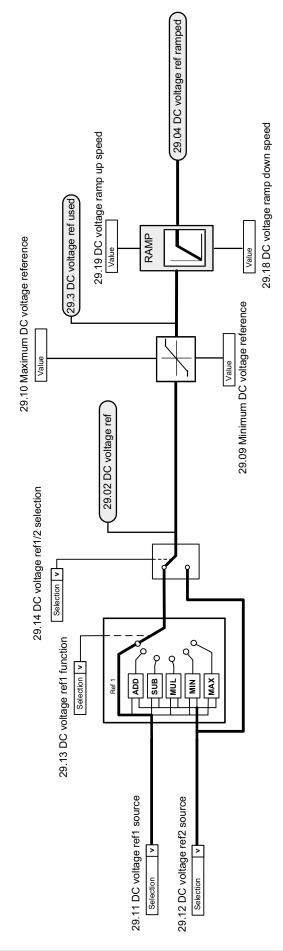
594



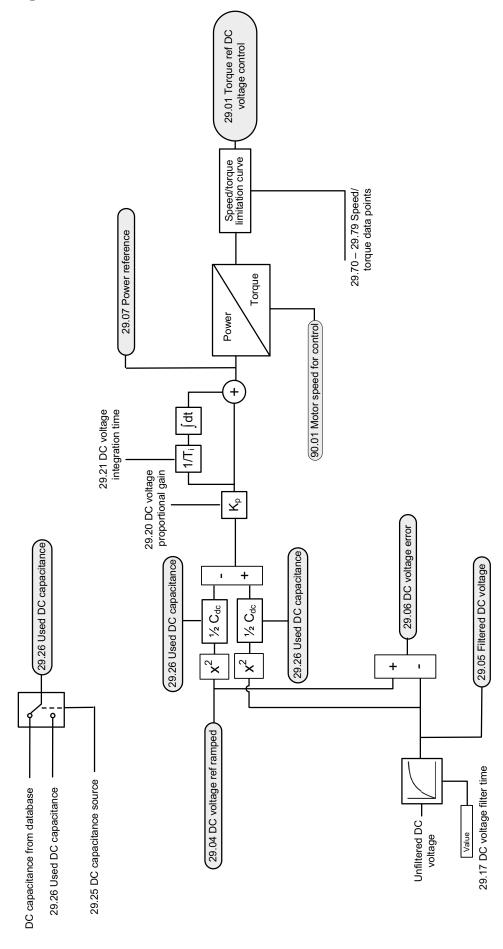
### Frequency reference modification



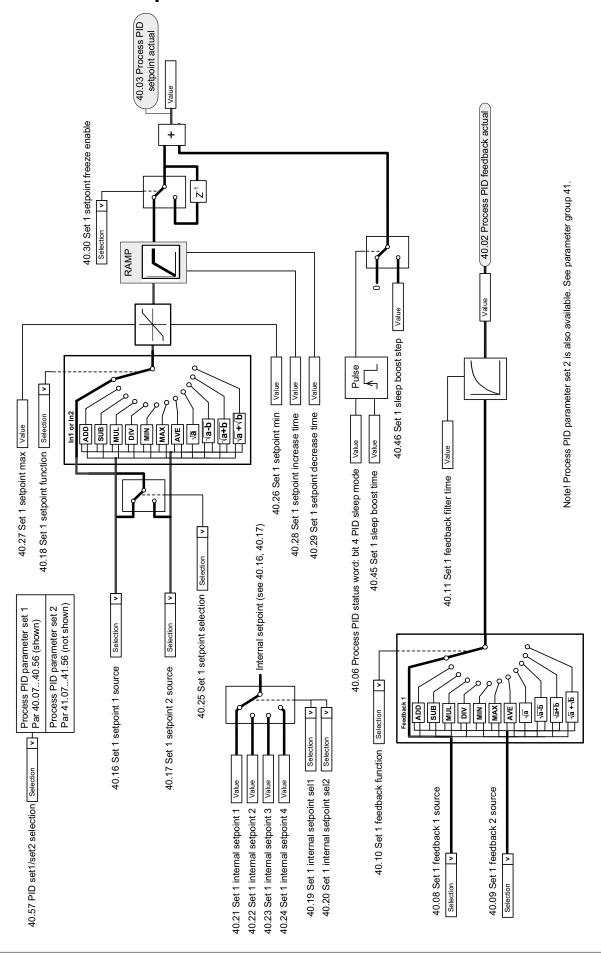
# DC voltage reference selection



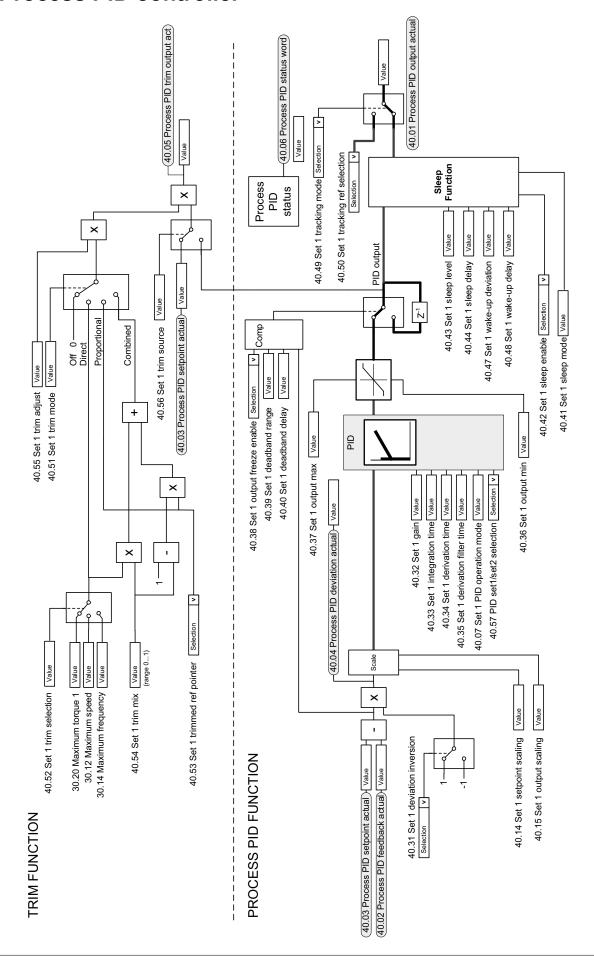
# DC voltage reference modification



# Process PID setpoint and feedback source selection

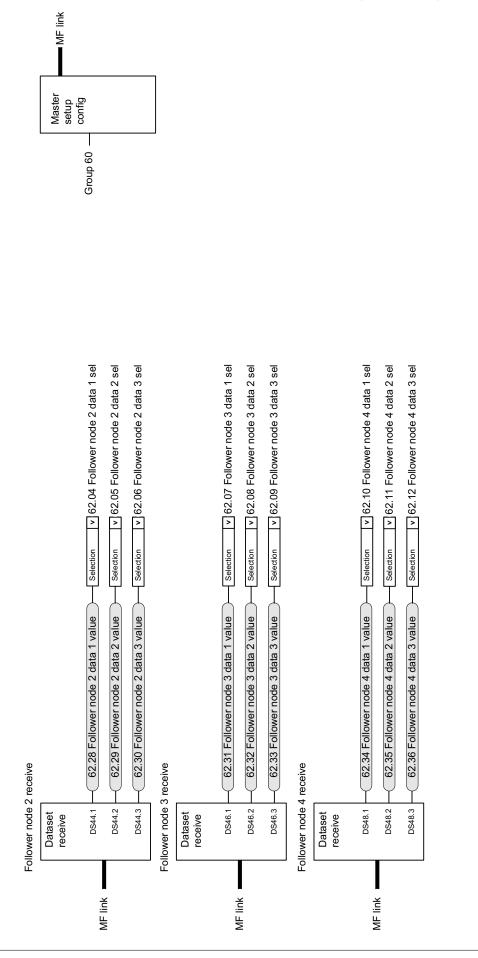


#### **Process PID controller**



Note! Process PID parameter set 2 is also available. See parameter group 41.

# Master/Follower communication I (Master)



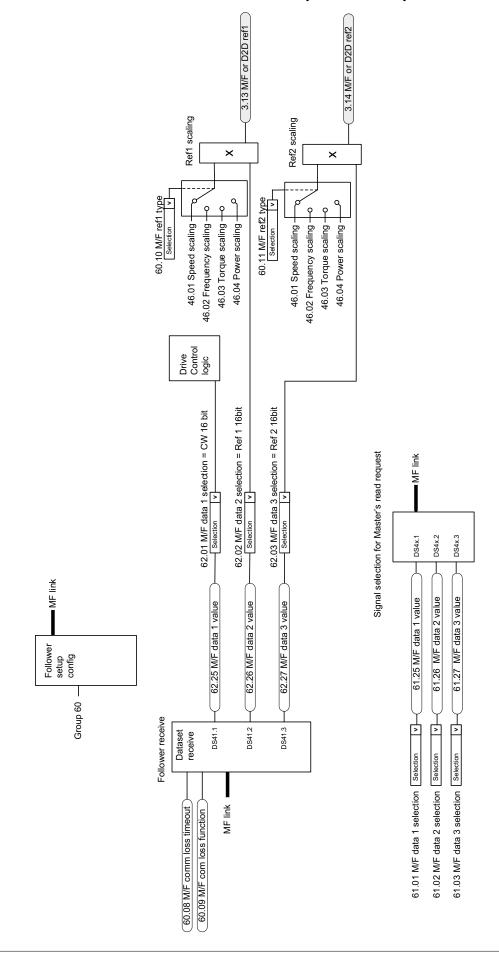
Signal selection for Master's broadcast message

61.01 M/F data 1 selection Selection Selection Selection | v | 61.25 M/F data 1 value | DS41.1 | MF link |

61.02 M/F data 2 selection Selection | v | 61.26 M/F data 2 value | DS41.2 |

61.03 M/F data 3 selection | Selection | v | 61.27 M/F data 3 value | DS41.3 |

### Master/Follower communication II (Follower)



## **Further information**

#### **Product and service inquiries**

Address any inquiries about the product to your local ABB representative, quoting the type designation and serial number of the unit in question. A listing of ABB sales, support and service contacts can be found by navigating to abb.com/searchchannels.

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